PAMELA;

OR,

VIRTUE Rewarded.

In a SERIES of

FAMILIAR LETTERS

Beautiful Young DAMSEL
To her PARENTS:

And afterwards,

In her EXALTED CONDITION.

BETWEEN

HER, and Perfons of Figure and Quality.

UPON THE MOST

Important and Entertaining Subjects,
IN GENTEEL LIFE.

Published in order to cultivate the Principles of VIR-TUE and RELIGION in the Minds of the YOUTHS of BOTH SEXES.

The TENTH EDITION.

VOL. III.

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PREFACE

TO THE

Third and Fourth VOLUMES.

THE Two former volumes of PAMELA met with a success greatly exceeding the most sanguine expectations : And the Editor bopes, that the Letters which compose these, will be found equally written to NATURE, avoiding all romantic flights, improbable surprizes, and irrational machinery; and that the passions are touched, where requisite, and rules, equally New and Practicable, inculcated, throughout the whole, for the General Conduct of Life: And therefore, be flatters himself, that they may enpect the good fortune, which few Continuations have met with, to be judged not unworthy the first part; not disproportioned to the more exalted condition in which PAMELA was destined to Shine, as an affectionate Wife, a faithful Friend, a polite and kind Neighbour, an indulgent Mother, and a beneficent Mistress; after having in the Two former Volumes supported the character of a autiful Child, a spotless Virgin, and a modest and amiable Bride.

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The Reader will easily see, that in so great a choice of materials, as must arise from a multitude of important subjects, in a married life, to such Geniuses and Friendships as those of Mr. and Mrs B. the Editor's greatest difficulty was how to bring them within the compass which he was determined not to exceed. And it having been left to his own choice, in what manner to digest and publish the Letters, and where to close the Work, he had intended, at first, in regard to his other avocations, to have carried the piece no farther than the Two former Volumes.

It may be expected, therefore, that he should enter into an explanation of the reasons whereby he was provoked into a necessity of altering his intention. But he is willing to decline saying any thing upon so well known a subject.

The Editor has been much pressed with importunities and conjectures, in relation to the Person and Family of the Gentlemen, who are the principal persons in the Work: All he thinks himself at liberty to say, or is necessary to be said, is only to repeat what has been already hinted, That the story has its foundation in truth: And that there was a necessity, for opvious reasons, to vary and disguise some sacts and circumstances, as also the names of Persons Places, &c.



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PAMELA;

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VIRTUE Rewarded.

In a Series of FAMILIAR LETTERS.

VOL. III.

LETTER I.

My dear father and mother,

With our journey, and the occasion of it.
May God bless you both with long life and health to enjoy your sweet farm, and pretty dwelling, which is just what I wished it to be. And don't make your grateful hearts too uneasy in the possession of it, by your modest distinct of your own worthiness: for, at the same time, that it is what will do honour to the best of mea, it is not so very extraordinary, considering his condition, as that it will give any one cause to cenVol. III.

fure it as the effect of a too partial and injudicious kindness for the parents of one whom he delighteth to benour.

My dear mafter (why should I not still call him fo. bound to reverence him as I am, in every light that he can shine in to the most oblig'd and fensible heart?) holds his kind purpose of fitting up the large parlour, and three apartments, in the commodious dwelling he calls yours, for his entertainment and mine. when he shall permit me to pay my duty to you both, for a few happy days together; and he has actually given orders for that purpose; and that the three apartments be fo fitted up, as to be rather fuitable to your condition, than his own; for, he fays, the plain simple elegance which he will have to be observed in the rooms, as well as the furniture, will be a variety in his retirement to this place, that will make him return to his own with the greater pleasure; and, at the same time, when we are not there, will be of use for the reception of any of your friends; and so he shall not, as he kindly fays, rob the good couple of any of their accommodations.

The old bow-windows he will have preferv'd, but will not have them fash'd, nor the wood-binds, jessamines, and vines, that run up against them, destroyed; only he will have larger panes of glass, and convenienter casements, to let in more of the sweet air and light, to make amends for that obstructed by the shades of those fragrant climbers. For he has mention'd three or four times, how gratefully they dispens'd their intermingled odours to ue, when, the last evening, we stood at the window in our bed-chamber, to hear the responsive songs of two warbling nightingales, one at a distance, the other near, which took up our delighted attention for above two hours, and charm'd

us the more, as we thought their feason had been over. And when they had done, he made me sing him one, for which he rewarded me with a kifs, saying, how greatly do the innocent pleasures I now hourly taste, exceed the guilty tumults that used formerly to agitate my unequal mind! Never talk, my Pamela, as you frequently do, of obligation to me: one such hour as I now enjoy is an ample reward for all the benefits I can confer on you and

yours in my whole life!

The parlour indeed will be more elegant; tho' that is to be rather plain than rich, as well in its wainfcot as furniture, and to be new floor'd. The dear gentleman has already given orders about it, and you will foon have workmen with you to put them in execution. The parlour-doors are to have brafs hinges and locks, and to flut as close, he tells them, as a watch case: for who knows, said he, my dear, but we shall have still added blessings, in two or three charming boys and girls, to place there in their infancy, before they can be of age to be benefited by your lessons and example? and besides, I make no doubt, but I shall entertain there some of my chosen friends, in their excursions, for a day or so.

How am I, every hour of my life, everwhelm'd with instances of God Almighty's goodness and his!

O spare, blessed Father of mercies, the precious life of this excellent man, and increase my thankfulness, and my worthiness; and then—But what shall I say?—only, that then I may continue to be what I am; for more bless'd, and more happy, in my own

mind, furely I cannot be.

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The beds he will have of cloth, because he thinks the situation a little cold, especially when the wind is easterly, and because he purposes to be down in the early spring-season, now and then, as well as in the latter autumn, and the window-curtains of the same, in one room red, in the

other green; but plain, lest you should be afraid to use them occasionally. The carpets for them will be fent with the other furniture; for he will not alter the old oaken floors of the bedchamber, nor yet of the little room he intends for my use, to withdraw to, when I chuse not to join in such company as may happen to fall in : which, my dear, fays he, shall be as little as is possible, only particular friends, who may be disposed once in a year or two, to fee, when I am there, how I live with my Pamela, and her parents, and how I pass my time in my retirement, as I shall call this: for otherwise, perhaps, they will be apt to think I am asham'd of company I shall always be pleased with .- Nor are you, my dear, continu'd he, to take this as a compliment to yourfelf, but a piece of requifite policy in me; for who will offer to reproach me for marrying, as the world thinks, below me, when they shall fee, that fuch a reproach, as they intend it, is fo far from being so to me, that I not only pride myfelf in my Pamela, but take pleafure in owning her relations as mine, and vifiting them, and receiving visits from them; and yet offer not to fet them up in fuch a glaring light, as if I would have the world forget (who in that case would always take the more pleasure in remembering) what they were? and how will it anticipate low reflection, when they shall see, I can bend my mind to partake with them the pleasures of their humble but decent life?-Ay, continued he, and be rewarded for it too, with better health, better spirits, and a better mind; fo that, my dear, added he, I shall reap more benefit by what I propose to do, than I o shall confer.

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In this generous manner does this best of men endeavour to disclaim (though I must be very ungrateful, if, with me, it did not inhance) the proper merit of a beneficence which is natural to him; and which, which, indeed, as I tell him, may be in one respect depreciated, inasmuch as (so excellent is his nature) he cannot help it, if he would—O that it was in my power to recompense him for it! But I am poor, as I have often said, in every thing but will—and that is wholly his:—And what a happiness is it to me, a happiness I could not so early have hoped for, that I can say so without reserve; since the dear object of my happiness requires nothing of me, but what is consistent with my duty to the supreme Benefactor, the first mover and cause of all his own happiness, of my happiness, and of that of my dear, my ever dear parents?

But whither does the inchanting subject lead me! I am running on to my usual length, tho' I have not the same excuse for it; for heretofore I had nothing to do but to write. Yet, I am sure, if I do exceed a little, you will be pleased with it; and you have moreover a right to rejoice with me in the days of my selicity, after your indulgent hearts had been so much pained by a long succession of my sears and my dangers, which only ought to be remember'd now, as subjects of thankful exultation, by

Your dutiful and happy daughter.

LETTER H.

My dearest daughter,

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I Need not repeat to you the fense your good mother and I have of our happiness, and of our obligations to your honour'd spouse: you both were pleased witnesses of it every hour of the happy fortnight you pass'd with us. But still, my dear, we hardly know how to address ourselves even to you, much less to the 'Squire, with the freedom he so often invited us to take: for, I don't know how it is, but B 2

tho' you are our daughter, and are so far from being lifted up by your high condition, that we see no difference in your behaviour to us your poor parents, yet when we look upon you as the lady of so fine a gentleman, we cannot forbear having a kind of respect, and—I don't know what to call it,—that lays a little restraint upon us. And, yet we would not, methinks, let our minds be run away with the admiration of worldly grandeur, so as to

fet too much by it.

But your merit, and your prudence, my dear daughter, is so much above all we could ever have any notion of: - and to have gentry come only to behold you, and admire you, not fo much for your genteelness and amiableness neither, as for your behaviour, and your affability to poor as well as rich, and to hear every one calling you an angel, and faying, you deserve to be what you are; makes us hardly know how to look upon you, but as an angel indeed !- I am fure you have been a good angel to us; fince, for your fake, God Almighty has put it into your honour'd husband's heart to make us the happiest couple in the world. But little lefs, indeed, we should have been, had we only, in fome far diftant land, heard of our dear child's happinefs, and never partaken of the benefits of it ourfelves. But thus to be provided for !- thus kindly to be owned, and called father and mother by fuch a brave gentleman! and thus to be placed, that we have nothing to do, but to blefs God, and blefs him, and blefs you, and hourly pray for you both, is fuch a providence, my dear child, as is too mighty to be borne by us, with equalness of temper; and we * kneel together every morning, noon, and night, and weep and rejoice, and rejoice and weep, to think how our unworthiness is distinguished, and how God has provided for us in our latter days, when all that we had to fear was, that, as we grew older and more infirm, and worn out by hard labour, we should be troublesome, where, not our pride, but our industrious wills, would have made us wish not to be so;—but to be intitled to a happier lot: for this would have grieved us the more, for the sake of you, my dear child, and your unhappy brother's children: for it is well known, that, the we pretend not to boast of our family, and indeed had no reason, yet none of us were ever sunk so low as I was:—to be sure, partly by my own fault; for had it been for your poor aged mother's sake only, I ought not to have done what I did for John and William; for, so unhappy were they, poor lads! that what I could do, was but as a drop of water to a bucket.

But yet the iffue has shewn, that (if I may presume to say so) what I did was not displeasing to God; inasmuch as I have the comfort to see, that my reliance on him, while I was doing what though some thought imprudent things, yet not wrong things, is so abundantly rewarded, beyond expectation and desert. Blessed be his holy name

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You command me-let me, as writing to Mr B.'s lady, fay command, tho' as to my dear daughten, I will only fay defire : and, indeed, I will not, as you wish me, not to do, let the one condition, which was accidental, put the other, which was natural, out of my thought: you spoke it in better words, but this was the fense-but you have the gift of utterance; and education is a fine thing, where it meets with fuch talents to improve upon as God has given you. - But let me not forget what I was going to fay-you command-or, if you please-you defire me to write long letters, and often-and how can I help it, if I would? For when here, in this happy dwelling, and this wellflock'd farm, in these rich meadows, and wellcropt

foever we turn our heads, fee bleffings upon bleffings, and plenty upon plenty; fee barns well-ftor'd, poultry increasing, the kine lowing and crouding about us, and all fruitful; and are bid to call all these our own.—And then think, that all is the reward of our child's virtue!—O my dear daughter, who can bear these things!—Excuse me!—I must break off a little! for my eyes are as full as my heart; and I will retire to bless God, and your honour'd husband.

So-my dear child-I now again take up my pen: but reading what I had written, in order to carry on the thread, I can hardly forbear again being in one fort affected .- But do you think I will call all these things my own?-Do you think I will live rent-free? - Do you think I would? Can the honour'd 'Squire believe, that having fuch a generous example before me, if I had no gratitude in my temper before, I could help being touched by fuch an one as he fets me?—If his goodness makes him know no mean in giving, shall I be so greedy as to know none in receiving ?-- Come, come, my dear child, your poor father is not fo fordid a wretch neither. He will shew the world, that all thefe benefits are not thrown away upon one, who will difgrace you as much by his temper, as by his condition: what tho' I cannot be as worthy of all thefe favours as I wish, I will be as worthy as I can. And let me tell you, my dear child, if the king and his royal family (God bless 'em!) be not asham'd . to receive taxes and duties from his subjects; if dukes and earls, and all the top gentry, cannot support their bravery, without having their rents paid; I hope I thall not affront the 'Squire, to pay to his steward, what any other person would pay for this noble flock, and improving farm : and I will do it,

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if it please God to bless me with life and health .-I should not be worthy to crawl upon the earth, if I did not. And what did I fay to Mr Longman, the faithful Mr Longman? Sure no gentleman had ever a more worthy steward than he; it was as we were walking over the grounds together-and observing in what good order every thing was, he was praising fome little contrivances of my own, for the improvement of the farm, and faying, how comfortably he hoped we might live upon it. Ay, Mr Longman, faid I, comfortably indeed: But do you think I could be properly faid to live, if I was not to pay as much rent for it as another !- I can tell you, faid he, the Squire will not receive any thing from you, goodman Andrews .- Why, man, he has no occafion for it: he's worth a power of money, belides a noble and clear estate in land .- Ad's heartlikins, you must not affront him, I can tell you that: for he's as generous as a prince, where he takes; but he is halfy, and will have his own way. - Why, for that reason, Mr Longman, faid I, I was thinking to make you my friend.-Make me your friend! you have not a better in the world, to my power, I can tell you that; nor your dame neither; for I love fuch honest hearts; I with my own brother would let me love him as well; but let that pass .- What I can do for you, I will, and here's my hand upon it.

Well then, faid I, it is this: let me account to you at the rent farmer Dickens offered, and let me know what the stock cost, and what the crops are valued at; and pay the one as I can, and the other quarterly; and not let the 'Squire know it till you can't chuse; and I shall be as happy as a prince; for I doubt not, by God's blessing, to make a comfortable livelihood of it, besides.—Why, dost believe, goodman Andrews, said he, that I would do such a thing?—Would not his honour think, if I hid one thing from him, I might hide another?—Go to, go to, honest

heart,

heart, I love thee dearly: but can Mr B. do too much for his Lady, think'st thou? Come, come, (and he jeer'd me so, I could not tell what to say to him) I wish at bottom there is not some pride in this.—What, I warrant, you would not be too much beholden to his honour, would you?—No, good Mr Longman, said I—it is not that I'm sure. If I have any pride, it is only in my dear child—to whom, under God, all this is owing—But some how or other it shall be so.

And fo, my dear daughter, I resolve it shall; and it will be, over and above, one of the greatest pleafures to me, to do the good 'Squire service, as well as to be so much benefited and obliged by him.

Our eldest grandson Thomas is very defirous to come and live with us: the boy is honest, and, they tell me, industrious. And coufin Burroughs wants me to employ his fon Roger, who understands the bufiness of a farm very well. It is no wonder, that all one's relations should wish to partake of our happy lot; and if they can and will do their bufiness as well as others, I fee not why relationship should be an objection: but yet, I think, one would not beleaguer, as one may fay, your honoured husband with one's relations. You, my best child, will give me always your advice, as to my carriage in this my new lot; for I would not for the world be thought an incroacher. And I am fure you have so much prudence, that there is no body's advice fitter to be followed than yours.

Our bleffing (I am fure you have bleffed us!) attend you, my dearest child; and may you be as happy as you have made us, (I cannot wish you to be happier, because I have no notion how it can be, in

this life). Conclude us,

Your ever-loving father and mother,

JOHN and ELIZ. ANDREWS.
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May we not hope to be favour'd now and then with a letter from you, my dear child, like fome of your former, to let us know how you go on? It would be a great joy to us: indeed it would.—But we know you'll have enough to do, without obliging us in this way. So must acquiesce.

LETTER HI.

My dear father and mother,

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I HAVE shew'd your letter to my beloved.

—Don't be uneasy that I have;—for you need not be asham'd of it, since it is my pride to have such honest and grateful parents: And I'll tell you what he said to it, as the best argument I can use, why you should not be uneasy, but enjoy without pain or

anxiety all the benefits of your happy lot.

Dear, good fouls! faid he, how does every thing they fay, and every thing they write, manifest the worthiness of their hearts! No wonder, Pamela, you love and revere fuch honest minds; for that you would do, were they not your parents: and tell them, that I am fo far from having them believe, that what I have done for them is only the effect of my affection for their daughter, that let 'em find out another couple, as worthy as themselves, and I will do as much for them. Indeed I would not place them, continu'd the dear obliger, in the fame county, because I would wish two counties to be bless'd for their fakes. Tell them, my dear, that they have a right to what they enjoy on the foot of their own proper merit; and bid them enjoy it as their patrimony: and if there can any thing arise, that is more than they themselves can wish for, in the way of life they chuse to live, let them look round among their own relations, where it may be acceptable, and communicate to them the like folid reafone for rejoicing in the fituation they are pleafed with: And do you, my dear, continued he, still further enable them, as you shall judge proper, to gratify their enlarged hearts, for fear they should deny any comfort to themselves, in order to do good to others.

I could only fly to his generous bosom, (for this is a fubject which most affects me), and, with my eyes swimming in tears of grateful joy, and which overflow'd as foon as my bold lips touched his dear face, blefs God, and blefs him with my whole heart; for speak I could not! But, almost choak'd with my joy, fobb'd to him my grateful acknowledgements-He clasped me in his arms, and said, How, my dearest, do you overpay me for the little I have done for your parents! If it be thus to be blessed for conferring benefits fo infignificant to a man of my fortune, what joys is it not in the power of rich men to give themselves, whenever they please!-Foretaftes, indeed, of those we are bid to hope for; which can furely only exceed thefe, as then we shall be all intellect, and better fitted to receive them .-Tis too much! too much! faid I, in broken accents:-how am I oppressed with the pleafure you give me! -- O, Sir, bless me more gradually, and more cautioufly-for I cannot bear it! And, indeed, my heart went flutter, flutter, flutter, at his dear breaft, as if it wanted to break its too narrow prison, to mingle still more intimately with

Surely, furely, my dear, my beloved parents, nobody's happiness is so great as mine!—If it proceeds thus from degree to degree, and is to be augmented by the hope, the charming hope, that the dear second author of your blessings and mine, be the uniformly good as well as the partially kind man to us, what a selicity will this be! And if our

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prayers shall be heard, and we shall have the pleasure to think, that his advances in piety are owing not a little to them, and to the example God shall give us grace to set; then, indeed, may we take the pride to think, we have repaid his goodness to us, and that we have satisfied the debt, which nothing less can discharge.

Thus, then, do I fet before you imperfectly, as I am forced to do, the delight your grateful, your honest hearts give us; I say, imperfectly, and well I may; for I might as eafily paint found, as describe the noble, the fublime pleasures, that wind up my affections to even a painful height or rapture on fuch occasions as this: And I desire, as he often bids me, that you will take to yourselves the merit of thus delighting us both, and then think with lefs uneafiness, of the obligation you are under to the best of friends .- And indeed it is but doing justice to his beneficent temper, to think, that we have given him an opportunity of exercifing it, in a way fo agreeable to it; and I can tell by the ardour of his speech, by the additional lustre that it lights up in his eyes, naturally so lively, and by the virtuous endearments, refined on these occasions above what fense can know, that he has a pleasure, a joy, a transport, in doing what he does of this fort, that is its own reward; as every virtuous and noble action must be to a mind that can be delighted with virtue for its own fake, and can find itself enlarged by the power of doing good to worthy objects. Even I, my dear parents, know this by experience, when I can be an humble means to make an honest creature happy, though not related to myself; and yet I am but a third hand difpenfer, as I have * elsewhere faid, of these comforts; and all the light I communicate, as, I once before observed t, like that of the moon, is is but borrowed from his funny radiance.

* See Vol. II. p. 388. † See Vol. II. p. 257. Vol. III. C Forgive

Forgive me, my dear, my worthy parents, if my ftyle on this subject be raised above that natural fimplicity, which is more fuited to my humble talents. But how can I help it! For when the mind is elevated, ought not the fense we have of our happiness, to make our expressions foar equally? Can the affections be fo highly raised as mine are on these occasions, and the thoughts creep grovelling, like one's ordinary felf? No, indeed !- Call not this, therefore, the gift of utterance, if it should appear to you in a better light than it deserves. It is the gift of gratitude; a gift which makes you, and me too, fpeak and write, as I hope it will make us all, above ourfelves .- And thus will our gratitude be the inspirer of joy to our common benefactor; and his joy will heighten our gratitude; and so we shall proceed, as cause and effect to each others happiness, to bless the dear man who bleffes us .- And will it be right then to fay, you are uneafy under fuch (at leaft as to your wills) returned and discharged obligations? God Almighty requires only a thankful heart for all the mercies he heaps upon the children of men: my dear Mr B. who, in these particulars, imitates divinity, defires no more :- you have this thankful heart ;-yes, you have; and that to fuch a high degree of gratitude, that nobody can exceed you.

But yet, my dear parents, when your worthy minds would be too much affected with your gratitude, so as to lay you under the restraints you mention, to the dear gentleman, and, for his sake, to your dependent daughter; then let me humbly advise you, that you will at such times, with more particular, more abstracted aspirations, than at others, raise your thoughts upwards, and consider who it is that gives him the opportunity; and pray for him, and for me; for him, that all his future

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actions may be of a piece with this noble disposition of mind; for me, that I may continue humble, and consider myself blest for your sakes, and in order that I may be, in some sort, a rewarder, in the hands of Providence, of this its dear excellent agent; and then we shall look forward all of us with pleasure indeed to that state, where there is no distinction of degree, and where the humble cottager shall be upon a par

with the proudest monarch.

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O my dear, dear parents, how can you, as in your postscript, fay-May we not be favoured now and then with a letter? Call me your daughter, your Pamela—I am no lady to you. —I have more pleafure to be called your comfort, and to be thought to act worthy of the fentiments with which your examples, cautions, and instructions, have inspired me, than in any other thing in this life, my determin'd duty to our common benefactor, the best of gentlemen and husbands, excepted. And I am fure, God has bleffed me for your fakes, and has thus anfwered for me all your prayers; nay, more than anfwered all you or I could have wished or hoped for. We only prayed, only hoped that God would preferve you honest, and me virtuous : and fee, O fee, my excellent parents, how we are crown'd with bleffings upon bleffings, till we are the talk of all that know us :- you for your honesty; I for my humility and virtue!-that virtue which God's grace inspired, and your examples and lessons, with those of my dear good lady, cultivated; and which now have left me nothing to do but to reap all the rewards which this life can afford; and if I walk humbly, and improve my bleffed opportunities, will heighten and perfect all in a still more joyful futurity.

Hence, my dear parents, (I mean, from the delight I have in writing to you, a delight which transports me so far above my own sphere), you'll see

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that

that I must write to you, and cannot help it, if I would. And will it be a great joy to you!—And is there any thing that can add to your joy, think you, that is in the power of your Pamela, that she would not do?—O that the lives and healths of my dearest Mr B. and my dearest parents, may be continued to me! And who then can be so blest as your Pamela?

I will write; depend upon it, I will—on every occasion:—and you augment my joys, to think it is in my power to add to your comforts. Nor can you conceive the pleasure I have in hoping, that this your new happy lot may, by relieving you from corroding care, and the too wearing effects of hard labour, add, in these your advanced years, to both your days.—For, so happy am I, I can have no grief, no pain, in looking forward, but from such thoughts as remind me, that one day either you from me, or I from you, must be separated.

But it is fit, that we so comport ourselves, as that we should not imbitter our present happiness with prospects too gloomy—but bring our minds to be chearfully thankful for the present, wisely to enjoy that present as we go along—and at last, when all is to be wound up, lie down, and say, Not mine,

but Thy will be done!

I have written a great deal; yet have much still to say, relating to other parts of your kind, your acceptable letter; and so will soon write again: for I must think every opportunity happy, whereby I can assure you, how much I am, and will ever be, without any addition to my name, if that will make you easier,

Your dutiful PAMELA.

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LETTER IV.

My dearest father and mother,

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I Now write again, as I told you I should in my laft:-but I am half afraid to look back on the copy of it; for your worthy hearts, fo visible in your letter, and my beloved's kind deportment upon shewing it to him, raised me into the frame of mind that was bordering on ecflafy: yet am I fure, I wrote my heart. But you must not, my dear father, write to your poor Pamela fo affectingly. Your fleadier mind could hardly bear your own moving strain, and you were forced to lay down your pen, and retire: how then could I, who love you fo dearly, if you had not, if I may fo fay, increased that love by fresh and stronger instances of your worthiness, forbear being affected, and raised above myfelf !- But I will not again touch upon this, fubject.

You must know then, that my dearest spouse commands me, with his kind respects, to tell you, that he has thought of a method to make you. worthy hearts easy; these were his words—And this is, said he, by putting that whole estate, with the new purchase, under your father's care, as I at sirst intended *; and he shall receive and pay, and order every thing as he pleases; and Longman, who grows in years, shall be eased of that burden. Your sather, said he, writes a very legible hand, and he shall take what assistants he pleases: and do you, Pamela, see to that, that this new task may be made as easy and pleasant to him as possible. He shall make up his accounts only to you, my dear. And there will be several pleasures arise to me upon it, conti-

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 341.

nued he: first, That it will be a relief to honest Longman, who has bufiness enough on his hands befides. Next, it will make the good couple eafy, that they have an opportunity of enjoying that as their due, which now their too grateful hearts, give them fo many causeless scruples about. Thirdly, It will employ your father's time, more fuitably to your liking and mine, because with more ease to himself; for you fee his industrious will cannot be fatisfied without doing fomething. In the fourth place, The management of this estate will gain him more respect and reverence among the tenants and his neighbours; and yet be all in his own way .- For, my dear, added he, you'll fee, that it is always one point in view with me, to endeavour to convince every one, that I efteem and value them for their own intrinsic merit, and want not any body to diffinguish them in any other light, than that in which they have been accustomed to appear.

So, my dear father, the instrument will be drawn, and brought you by honest Mr Longman, who will be with you in a few days, to put the last hand to the new purchase, and to give you possession of your new commission, if you please to accept of it; as I hope you will; and the rather, for my dear Mr B.'s third reason; and because I know, that this trust will be discharged as worthily and as sufficiently, after you are used to it, as if Mr Longman himself was in it—and better it cannot be. Mr Longman is very fond of this relief, and longs to be down to settle every thing with you, as to the proper powers, the method, &c.—And he says, in his usual way of phrasing,

that he'll make it as eafy to you as a glove.

If you do accept it, my dear Mr B. will leave every thing to you, as to rent, where not already fixed, and likewise, as to acts of kindness and savour to be done where you think proper; and he is pleased to say, that with all his bad qualities, he was

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ever deemed a kind landlord; and this I can confirm in fifty instances to his honour: fo that the old gentleman, faid he, need not be afraid of being put upon fevere or harth methods of proceeding, where things will do without; and he will always have it in his power to befriend an honest man: by which means the province will be entirely fuch a one as fuits with his inclination. If any thing difficult or perplexing arifes, continued he, or where a little knowledge in law-matters is necessary, Longman thall do all that: and your father will fee, that he will not have in those points a coadjutor that will be too hardhearted for his wish: for it was a rule my father fet me, and I have firstly followed, that altho' I have a lawyer for my steward, it was rather to know how to do right things, than of preffive ones; and Longman has so well answered this intention, that he was always more noted for composing differences, than promoting law-fuits.

I dare fay, my dear father, this will be an acceptable employment to you, on the several accounts my dearest Mr B. was pleased to mention: and what a charming contrivance is here!—God for ever bless his considerate heart for it!—To make you useful to him, and easy to yourself; as well as respected by, and even a benefactor to, all around you! what can one say to all these things?—But what signifies exulting in one's gratitude for one benefit!—every hour the dear man heaps new ones upon us, and we have hardly time to thank him for one, but a second, and a third, and so on to countless degrees, consound one, and throw back one's words upon one's heart before they are well formed, and oblige one to sit down under all with prosound.

filence and admiration.

As to what you mentioned of the desire of cousin Thomas, and Roger, to live with you, I endeavoured to found what our dear benefactor's opinion

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nion was. He was pleafed to fay, I have nothing to chufe in this case, my dear. Your father is his own master: he may employ whom he pleases; and, if they are not wanting in respect to him and your mother, I think, as he rightly observes, relationship should rather have the preference; and as he can remedy inconveniencies, if he finds any, by all means let every branch of your family have reason to rejoice with him.

But I have thought of this matter a good deal, fince I had the favour of your letter; and I hope, fince you condescend to ask my advice, you will excuse me, if I give it freely; yet entirely submitting all to

your liking.

In the first place, then, I think it would be better to have any body than relations; and that for these reasons:

One is apt to expect more regard from relations, and they more indulgence, than strangers can have reason for.

That where there is such a disserence in the expectations of both, it is hardly possible but uneasiness must arise.

That this will subject you to bear it, or to resent it, and to part with them. If you bear it, you will know no end of impositions: if you dismiss them, it will occasion ill-will. They will call you unkind; and you them ungrateful; and as, it may be, your prosperous lot will raise you enviers, such will be apt to believe them, rather than you.

Then the world will be inclined to think, that we are crouding upon a generous gentleman, a numerous family of indigent people; and tho' they may be ever to deterving, yet it will be faid, the girl is filling every place with her relations, and belonguering, as you fignificantly exprets it, a worth, gentle-

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erilean. In the next place, one would not, for their fakes, that this should be done; who may live with left reproach, and equal benefit, any-where else: for I would not wish any one of them to be listed out of his station, and made independent, at Mr B.'s expence, if their industry will not do it; altho' I would never scruple to do any thing reasonable to promote or assist that industry, in the way of their callings.

Then it will possibly put others of our relations upon the same expectations of living with you; and this may occasion ill-will among them, if some be

preferred to others in your favour.

Then, my dear father, I apprehend, that our beloved and honoured benefactor would be under fome difficulty, from his natural politeness, and regard for you and me - You fee how kindly, on all occasions, he treats you both, not only as the father and mother of his Pamela, but as if you were his own father and mother: and if you had any-body as your fervants there, who called you coufin, or grandfather, or uncle, he would not care, when he came down, to treat them on the foot of common fervants, tho' they might nevertheless think themselves honoured (as they would be, and as I am fure I shall always think myfelf) with his commands. And would it not, if they are modest and worthy, be as great a difficulty upon them, to be thus distinguished, as it would be to him, and to me, for his fake? For otherwise, (believe me, I hope you will, my dear father and mother) I could fit down and rejoice with the meanest and remotest relation I have. But in the world's eye, to every body but my best of parents, I must, if I have ever fo much reluctance to it, appear in a light that may not give

discredit to his choice.

Then again, as I hinted, you will have it in your power, without the least injury to our common benefactor, to do kinder things by any of our relations, when not with you, than you can do, if they live

with you.

You may lend them a little money, to put them in a way, if any thing offers that you think will be to their advantage. You can fit out my thecoufins to good reputable places .- The younger you can put to school, or, when fit, to trades, according to their talents; and fo they will be of course in a way to get an honest and creditable livelihood.

But, above all things, one would as much discourage as one could, fuch a proud and ambitious spirit in any of them, as should want to raise itself by fayour instead of merit; and this the rather, for that, undoubtedly, there are many more happy persons in low than in high life, take number for number, all the world over.

I am fure, altho' four or five years of different life had paffed with me, I had fo much pride and pleasure in the thought of working for my living with you, my dear parents, if I could but get honest to you, that it made my confinement the more grievous to me, and even, if possible, aggravated the appre-

hensions attending it.

But I must beg of you, not to harbour a thought, that these my reasons proceed from the bad motives of a heart tainted with pride on its high condition. Indeed there can be no reason for it, to one who thinks after this manner :- The greatest families on earth have some among them who are unhappy and low in life; and shall such a one reproach me with having twenty low relations, because they have, peradventure, not above five? or with

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with ten, because they have but one, or two, or three ?-Or should I, on the other hand, be asham'd of relations who had done nothing blame-worthy, and whose poverty (a very necessary state in the fcale of beings) was all their crime, when there is hardly any great family but has produced inftances of persons guilty of bad actions, really bad, which have reduced them to a diffress we never knew? Let the person who would reproach me with low birth, which is no difgrace, and what I cannot help, give me no cause to retort upon him low actions, which are a difgrace to any station, the more so, the higher it is, and which he can help, or elfe I shall smile with contempt at his empty reproach: and could I be half fo proud with cause, as he is without, glory in my advantage over him.

Let us then, my dear father and mother, endeavour to judge of one another, as God, at the last day, will judge of us all: and then the honest peafant will stand fairer in our esteem, than the guilty

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In short, this shall be my own rule—Every one who acts justly and honestly, I will look upon as my relation, whether he be so or not; and the more he wants my affistance, the more intitled to it he shall be, as well as to my esteem: while those who deserve it not, must expect nothing but compassion from me, and my prayers, were they my brothers or sisters. Tis true, had I not been poor and lowly, I might not have thought thus: but if it be a right way of thinking, it is a blessing, that I was so; and that shall never be matter of reproach to me, which one day will be matter of justification.

Upon the whole then, I should think it adviseable, my dear father and mother, to make such kind excuses to the offered services of my cousins, as your better reason shall suggest to you; and to do

any

any thing elfe for them of more value, as their circumflances may require, or occasions offer to ferve them.

But if the employing them, and having them about you, will add any one comfort to your lives, I give up entirely my own opinion, and doubt not every thing will be thought well of, that you shall think fit to do.

And fo I conclude with affuring you, that I am, my ever-dear parents,

Your dutiful and happy daughter.

The copy of this letter I will keep to myfelf, till I have your answer to it, that you may be under no difficulty how to act in either of the cases mentioned in it.

LETTER V.

My dearest daughter,

The own shall I do to answer, as they deserve, your two last letters? Surely no happy couple ever had such a child as we have! But it is in vain to aim at words like your words; and equally in vain for us to offer to set forth the thankfulness of our hearts, on the kind office your honoured husband has given us; for no reason but to favour us still more, and to quiet our minds in the notion of being useful to him. God grant I may be able to be so!—happy shall I be, if I can! But I see the generous drift of his proposal; it is only to make me more easy from the nature of my employment, and in my mind too, overloaden, as I may say, with benefits; and at the same time to make me more respected in my new neighbourhood.

I can only fay, I most gratefully accept of the kind offer; and fince it will ease the worthy Mr Long-

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man, shall with still greater pleasure do all I can in it.
But I doubt I shall be wanting in ability; I doubt I shall: but I will be just and honest however. That, by God's grace, will be within my own capacity; and that, I hope, I may answer for.

It is kind, indeed, to put it in my power to do good to those who shall deserve it: and I will take double pains to find out the true merit of such as I shall recommend to favour, and that their circumstances be

really fuch as I shall represent them.

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But one thing, my dear daughter, let me desire, that I may make up my accounts to Mr Longman, or to his honour himself, when he shall make us so happy as to be here with us. I don't know how—but it will make me uneasy, if I am to make up my accounts to you: for so well known is your love to us, that tho' you would no more do an unjust thing, than, by God's grace, we should desire you; yet this same ill-willing world might think it was like making up accounts to one's self.

Do, my dearest child, get me off of this difficulty, and I can have no other; for already I am in hopes I have hit upon a contrivance to improve the estate, and to better the condition of the tenants at the fame time, at least not to worst them, and which, I hope, will please every body: but I will acquaint Mr Longman with this, and take his advice; for I will not be too troublesome either to you, my dear child, or to your spouse. - If I could act so for his interest, as not to be a burden, what happy creatures should we both be in our own minds! We find ourfelves more and more respected by every one; and, fo far as shall be confistent with our new trust, we will endeavour to deferve it, that we may interest as many as know us in our own good wishes and prayers for the happiness of you both.

But let me fay, how much convinced I am by the reasons you give for not taking to us any of our Vol. III. D relations. relations. Every one of those reasons has its force with us. How happy are we to have so prudent a daughter to advise with! And I think myself obliged to promise this, that whatever I do for any of them above the amount of forty shillings at one time, I will take your direction in it, that your wise hints of making every one continue their industry, and not to rely upon favour instead of merit, may be followed. I am sure this is the way to make them happier, as well as better men and women; for, as I have often thought, if one were to have a hundred pounds a year in good comings-in, it would not do without industry; and with it, one may do with a quarter of it, and less.

In short, my dear child, your reasons are so good, that I wonder they came not into my head before, and then I needed not to have troubled you about the matter: but yet it ran in my own thought, that I could not like to be an incroacher:—for I hate a dirty thing; and in the midst of my distresses, never

could be guilty of one. Thank God for it.

You rejoice our hearts beyond expression at the hope you give us of receiving letters from you now and then: to be sure it will be the chief comfort of our lives, next to seeing you, as we are put in hope we sometimes shall. But, yet, my dear child, don't let us put you to inconvenience neither. Pray don't! You'll have enough upon your hands without—To be sure you will.

The workmen have made a good progress, and wish for Mr Langman to come down; as we also do.

You need not be afraid, we should think you proud, or listed up with your condition. You have weathered the first dangers, and but for your fine clothes and jewels, we should not see any difference, indeed we should not, between our dear Pamela, and the much respected Mrs B.—But God has given you too much sense to be proud or listed up. I remem-

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ber in your former writings, a faying of the 'Squire's, speaking of you, my dear child, that it was for persons who were not used to praise, and did not deserve it, to be proud of it *: in like fort one may say, it is for persons of little sense to be proud; but you, my dear child, every one sees, are above it: and that, methinks, is a proud word; is it not? If one was not—I don't know how,—half stupid, I believe—one would be raised by your high style of writing. But I should be more than half stupid, I'm sure, to aim at it.

Every day brings us instances of the good name his honour and you, my dear child, have left behind you in this country. Here comes one, and here comes another, and a third and a fourth; and, Goodman Andrews, cries one, and, Goody Andrews, cries another—(and some call us Mr and Mrs, but we like the other full as well), when heard you from his honour? How does his lady do?—What a charming couple are they!—How lovingly they live!-What an example do they give to all about them !-- Then one cries, God bles 'em both; and another cries, Amen; and fo fays a third and a fourth; and all fay, But when do you expect them down, again?—Such-a-one longs to fee 'em-and fuch aone will ride a day's journey, to have but a fight of 'em at church .- And then they fay, how this gentleman praises them, and that lady admires them .-O my dear child, what a happiness is this! How do your poor mother and I stand fixed to the earth to hear both your praifes, our tears trickling dam cheeks, and our hearts heaving as if they would burit with joy, till we are forced to take leave in halt words, and hand in hand go in together to bless God, and bless you both!—O my daughter, what a happy couple have God and you made us!

Your

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 139.

Your poor mother is very anxious about her dear child. I will not touch upon a matter so very irkfome to you to hear of. But, tho' the time may be
fome months off, she every hour prays for your
fasety and happiness, and for all the increase of selicity that his honour's generous heart can wish for.
That is all we will say at present: only, that we are,
with continued prayers and blessings, my dearest
child,

Your loving father and mother,

J. and E. ANDREWS.

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Yet one word more!—and that is,—our duty to your honoured husband. We must say so now; though he forbade us so often before. You cannot, my dear child, imagine how ashamed I was to have my poor letter thewn to him. I hardly remember what I wrote; but it was from my heart, I'm sure; so I needed not to keep a copy; for an honest mind must always be the same, in cases that cannot admit of change, such as those of my thankfulness to God and to him. But don't shew him all I write: for I shall be afraid of what I say, if I think any body but our daughter sees it, who knows how to allow for her poor parents desects.

LETTER VI.

From Lady DAVERS to Mrs B.

My dear Pamela,

HAD intended to have been with you before this; but my Lord has been a little indisposed with the gout, and Jackey has had an intermittent sever; but they are pretty well recovered, and it shall not be long before I see you, now I understand you are returned from your Kentish expedition.

We

We have been exceedingly diverted with your papers. You have given us, by their means, many a delightful hour, that otherwise would have hung heavy upon us; and we are all charm'd with you. Lady Betty, as well as her noble mamma, has always been of our party, whenever we have read your accounts. She is a dear generous lady, and has shed many a tear over them, as indeed we all have; and my Lord has not been unmov'd, nor Jackey neither, at some of your distresses and reflections. Indeed, Pamela, you are a charming creature, and an ornament to your fex. We wanted to have had you among us a hundred times, as we read, that we might have lov'd, and kis'd, and thank'd you.

But after all, my brother, generous and noble as he was, when your trials were over, was a strange wicked young fellow; and happy it was for you both, that he was so cleverly caught in the trap he had laid

for your virtue.

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I can affure you, my Lord longs to fee you, and will accompany me; for, he says, he has but a faint idea of your person. I tell him, and tell them all, that you are the finest girl, and the most improved in person and mind, I ever beheld; and I am not asraid, altho they should imagine all they can in your savour, from my account of you, that they will be disappointed when they see you, and converse with you. But one thing more you must do for us, and then we will love you still more; and that is, you must send us the rest of your papers, down to your marriage at least; and farther, if you have written farther; for we all long to see the rest, as you relate it, tho we know in general what has passed.

You leave off * with an account of an angry letter. I wrote to my brother, to perfuade him to give you your liberty, and a fum of money; not doubting

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 52. 6 353.

but his designs would end in your ruin, and, I own it, not wishing he would marry you; for little did I know of your merit and excellence, nor could I, but for your letters so lately sent me, have had any notion of either.—I don't question but, if you have recited my passionate behaviour to you, when I was at the hall, I shall make a ridiculous sigure enough; but I will forgive all that, for the sake of the pleasure you have given me, and will still farther give me, if you comply with my request.

Lady Betty fays, it is the best story she has heard, and the most instructive; and she longs to have the conclusion of it in your own words. She says now-and-then, What a hopeful brother you have, Lady Davers!—O these intriguing gentlemen!—what rogueries do they not commit! I should have had a fine husband of him, had I received your proposal! The dear Pamela would have run in his head, and had I been the first lady in the kingdom, I should have stood but a poor chance in his esteem; for, you

fee, his defigns upon her began * early.

She fays, you had a good heart to go back again to him, when the violent wretch had driven you from him on fuch a flight occasion: but yet, she thinks, the reasons you give in your relation, and your love for him, (which then you began to discover was your case), as well as the event, shew'd you did right.

But we'll tell you all our judgements, when we have read the rest of your accounts. So pray send them, as soon as you can, to (I won't write myself

fifter till then)

Your affectionate, &c.

B. DAVERS.

* See Vol. I. p. 85. 1. 10. + See Vol. II. p. 46.

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LETTER VII.

My dear good Lady,

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TOU have done me great honour in the letter your Ladyship has been pleased to send me; and it is a high pleasure to me, now all is so happily over, that my poor papers were in the least diverting to you, and to fuch honourable and worthy perfons as your Ladyship is pleased to mention. I could wish, my dear Lady, I might be favour'd with fuch remarks on my conduct, fo nakedly fet forth, (without any imagination that they would ever appear in fuch an affembly), as may be of use to me in my future life, and make me, by that means, more worthy than it is otherwise possible I can be, of the honour to which I am raifed. Do, dearest Lady, favour me fo far. I am prepared to receive blame, and to benefit by it, and cannot expect praise fo much from my actions as from my intentions; for, indeed, these were always just and honourable: but why, even for thefe, do I talk of praife, fince, being prompted by impulses I could not resist, it can be no merit in me to have been govern'd by them?

As to the papers following those in your Ladyship's hands, when I say, that they must needs appear impertinent to such judges, after what you know, I dare say your Ladythip will not insist upon them: yet I will not scruple briefly to mention what they contain.

All my dangers and trials were happily at an end: fo that they only contain "the conversations that "passed between your Ladyship's generous brother and me; his kind assurances of honourable love to me; my acknowledgements of unworthiness to him; Mrs Jewkes's respectful change of behaviour towards me; Mr B.'s reconciliation to Mr Williams;

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" Williams; his introducing me to the good fami-" lies in the neighbourhood, and avowing before " them his honourable intentions. A vifit from " my honest father, who (not knowing what to " conclude from the letter I wrote to him before " I returned to your honoured brother, defiring my se papers from him) came in great anxiety of heart to know the worst, doubting I had at last been es caught by a stratagem that had ended in my ruin. " His joyful furprize to find how happy I was like-" ly to be. All the hopes given me, answer'd, by the private celebration of our nuptials-An hoes nour fo much above all that my utmost ambition could make me aspire to, and which I never can " deferve! Your Ladyship's arrival, and anger, ee not knowing I was actually marry'd, but super poling me a vile wicked creature; in which case " I should have deserved the worst of usage. Mr " B.'s angry leffons to me, for daring to interfere, " though I thought in the tenderest and most dutiful e manner, between your Ladyship and himself. "The most acceptable goodness and favour of e your Ladyship afterwards to me, of which, as becomes me, I shall ever retain the most grateful " fense. My return to this sweet manfion in a es manner fo different from my quitting it, where " I had been fo happy for four years, in paying my ed duty to the best of mistresses, your Ladyship's excellent mother, to whose goodness in taking " me from my poor honest parents, and giving me what education I have, I owe, under God, my " happiness. The joy of good Mrs Jervis, Mr " Longman, and all the fervants, on this occasion. " Mr B.'s acquainting me with Miss Godfrey's afes fair, and prefenting to me the pretty Mils Coodes win, at the dairy-house. Our appearance at church, the favour of the gentry in the neigh-66 bourhood, who, knowing your Ladyship had not difdain'd mi-

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"disdain'd to look upon me, and to be favourable to me, came the more readily into a neighbourly intimacy with me, and still so much the more readily, as the continued kindness of my dear benefactor, and his condescending deportment to me before them, (as if I had been worthy of the honour done me), did credit to his own generous act."

These, my Lady, down to my good parents setting out to this place, in order to be settled by my honour'd benefactor's bounty, in the Kentish sarm, are the most material contents of my remaining papers: and tho' they might be the most agreeable to those for whom only they were written, yet, as they were principally matters of course, after what your Ladyship has with you; as the joy of my fond heart can be better judg'd of by your Ladyship, than describ'd by me; and as your Ladyship is acquainted with all the particulars that can be worthy of any other person's notice but my dear parents; I am sure your Ladyship will dispense with your commands; and I make it my humble request, that you will.

For, Madam, you must needs think, that when my doubts were dispell'd; when I was consident all my trials were over; when I had a prospect before me of being so abundantly rewarded for what I had suffered; when every hour rose upon me with new delight, and fraught with fresh instances of generous kindness from such a dear gentleman, my master, my benefactor, the son of my honour'd Lady; your Ladyship must needs think, I say, that I must be too much assected, my heart must be too much open'd; and especially as, it then (reliev'd from its past anxieties and fears, which had kept down and damp'd the latent slame) first discover'd to me impressions of which before I hardly thought it susceptible.—So that it is scarce possible, that my joy and my

prudenee,

prudence, if I were to be try'd by fuch judges of delicacy and decorum as Lord and Lady Davers, the honour'd Countess, and Lady Betty, could be so intimately, so laudably coupled, as were to be wish'd: altho', indeed, the continued sense of my unworthiness, and the disgrace the dear gentleman would bring upon himself by his generous goodness to me, always went hand in hand with my jay and my prudence; and what these considerations took from the former, being added to the latter, kept me steadier, and more equal to myself, than otherwise it was possible such a young creature as I could have been.

Wherefore, my dear good Lady, I hope I stand excus'd, and shall not bring upon myfelf the censure

of being disobedient to your commands.

Besides, Madam, since you inform me, that my good Lord Davers will attend your Ladyship hither, I should never dare to look his Lordship in the face, if all the emotions of my heart on fuch affecting occasions, stood confess'd to his Lordship; and, indeed, if I am asham'd they should to your Ladyship, and to the Counters, and Lady Betty, whose goodness must induce you all three to think, favourably, in fuch circumstances, of one who is of your own fex, how would it concern me, that the fame should appear before fuch gentlemen as my Lord and his nephew?-Indeed I could not look up to either of them, in the fense of this .- And give me leave to hope, that some of the scenes, in the letters your Ladyship had, were not read to gentlemen: - Your Ladyship must needs know which I mean, and will think of my two grand trials of all .-- For tho' I was the innocent subject of wicked attempts, and fo cannot, I hope, fuffer in any one's opinion for what I could not help; yet, for your dear brother's fake, as well as for the decency of the matter, one would not, when one shall have the honour to appear before my Lord and his nephew, be looked upon, methinks perh by I pity creat So the I —A of m to m shall to be

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methinks, with that levity of eye and thought, which, perhaps, hard-hearted gentlemen may pass upon one, by reason of those very scenes, which would move pity and concern in a good lady's breast, for a poor creature so attempted.

So, my dear Lady, be pleased to let me know, if the gentlemen have heard all.—I hope they have not.

And be pleased also to point out to me such parts of my conduct as deserve blame: indeed, I will try to make a good use of your censure, and am sure I shall be thankful for it;—for it will make me hope to be more and more worthy of the honour I have, of being exalted into such a distinguished family, and the right the best of gentlemen has given me to style myself

Your Ladyship's most humble, and most obliged servant, P. B.

LETTER VIII.

From Lady DAVERS, in Reply.

My dear PAMELA,

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You have given us all a great disappointment in declining to oblige me with the sequel of your papers. I was a little out of humour with you at first;—I must own I was:—for I cannot bear denial, when my heart is set upon any thing. But Lady Betty became your advocate, and said, she thought you very excusable; since, no doubt, there might be many tender things, circumstanced as you were, which might be well enough for your parents to see, but for nobody else; and relations of our side least of all, whose future intimacy, and stequent visits, might give occasions for raillery and remarks,

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remarks, that might not be always agreeable. I regarded her apology for you the more, because I knew it was a great balk to her, that you did not comply with my request. But now, child, when you know me more, you'll find, that if I am oblig'd to give up one point, I always insist on another, as near it as I can, in order to see if it be only one thing I am to be refused, or every thing; in which last case I know

how to take my measures, and refent.

Now, therefore, this is what I infift upon; that you correspond with me in the same manner you did with your parents, and acquaint me with every paffage that is of concern to you; beginning with your accounts how you fpent your time, both of you, when you were in Kent; for, you must know, we are all taken with your duty to your parents, and the difcretion of the good couple, and think you have given a very edifying example of filial piety to all who shall hear your story; for if so much duty is owing to parents, where nothing can be done for one, how much more is it to be expected, where there is a power to add to the natural obligation, all the comforts and conveniencies of life! We people in upper life, you must know, love to hear how gratitude and unexpected benefits operate upon honest minds, who have little more than plain artless nature for their guide; and we flatter ourselves with the hopes of many a delightful hour, by your means, in this our folitary fituation, as it will be, if we are obliged to pass the next winter in it, as my Lord and the Earl threaten me, and the Countels, and Lady Betty, that we shall. Then let us hear of every thing that gives you joy or trouble: and if my brother carries you to town, for the winter, while he attends parliament, the advices you will be able to give us of what passes in London, and of the public entertainments and diversions he will take you to, as you will relate them in your own artless and

and natural observations, will be as diverting to us, as if we were at them ourselves. For a young creature of your good understanding, to whom all these things will be quite new, will give us, perhaps, a better tafte of them, their beauties and defects. than we might have before. For we people of quality go to those places, dress'd out and adorn'd, in such manner, outvying one another, as if we confider'd ourselves as so many parts of the public entertainment, and are too much pleased with ourselves to be able fo to attend to what we fee, as to form a right judgement of it: and, indeed, we, fome of us, behave with fo much indifference to the entertainment. as if we thought ourselves above being diverted by what we come to fee, and as if our view was rather to trifle away our time, than to improve ourselves by attending to the story or the action.

See, Pamela, I shall not make an unworthy correspondent altogether, for I can get into thy grave
way, and moralize a little now and then: and if
you'll promise to oblige me by your constant correspondence in this way, and divest yourself of all
restraint, as if you were writing to your parents,
(and I can tell you, you'll write to one who will be as
candid and as favourable to you as they can be), then
I am sure we shall have truth and nature from you;
and these are things which we are generally so much
listed above, by our conditions, that we hardly know

what they are.

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But I have written enough for one letter; and yet, having more to fay, I will, after this, fend another, without waiting for your answer, which you may give to both together; and am, mean time,

Yours, &c.

B. DAVERS.

Vol. III. E LETTER

LETTER IX.

Dear PAMELA,

I A M very glad thy honest man has let thee into the affair of Sally Godfrey. But pr'ythee, Pamela, give us an account of the manner in which he did it, and of thy thoughts upon it; for that is a critical case; and according as he has represented it, so shall I know what to say of it before you and him: for I would not make mischief between you for the world.

This, let me tell you, will be a trying part of your conduct. For he loves the child; and will judge of you by your conduct towards it. He dearly loved her mother; and, notwithstanding her fault, she well deferv'd it: for the was a fenfible, ay, and a modest lady, and of an ancient and genteel family. But he was heir to a noble estate, was of a bold and enterprising spirit, fond of intrigue-Don't let this concern you-You'll have the greater happiness and merit too, if you can hold him-And, 'tis my opinion, if any body can, you will .- Then he did not like the young lady's mother, who fought artfully to intrap him. So that the poor girl, divided between her inclination for him, and her duty to her defigning mother, gave into the plot upon him; and he thought himself-vile wretch as he was, for all that! -at liberty to fet up plot against plot, and the poor lady's honour was the facrifice.

I hope you spoke well of her to him. I hope you received the child kindly.—I hope you had presence of mind to do this.—For it was a nice part to act; and all his observations were up, I dare say, on the occasion.—Do, let me hear how it was: there's my good Pamela, do. And write, I charge you, freely, and without restraint; for although I am not

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your mother, yet am I his eldest sister, you know—
and as such—come, I will say so, in hopes you'll
oblige me—your sister, and so intitled to expect a
compliance with my request: for is there not a duty
in degree, to elder sisters from younger?

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As to our remarks upon your behaviour, they have been much to your credit, I can tell you that: but, nevertheless, I will, to encourage you to enter into this requested correspondence with me, consult Lady Betty, and will go over your papers again, and try to find fault with your conduct; and if we can see any thing censurable, will freely let you know our minds.

But, before-hand, I can tell you, we shall be agreed in one opinion; and that is, that we know not who would have acted as you have done, upon the whole.

So, Pamela, you see I put myself upon the same foot of correspondence with you .- Not that I will promise to answer every letter: no, you must not expect that -Your part will be a kind of narrative purposely deligned to entertain us here; and I hope to receive fix, feven, eight or ten letters, as . it may happen, before I return one: but fuch a part I will bear in it, as shall let you know our opinion of your proceedings, and relations of things .-And as you with to be found fault with, as you fay, you shall freely have it, (tho' not in a splenetick or ill-natur'd way), as often as you give occasion. Now, you must know, Pamela, I have two views in this. One is, to see how a man of my brother's spirit, who has not deny'd himself any genteel liberties, (for it must be own'd he never was a common town rake, and had always dignity in his roguery), will behave himself to you, and in wedlock, which used to be freely fneered by him : the next, that I may love you more and more, which it will be enough to make me do, I dare fay, as by your letters I shall E 2 be

be more and more acquainted with you, as well as by conversation; so that you can't be off, if you would.

I know, however, you will have no objection to this; and that is, that your family-affairs will require your attention, and not give you the time you used to have for this employment. But consider, child, the station you are raised to does not require you to be quite a domettic animal. You are lifted up to the rank of a Lady, and you must act up to it, and not think of fetting fuch an example, as will derive upon you the ill-will and censure of other Ladies.- For will any of our fex vifit one who is continually employing herfelf in fuch works as either must be a reproach to herself, or to them ?-You'll have nothing to do but to give orders. You will confider yourfelf as the talk mistress, and the common herd of female fervants, as fo many negroes direcling themselves by your nod; or yourself as the mafter-wheel, in some beautiful piece of mechanism, whose dignify'd grave motions is to set a going all the under-wheels, with a velocity fuitable to their respective parts .- Let your fervants, under your direction, do all that relates to houshold management : they cannot write to entertain and instruct, as you can: fo what will you have to do?-I'll answer my own question: In the first place, endeavour to please your sovereign lord and mafter; and let me tell you, any other woman in England, be her quality ever fo high, would have found enough to do to fucceed in that. Secondly, to receive and pay vifits, in order, for his credit as well as your own, to make your fashionable neighbours fond of you. Then, thirdly, you will have time upon your hands (as your monarch himself rifes early, and is tolerably regular for fuch a brazen-face as he has been) to write to me, in the manner I have mentioned, and expect; and I fee plainly, by your style,

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And thus, and with reading, may your time be filled up with reputation to yourfelf, and delight to others, till a fourth employment puts itself upon you; and that is (shall I tell you in one word, without mineing the matter?) a fuccession of brave boys, to perpetuate a family that has for many hundred years been efteemed worthy and eminent, and which, being now reduced, in the direct line, to him and me, expells it from you; or elfe, let me tell you, (nor will I balk it), my brother, by descending to the wholesome cot-excuse me, Pamela,-will want one apology for his conduct, be as excellent as you

I fay this, child, not to reflect upon you, fince the thing is done; for I love you dearly, and will love you more and more-but to let you know what is expected from you, and to encourage you in the profpect that is already opening to you both, and to me, who have the welfare of the family I fprung from fo much at heart, aitho' I know this will be attended with some anxieties to a mind so thoughtful and apprehensive as yours feems to be.

O but this puts me in mind of your folicitude for fear the gentleman should have seen every-thing contained in your letters—But this I will particularly fpeak to in a third letter, having fill'd my paper on

all fides: and am, till then,

Yours, &c.

B. DAVERS.

You fee, and I hope will take it as a favour, that I break the ice, and begin first in the indispensably expected correspondence between us.

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LETTER

LETTER X.

From the fame.

A ND fo, Pamela, you are very folicitous to know, if the gentlemen have feen every past of your papers? I can't fay but they have: nor, except in regard to the reputation of your faucy man, do I fee why the part, you hint at, might not be read by those to whom the rest might be shewn.

I can tell you, Lady Betty, who is a very nice and delicate Lady, had no objection to any part, the read before men: only now-and-then, crying out-O the vile man !- fee, Lord Davers, what wretches you men are !- And, commiserating you, Ah! the poor Pamela !- And expressing her impatience to hear on, how you escap'd at this time, and at that, and rejoicing in your escape .- And now-and-then, O Lady Davers, what a vile brother you have !- I hate him perfectly.—The poor girl cannot be made amends for all this, though he has marry'd her. Who, that knows these things of him, would wish him to be hers, with all his advantages of person, mind, and fortune?-And fuch-like expressions in your praise, and condemning him, and his wicked attempts.

But I can tell you this, that except one had heard every tittle of your danger; how near you were to ruin, and how little he stood upon taking any meafures to effect his vile purposes, even daring to attempt you in the presence of a good woman, which was a wickedness that every wicked man could not be guilty of; I say, except one had known these things, one should not have been able to judge of the merit of your resistance, and how shocking those attempts were to your virtue, insomuch that life itself was endanger'd by them: nor, let me tell you, could I

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in particular, have so well justify'd him for marrying you, (I mean with respect to his own proud and haughty temper of mind), if there had been room to think he could have had you upon easier terms.

It was necessary, child, on twenty accounts, that we, your and his weil-wishers and his relations, should know that he had try'd every stratagem, and made use of every contrivance, to subdue you to his purpose, before he marry'd you: and how would it have answer'd to his intrepid character, and pride of heart, had we not been particularly let into the nature of those attempts, which you so nobly resisted, as to convince us all, that you have deserv'd the good fortune you have met with, as well as all the kind and respectful treatment he can possibly shew

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Nor ought you to be concern'd who fees any the most tender parts of your story, except, as I faid, for his fake, for it must be a very unvirtuous mind, than can form any other ideas from what you relate, than those of terror and pity for you. Your expressions are too delicate to give the nicest ear offence, except at him .- You paint no scenes but such as make his wickedness odious; and that gentleman, much more lady, must have a very corrupt heart, who could, from fuch circumstances of difirefs, make any reflections, but what should be to your honour, and in abhorrence of fuch actions. Indeed, child, I am fo convinced of this, that by this rule I would judge of any man's heart in the world, better than by a thousand declarations and protestations. I do affure you, rakish as Jackey is, and freely as I doubt not that Lord Davers has formerly lived, (for he has been a man of pleafure), they gave me by their behaviour on these tenderer occasions, reason to think they had more virtue, than not to be very apprehensive for your fafety; and

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my Lord feveral times exclaim'd, that he could not have thought his brother fuch a libertine neither.

Besides, child, were not these things written in considence to your mother? and, bad as his actions were to you, if you had not recited all you could recite, would there not have been room for any one, who should have seen what you wrote, to imagine they had been still worse?—And how could the terror be supposed to have had such effects upon you, as to endanger your life, without imagining you had undergone the worst that a vile man could offer, unless you had told us, what that was which he did offer, and so put a bound, as it were, to one's apprehensive imaginations of what you suffered, which otherwise must have been injurious to your purity, tho' you could not help it?

Moreover, Pamela, it was but doing justice to the libertine himself to tell your mother the whole truth, that she might know he was not so very abandoned, but that he could stop short of the execution of his wicked purposes, which he apprehended, if pursu'd, would destroy the life, that, of all lives, he would chuse to preserve; and you ow'd also thus much to your parents peace of mind, that after all their distracting sears for you, they might see they had reason to rejoice in an uncontaminated daughter. And one cannot but resect, now all is over, and he has made you his wife, that it must be a satisfaction to the wicked man, as well as to yourself, that he was not more guilty than he was, and that he took no

more liberties than he did.

For my own part, I must say, that I could not have accounted for your sits, by any descriptions short of those you give? and had you been less particular in the circumstances, I should have judg'd he had been still worse, and your person, tho' not your mind, less pure, than his pride would expect from the woman he should marry; for this is the case

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of all rakes, that tho' they indulge in all manner of libertinism themselves, there is no class of men who exact greater delicacy than they, from the persons they marry; tho' they care not how bad they make the wives, the sisters, and daughters of others.

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I have run into length again; so will only add, (and send all my three letters together), that we all blame you in some degree for bearing the wicked Jewkes in your sight, after the most impudent assistance she gave to his lewd attempt; much less, we think, ought you to have lest her in her place, and rewarded her: for her vileness could hardly be equalled by the worst actions of the most abandoned procuress.

I know the difficulties you labour under, in his arbitrary will, and in his intercession for her: but Lady Betty rightly observes, that he knew what a vile woman she was, when he put you into her power, and no doubt employ'd her, because he was sure she would answer all his purposes; and that therefore she should have had very little opinion of the sincerity of his reformation, while he was so solicitous in keeping her there, and in having her put upon a foot, in the present on your nuptials, with honest Jervis.

She would, she says, had she been in your case, have had one struggle for her dismission, let it have been taken as it would; and he that was so well pleased with your virtue, must have thought this a natural consequence of it, if he was in earnest to reclaim.

I know not whether you shew him all I write, or not: but I have written this last part in the cover, as well for want of room, as that you may keep it from him, if you please. Tho' if you think it will serve any good end, I am not against shewing to him all I write. For I must ever speak my mind, tho' I were to smart for it; and that nobody can, or has the heart to make me do, but my bold brother. So, Pamela, for this time, Adieu.

LETTER

LETTER XI.

My good Lady,

T A M honoured with your Ladyship's three letters. the contents of which are highly obliging to me: and I should be inexcusable if I did not comply with your injunctions, and be very proud and thankful for your Ladyship's condescension in accepting of my poor feribble, and promiting me fuch a rich and invaluable return; of which you have given me already fuch ample and fuch delightful instances. I will not plead my defects, to excuse my obedience. I only fear, that the awe which will be always upon me, when I write to your Ladyship, will lay me under to great a restraint, that I shall fall short even of the merit my papers have already made for me, thro' your kind indulgence. But nevertheless, sheltering myfelf under your goodness, I will chearfully comply with every thing your Ladyship expects from me, that is in my power to do.

You will give me leave, Madam, to put into some little method, the particulars of what you desire of me, that I may speak to them all: for, since you are so good as to excuse me from sending the rest of my papers, (which indeed would not bear in many places), I will omit nothing that shall tend to convince you of my readiness to obey you in every thing

elle.

First then, your Ladyship would have the particulars of the happy fortnight we passed in Kent, on one of the most agreeable occasions that could best me.

Secondly, An account of the manner in which your dear brother acquainted me with the affecting flory of Miss Gadfrey, and my behaviour upon it.

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And, thirdly, I prefume your Ladyship, and Lady Betty, expect that I should say something upon your selcome remarks on my conduct towards Mrs.

The other particulars contained in your Ladyship's kind letters will naturally fall under one or other of these three heads-But expect not, my Lady, tho' I begin in method thus, that I shall keep up to it. If your Ladythip will not allow for me, and keep in view the poor Pamela Andrews in all I write, but will have Mrs B. in your eye, what will become of me ?- But, indeed, I promise myself so much improvement from this correspondence, that I enter upon it with a greater delight than I can express. notwithstanding the mingled awe and distidence that will accompany me, in every part of the agreeable talk.

To begin with the first article:

Your dear brother and my honest parents-(I know your Ladyship will expect from me, that on all occasions I should speak of them with the duty that becomes a good child)-I fay, then, your dear brother, and they, and myfelf, fet out on the Monday morning for Kent, passing through St Albans to London, at both which places we stopp'd a night; for our dear benefactor would make us take easy journeys; and on Wednesday evening we arriv'd at the fweet place allotted for the good couple. We were attended only by Abraham and John, on horseback; for Mr Colbrand, having fprain'd his foot, was in the travelling-coach with the cook, the house-maid, and Polly Burlow, a genteel new fervant, whom Mrs Brooks recommended to wait on me.

Mr Longman had been down there for a fortnight. employed in fettling the terms of an additional purchase to this pretty well wooded and well watered

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estate; and the account he gave of his proceedings. was very fatisfactory to his honour'd principal. He sold us, he had much ado to diffuade the tenants from pursuing a form'd resolution of meeting their landlord on horse back, at some miles distance; for he had inform'd them when he expected us: but knowing how defirous Mr B. was of being retired while he staid here this time, he had ventured to affure them, that when every thing was fettled, and the new purchase actually entered upon, they would have his presence among them now and then; and that he would introduce them all at different times to their worthy landlord, before he left the country.

The house is large and very commodious; and we found every thing about it, and in it, exceeding neat and convenient; which was owing to the worthy Mr Longman's care and direction. The ground is well flock'd, the barns and out-houses in excellent repair, and my poor father and mother have only to wifh, that they and I may be deferving of half the goodness we experience from the bountiful mind of your

good brother.

But indeed, Madam, I have the pleasure of discovering every day more and more, that there is not a better dispos'd, and more generous man in the world than himfelf, infomuch that I verily think, he has not been fo careful to conceal his bad actions as his good ones. His heart is naturally beneficent, and his beneficence is the gift of God to him for the most excellent purposes, as I have often been so free as to tell him.-Pardon me, my dear Lady: I wish I may not be impertinently grave: but I find a great many inflances of his confiderate charity, which hardly any body knew of, and which, fince I have been his almoner, could not avoid coming to my knowledge.—But this possibly, is no news to your Ladyship. Every body knows the generous goodness of your own heart: every one

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that wanted relief tafted the bounty of your excellent mother, my late honoured lady: fo that 'tis a family grace, and I have no need to speak of it to you,

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This cannot, my dear Lady, I hope, be construed as if I would hereby suppose ourselves less oblig'd. Indeed I know nothing fo God-like in human nature as this disposition to do good to our fellow-creatures : for is it not following immediately the example of that gracious providence which every minute is conferring bleffings upon us all, and by giving power to the rich, makes them but the dispensers of its benefits to those that want them? But yet, as there are but too many objects of compassion, and as the most beneficent mind in the world cannot, like Omnipotence, do good to all, how much are they obliged who are diffinguished from others? And this, kept in mind, will always contribute to make the benefited receive, as thankfully as they ought, the favours of the obliger.

I know not if I write to be understood in all I mean; but my grateful heart is so over-filled when it is employ'd on this subject, that methinks I want to say a great deal more, at the same time that I am apprehensive I say too much. — Yet, perhaps, the copies of the letters I here inclose to your Lady-ship, (that mark'd [I.] written by me to my father and mother, on our return hither from Kent; that mark'd [II] from my dear sather in answer to it: and that mark'd [III] mine in reply to his *) will (at the same time that they may convince your Ladyship, that I will conceal nothing from you in the course of this correspondence, that may in the least amuse and divert you, or that may better explain our grateful sentiments) in a great measure answer, what your

^{*} See letters I. II. III. of this volume. Vol. III. F Ladythip

Ladyship expects from me, as to the happy fortnight

we pals'd in Kent.

And here I will conclude this letter, chufing to fuspend the correspondence, till I know from your Ladyship, whether it will not be too low, too idle for your attention; whether you will not dispense with your own commands for my writing to you. when you fee I am fo little likely to answer what you may possibly expect from me; or whether, if you infift upon my fcribling, you would have me write in any other way, be less tedious, less ferious-in short, less or more any thing. For all that is in my power, your Ladyship may command from,

Madam.

Your obliged and faithful fervant,

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Your dearest brother, from whose knowledge I would not keep any thing that shall take up any confiderable portion of my time, gives me leave to proceed in this correspondence, if you command it: and is pleased to say, he will content himself to see such parts of it, and only such parts, as I shall shew him, or read to him-Is not this very good, Madam ?- O my Lady, you don't know how happy I am!

LETTER XII.

From Lady Davers to Mrs B.

My dear PAMELA,

TOU very much oblige me by your chearful compliance with my request. I leave it entirely to you to write in what manner you please, and as you shall be in the humour to write, when you take up your pen; for then I shall have you write

with

with less restraint: for, you must know, that what we admire in you, are truth and nature, and not studied or elaborate epistles. We can bear at church, or we can read in our closets, fifty good things that we expect not from you; but we cannot receive from any body else the pleasure of sentiments slowing with that artless ease, which so much affects us when we read your letters. Then, my sweet girl, your gratitude, your prudence, your integrity of heart, your humility, shine so much in all your letters and thoughts, that no wonder my brother loves you as he does.

But I shall make you proud, I doubt, and so by praise ruin those graces which we admire, and, but for that, cannot praise you too much .- In my conscience, if thou canft hold as thou hast begun, I believe thou wilt have him all to thyfelf; and that was once, more than I thought ever any woman on this fide the feventieth year of his age would ever be able to fay. The letters to and from your parents we are charm'd with, and the communicating of them to me, I take to be as great an inflance of your confidence in me, as it is of your judgement and prudence; for you cannot but think, that we his relations are a little watchful over your conduct, and have our eyes upon you, to observe what use you are likely to make of the power you have over your man, with respect to your own relations.

Hitherto all is unexampled prudence, and you take the right method to reconcile even the proudest of us to your marriage, and make us not only love you, but respect your parents, because their honesty will, I perceive, be their distinguishing character, and they will not forget themselves, not their former condition.

I can tell you, you are exactly right; for if you were to be an increacher, as the good old man calls

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it, my brother would be one of the first to see it, and he would gradually think less and less of you, till possibly he might come to despise you, and to repent of his choice: for the least shadow of an imposition, or low cunning, or mean selfishness, he cannot bear.

In short, you're a charming girl; and Lady Betty says so too; and, moreover, adds, that if he makes you not the best and faithfullest of husbands, he cannot deserve you, for all his fortune and birth.

And, in my heart, I begin to think fo too.

But won't you oblige me with the fequel of your letter to your father? for, you promile, my dear charming fcribbler, in that you fent to me, to write again to his letter; and I long to fee how you answer the latter part of it, about your relations defiring already to come and live with him. I know what I expect from you. But let it be what it will, fend it to me, exactly as you wrote it; and I shall see when ther I have reason to praise or to reprove you. For furely, Pamela, you must leave one room to blame you for fomething. Indeed I can hardly bear the thought, that you should so much excel as you do, and have more prudence, by nature, as it were, than the best of us get in a course of the genteelest education, and with fifty advantages, at least in converfation, that you could not have, by reason of my mother's retired life, while you were with her, and your close attendance on her person.

But I'll tell you what has been a great improvement to you: It is your own writings. This itch of scribbling has been a charming help to you. For here, having a natural fund of good sense, and a prudence above your years, you have with the observations these have enabled you to make, been flint and steel too, as I may say, to yourself: so that you have struck sire when you pleas'd, wanting nothing but a sew dry'd leaves, like the first pair in old Du Bartas, to serve as tinder to catch

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your animating sparks. So that reading constantly, and thus using yourself to write, and enjoying besides the benefit of a good memory, every thing you heard or read became your own; and not only so, but was improved by passing through more salubrious ducts and vehicles; like some sine fruit grafted upon a common free-stock, whose more exuberant juices ferve to bring to quicker and greater perfection the downy peach, or the smooth nectarine with its crim-son blush.

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Really, Pamela, I believe, I, too, shall improve by writing to you—Why, you dear saucy-sace, at this rate, you'll make every one that converses with you, better and wiser, and wittier too, as far as I know, than they ever before thought there was room for 'em to be.

As to my own part, I begin to like what I have written myself, I think! and your correspondence will possibly revive the poetical ideas that used to fire my mind, before I entered into the drowsy married life; for my good Lord Davers's turn happens not to be to books; and so by degrees, my imagination was in a manner quench'd, and I, as a dutiful wife should, endeavour'd to form my taste by that of the man I chose.

But after all, Pamela, you are not to be a little proud (I can tell you that) of my correspondence; and I could not have thought it e'er would have come to this: but you'll have the penetration to observe, that I am the more free and unreserved, to encourage you to write without restraint: for already you have made us a samily of writers and readers; so that Lord Davers himself is become enamour'd of your letters, and desires of all things he may hear read every one that passes between us. Nay, Jackey, for that matter, who was the most thoughtless, whistling, sauntring sellow you ever knew, and whose delight in a book ran no higher than a song

or a catch, now comes in with an inquiring fact, and vows he'll fet pen to paper, and turn letterwriter himself; and intends (if my brother won't take it amis, he says) to begin to you, provided he could be sure of an answer.

I have twenty things still to say; for you have unlocked all our bosoms. And yet I intended not to write above ten or a dozen lines when I began;—only to tell you, that I would have you take your own way, in your subjects, and in your style.—And if you will but give me hope, that you are in the way I so much wish to have you in, I will then call myself your affectionate fister; but till then, it shall only barely be

Your correspondent,

B. DAVERS.

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You'll proceed with the account of your Kentifb affair, I doubt not.

LETTER XIII.

My dear good Lady,

Pleased to say of your happy correspondent!

And what reason have I to value myself on such an advantage as is now before me, if I am capable of improving it as I ought, from a correspondence with so noble and so admired a Lady! I wish I be not now proud indeed!—To be praised by such a genius, and my honoured benefactor's worthy sister, whose favour, next to his, it was always my chief ambition to obtain, is what would be enough to sill with vanity a steadier and a more equal mind, than mine.

I have heard from my late honoured Lady, what a fine pen her beloved daughter was mistress of, when when the pleased to take it up. But I never could have had the presumption, but from your Ladyship's own motion, to hope to be in any manner the subject of it, much less to be called your correspondent.

Indeed, Madam, I am proud, very proud of this honour, and consider it as such a heightening to my pleasures, as only that could give; and I will set

about obeying your Ladyship without reserve.

But permit me, in the first place, to disclaim any merit, from my own poor writings, to that improvement which your goodness imputes to me. What I have to boast, of that fore, is owing principally, if it deserves commendation, to my late excellent

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It is hardly to be imagined what pains her Ladythip took with her poor fervant. Besides making me keep a book of her charities dispensed by my hands, the caused me always to set down, in my way, the cases of the distressed, their griefs from their misfortunes, and their joys in her bountiful relief; and fo I was entered early into the various turns that affected worthy hearts, and was taught the better to regulate my own, especially by the help of the fine observations which my good Lady used to make to me, when I read to her what I wrote. For many a time has her generous heart overflow'd with pleasure at my remarks, and with praises; and I was her good girl, her dear Pameia, her hopeful maiden; and fhe would fometimes fnatch my hand with transport, and draw me to her, and vouchfafe to kifs me; and always was faying, what the should do for me, if God spared her, and I continued to be deferving.

O my dear Lady! you cannot think what an encouragement this condescending behaviour and goodness was to me. Indeed, Madam, you cannot

think it.

I used to throw myself at her seet, and embrace her knees; and, my eyes streaming with tears of joy, would often cry, O continue to me, my dearest Lady, the blessing of your favour, and kind instructions, and it is all your happy, happy Pamels can wish for.

But 'I will proceed to obey your Ladyship, and write with as much freedom as I possibly can; for you must not expect, that I can entirely divest my-felf of that awe which will necessarily lay me under a greater restraint, than if I was writing to my father and mother, whose partiality for their daughter made me, in a manner, secure of their good

opinions.

And now, that I may shorten the work before me, in the account I am to give of the fweet fortnight that we passed in Kent, I inclose not only the copy of the letter your Ladythip defired me to fend you, but my father's answer to it, which, with those you have already, will fet before your Ladyship all you want to fee in relation to the defire some of my kindred had to live with my father, and my own opinion on the occasion. And I am humbly confident you will join in fentiment with me: for persons are less doubtful of approbation, when their minds are incapable of dark referves, or fuch views as they would be afraid should be detected by any watchful observer of their conduct: and your Ladythip gives me double pleasure, that you are pleased to have an eye upon mine; first, because I hope it will be fuch as will generally bear the strictest scrutiny; and next, because, when my actions fall short of my intentions, I presume to hope your Ladyship will be as kind a monitor to me, as you are a correfpondent; and then I thall have an opportunity to correct myfelf, and be, as near as my flender talents will permit, what your Ladyship would have me to be.

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As the letters I fent before, and those I now fend, will let your Ladyship into several particulars; such a brief description of the house and farm, and your honour'd brother's intentions of retiring thinker now-and-then; of the happiness and grantude of my dear parents, and their wishes to be able to deserve the comforts his goodness has heaped upon them; and that in stronger lights than I am able to set them; I will only, in a summary manner, men-

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That the behaviour of my dear benefactor to me, to my parents, to Mr Longman, and to the tenants, was one continued feries of benignity and condefeenfion. He endeavour'd, in every kind and generous way, to encourage the good couple to be free and chearful with him; and feeing them unable to get over that awe and respect, which they owe him above all mankind, and which they fought to pay him on all occasions, he would take their hands, and more than once called them by the nearest and dearest names of relationship, as if they were his own parents; and I believe would have diftinguish'd them oftener in this manner, but that he faw them too much affected with his goodness to bear the honour (as my dear father fays in his first letter) with equalness of temper; and he seemed always to delight in being particularly kind to them before strangers, and before the tenants, and before Mr Sorby, and Mr Bennet, and Mr Shepherd, three of the principal gentlemen in the neighbourhood, who with their ladies came to visit us, and whose visits we all returned; for your dear brother would not permit my father and mother to decline the invitation of those worthy families.

Judge you, my dear Lady, with what a joy these kind distinctions, and his sweet behaviour, must fill their honest hearts. Judge of my grateful sentiments and acknowledgements, on these hourly in-

Hances

frances of his goodness; and judge of the respect with which this must inspire every one for the good couple. And when once Mrs Bennet had like to have faid fomething of their former condition, which the would have recalled in some confusion, and when she could not, apologized for it, the dear gentleman faid-All is well, Mrs Bennet : no apogies are necessary; and to shew you they are not, I'll tell you myfelf what you cannot have heard fo particularly from others, and which were I to endeavour to conceal, would be a piece of pride as stupid as despicable. So, in a concise manner, he gave them an account of my flory, so much to my advantage, and so little to his own, in the ingenuous relation of his attempts upon me, that you can't imagine, Madam, how much the gentry were affected y it, and how much, in particular, they applauded him for the generofity of his actions to me, and to my dear parents. And your Ladyship will permit me to observe, that fince the matter is circumstanc'd as it is, policy, as well as nobleness of mind, obliged him to this frankness and acknowledgement; for having faid worse of himself, and as mean of my parents fortunes, as any one could think, what remained for the hearers but to applaud, when he had left them no room to reproach, not fo much as in thought?

Every day we rode out, or walked a little about the grounds; and while we were there, he employ'd hands to cut a vista through a coppice, as they call it, or rather a little wood, to a rising ground, which fronting an old-fashion'd balcony in the middle of the house, he ordered it to be planted like a grove, and a pretty alcove to be erected on its summit, of which he has sent them a draught, drawn by his own hand. And this, and a few other alterations mentioned in my letter to my father, are to be finished

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The dear gentleman was every hour pressing me while there, to take one diversion or other, frequently upbraiding me, that I seemed not to chuse any thing; urging me to propose sometimes what I could wish he should oblige me in, and not always to leave it to him to chuse for me; saying, he was half asraid, that my constant compliance with every thing he proposed, laid me sometimes under a restraint; and he would have me have a will of my own, since it was impossible, that it could be such as he should not take a delight in conforming to it.

But, when (as I told him) his goodness to me made him rather study what would oblige me than himself, even to the prevention of all my wishes, how was it possible for me not to receive with pleasure and gratitude every intimation from him, in such a manner as that, tho' it might seem to be the effect of an implicit obedience to his will, yet was it (nor could it be otherwise) entirely agreeable to my

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I will not trouble your Ladyship with any further particulars relating to this happy fortnight, which was made up all of white and unclouded days, to the very last; and your Ladyship will judge better than I can describe, what a parting there was between my dear parents, and their honoured benefactor and me.

We fet out, attended with the good wishes of crouds of persons of all degrees; for your dear brother left behind him noble instances of his bounty; it being the first time, as he bid Mr Longman fay, that he had been down among them since that estate had been in his hands.

But permit me, Madam, to observe, that I could not forbear often, very often, in this happy period, to thank God in private, for the bleffed terms upon which I was there, to what I should have been, had I gracelestly accepted of those which formerly were ten-

der'd

der'd to me; for your Ladyship will remember, that

my infamy *.

We return'd through London again, by the like easy journies, but tarry'd not to see any thing of that valt metropolis, any more than we did in going through it before; your beloved brother only stopping at his hanker's, and defiring him to look out for a hand-some house, which he purposes to take for his winter residence. He chuses it to be about the new buildings called Hanover square; and he left Mr Longman there to see one, which his banker believed would be set for him.

And thus, my dear good Lady, I have answer'd your first commands, by the help of the letters which passed between my dear parents and me; and conclude this, with the assurance that I am, with high

respect,

Your Ladysbip's most obliged

and faithful fervant,

P. B.

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LETTER XIV.

My dearest Lady,

I NOW fet myself to obey your Ladyship's second command, which is, to give an account in what manner your dear brother broke to me the affair of the unfortunate Miss Godfrey, with my behaviour upon it: and this I cannot do better, than by transcribing the relation I gave at the time, in

* See Vol. II. p. 252.

letters

letters to my dear parents, which your Ladyship has not feen, in these very words.

[See Vol. II. p. 359. beginning My dear Mr B. down to p. 374. Line 20.]

Thus far, my dear Lady, the relation I gave to my parents, at the time of my being first acquainted

with this melancholy affair.

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It is a great pleasure to me, that I can already flatter myfelf, from the hints you kindly give me, that I behaved as you wished I should behave. Indeed, Madam, I could not help it; for I pitied most fincerely the unhappy Lady; and tho' I could not but rejoice, that I had had the grace to escape the dangerous attempts of the dear intriguer, yet never did the flory of any unfortunate Lady make fuch an impression upon me, as hers did : she loved him, and believed no doubt, he lov'd her too well to take ungenerous advantages of her foft pathon for him; and fo. by degrees, put herfelf into his power; and too feldom, alas! have the nobleft-minded of the feducing fex the mercy or the goodness to spare the poor creatures that do!-And then this love, to be fure, is a fad thing. when once it is fuffered to reign; - a perfect tyrar.! -requiring an unconditional obedience to its arbitrary dictates, and deeming every inflance of difcretion and prudence, and virtue itself, too often, but as so many acts of rebellion to its usurp'd authority.

And then, how do even blemishes become perfections in those we love? Crimes themselves too often, to inconsiderate minds, appear but as human failings; and human failings are a common cause, and every frail person excuses them for his or her own

fake.

Then 'tis another misfortune of people in love; they always think highly of the beloved object, and lowly of themselves; such a dismal mortiser is love!

Vol. III.

I say not this, Madam, to excuse the poor Lady's fall: nothing can do that; because virtue is, and ought to be, preserable to all considerations, and to life itself.—But, methinks, I love this dear Lady so well for the sake of her edifying penitence, that I would sain extenuate her crime, if I could; and the rather, as, in all probability, it was a first love on both sides; and so he could not appear to her as a prac-

tifed deceiver.

Your Ladyship will see by what I have transcribed, how I behaved myself to the dear Miss Goodwin; and I am so fond of the little charmer, as well for the sake of her unhappy mother, though personally unknown to me, as for the relation she bears to the dear Gentleman, whom I am bound to love and honour, that I must beg your Ladyship's interest to procure her to be given up to my care, when it shall be thought proper. I am sure I shall act by her as tenderly, as if I was her own mother. And glad I am, that the poor unfaulty baby is so justly beloved by Mr B.

But I will here conclude this letter, with affuring

your Ladyship, that I am,

Your obliged and humble fervant,

P. B.

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LETTER XV.

My good Lady,

I NOW come to your Ladyship's remarks on my conduct to Mrs Jewkes; which you are pleased to think too kind and forgiving, considering the poor woman's baseness.

Your Ladyship says, "That I ought not to have borne her in my sight, after the impudent affiftance she gave to his lewd attempts; much

ce less

" less to have lest her in her place, and rewarded her." Alas! my dear Lady, what could I do? a poor prisoner, as I was made, for weeks together, in breach of all the laws of civil society; without a soul who durst be my friend; and every day expecting to be ruined and undone, by one of the haughtiest and most determin'd spirits in the world!—And when it pleased God to turn his heart, and incline him to abandon his wicked attempts, and to profess honourable love to me, his poor fervant, can it be thought I was to insist upon conditions with such a Gentleman, who had me in his power; and who, if I had provoked him, might have resumed all his wicked purposes against me?

Indeed, I was too much overjoy'd, after all my dangers past, (which were so great, that I could not go to rest, nor rise, but with such apprehensions, that I wish'd for death rather than life), to think of resusing any terms that I could yield to, and keep

my honour.

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And tho' fuch noble Ladies, as your Ladyship and Lady Betty, who are born to independency, and are hereditarily, as I may fay, on a foot with the highest descended gentleman in the land, might have exerted a spirit, and would have had a right to have chosen your own servants, and to have distributed rewards and punishments to the deferving and undeserving, at your own good pleasure; yet what had I, a poor girl, who ow'd even my title to common notice, to the bounty of my late good Lady, and had only a kind of imputed fightliness of person, tho' enough to make me the subject of vile attempts; who from a fituation of terror and apprehension was lifted up to an hope, beyond my highest ambition, and was bid to pardon the bad woman, as an instance, that I could forgive his own hard usage of me; who had experienced so often the violence and

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impetuosity of his temper, which even his beloved mother never ventured to oppose, till it began to subside; and then, indeed, he was all goodness and acknowledgement; of which I could give your Ladyship more than one instance.

What, I fay, had I to do, to take upon me Lady-

airs, and to refent?

But, my dear Ladies, (let me in this instance, bespeak the attention of you both), I should be inexcusable, if I did not tell you all the truth; and that
is, that I not only forgave the poor wretch, in regard to his commands, but from my own inclination
also.

If I am wrong in faying this, I must submit it to your Ladyships; and, as I pretend not to perfection, am ready to take the blame I shall be found to deserve in your Ladyships judgements: but indeed, were it to do again, I verily think, I could not help forgiving her. And were I not able to say this, I should be thought to have made a mean court to my Master's passions, and to have done a wrong thing with my eyes open: which, I humbly conceive, no one should do.

When full power was given me over this poor creature, (feemingly at least, tho' it might possibly have been resum'd, and I might have been re-committed to hers, had I given him reason to think I made an arrogant use of it), you cannot imagine what a triumph I had in my mind over the mortify'd guilt, which (from the highest degree of insolence and imperiousness, that before had harden'd her musculine features) appeared in her countenance, when she found the tables likely to be soon turn'd upon her.

The change of behaviour, which at first discover'd itself in a sullen awe, and afterwards in a kind of silent respect, shew'd me, what an influence power had over her; and that when she could treat her late prisoner, when taken into favour, so obsequiously, it was the less wonder the bad woman could think

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it her duty to obey commands so unjust, when her obedience to them was required from her Master.

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To be fure, if a look could have killed her, after fome of her bad treatment, she had been slain over and over, as I may say: but to me, who was always taught to distinguish between the person and the action, I could not hold my resentment against the poor passive machine of mischief, one day together, tho her actions were so odious to me.

I should indeed except that time of my grand trial, when she appeared so much a wretch to me, that I saw her not (even after * two days that she was kept from me) without great flutter and emotion of heart; and I had represented to your Brother before, how hard a condition it was for me to forgive so much unwomanly wickedness †.

But, my dear Ladies, when I consider'd the matter in one particular light, I could the more easily forgive her; and having forgiven her, bear her in my fight, and act by her (as a consequence of that forgiveness) as if she had not so horridly offended.— Else, how would it have been forgiveness? especially as she was ashamed of her crime, and there was no fear of her repeating it.

Thus then I thought on the occasion: Poor wretched agent, for purposes little less than infernal! I will forgive thee, since thy Master and my Master will have it so. And indeed thou art beneath the resentment even of such a poor girl as I. I will pity thee, base and abject as thou art. And she who is the object of my pity, is surely beneath my anger. My eye, that used to quiver and tremble at thy haughty eve, shall now, with conscious worthiness, take a superior steadiness, and look down thy scouling guilty one into self-condemnation, the state thou couldst never cast mine into,

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 275. G 3 + Ibid. p. 277.

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nor from it wilt be able to raise thine own! Bear the reproach of thine own wicked heart, low, vile woman, unworthy as thou art of the name, and chosen, as it should seem for a soil to the innocent, and to make purity shine forth the brighter, the only good use such wretches as thou can be of to others, (except for examples of penitence and mercy): this will be punishment enough for thee, without my exposing myself to the imputation of descending so near to a level with thee, as to resent thy baseness, when thou hast no power to hurt me!

Such were then my thoughts, my proud thoughts, fo far was I from being guilty of intentional meanness in forgiving, at Mr B.'s interpolition, the poor, low, creeping, abject, felf-mortify'd, and master-mortify'd

Mrs Fewkes!

And do you think, Ladies, when you revolve in your thoughts, who I was, and what I was, and what I had been designed for; when you revolve the amazing turn in my favour, and the prospects before me, (prospects so much above my hopes, that I lest them entirely to Providence to direct for me, as it pleafed, without daring to look forward to what those profpects feemed naturally to tend); when I could fee my haughty perfecutor become my repentant protector; the lofty spirit that used to make me tremble, and to which I never could look up without awe, except in those animating cases, where his guilty attempts, and the concern I had to preferve my innocence, gave a courage more than natural to my otherwise dastardly heart: when this impetuous fpirit could stoop to request one whom he had funk beneath even her usual low character of his fervant, who was his prisoner, under sentence of a ruin worfe than death, as he had intended it, and had feized her for that very purpose; could stoop to acknowledge the violence of that purpose; could fay, ď

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thould stand me in greater stead than I was aware of." Could tell her, before me, "That she must of the future shew me all the respect that was due to one he must love ":" at another, acknowledge before her, "That he had been stark naught, and that I was very forgiving †." Again ‡, to Mrs Jewkes, putting himself on a level with her, as to guilt, "We are both in generous hands: and indeed, if Pamela did not pardon you, I should think she but half forgave me, because you acted by my in"structions:" Another time to the same s, "We have been both sinners, and must be both included in one act of grace."

When, I fay, I was thus lifted up to the ftate of a fovereign forgiver, and my lordly Mafter became a petitioner for himself, and for the guilty creature, whom he put under my feet; what a triumph was here for the poor Pamela! And could I have been guilty of so mean a pride, as to trample upon the poor abject creature, when I found her thus lowly, thus mortify'd, and wholly in my power? For so she feem'd actually to be, while I really thought so: and would it have been good manners with regard to my Master, or policy with respect to myself, to doubt it, after he had so declar'd?

Then, my dear Ladies, while I was enjoying the foul-charming fruits of that innocence which the divine grace had enabled me to preferve, in spite of so many plots and contrivances on my Master's side, and such wicked instigations and affistances on hers, and all my prospects were improving upon me beyond my wishes; when all was sunshine, unclouded funshine, and I possessed my mind in

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 278. + Vol. II. p. 76. ‡ Ibid. p. 77.
§ Ibid. p. 166.

peace, and had nothing to do but to be thankful to Providence, which had been fo gracious to my unworthiness, when I saw, as I said above, my persecutor become my protector, my active enemy, no longer my enemy, but creeping with flow, doubtful feet, and speaking to me, with awful hefitating doubt of my acceptance; a stamp of an infolent foot, now turn'd into curt'fying half-bent knees; threatening hands into supplicating folds; and the eye unpitying to innocence, running over with the fense of her own guilt; a faltering accent on her late menacing tongue, and uplifted handkerchief,-" I fee she will be my Lady; and "then I know how it will go with me ":"-Was not this, my Ladies, a triumph of triumphs to the late miserable, now exalted Pamela?-Could I do less than pardon her? and having declared, that I did fo, was I not to shew the fincerity of my declaration ?

Indeed, indeed, my dear good Ladies, I found fuch a subject for exultation in this providential change of my condition, that I had much ado to fubdue my rifing pride, and thought there was more danger of being lifted up, (every moment, to fee fuch improving contrition on the poor creature's part), than to be supposed guilty of a meanness of heart, in flooping (yes, Madam, that was then the proudly proper word, in the elevation wherein I found myself) to forgive her ?--- And, what !should I not forgive a creature for that very basenefs, which, happily withstood, had so largely contributed to exalt me? Indeed, my dear good Ladies, permit me to repeat, I could not chuse but to forgive her !- How could I ?- And would it not have been out of character in me, and against all expectation of my high foul'd (tho' fometimes, as

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^{*} See Vol. I. p. 285.

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Would it not have shewn him, that the low-born Pamela was incapable of a generous action, had she resused the only request her humble condition had given her the opportunity of granting, at that time, with innocence? Would he not have thought the humble cottager as capable of insolence, and vengeance too, in her turn, as the better-born? and that she wanted but the power, to shew the like unrelenting temper, by which she had so grievously suffer'd?—And might not this have given him room to think me (and to have resumed and prosecuted his purposes accordingly) fitter for an arrogant kept mistress, than an humble and obliged wife?

I fee, (might he not have faid?) the girl has firong passions and refentments; and she that has, will be acted; and fometimes governed by them .-I will improve upon the hint she herself has now given me, by her inexorable temper :- I will gratify her revenge, till I turn it upon herfelf: I will indulge her pride, till I make it administer to her fall: for a wife I cannot think of, in the lowborn cottager; especially when she has lurking in her all the pride and arrogance (you know, my Ladies, his haughty way of fpeaking of our fex) of the better-descended .- And by a little perseverance, and watching her unguarded hours, and applying temptations to her pathons, I thall first discover them, and then make my advantage of them.

Might not this have been the language, and this the resolution, of such a dear wicked intriguer?—
For, my Lady, you can hardly conceive the struggles he apparently had to bring down his high spirit to so humble a level. And tho', I hope, all would have been, even in this worst case, inessectual, through

through divine grace, yet how do I know what lurk. ing vileness might have appeared by degrees in this frail heart, to have encouraged his defigns, and to have augmented my trials and my dangers? And perhaps downright violence might have been used, if he could not, on one hand, have fubdu'd his paffions, nor, on the other, have overcome his pride. A pride, that every one, reflecting upon the difparity of birth and condition between us, would have dignify'd with the name of decency; a pride that was become fuch an effential part of the dear Gentleman's character, in this instance of a wife, that altho' he knew he could not keep it up, if he made me happy, yet it was no fmall motive in his chunng me, in one respect, because he expected from me more humility, more submission, than he thought he had reason to flatter himself would be paid him, by a Lady equally born and educated: and of this I will fend your Ladyship an instance, in a transcription from that part of * my journal you have not feen, of his lessons to me, on the occasion your Ladyship fo well remembers, of my incurring his displeafure by interpoling between yourfelf and him +, in your misunderstanding at the hall; for, Madam, I intend to fend, at times, any thing I think worthy of your Ladyship's attention, out of those papers you were fo kind as to excuse me from fending you in the lump, and many of which must needs have appeared very impertinent to fuch judges.

Thus, could your Ladythip have thought it? have I ventur'd upon a strange paradox, that even this strongest instance of his debasing himself, is not the weakest of his pride; and he ventured once at Sir Simon Darnford's to say, in your Lady-

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^{*} See Vol. II. p. 311, & seq. beginning at line 35. † Ibid. p. 316.

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Thip's

ship's hearing, as you may remember, that, in his conscience, he thought he should hardly have made a tolerable husband to any body but Pamela*: And why? For the reasons you will see in the inclosed papers, which give an account of the noblest and earliest curtain-lecture that ever girl had: one of which is, That he expects to be borne with, (comply'd with, he meant), even when in the wrong: another, That a wife should never so much as expostulate with him, tho' he was in the wrong, till by complying with all he insisted upon, she should have shewn him, she designed rather to convince him for his own sake, than for contradiction's sake: and then, another time, perhaps he might take better resolutions †.

I hope, from what I have faid, it will appear to your Ladyship, and to Lady Betty too, that I am justify'd, or at least excused, in pardoning Mrs Jewhes: and I have yet another reason behind, for doing so, had she been as absolutely in my power, as the wish of the most resenting person in the world could have made her; and that is, the hope I had, that the poor creature, by being continued in a family where the Gentleman gave hopes of so desireable a reformation, and where the example of the person he was about to honour in so eminent a degree, beyond all that could have been hoped for by her a few days before, might possibly contribute to make her change her manner of thinking, as well as acting.

I looked upon the poor wretch, in all her deportment to me, in my days of trial, as one devoted to perdition; as one who had no regard to a future state; but while she could live in ease and plenty for a poor remainder of years, cared not what she did, and was ready to undertake any thing which persons

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 310. + Ibid. p. 317.

of power and riches would put her upon; and who were the to be turned off difgracefully, at my defire, befides that I should thereby shew myfelf to be of an implacable spirit, might have been entertained be fome profligate persons, to whose baseness such a woman might be useful; and that then her power m do mischief would have been augmented, and she would have gone on more fuecei fully to do the devil's work, and feveral innocent creatures might have been entangled, like fo many thoughtless flies. in the infnaring web of this venomous-hearted fpider, which I had so happily escaped. Is it not better then, thought I, if I can imprint conviction upon the poor wretch, whom its hopeful forerunner shame had already taken hold of, and add the delightful hope of mischiefs prevented, to that of a soul reclaimed? And may not I, who have been fo hardly used by her, for that very reason, have more influence upon her than any other person, even the best of divines, could have?

Nay, would not this behaviour of mine, very probably, operate on a much higher and nobler subject, her dear naughty Master, and let him see the force and amiableness of conquering one's self? that there must be something in that duty, which could make so young a creature regard it, in an instance so dissidual to some minds, (and especially to the passionate and high-born), that of sorgiving injuries, where there is a power to revenge, and of returning good for evil.

And then, when no fullen behaviour to the poor wretch, on my fide, took place; no diffant airs were affected, no angry brow put on, nor sharpness of speech used, towards one who might expect all these from me; would it not shew him, that I was sincere in my forgiveness? that I was not able to bear malice! was a stranger to revenge? had truly that softness of nature, and placableness of disposition, which

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fupp off, he holds to be the greatest merit in our sex; and which; I dare say, your Ladyship will join with me in opinion, is indispensably necessary to the happy

life of the person who is his wife ?

Then I have no notion of that flight distinction I have so often heard between forgive and forget, when persons have a mind to split hairs, and to distinguish away their Christian duties by a word, and say, I must forgive such an action, but I will never forget it: When I would rather say, I will remember such an action, in order for my suture guard; but I will forgive it as often as I remember it or else I will try to forget it for ever, if it will occasion a breach in my Christian charity.

I will only add, that I thought it would not be wrong to keep her, as, besides what I have mention'd, it would induce the world to think, that Mr B. had not gone such very-wicked lengths, as might have been imagin'd, if she had not been supportable to me in the same house? And who knows, moreover, what she might have reported of both, had she been

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How then, dearest Ladies, if these considerations have any weight, could I act otherwise than I did, either with respect to your honoured Brother, myself, or the poor woman? And when I tell your Ladyships, that I have all the reason in the world to be pleased with this manner of acting, when I consider the considence it hath given me with Mr B. and (what I was very desirous of) the good effects it hath had upon the woman herself, I dare say, both your Ladyships opinions will be in my savour on this head.

But your dear Brother has just fent me word, that fupper waits for me; and the post being ready to go off, I defer till the next opportunity what I have to fay as to these good effects; and am, in the mean time,

Your Ladyskip's most obliged and faithful servant,

P. B. L E T.

Vol. III.

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LETTER XVI.

My dear Lady,

I WILL now acquaint you with the good effects my behaviour to Mrs Jewkes has had upon her, a a farther justification of my conduct towards the poor woman.

That she began to be affected as I wish'd, appeared to me before I left the hall, not only in the conversations I had with her after my happiness was completed; but in her general demeanour also to the servants, to the neighbours, and in her devout be haviour at church: and this still surther appears by a letter I have receiv'd from Miss Darnford. I dare say your Ladyship will be pleased with the perusal of the whole letter, although a part of it would answer my present design: and in considence, that you will excuse, for the sake of its other beauties, the high and undeserved praises which she so lavishly bestows upon me, I will transcribe it all.

From Mifs Darnford to Mrs B.

· My dear Neighbour that was,

Must depend upon your known goodness, to excuse me for not writing before now, in an-

fwer to your letter of compliment to us, for the

civilities and favours, as you call them, which you

received from us in Lincolnsbire, where we were infinitely more obliged to you, than you to us.

The truth is, my Papa has been much difor dered with a kind of rambling rheumatism, w which the physicians, learnedly speaking, give the

name of arthritica vaga, or the flying gout;

and when he ails ever fo little, (it fignifies nothing

concealing his infirmities, where they are fo well known, and when he cares not who knows them) he is fo peevish, and wants fo much attendance, that my Mamma, and her two girls (one of which is as waspish as her Papa; you may be fure I don't · mean myfelf) have much ado to make his Worfhip keep the peace : and I being his favourite, when he is indisposed, because I have most patience, if I may give myfelf a good word, he calls supon me continually, to read to him when he is grave, which is not often indeed, and to tell him fories and fing to him, when he is merry; and fo · I have been employed as a principal person about him, till I have frequently become fad to make him chearful, and happy when I could do it at any rate. For once in a pet, he flung a book at my head, because I had not attended him for two hours, and he could not bear to be flighted by · little ballards, that was his word, that were father'd upon him for his vexation! O these men! fathers or husbands, much alike! the one tyraninical, the other infolent; so that, between one and 't'other, a poor girl has nothing for it, but a few weeks courthip, and perhaps a first month's bridalry, if that; and then she is as much a flave to a husband, as she was a vasial to her father-I mean, if the father be a Sir Simon Darnford, and the fpoule a Mr B.

But I will be a little more grave; for a graver occasion calls for it, and yet an occasion that will give you real pleasure. It is the very great change that the example you have left behind you, has had

upon your housekeeper.

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as she could among the servants there; and she is next to exemplary in it, so that she has every one's good word. She speaks of her Lady not only with respect, but reverence; and calls it a blessed

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day for all the family, and particularly for herself, that you came into Lincolnshire. She reads prayers, or makes one of the servants read them, every

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· Sunday night; and never misses being at church, morning and afternoon; and is preparing her-

felf, by Mr Peters's advice and direction, for receiving the facrament; which she earnestly longs

to receive, and fays it will be the feal of her re-

· formation.

• Mr Peters gives us this account of her, and fags
• she is full of contrition for her past mis-spent life,
• and is often asking him, if such and such sins can
• be forgiven? and among them names her vile be-

· haviour to her Angel-lady, as the calls you.

It feems she has written a letter to you, which passed Mr Peters's revisal, before she had the courage to send it; and prides herself that you have favoured her with an answer to it, which, she says, when she is dead, will be found in a cover of black silk next her heart; for any thing from your hand, she is sure, will contribute to make her keep her good purposes; and for that reason she places it there: and when she has any bad thoughts, or is guilty of any faulty word, or passionate expression, she recollects her Lady's letter, and that recovers her to a calm, and puts her again into a better frame.

As the has written to you, 'tis possible I might have spar'd you the trouble of reading this account of her; but yet you will not be displeased, that so free a liver and speaker should have some testimonial besides her own assurances, to vouch for the

· fincerity of her reformation.

What a happy Lady are you, that persuasion dwells upon your tongue, and reformation solution solves your example! We all hear continually of your excellencies. Every body is proud of fearling of your excellencies.

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what they observe in you. This makes us long more and more to see you here again. My Papa tother day said, He wish'd you'd undertake him.

This is not the least of what is admirable in you,
that profess'd rakes and libertines, who take upon
themselves to ridicule seriousness in every body else,
speak of you with reverence; and while they attribute Pharisaical pride, or affectation, or hypocrify,
to other good persons, they say, You are a credit

to religion, and that adorns you, and you that.

Happy, thrice happy Mrs B.! May you long live the ornament of your fex, and a credit to all your acquaintance! Such examples as you fet, how are they wanted in an age fo depraved! I fear not making you proud, fince praise but puts the worthy upon enlarging their deservings: for who, as I heard you once fay, can fit down easy under imputed commendations they do not deserve? If they will not disclaim the praise they have not merited, when apply'd to their conduct, they give an earnest, by receiving it, that they will endeavour to do it, and ought never to rest till they have made

themselves a title to it.
Happy Mr B. !—But why fay I so? since with
more propriety, I may say, Happy every one who
sees, who knows, who converses with Mrs B. not
more the glory of the humble cot, than the ornament of the stately palace!

If you know how I love you, you would favour me with your prefence and convertation, if it was in your own power to do fo; and then I would rank myfelf among the happies, and call myfelf,

· The happy Polly DARNFORD.

Your Ladyship will, as I said, forgive me what may appear like vanity in this communication. Miss Darnford is a charming young lady. I al-

wavs admir'd her; but her letters are the sweetest, kindest!—But I am too much the subject of her encomiums, and so will say no more; but add here a copy of the poor woman's letter to me; and your Ladyship will see what an ample correspondence you have open'd to yourself, if you go on to countenance it.

· Honoured Madam,

Have been long labouring under two difficulties; the defire I had to write to you, and the fear of being thought prefumptuous, if I did. But I will depend on your goodness, so often try'd; and put pen to paper, in that very closet, and on that very desk, which once were so much used by your dear-felf, when I was acting a part, that now cuts me to the heart, to think of. But you forgave me, Madam, and shew'd me you had too much goodness to revoke your forgiveness. And could I have silene'd the reproaches of my own heart, I should have had no cause to think I had ever offended.

But, oh! Madam, how has your goodness to " me, which once filled me with fo much glad-· nefs, now, on reflection, make me forrowful, and at times miserable-to think I should act · fo barbaroufly as I did, by fo much sweetness, and fo much forgiveness! Every place that I remem-· ber to have used you hardly in, how does it now · fill me with fadnels, and makes me often fmite my breaft, and fit down with tears and groins, · bemoaning my vile actions, and my hard heart! · How many places are there in this melancholy fine · house, that call one thing or other to my remembrance, that give me remorfe! But the · pond and the woodhouse, whence I dragg'd you fo mercilefly, after I had driven you to defpair · almost, what thoughts do they bring to my re-" membrance!

• membrance! — Then my wicked instigations—
• What an odious wretch was 1!

Had his Honour been as abandoned as myfelf, what virtue had been dettroy'd between his orders, and my too rigorous execution of them; nay, ftretching them, to thew my wicked zeal, to ferve a Matter, whom, though I honour'd, I should not (as you more than once hinted to me, but with no effect at all, so resolutely wicked was my heart) have so well obey'd in his unlawful commands!

His Honour has made you amends, has done justice to your merits, and to aton'd for his fault. But as for me, it is out of my power ever to make reparation. All that is left me, is, to let your Ladyship see, that your pious example has made such an impression upon me, that I am miserable

o now in the reflection upon my past guilt.

• You have forgiven me, and GOD will, I hope;
• for the creature cannot be more m reiful than the
• Creator; that is all my hope!—Yet iometimes, I
• dread that I am forgiven here, at leaft, not punish'd,
• in order to be punish'd the more hereafter!—What
• then will become of the unhappy wretch, that has
• thus lived in a state of fin, and had so qualified her• self by a course of wickedness, as to be thought a
• proper instrument for the worst purposes that any
• one could be employ'd in?

Good your Ladyship, let not my honour'd Master see this letter. He will think I have the boldness to reslect upon him; when, God knows my

heart, I only write to condemn myfelf, and my unwomanly actions, as you were pleas'd often most

futtly to call them.

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rece! But I might go on thus for ever acculing myfelt, not confidering whom I am writing to; and
whose precious time I am taking up.—But what

• I chiefly write for, I am not come to yet; that is, • to beg your Ladyship's prayers for me. For oh, • Madam, I fear I shall else be for ever miserable! • We every week hear of the good you do, and the • charity you extend to the bodies of the miserable. • Extend I beseech you, good Madam, to the un-• happy Jewkes, the mercy of your prayers, and tell

• me if you think I have not finned beyond hope of

pardon; for there is a woe denounced against the
 presumptuous sinner.

· Your Ladyship affured me, at your departure. on the confession of my remorfe for my misdoings, and my promise of ammendment, that you would take it for a proof of my being in earnest. if I would endeavour to take up a regularity among the fervants here; if I would fubdue them with kindness, as I had own'd myself subdu'd: and if I would endeavour to make every one think, that the best security they could give of their doing their duty to their master in his ab-· fence, was by doing it to God Almighty, from whose all-feeing eye nothing can be hid. This, I remember, your Ladyship told me, was the best test of fidelity and duty, that any fervants could · fhew; fince it was impossible without religion, · but that worldly convenience, or felf intereft, must be the main tie; and so the worst actions. might succeed, if servants thought they should · find their fordid advantage in facrificing their duty.

• So well am I convinced of this truth, that I hope, I have begun the example to good effect; and as no one in the family was so wicked as I, it was therefore less difficult to reform them; and you will have the pleasure to know, that you have now servants here, whom you need not be ashamed

to call yours.

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• Tis true, I found it a little difficult at first to keep them within fight of their duty, after your Ladyship departed: but when they saw I was in earnest, and used them courteously, as you advised, and as your usage of me convinced me was the rightest usage; when they were told I had your commands to acquaint you, how they conformed to your injunctions; the task became easy; and I hope we shall all be still more and more worthy of the favour of so good a Lady, and so bountiful a Master.

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I dare not prefume upon the honour of a line to your unworthy fervant. Yet it would pride me much, if I could have it. But I shall ever pray for your Ladyship's, and his Honour's felicity, as becomes

· Your undeferving fervant, . K. JEWKES.

I have already, with these transcribed letters of Miss Darnsord and Mrs Jewkes, written a great deal: but nevertheless, as there yet remains one passage in your Ladyship's letter, relating to Mrs Jewkes, that seems to require an answer, I will take notice of it, if I shall not quite tire your patience.

That paffage is this; Lady Betty rightly observes, fays your Ladyship, that he knew what a vile woman she [Mrs Jewkes] was, when he put you into her power; and, no doubt, employ'd her, because he was sure she would answer all his purposes: and that therefore she should have had very little opinion of the sincerity of his reformation, while he was so solicitous in keeping her there.'

She would, she says, had she been in your case,
have had one struggle for her dismission, let it
have been taken as it would; and he that was so
well

well pleafed with your virtue, must have thought this a natural confequence of it, if he was in ear.

nest to become virtuous himself.'

But alas! Madam, he was not so well pleased with my virtue for fake's fake, as Lady Betty thinks he was. He would have been glad, at that very time. to have found me less resolved on that score. He did not fo much as pretend to any disposition to virtue.

No. not he!

He had entertained, as it proved, a strong paffion for me. This passion had been heighten'd by my resisting of it. His pride and the advantages he had both of person and fortune, would not let him brook controul; and when he could not have me upon his own terms, God turn'd his evil purpofes to good ones, and he refolved to fubmit to mine, or rather to fuch as he found I would not yield to him without. For all this time, I had no terms to propose. Neither my low fortunes, my unjust captivity, nor my fex, nor unexperienc'd youth, (not a foul near me whom I could call my friend, or whose advice I could ask), permitted me to offer any terms to him, had I been disposed to have disputed his will, or his intercession for the woman; which, as I have faid, I was not. I had but one fleady purpose to adhere to, and having grace given me to adhere to that, he refolved, fince he could not conquer his paffion for me, to make me his with honour. But still I doubt, as I faid, this was not for the love of virtue at that time. That came afterwards, and I hope will always be his governing motive, in his future actions; and then I shall be happy indeed!

But Lady Betty thinks, I was to blame to put Mrs Jewkes upon a foot, in the present I made on my nuptials, with Mrs Jervis' But the cafe was rather this, That I put Mis Jervis on a foot with Mrs Jewkes; for the dear Gentleman had named the

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fum he would have me give Mrs Jewkes, and I would not give Mrs Jervis less, because I loved her better; nor more could I give her, on that occasion, without making such a difference between two
persons equal in station, on a solemnity too where
one was present and assisting, the other not, as would
have shewn such a partiality, as might have induced
their Master to conclude, I was not so sincere in my
forgiveness, as he hoped from me, and as I really was.

But a stronger reason still was behind; that I could, in a much more agreeable manner, both to Mrs Jervis and myself, shew my love and my gratitude to the dear good woman: and this I have taken care to do, in the manner I will submit to your Ladyship; at the tribunal of whose judgement I am willing all my actions, respecting your dear Brother, shall be try'd: and I hope your Ladyship will not think me a too prosuse or lavish creature; I hope you won't have reason for it: yet, if you think you have, pray, my dear Lady, don't spare me; for if you shall judge me prosuse in one article, I will endeavour to save it in another.

But I will make what I have to fay on this head the fubject of a letter by itself: and am, mean time,

Your Ladyship's most obliged

and obedient fervant,

P. B.

LETTER XVII.

My dear Lady,

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IT is needful, in order to let you more intelligibly into the subject where I lest off in my last, that your Ladyship should know that your generous brother

* See Vol. II. p. 188.

ther has made me his almoner, as I was my late dear Lady's; and has order'd Mr Longman to pay me 50%. Quarterly, for purposes of which he requires no account, though I have one always † ready to produce; and he has given me other sums to enable me to do all the good I can to distressed objects, at my first setting out. Thus enabled, your Ladyship knows not how many honest hearts I have made glad already, and how many more I hope to rejoice before a year is at an end, and yet keep within my limits.

Now, Madam, as I knew Mis Jervis was far from being easy in her circumstances, thinking herfelf obliged to pay old § debts for two extravagant children who are both dead; and maintaining in schooling and clothes three of their children, which always keeps her bare; I took upon me one day, as she and I sat together, at our needles, to say to her, (as we are always running over old stories, when we are alone), My good Mrs Jervis, will you allow me to ask you after your own private assairs, and if you are tolerably easy in them?

You are very good, Madam, faid she, to concern yourself about my poor matters, so much as you have to employ your thoughts about, and so much as every moment of your time is taken up, from the hour you rise, to the time of your rest. But I can with great pleasure attribute it to your bounty, and that of my honoured Master, that I am easier and easier every

day.

But tell me, my dear Mrs Jervis, faid I, how your matters particularly stand. I love to mingle concerns with my friends, and as I hide nothing from you, I hope you'll treat me with equal freedom; for I always loved you, and always will; and nothing but death shall divide our friendship.

* See Vol. II. p. 342. § Vol. I. p. 92.

† Ibid. p. 353.

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She had tears of gratitude in her eyes, and taking off her spectacles, I cannot bear, said she, so much goodness!--Oh! my Lady!

Oh! my Pamela, fay, reply'd I.—How often must I chide you for calling me any thing but your

Pamela, when we are alone together?

My heart, faid the, will burft with your goodness!

I cannot bear it!

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But you must bear it, and bear still greater exercifes to your grateful heart, I can tell you that: A pretty thing, truly! Here I, a poor helpless girl, raifed from poverty and diffress, by the generosity of the best of men, only because I was young and fightly, shall put on lady-airs to a gentle-woman born, the wisdom of whose years, and her faithful fervices, and good management, make her a much greater merit in this family, than I can pretend to have !- And return, shall I? in the day of my power, infult and haughtiness for the kindness and benevolence I receiv'd from her in that of my indigence !- Indeed I won't forgive you, my dear Mrs Tervis, if I think you capable of looking upon me in any other light than as your daughter; for you have been a mother to me, when the absence of my own could not afford me the comfort and good counsel I received every day from you.

Then moving my chair nearer her, and taking her hand, and wiping, with my handkerchief in my other, her reverend cheek, Come, come, my dear fecond mother, faid I, call me your daughter, your Pamela: I have passed many sweet hours with you under that name: and as I have but too seldom such an opportunity as this, open to me your worthy heart, and let me know, if I cannot make my second mother as easy and happy, as our dear Master has made

my first.

Vol. III.

She

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She hung her head on her shoulder, and I waited till the discharge of her tears gave time for utterance to her words; provoking only her speech, by saying, You used to have three grandchildren to provide for in clothes and schooling. They are all living, I hope?

Yes, Madam, they are living: and your last bounty (twenty guineas was a great sum, and all at once!

made me very eafy and very happy !-

How eafy, and how happy, Mrs Jervis?

Why, my dear Lady, I paid five to one old creditor of my unhappy fons; five to a fecond; and two and a half to two others, in proportion to their refpective demands; and with the other five I paid off all arrears of the poor childrens schooling and maintenance, and every one is satisfy'd and easy, and all declare they will never do harsh things by me, if they are paid no more.

But tell me, Mrs Jervis, what you owe in the world, put all together; and you and I will contrive with justice to our best Friend, to do all we can, to make you quite easy; for, at your time of life, I cannot bear, that you shall have any thing to disturb you, which I can remove; and so, my dear Mrs

Fervis, let me know all.

Come, I know your debts, (dear, just, good woman as you are!) like David's sins, are ever before you: so come, putting my hand in her pocket, let me be a friendly pick-pocket: let me take out your memorandum-book, and we will see how all matters stand, and what can be done. Come, I see you are too much moved; your worthy heart is too much affected, (pulling out her book, which she always had about her): I will go to my closet, and return presently.

So I lest her to recover her spirits, and retir'd with

the good weman's book to my closet.

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Your dear Brother stepping into the parlour just after I had gone out, Where's your Lady, Mrs Jervis? said he. And being told, came up to me: What ails the good woman below, my dear? said he: I hope you and she have had no words!

No, indeed, Sir, answered I.—If we had, I am fure it would have been my fault: but I have picked her pocket of her memorandum-book, in order to look into her private affairs, to see if I cannot, with justice to our common Benefactor, make her as easy as you, Sir, have made my other dear parents.

A bleffing, faid he, upon my charmer's benevolent heart!—I will leave every thing to your diferetion, my dear.—Do all the good you prudently can to your Mrs Tervis.

I clasped my bold arms about him, the starting tear testifying my gratitude. Dearest, dear Sir, said I, you affect me as much as I did Mrs Jervis: and if any one but you had a right to ask, What ails your Pamela? as you do, What ails Mrs Jervis? I must say, I am hourly so much oppress'd by your goodness, that there is hardly any bearing one's own joy.

He faluted me, and faid, I was a dear obliging creature, but, faid he, I came to tell you, that after we have din'd, we'll take a turn, if you please, to Lady Arthur's: she has a family of London friends for her guests, and begs I will prevail upon you to give her your company, and attend you myself, only to drink tea with her; for I have told her, we are to have friends to sup with us.

I will attend you, Sir, reply'd I, most willingly; altho' I doubt I am to be made a shew of.

Something like it, faid he—for the has promis'd them this favour.

I need not dress otherwise than I am?

No, he was pleased to say, i was always what he wished me to be.

So he left me to my good works, (those were his kind words), and I ran over Mrs Jervis's accounts, and sound a balance drawn of all her matters, in one leaf, in a very clear manner, and a thankful acknowledgement to God, for her Master's last bounty, which had enabled her to give satisfaction to others, and do herself great pleasure," as she had written underneath.

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The balance of all was 35 l. 11 s. and odd pence; and I went to my escritoire, and took out 40 l. and down I hasted to my good Mrs Jervis, and I said to her, Here, my dear good friend, is your pocket-book; but are 35 or 36 l. all you owe, or are bound

for in the world?

It is, Madam, faid she, and enough too. It is a great sum; but 'tis in four hands, and they are all in pretty good circumstances, and so convinced of my honesty, that they will never trouble me for it; for I have reduced the debt every year something, since I have been in my Master's service

Nor shall it ever be in any body's power, faid I,

to trouble you: I'll tell you how we'll order it.

So I fat down, and made her fit down by me. Here, my dear Mrs Jervis, is 40 l. It is not so much to me now, as the *two guineas were to you, that you would have given me, if I would have accepted of them, at my going away from this house to my father's, as I thought. But I will not give it you neither, at least at present, as you shall hear: indeed I won't make you so uneasy as that comes to. But here take this, and pay the thirty-five pounds odd money to the utmost farthing; and the remaining sour pounds odd will be a little fund in advance towards the childrens schooling. And thus you shall repay it: I always designed, as our dear Master added sive guineas per annum to your

* See Vol. I. p. 92.

your falary, in acknowledgement of the pleasure he took in your services, when I was Pamela Andrews, to add five pounds per annum to it from the time I became Mrs B. But from that time, for so many years to come, you shall receive no more than you did, till the whole forty pounds be repaid. And so, my dear Mrs Jervis, you won't have any obligation to me, you know, but for the advance; and that is a poor matter, not to be spoken of: and I will have leave for it, for fear I should die.

Had your Ladyship seen the dear good woman's behaviour on this occasion, you would never have forgotten it. She could not speak: tears ran down her cheeks in plentiful currents: her modest hand put gently from her my offering hand, and her bosom heav'd, and she sobb'd with the painful tumult that seem'd to struggle within her, and which, for some sew moments, made her incapable of speaking.

At last, I rising, and putting my arm round her neck, and wiping her eyes, and kissing her cheek, she cry'd, My dear, my excellent Lady! 'tis too much! too much! I cannot bear all this—and then she threw herself at my feet; for I was not strong enough to hinder it; and with uplisted hands, May God Almighty, said she—I kneeled by her, and clasping her hands in mine, both uplisted together—May God Almighty, said I, drowning her voice with my louder voice, bless us both together, for many happy years! and may he bless and reward the dear Gentleman, who has thus enabled me to make the widow's heart to sing for joy!

Dear, good woman, faid I, rifing, and raifing her, Do you think you shall outdo me in prayers and praises to the Fountain of all these mercies?—do you think you shall?—And while I am impowr'd to do good to so many worthy objects abroad, shall I forget to make my dear Mrs Jervis happy at home?

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And thus, my Lady, did I force upon the good

woman's acceptance the forty pounds.

Permit me, Madam, to close this letter here, and to refume the subject in my next: till when I have the honour to be,

Your Ladyship's most obliged and faithful servant,

P. B.

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LETTER XVIII.

My dear Lady,

I NOW resume my last subject where I lest off, that your Ladyship may have the whole before

you at one view.

I went after dinner, with my dear Benefactor, to Lady Arthur's; and met with fresh calls upon me for humility, having the too natural effects of the praises and prosessed admiration of that Lady's guests, as well as my dear Mr B's, and those of Mr and Mrs Arthur, to guard myself against: and your good Brother was pleased to entertain me in the chariot going and coming, with an account of the orders he had given in relation to the London house, which is actually taken, and the surniture he should direct for it: so that I had no opportunity to tell him what I had done in relation to Mrs Jervis.

But after supper retiring from company to my closet, when his friends were gone, he came up to me about our usual bed-time: he inquired kindly after my employment which was trying to read in the French Telemachus: for, my Lady, I am learning French, I'll assure you! And who, do you think, is my master!—Why, the best I could have in the world, your dearest Brother, who is pleased to say, I am no dunce: how inexcusable should I be, if I

was.

was, with fuch a mafter, who teaches me on his knee, and rewards me with a kifs whenever I do well, and fays, I have already nearly mafter'd the accent and pronunciation, which he tells me is a great difficulty got over.

I requested him to render for me into English two or three places that were beyond my reach; and when he had done it, he asked me, in French, What

I had done for Mrs 7 rvis?

I faid, Permit me, Sir, (for I am not proficient enough to answer you in my new tongue), in English, to fay, I have made the good weman quite happy; and if I have your approbation, I shall be as much fo myself in this instance, as I am in all others.

I dare answer for your prudence, my dear, he was pleased to say; but this is your favourite: let me know, when you have so bountiful a heart to stran-

gers, what you do for your favourites?

I then faid, Permit my bold eye, Sir, to watch yours, as I obey you; and you. know you must not look full upon me then; for if you do, how shall I look at you again; how fee, as I proceed, whether you are displeased? for you will not chide me in words, fo partial have you the goodness to be to all

He put his arm round me, and looked down now and then, as I defired; for, O Madam, he is all condescension and goodness to his unworthy, yet grateful Pamela! and I told him all I have written to your Ladyship about the forty pounds .- And now, dear Sir, faid I, half hiding my face on his shoulder, you have heard what I have done, chide or beat your Pamela, if you please: it shall be all kind from you, and matter of future direction and caution.

He raifed my head, and kiffed me two or three times, faying, Thus then I chide, I beat, my angel!-And yet I have one fault to find with you; and

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was,

let Mrs Jervis, if not in bed, come up to us, and hear what it is; for I will expose you as you deserve before her. My Polly being in hearing, attending to know if I wanted her affiftance to undress, I bade her call Mrs Jervis. And tho' I thought from his kind looks, and kind words, as well as tender behaviour, that I had not much to fear, yet I was impatient to know what my fault was, for which I was to be exposed.

The good woman came, and as fhe enter'd with all that modesty which is so graceful in her, he moved his chair further from me, and, with a set aspect, but not unpleasent, said,—Step in, Mrs Jervis: your Lady (for so, Madam, he will always call me to Mrs Jervis, and to the servants) has incurred my censure, and I would not tell her in what, till I had you face

to face.

She look'd furpriz'd—now on me, now on her dear master; and I, not knowing what he would say, looked a little attentive.—I am forry—I am very forry for it, Sir, said she, curt'sying low:—but should be more forry, if I were the unhappy occasion.

Why, Mrs Jervis, I can't fay but it is on your

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account that I must blame her.

This gave us both confusion, but especially the good woman; for still I hoped much from his kind behaviour to me just before.—And she said, Indeed, Sir, I could never deserve—

He interrupted her, My charge against you, Pamela, said he, is that of n ggardliness, and no other; for I will put you both out of your pain: you ought not to have sound out the method of repayment.

The dear creature, faid he, to Mrs Jervis, feldom does any thing that can be mended; but, I think, when your good conduct deserved an annual acknowledgement from me, in addition to your falary, the Lady should have shewed herself no less pleased

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falefs fed pleased with your tervice, than the Gentleman.—
Had it been for old acquaintance-sake, for sex-sake,
she should not have given me cause to upbraid her on
this head.—But I will tell you, that you must look
upon the forty pounds you have, as the effect of a
just distinction on many accounts; and your falary
from last quarter-day shall be advanced, as the dear
niggard intended it some years hence, and let me
only add, That when my Pamela first begins to shew
a coldness to her Mrs Jervis, I shall then suspect she
is beginning to decline in that humble virtue, which
is now peculiar to herself, and makes her the delight
of all who converse with her.

This was what he was pleased to fay: thus, with the most graceful generosity, and a nobleness of mind truly peculiar to himself, was he pleased to ast: and what, does your Ladyship think, could Mrs Jervis or I say to him?—Why, indeed, nothing at all!—We could only look upon one another, with our eyes full, and our hearts sull, of a gratitude that would not permit either of us to speak, but which express'd itself at last in a manner he was pleased to call more elegant than words, and that was, with uplisted solded hand, and tears of joy.

O my dear Lady! how many opportunities have the beneficent rich to make themselves, as well as their fellow-creatures, happy! All that I could think, or say, or act, was but my duty before; what a sense of obligation then must I lie under to this most generous of men!

But here let me put an end to this tedious subject; the principal part of which can have no excuse, if it may not serve as a proof of my chearful compliance with your Ladyship's commands, That I recite every thing that is of concern to me, and with the same freedom as I was wont to do to my dear parents.

1

I have done it, and at the same time have offered what I had to plead in behalf of my conduct to the two housekeepers, which you expected from me; and I shall therefore close this my humble desence, if I may so call it, with the affurance that I am,

> My dearest Lady, Your obliged and faithful servant,

> > P. B.

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LETTER XIX.

From Lady DAVERS to Mrs B. in answer to the Six last letters.

WHERE she had it, I can't tell; but I think I never met with the fellow of her in my life, at any age; are, as I remember, my Brother's words, speaking of his Pamela, in the early part of your papers. In truth, thou art a surprising creature; and every letter we have from you, we have new subjects to admire you for.—Do you think, Lady Betty, said I, when I had read to the end of the subject about Mrs Jervis, I will not soon set out to hit this charming girl a box of the ear or two?

For what, Lady Davers ? faid fhe.

For what! reply'd I.—Why, don't you fee how many flaps of the face the bold flut hits me?—
PU LADY-AIRS her! I will!—PU teach her to reproach me, and so many of her betters, with her cottage excellencies, and improvements, that shame our education.

Why, you dear charming Pamela, did you only excel me in words, I could forgive you; for there may be a knack, and a volubility, as to words, that a natural talent may supply; but to be thus outdone

* See Vol. I. p. 40.

in thought and in deed, who can bear it? and in fo

young an infulter too!

Well, Pamela, look to it, when I fee you: you shall feel the weight of my hand, or—the pressure of my lip, one or t'other, depend on it, very quickly: for here, instead of my stooping, as I had thought it would be, to call you sister, I shall be forced to think in a little while, that you ought not to own me as yours, till I am nearer your standard.

But to come to business, I will summarily take notice of the following particulars in all your obliging letters, in order to convince you of my friendship, by the freedom of my observations, on the subjects you

touch upon.

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First, then, I am highly pleased with what you write of the advantages you received from the savour of my dear mother; and as you know many things of her by your attendance upon her, in the last three or four years of her life, I must desire you will give me, as opportunity shall offer, all you can recollect in relation to the honoured Lady, and of her behaviour and kindness to you, and with a retrospect to your own early beginnings, the dawnings of this your bright day of excellence: and this not only I, but the Countess, and Lady Betty, with whom I am going over your papers again, and her sister Lady Jenny, request of you.

2. I am much pleased with your Kentish account; tho' we wished you had been more particular in some parts of it; for we are greatly taken with your descriptions, and your conversation pieces: yet I own, your honest father's letters, and yours, a good deal supply that defect, as our pleasure in reading your relations makes us call it. Your parents are honest, discreet folks, I see that: I have a value for them: and you're the prudentest creature I ever knew, in all your ways; particularly in the

advice

advice you give them about your more distant relations, and to aim at nothing beyond their natural sphere.—Every tittle is right, and as it should be. On these accounts it is, that all the world will allow, that you, and your parents too, merit the fortune

you have met with.

give me of my Brother's breaking to you the affair of Sally Godfrey, and your conduct upon it. 'Tis a fweet story, as he brought it in, and as you relate it. The wretch has been very just in his account of it. But don't you think he was a sad young sellow? Well may you be thankful for your escape; well may you!—Your behaviour was what I admire; and so we do all, but none of us think we could have imitated it in all its parts. We are in love with your charitable reflections in favour of the poor Lady; and the more, as she certainly deserved them; and a better mother too than she had, and a faithfuller lover than she met with.

4. You have exactly hit his temper, in your declared love of Miss Goodwin. I see, child, you know your man; and never fear but you'll hold him, if you can go on thus to act, and out-do your sex. But I should think you might as well not insist upon having her with you; for the girl may be pert, perhaps insolent, (you know who is her father); you'd not care to check her, for several reasons, and this may make you uneasy; for, if you did, he might take it amiss, let your motives be ever so good: so I think you'd better see her now and then at the dairy-house, or at school, than have her with you.—But this I leave to your own discretion, and his good pleasure, to determine upon; for in the latter it must rest, let you, or me, or any body, say what we will.

fwer'd our objections to your behaviour to Mrs Tewkes. We had not consider'd your circum.

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stances quite so thoroughly as we ought to have done. You are a charming girl, and all your motives are so just, that we shall be a little more cautious for the suture, how we censure you. We are particularly pleased with the truimphs of your innocence over his and her guilt; and agree, that they are the rightest and best to be desended motives for pride, that ever were set before us.

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In fhort, I fay with the Countefs, This good girl is not without her pride; but it is the pride that becomes, and can only attend, the innocent heart; and I'll warrant, said her Ladyship, nobody will become her station so well, as one who is capable of so worthy

But what a curtain-lecture hadft thou, Pamela! A noble one, doft thou call it!—Why, what a wretch hast thou got, to expect thou shouldst never expostulate against his lordly will, even when in the wrong, till thou hast obey'd it, and, of consequence, join'd in the evil he imposes! He says, indeed, in small points: but I suppose he is to judge which are and which are not small.

Thus, I remember, my Brother himself took notice once of a proposal in the House of Commons, to grant the Crown a very great sum to answer civillist desiciences, which being opposed by the minority, the Minister sound out an expedient, that they might give the money first, and examine into the merits of the demand afterwards. Se we read, that, in some countries, an accused person is put to death, and then try'd; and all he has to hope for while he lives, is, that his relations, and his own family, will be released from obloquy, if an acquite tal ensues.

Much good may fuch a hufband do you, fays Lady Betty!—Every body will admire you, but no one will have reason to envy you upon those principles. Yet, I don't know how it is, but this is evi-Vol. III.

dent, that, at prefent, their is not a happier couple

in the world than you two are.

6. I am pleased with your promise of sending me what you think I shall like to see, out of those paper you chuse not to shew me collectedly: this is very obliging. You're a good girl, and I love you dearly.

7. We have all smiled at your paradox, Pamela, that his marrying you was an instance of his pride: The thought, tho', is pretty enough, and ingenious: But whether it will hold or not, I won't just now

examine.

8. Your observation on the forget and forgive we are much pleafed with, and think you have distin-

guish'd well on that head.

9. You are a very good girl for fending me a copy of Miss Darnford's letter. She is a charming young Lady. I always had a great opinion of her merit; her letter abundantly confirms me in it. I hope you'll communicate to me every letter that passes between you; and pray send me in your next a copy of your answer to her letter: I must insist upon it, I think.

Jewkes's reformation. Your example carries all before it. But pray oblige me with your answer to her letter. Don't think me unreasonable: 'tis all for your sake. You must needs know that, or you know nothing. For I think you deserve all Miss Darnford

fays of you; and that's a great deal too.

Pray—have you shewn Jewkes's letter to your good friend?—Lady Betty wants to know (if you bave) what he could say to it? for, she says, it cuts him to the quick. And I think so too, if he takes it as he ought: but, as you say, he's above loving virtue for virtue's sake, I warrant him. He likes it in a wife, because 'tis a husband's security against the law of retaliation. There's a great deal in that, I

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can tell you. I once heard the wretch hold an argument that woman had no fouls. I asked him, If he were to marry, whether he'd have his wife ast as if she believ'd this doctrine to be good? That was another thing, he said: he was for having his wife think she had, he must own: such a belief could do her no harm. Ah! Pamela, for theory and practice too, I doubt, never was such a rake, for one not quite a town-debauchee!

11. Your manner of acting by Mrs Jervis, with to handsome a regard to my Brother's interest, her behaviour upon it, and your relation of the whole, and of his generous spirit in approving, reproving, and improving your prudent generofity, make no inconsiderable figure in your papers. And Lady Betty fays, Hang him, he has some excellent qualities too—It is impossible not to think well of him; and his good actions go a great way towards atoneing for his bad. But you, Pamela, have the glory of all. We defire, particularly, that you will never omit any of those moving scenes, which you so well describe, be the occasion what it will: for they are nature, and that's your excellence. Keep to that; for one more learned, I verily think, could not write as you do, nor instruct, and delight, and move, all at once, fo very engagingly.

happy girl in thy teacher, and he is a happy man in his scholar. We are pleased with the pretty account you give us of his method of instructing and rewarding. Twould be strange, if you did not learn any language quickly under such methods, and with such encouragements, from the man you love, were your genius less apt than it is. But we wish'd you had enlarged on that subject: for such sondeness of men to their wives, who have been any time marry'd, is so rare, and so unexpected from

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my Brother, that we thought you should have written

a fide upon that fubject at leaft.

What a bewitching girl art thou! what an exemplar to wives now, as well as thon wast before to maidens! thou canst tame lions, I dare say, if thou'dst try.—Reclaim a rake in the meridian of his libertinism, and make such an one as my Brother not only marry thee, but love thee better at several months end, than he did the first day, if possible! wonderful girl! yet usest thou no arts but honest ones, such as prudence directs, nature points out, and such as make duty delightful, even commanding most, when thou seemest most to submit.

It must be own'd indeed, that thou hast no brutal mind to deal with: bad as he is, it must be said, that thou hast a sensible and a generous heart to work upon; one who takes no glory in the blind submission of a slave; but, like a true British monarch, delights to reign in a free, rather than in an abject mind. Yet is he jealous as a tyrant of his prerogative: but you have sound the way to lay that watchful dragon assep, and so possess the golden fruits of content and true pleasure, the due reward of your matchless conduct.

Now, my dear Pamela, I think I have taken notice of the most material articles in your letters, and have no more to say to you; but, Write on, and oblige us; and mind to send me the copy of your letter to Miss Darnford, of that you write to poor penitent Jewkes, and every article I have written about, and all that comes into your head, or that passes, and you'll oblige

Yours, &cc.

B. DAVERS.

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LETTER

LETTER XX.

My dear Lady,

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I READ with pleasure your commands, in your last kind and obliging letter; and you may be sure of a ready obedience in every one of them, that is in my power.

That which I can most easily do, I will first do; and that is, to transcribe the answer I sent to Miss Darnford *, and that to Mrs Jewkes, the former of

which (and a long one it is) is as follows:

. Dear Mifs Darnford,

I Begin now to be afraid I shall not have the pleafure and benefit I promised myself of passing a fortnight or three weeks at the hall, in your sweet conversation, and that of your worthy family, as

well as those others in your agreeable neighbourhood, whom I must always remember with equal

· honour and delight.

The occasion will be principally, that we expect very soon a visit from Lord and Lady Davers, who propose to tarry here a fortnight at least; and after that, the advanc'd season will carry us to London, where Mr B. has taken a house for his winter residence, and in order to attend parliament: a service, he says, which he has been more deficient in hitherto, than he can either answer to his constituents, or to his own conscience; for tho', he says, he is but one, yet if any good motion should be lost by one, every absent member, who is independent, has it to reproach himself with the consequences that may follow on the loss of that good which might otherwise redound to

^{*} See Miss Darnford's letter, p. 74, of this Volume.

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the commonwealth And besides, he says, such excuses as be could make, every one might plead; and then public affairs might as well be left to the

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administration, and no parliament be chosen.

He observed further on this subject, that every absent member, in such cases, indirectly abets the Minister, be he who he will, in all his designs, be they what they will; and is even less excusable to his country, than the man, who, for a transitory benefit to his private family, takes a pension or reward for his vote; since the difference is only that the one passively ruins his country by neglect and indolence, which can do nobody good, and the other more actively for a bribe; which practice, tho' ruinous, in the end, to the whole public, in which his own private is included, yet ferves to answer some present turn or benefit to himself or family.

See you, my dear Miss Durnford, from the humble cottager, what a public person your favour'd friend is grown! And behold how easy it is for a bold mind to look forward, and, perhaps, for getting what she was, now she imagines she has a stake in the country, takes upon herself to be a important, as significant, as if, like my dear Miss. Darnford, she had been born to it! But if, nevertheless, I am censured for troubling my head with politics, let me answer, That I am at liberty, I hope, to tell you Mrs B.'s sentiments of these high

· matters; and that is all I have done.

Well; but may I not prefume to ask, Whether, if the mountain cannot come to Mahomet, Mahomet will not come to the mountain? Since Lady Davers's visit is so uncertain as to its beginning and duration, and so great a savour as I am to look upon it, and really shall, it being her first visit to me;—and since we must go and take possession of

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our London residence; why can't Sir Simon spare to us the dear Lady, whom he could use so hardly; and whose attendance (tho' he is indeed intitled to all her duty) he did not, just in that instance, quite

fo much deferve? " Well, but after all, Sir Simon, would I fay, if " I had been in presence at his peevish hour, you " are a fine gentleman, are you not? to take fuch a " method to shew your good daughter, that because " fhe did not come foon enough to you, the came too " foon! And did ever Papa, before you, put a good " book (for fuch I doubt not it was, because you were " in affliction, tho' fo little affected by its precepts) " to fuch a bad use? As parents examples are fo pre-" valent, suppose your daughter had taken this very " book, and flung it at her fifter; Miss Nancy at her " waiting-maid; and fo it had gone thro' the fa-" mily; would it not have been an excuse for every " one, to fay that the father and head of the family " had fet the example ?

"But again, Sir Simon, Suppose you had hurt the " fweet dove-like eyes of my dear Miss Darnford-" suppose you had bruis'd or broken the fine skin of " any part of that fine face, which gives at first fight, " fo bright a promise of her still finer mind, what, " let me ask you, Sir, could you have said for your-" felf ? how would the dear Lady's appearance, " with one sweet eye, perhaps, muffled up, with a " plaster'd forehead, or a veil'd cheek, hiding her-" felf from every-body but you, and her grieved " Mamma, and pitying fifter, reproach'd you for fo " rash an act?-nay, reproach'd you more, by her " unreproaching obligingness, and cheerful duty, " than if (were the capable of it) the could have spo-" ken in sharp complaints, and expostulatory wail-" ings !

"You almost wish, my dear Miss tells me, that "I would undertake you !- This is very good of you,

you, Sir Simon, might I (would his patience have fuffer'd me to run on thus) have added—
but I hope, fince you are so sensible, that you want to be undertaken, (and fince this peevish rashness convinces me, that you do) that you will undertake yourself; that you will not, when your indisposition makes the attendance and duty of your dear Lady and daughter necessary, make it more uncomfortable to them, by adding a difficulty of being pleased, and an impatience of spirit, to the concern their duty and affection make them have for you; and at least, resolve never to take a book into your hand again, if you cannot make a better use of it, than you did then."

• Pray tell your Papa, that I beg the favour of him, to prefent me with this book, and I will put a mark upon it, and it shall never more either give or receive such disgrace, I warrant it. Be it what it will, I will present him with as good a one.

· I will write in it, " Memorandum, This book er reverfing the author's good intention, had like to " have done mischief next to unpardonable!"-Or," " This book, instead of subduing the reader's paffions, (I take it for granted, you fee, Mifs, es it was Seneca's morals, or fome fuch good book), es had like to have been the cause of a violent ec evil .- Henceforth, unavailing instructor, be thou condemned to stand by thyself on a lone et shelf in my closet; a shelf most out of mine or any other person's reach, for pretending to " prescribe rules for subduing the passions in so inefficacious a manner! and, confign'd to dust and es cobwebs, not once presume (in hope to hide thy ec conscious guilt) to squize thyself into rank es with better, or at least with more convincing 66 teachers !"

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But do you think, dear Madam, Sir Simon would be angry, if opportunity had offer'd, and I had been thus bold ? If you think fo, don't let him fee I had fuch thoughts in my head. But after all, if he were to have been thus freely treated by me, and if he should have blufb'd with anger at my freedom, 'tis but what he ought to bear from me; for, more than once has he made me blufb for fbame, at much greater on his part; nay, and that too, in presence of his virtuous daughters : so, that I have but half my revenge upon him yet .- And will you bear malice, will he fay, Mrs B.?-Yes, Sir Simon, I will; and nothing but your amending the evil can make me forgive a gentleman, that is really a gentleman, who can fo fadly forgo his character, and, before any company, not scruple to expose a modest virgin to the forward leer, and loud laugh, of younger gentlemen, who durft not take fuch liberties of speech, as they would faucily chuckle at, when coming from the mouth of one of Sir Simon's authenticating, but better promiting time of life.

But Sir Simon will say, I have already undertaken him, were he to see this. Yet my Lady
Darnford once begg'd I would give him a hint or
two on this subject, which, she was pleased to say,
would be better received from me than from any
body: and if it be a little too severe, it is but a
just reprisal made by one whose ears, he knows,
he has cruelly wounded more than once, or twice,
or three times, besides by what he calls his innecent
double entendres, and who, if she had not resented
it, when an opportunity offer'd, must have been
believed by him, to be neither more nor less than a
hypocrite.—There's for you, Sir Simon: and so
here ends all my malice; for now I have spokn my
mind.

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With me neither, as to deny me, for this my freedom, the request I make to him, to your Mamma,
and to your dear felf, for your beloved company,
for a month or two in Bedfordsbire, and at London:
and if you might be permitted to winter with us at
the latter, how happy should I be! It will be half
done, the moment you desire it. Sir Simon loves
you too well to refuse you, if you are earnest in it.
Your honoured Mamma is always indulgent to
your requests: and Mr B. as well in kindness to
me, as for the great respect he bears you, joins
with me to beg this favour of you, and of Sir
Simon, and my Lady.

If it can be obtain'd, what pleasure and improvement may I not propose to myself, with so polite
a companion, when we are carried by Mr B. to the
play, to the opera, and other of the town diversions! We will work together; visit together, read
together, sing together; and improve one another;
you me, in every word you shall speak, in every
thing you shall do; I you, by my questions, and
desire of information, which will make you open
all your breast to me; and so unlocking that dear
storehouse of virtuous knowledge, improve your

own notions the more for communicating them.

O my dear Miss Darnford! how happy is it in your power to make me!

I am much affected with the account you give me of Mrs Jewkes's reformation. I could have wished, had I not other and stronger inducements, (in the pleasure of so agreeable a neighbourhood, and so sweet a companion), that on her account, I could have been down at the hall, in hopes to have confirm'd the poor woman in her newly-assum'd penitence. God give her grace to persevere in it!—To be an humble means of saving a soul from perdition! O my dear Miss Darnstord.

Darnford, let me enjoy that heart-ravishing hope!

-To pluck such a brand as this out of the fire,
and to affist to quench its slaming susceptibility for
mischief, and make it useful to edifying purposes,
what a pleasure does this afford one! how does it
encourage one to proceed in the way one has been
guided to pursue! how does it make me hope,
that I am raised to my present condition, in order
to be an humble instrument in the hand of providence to communicate great good to others, and
fo extend to many, those benefits I have received,
which, were they to go no farther than myself, what
a vile, what an ungrateful creature should I be!

I fee, my dearest Miss Darnford, how useful in every condition of life a virtuous and a serious turn

of mind may be!

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· How have I feen fome Ladies in upper life behave as if they thought good actions, and a pious demeanour, would be fo unfashionable, as to make them the subjects of ridicule to the lighterdisposs'd world, and so they are shamed out of their duty! But let me make it my boaft, that here is fuch a poor girl as I, raised from the cottage to the palace, as I may fay, perfevering in the good purposes which had been instilled into her, by worthy, tho' poor parents, and the best of Ladies, her mistress, and resolving to be obstinate in goodness, having stood the tests of libertinism; has brought the world to expect good actions from her, to respect her for doing them; and has even found her example efficatious, thro' divine grace, to bring over to penitence and imitation a poor creature who used to ridicule her for onothing fo much as for her innocence and virtue, which, word and thing, were the constant sube jects of her fcorn, as well as the cause of her perfecution.

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But let me not too much dwell upon the thought, left I fall into the fnare, that, of all others.

persons meaning well have reason to dread;

that of spiritual pride, the most dangerous of all pride.

In hopes of feeing you with us, I will not en-

touch upon with pleasure, besides what I give you

in my former, (of my reception here, and of the kindness of our genteel neighbours); such, par-

ticularly, as the arrival here of my dear father and

mother, and the kind, generous entertainment they met with from my best friend: his conde-

feension in not only permitting me to attend them

to Kent, but accompanying us thither, and fettling

them in a most happy manner, beyond their wishes

and my own; but yet so much in character, as I may say, that every one must approve his judicious

benevolence: the favours of my good Lady Daven

to me, who, pleafed with my letters, has vouch-

faf'd to become my correspondent; and a thousand,

thousand things, which I want personally to com-

municate to my dear Miss Darnford.

Be pleased to present my humble respects we Lady Darnford, and to Miss Nanny; to good

Madam Jones, and to your kind friends at Stam-

ford; to Mr and Mrs Peters likewife, and their

kinfwoman: and beg of that good gentleman from
 me to encourage his new profelyte all he can; and

I doubt not, the will do credit, poor woman! to

the pains he shall take with her. In hopes of your

kind compliance with my wishes for your com-

pany, I remain,

Dearest Miss Darnford,

Your faithful and obliged friend and servant,

P.B.

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This,

This, my good Lady Davers, is the long letter I fent to Mils Darnford, who, at parting, engag'd me to keep up a correspondence with her, and put me in hopes of passing a month or two with us, at the Hall, if we came down, and if she could persuade Sir Simon and her Mamma to spare her to my wishes. Your Ladyship will excuse me for so faintly mentioning the honours you confer upon me; but I would not either add or diminish in the communications I make to you.

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P. B.

This,

The following is the copy of what I wrote to Mrs Jewkes.

fure, to find that at length God Almighty has touch'd your heart, and let you fee, while health and strength lasted, the error of your ways.—
Many an unhappy one has not been so graciously touched, till they have smarted under some heavy afflictions, or till they have been confin'd to the bed of sickness, when, perhaps, they have made vows and resolutions, that have held them no longer than the discipline lasted: but you give me much better hopes of the sincerity of your conversion; as you are so well convinced, before some fore evil has overtaken you: and it ought to be an earnest to you of the divine savour, and should keep you from despondency.

As to me, it became me to forgive you, as I most cordially did, fince your usage of me, as it prov'd, was but a necessary means in the hand of Providence, to exalt me to that state of happiness, in which I have every day more and more cause given me to rejoice, by the kindest and most gene-

' rous of Gentlemen.

* As I have often pray'd for you, even when you used me the most unkindly, I now praise God for having heard my prayers, and with high delight Vol. III.

fupplication. May the divine Goodness enable you to persevere in the course you have entered upon! And when you can taste the all-surpassing pleasure that fills the worthy breast, on being placed in a station, where your example may be of advantage to the souls of others, as well as to your own; a pleasure that every good mind glories in, and none else can truly relish; then may you be assured, that nothing but your perseverance, and the consequential improvement resulting from it, is wanted, to convince you, that you are in a right way; and that the woe, that is pronounced against the presumptuous sinner, belongs not to you.

· Let me therefore, dear Mrs Jewkes, (for now · indeed you are dear to me), caution you against two things; the one, that you return not to your former ways, and wilfully err after this repentance; · for, in this case, the divine Goodness will look upon itself as mocked by you, and will withdraw itself from you; and more dreadful will your · state then be, than if you had never repented: the other, that you don't despair of the divine · Mercy, which has fo evidently manifested itself in your favour, and has awakened you out of your deplorable lethargy, without those sharp medicines and operations, which others, and perhaps not · more faulty persons, have fuffer'd. But go on · chearfully in the happy path which you have begun to tread. Depend upon it, you are now in the right way, and turn not either to the right hand or to the left: for the reward is before you, in ree putation and a good fame in this life, and everlaft. · ing felicity beyond it.

• Your letter is that of a fensible woman, as I always thought you, and of a truly contrite one, as I hope you will approve yourself to be; and I

the rather hope it, because I shall be always defirous, then, of taking every opportunity that offers to me of doing you real service, as well with regard to your present as suture life: for I am, good Mrs fewkes, as I now hope I may call you,

Your loving friend to ferve you,

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P. B.

Whateve good books the worthy Mr Peters will be fo kind as to recommend to you, and for those under your direction, send for them either to Lincoln, or Stamford, or Grantham, as you can get them, and place them to my · account: and may they be the effectual means of confirming you and them in the good way · you are in! I have done as much for all here; and, I hope, to no bad effect : for I shall now tell them, by Mrs Jervis, if there be occa-· fion, that I hope they will not let me be outdone in Bedfordsbire, by Mrs Jewkes in Lin-· colnsbire; but that the servants of both houses may do credit to the best of Masters. Adieu, e good woman! as once more I take pleasure to · ftyle you.'

Thus, my good Lady, have I obey'd you, in tranferibing these two letters. I will now proceed to

your Ladythip's twelve articles. As to the

t. I will oblige your Ladyship, as I have opportunity, in my future letters, with such accounts of my dear Lady's favour and goodness to me, as I think will be acceptable to you, and to the noble Ladies you mention.

2. I am extremely delighted, that your Ladyship thinks so well of my dear honest parents: indeed they are good people, and ever had minds that set them above low and fordid actions; and God and your good brother has rewarded them most amply in

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this world, which is more than they ever expected, after a feries of unprosperousness in all they undersook.

Your Ladyship is pleased to say, that people in upper life love to see how plain nature operates in honest minds, who have hardly any thing else for their guide; and if I might not be thought to descend too low for your Ladyship's attention, (for as to myself, I shall, I hope, always look back with pleasure to what I was, in order to increase my thankfulness for what I am), I would give you a scene of resignation, and contented poverty, of which otherwise your Ladyship can hardly have a notion. I will give it, because it will be a scene of nature, however low, which your Ladyship loves, and it shall not tire

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you by its length.

It was upon occasion of a great loss and disappointment which happened to my dear parents, (for tho' they were never high in life, yet they were not always fo low as my honoured Lady found them, when she took me): my poor father came home; and as the lofs was of fuch a nature, as that he could not keep it from my mother, he took her hand, I remember well, and faid, after he had acquainted het with it, " Come, my dear, let us take comfort, that " that we did for the best. We left the iffue to Pro-" vidence, as we ought, and that has turned it as it " pleased; and we must be content, tho' not favoured as we wished. All the business is, our lot es is not cast for this life. Let us refign ourselves to " the divine will, and continue to do our duty, and et this short life will soon be past. Our troubles " will be quickly overblown; and we shall be happy se in a better, I make no doubt."

Then my dear mother threw her kind arms about his neck, and faid with tears, "God's will be done, my dear love!—all cannot be rich and happy. I am contented, and had rather fay, I have

what a poor honest husband, than a guilty rich mone. What signifies repining; let the world go as it will, we shall have our length and our breadth at last. And Providence, I make no doubt, will be a better friend to our good girl here, because the is good, than we could be, if this had not happened,"—pointing to me, who, then about eleven years old, (for it was before my Lady took me), fat weeping in the chimney-corner, over a few dying embers of a fire, at their moving expressions.

l arose, and kissed both their hands, and blessing them, said, "And this length and breadth, my dear parents, will be one day, all that the rich and the great can posses; and, it may be, their ungracious heirs will trample upon their ashes, and rejoice they are gone: while such a poor girl as I, am honouring the memories of mine, who in their good names, and good lessons, will have lest me

" the best of portions."

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And then they both hugg'd their prating girl to their fond bosoms, by turns; and all three were so filled with comfort in one another, that after joining in a grateful hymn, we went to bed (what though supperless perhaps?) with such true joy, that very sew of the rich and great can have any idea of it; I to my lost, and they to their rush-sloor'd cleanly bed-room. And we have had sweet sleep, and dreams so pleasant, that we have reaped greater pleasures, in repeating them one to another, at our next leisure hour, than, possibly, we should have received, had we enjoy'd the comforts we wanted.

And, truly, I must needs say, that while the virtuous poor can be blessed with such sweet enjoyments as these, in contented minds all day, and in sound sleep at night, I don't know whether they have not more, even of this world's pleasures, than the abounding rich: and while the hours of night bear so near a proportion to those of the L 3

day, may not such be said, even at the worst, to pass at least half their lives with more comfort, than many times the voluptuous and distempered great can

pretend to know?

For a farther proof, that honest poverty is not such a deplorable thing, as some people imagine, let me ask, What pleasure can those over happy persons know, who from the luxury of their taftes, and their affluent circumstances, always eat before they are hungry, and drink before they are thirfty? This may be illustrated by the inflance of a certain eastern Monarch, who, as I have read, marching at the head of a vast army through a wide-extended defart, which afforded neither river nor spring for the first time, found himself (in common with his soldiers) overtaken by a craving thirst, which made him with for, and pant after a cup of water. And when at laft, after diligent and distant fearch, one of his foldiers found a little dirty puddle, and carried him fome of the filthy water in his nafty helmet; the Monaich, greedily swallowing it, cry'd out, That in all his life he never tafted fo fweet a draught!

But when I talk or write of my worthy parents, how I run on!—Excuse me, my good Lady; and don't think me, in this respect, too much like the cat in the * sable, turn'd into a fine lady; for, methinks, tho' I would never forget what I was, yet I would be thought to know how, gratefully to enjoy my present happiness, as well with regard to my obligations to God, as to your dear Brother. But let me proceed to your Ladyship's third parti-

cular.

3. And you cannot imagine, Madam, how much you have fet my heart at rest, when you tell me, that

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^{*} See the Ælop's Fables, fall by J. Rivington, in St Paul's church-jard.

my dear Mr B. gave me a just narrative of his affair with Miss Godfrey: for, when your Ladyship defir'd to know how he had recounted that story, left you should make a mitunderstanding between us unawares, I did not know what to think. I was afraid fome blood had been fhed on the occasion by him: for the Lady was ruin'd, and as to her, nothing could have happen'd worfe. And the regard I have for Mr B's future happiness, which, in my constant supplications for him in private, costs me many a tear, gave me great apprehensions, and not a little uneafiness. But as your Ladyship tells me, that he gave me a just account, I am happy again.

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What makes one, my dear Lady, in our most prosperous condition, be always intermingling one's fears of what may be; whereby one robs one's felf of the pleasure of one's best worldly enjoyments?-Is this apprehensiveness, does your Ladyship think, implanted in our natures for wife and good ends, that we may not think ourselves so happy here, as to cause us to forget, that there is a better, and more perfectly happy flate, which we ought to aspire after? I believe it is: and if so, what an useful monitor do we carry about us, that shall make us consider and reflect, when in prosperity; and in adversity teach us to bear up to hopes of a happier lot! Thus it is faid by Mr Norris, in his translation of one of Horace's odes,

Be life and spirit when fortune proves unkind, And fummon up the vigour of thy mind; But when thou'rt driven by too officious gales, Be wife, and gather in the swelling fails.

I now come to your Ladyship's fourth particular. And highly delighted I am for having obtained your approbation of my conduct to the child, as well well as of my behaviour towards the dear Gentleman, on the unhappy Lady's score. Your Ladyship's wise intimations about having the child with me, make due impression upon me; and I see in them, with grateful pleasure, your unmerited regard for me. Yet, I don't know how it is, but I have conceived a strange passion for this dear baby: I cannot but look upon her poor Mamma as my sister in point of trial: and shall not the prosperous sister pity and love the poor dear sister, that, in so slippery a path, has fallen, while she had the happiness to keep her feet?

No doubt, Miss Godfrey loved virtue, and preferred it to all considerations: 'tis plain she did even after her fall—when, as I have observed in the papers * I sent your Ladyship, she could leave country, parents, friends, and the man of all others she loved best, and seek a new fortune, run the danger of the seas, and perhaps the hazards of meeting with worse men, rather than trust to her own strength, where it had once so unhappily failed her.—What a love of virtue for virtue's sake is this? I know not who could have acted up to this part of her character.

The rest of your Ladyship's articles give me the greatest pleasure and satisfaction; and if I can but continue myself in the savour of your dear Brother, and improve in that of his noble Sister, how happy shall I be! I will do all I can to deserve both. And I hope your Ladyship will take as an instance that I will, the chearful obedience which I pay to your commands, in writing to so fine a judge, such crude and indigested stuff, as otherwise I ought to be assamed to lay before you.

I am impatient for the honour, which your Ladyship makes me hope for, of your presence here; eve

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[·] See Vol. II p. 368. 369.

and yet I perplex myself with the fear of appearing so unworthy in your eye when near you, as to suffer in your opinion; but I promise myself, that however this may be the case on your first visit, I shall be so much improved by the benefits I shall reap from your lessons and good example, that whenever I shall be savoured with a second, you shall have sewer saults to find with me; till, as I shall be more and more savoured, I shall in time be just what your Ladythip will wish me to be, and, of consequence, more worthy than I am of the honour of styling myself,

Your Ladysbip's most humble and obedient servant,

P. B.

LETTER XXI.

From Mifs Darnford. In answer to Mrs B.'s, p. 101.

My dear Mrs B.

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YOU are highly obliging to me in expressing so warmly your withes to have me with you. I know not any body in this world, out of our own samily, in whose company I shall be happier: but my Papa won't part with me, I think; tho' I have secur'd my Mamma in my interest; and I know Nancy would be glad of my absence, because the dear perversly envious thinks me more valued than she is; and yet, soolish girl, she don't consider, that if her envy be well-grounded, I should return with more than double advantages to what I now have, improv'd by your charming conversation.

My Papa affects to be in a fearful pet at your lecturing of him so justly; for my Mamma would thew him the letter; and he says he will positively

demand

demand satisfaction of Mr B. for your treating him so freely. And yet he shall hardly think him, he says, on a rank with him, unless Mr B. will, on occasion of the new commission, take out his dedimus: and then if he will bring you down to Lincolnsbire, and join with him to commit you prisoner for a

month at the Hall, all shall be well.

It is very obliging in Mr B. to join in your kind invitation: but—yet I am loth to fay it to you—the character of your worthy Gentleman, I doubt, stands a little in the way with my Papá: for he will have it, that he is just such a take as is to be liked by a lady; one that saves common appearances, and that's all; and is too handsome, too witty, and too enterprising, for any bonest man, that's Sir Simon's phrase,

to truft his daughter with.

My Mamma pleaded his being marry'd.—Adsdines, Madam, faid he, what of all that! What married man, when a pretty girl's in the way, minds his wife, except she has made him stand in sear of her? and that's far from the case here. Why I tell you, added his peevish highness, if our Polly should happen to slip, (I thank him for his supposition), he'd make his Lady nurse both her and the bastard, (another of his polite expressions), if he had a mind to it, and she durst not resuse him. And would you trust such a sprightly girl as Polly, in the house with such a fellow as that?

These, it seems, were his words and his reasonings: I thank him for his opinion of his daughter. It becomes not me to say, by what rules my Papa judges of mankind; rules, however, that are not much to the credit of his sex:—but it made me put on very grave airs when I came to supper, (for after this repulse, and the reasons given for it, I pretended indisposition, not to dine with my Papa, being half vexed, and half asraid of his raillery), and he said, Why, how now Polly! what! in the sul-

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lens, girl? I faid I should have hoped, that I never gave my Papa cause to suspect my conduct, and that he would have had a better opinion of the force which the example and precepts of my good Mamma had upon me.

Not your Papa's example then-Very well,

faucebox: I understand you.

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But, Sir, faid I, I hope, if I may not go to Bedfordsbire, you'll permit me to go to London, when Mrs B. goes.

No, faid he, politively no!

Well, Sir, I have done. I could hope, however, you would enable me to give a better reason to good Mrs B. why I am not permitted to accept of the kind invitation, than that which I understand you have been pleased to assign.

He stuck his hands in his sides, with his usual humoures positiveness, Why then tell her she is a very faucy Lady, for her last letter to you; and her Lord and Master is not to be trusted; and it is my absolute will and pleasure, that you ask me no more que-

flions about it.

I will very faithfully make this report, Sir. Do fo.—And fo I have,—and your poor Polly Darnford is disappointed of one of the greatest pleasures

lean't help it.—And if you truly pity me, I can put you in a way to make me easier under the disappointment, than otherwise I can possibly be; and that is, to savour me with an epistolary conversation, since I am deny'd a personal one; and this my Mamma joins with me to request of you; and particularly, to let us know how Lady Davers's first visit passes; which Mrs Peters and Mrs Jones, who know my Lady so well, likewise long to hear. And this will make us the best amends in your power for the loss of your good neighbourhood, which we had all promised to ourselves.

This

This denial of my Papa comes out, fince I wrote the above, to be principally owing to a proposal made him of an humble servant to one of his daughters: He won't say which, he tells us, in his usual humurous way, lest we should fall out about it.

I suppose, I tell him, the young Gentleman is to pick and chuse, which of the two he likes bett. But be he a Duke, 'tis all one to Polly, if he be not something above our common Lincolnsbire class of fox-

hunters

I have shewn Mr and Mrs Peters your letter. They admire you beyond expression, and Mr Peters says, He does not know, that ever he did any thing in all his life, that gave him so much inward reproach, as his denying you the protection of his samily, which Mr Williams * sought to move him to afford you, when you were confined at the Hall, before Mr B. came down to you, with his heart bent on mischief; and all he comforts himself with is, that that very denial, as well as the other hardships you met with, were necessary to bring about that work of Providence which was to reward your unexampled virtue.

Yet, he fays he doubts he shall not be thought excuseable by you, who are so exact in your own duty, since he had the unhappiness to lose such an opportunity to have done honour to his sunction, had he had the fortitude to have done his; and he begg'd of me, some how or other, and at some time or other, to hint his concern to you on this head; and to express his hopes, that neither religion nor his cloth may suffer in your opinion, for the fault of one of its professors, who never was wanting in his duty so

much before.

He had it often upon his mind, he fays, to write to you on this very subject; but he had not the

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^{*} See Vol. I. p. 175.

courage; and besides, did not know how Mr B. might take it, if he should see that letter, as the case had such delicate circumstances in it, that in blaming himself, as he should very freely have done, he must, by implication, have cast still greater blame

upon him.

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Mr Peters is certainly a very good man, and my favourite for that reason; and I hope you, who could so easily forgive the late wicked, but now penitent fewkes, will overlook with kindness a fault in a good man, which proceeded more from pusillanimity and constitution, than from want of principle: for once talking of it to my Mamma, before me, he accused himself on this score, to her, with tears in his eyes. She, good Lady, would have given you this protection at Mr Williams's desire; but wanted the power to do it.

So you see, my dear Mrs B. how your virtue has shamed every one into such a sense of what they ought to have done, that good, bad and indifferent, are seeking to make excuses for past misbehaviour, and to promise suture amendment, like penitent subjects returning to their duty to their conquering sovereign, after some unworthy desection.

Happy, happy Lady! may you ever be fo! may you always convert your enemies, invigorate the lukewarm, and every day multiply your friends,

withes,

Your most affectionate
POLLY DARNFORD.

P. S. How I rejoice in the joy of your honest parents! God bless 'em! I am glad Lady Davers is so wise. Every one I have named desire their best respects. Let me hear from you oftener, and omit not the minutest thing; for every line of yours carries instruction with it.

* See Vol. I. p. 174. Vol. III. M

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age;

LETTER XXII.

From Sir SIMON DARNFORD to Mr B.

SIR,

ITTLE did I think I should ever have occasion to make a formal complaint against a person very dear to you, and who I believe deserves to be so; but don't let her be so proud and so vain of obliging and pleasing you, as to make her not care how the affronts every body else.

The person is no other than the wise of your bofom, who has taken such liberties with me, as ought not to be taken, and sought to turn my own child

against me, and make a dutiful girl a rebel.

If people will fet up for virtue, and all that, let 'em be uniformly virtuous, or I would not give a

farthing for their pretences.

Here I have been plagued with gouts, theumatifms, and namelefs diforders, ever fince you left us, which have made me call for a little more attendance than ordinary; and I had reason to think myself flighted, where an indulgent father can least bear to be fo, that is, where he most loves; and that by young upflarts who are growing up to the enjoyment of those pleasures which have run away from me, fleeting rascals as they are! before I was willing to And I rung, and rung, and, part with them. Where's Polly? (for I honour the flut with too much of my notice), Where's Polly? was all my cry, to every one who came up to ask what I rung for. And, at laft, in burft the pert baggage, with an air of affurance, as if the thought all must be well the moment she appear'd, with, Do you want me, Pa-

Do I want you, Confidence! yes, I do. Where have you been these two hours, that you never came

near

near me, when you knew 'twas my time to have my foot rubb'd, which gives me mortal pain? for you must understand, Mr B. that nobody's hand's so soft

as Polly's.

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She gave me a faucy answer, as I was disposed to think it, because I had just then a twinge, that I could scarce bear; for pain is a plaguy thing to a man of my lively spirits. Why with a pox to it, cannot it go and rouse up some stupid lethargic raseal, whose blood is ready to stagnate? There it might do some good; and not make an honest man miserable as it does me, who want none of its pungent helps to feeling.

She gave me, I fay, a careless answer, and turn'd upon her heel; and not coming to me at my first word, I flung a book, which I had in my hand, at

her head.

This the bold face (girls now a-days make nothing of exposing their indulgent parents) has mentioned in a letter to your Lady; and she has abused me upon it in such a manner!——Well, if you don't take some course with her, I must with you, that's positive; and, young as you are, and a cripple as I am, I'll stump to an appointed place, to procure to myself the satisfaction of a man of honour.

Your Lady has written to Polly what she would have faid to me on this occasion. She has reflected upon me for not reading a book of mortification, when I was labouring under so great a sense of it, and consin'd to my elbow-chair in one room, whom lately half a dozen counties could hardly have contain'd: she has put it into Polly's head to shing this very book at her sister's head, in imitation of my example, and hopes Nancy will shing it at somebody's else, till it goes all round the house: she reproaches me for making no better use of a good book, as she calls Rabelais's Pantagruel, which I in-

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nocently

Pahere ame near nocently was reading, to make me the more cheerfully bear my misfortune; and runs on a pack of fluff about my Polly's eyes, and fkin, and I don't know what, on purpose to fill the girl with notions of what don't belong to her, in order to make her proud and faucy; and then, to inspire her with insolence to me, runs on with fuppolitions of what harm I might have done her, had the book bruifed her face, or put out her eyes, and fo forth : as if our daughters eyes were not our own eyes, their brazen faces our brazen faces; at least till we can find some body to take them, and all the rest of their trumpery, off our hands .- Saucy baggages! who have neither fouls nor fenfes but what they have borrowed from us; and whose very bones, and the fkin that covers them, fo much their pride and their ornament, are fo many parts of cur own undervalued fkin and bones; for our fkins are only more wrinkled, by taking pains to make theirs fmooth.

Nay, this fine Lady of yours, this paragon of meekness and humility, in so many words, bids me, or, which is worse, tells my own daughter to bid me never to take a book in my hands again, if I won't make a better use of it:—And yet, what better use can an offended father make of the best books, than to correct a rebellious child with them, and oblige a saucy daughter to jump into her duty all at once?

Then, pray, Sir, do you allow your Lady to beg presents from gentlemen?—This is a tender point to touch upon: but you shall know ail, I am resolv'd. For here she sends to desire me to make her a present of this very book, and promises to send me

another as good.

Come, come, Sir, these are no jesting matters;
for is it not a sad thing to think of, that Ladies,
let them be young or old, well-marry'd or ill-marry'd,
cannot live without intrigue? And here, if I were

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not a very honest man, and your friend, and resolv'd to be a virtuous man too, in spite of temptation, one does not know what might be the consequence of such a correspondence as is here begun, or rather desired to be begun; for I have too much honour to give into it, for your sake; and I hope you'll think yourself much obliged to me.—I know the time that I have improv'd a more mysterious hint than this, into all that I had a mind to make of it. And it may be very happy for you, Neighbour, that I must and will be virtuous, let the temptation be from whom it will: for the finest Lady in the world is nothing to me now—in this my reformed state.

But this is not all: Mrs B. goes on to reflect upon me for making her blush formerly, and saying things before my daughters, that, truly, I ought to be ashamed to say; and then avows malice and revenge, and all that. Why, Sir, why neighbour, are these things to be borne?—Do you allow your Lady to ser up for a general corrector of every body's morals but your own? Do you allow her to condemn the only instances of wit that remain to this generation; that dear polite double entendre, which keeps alive the attention, and quickens the apprehension; of the best companies in the world, and is the salt, the sauce, which gives a poignancy to all our genteeler entertainments?

Very fine, truly! that more than half the world shall be shut out of society, shall be precluded their share of conversation amongst the gay and polite of both sexes, were your Lady to have her will! Let her first find people who can support a conversation with wit and good sense like her own, and then something may be said: but till then, I positively say, and will swear upon occasion, that double entendre shall not be banished from our tables; and where this won't raise a blush, or create a laugh, we will

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be at liberty, if we please, for all Mrs B. and her new-fangled notions, to force the one and the other by still plainer hints; and let her help herself how the can.

Thus, Sir, you find my complaints are of a high nature, regarding the quiet of a family, the duty of a child to a parent, the advances of a married lady to a gentleman, who is resolved to be virtuous, and the freedom and politeness of conversation; in all which points your Lady has greatly offended; and I insist upon satisfaction from you, or such a correction of the fair transgressor, as is in your power to insist, and which may prevent worse consequences, from

Your offended friend and fervant,

SIMON DARNFORD-

LETTER XXIII.

From Mr B. In answer to the preceding one.

Dear Sir Simon,

Y O U cannot but believe, that I was much furprifed at your letter, complaining of the behaviour of my wife. I could no more have expected fuch a complaint from fuch a gentleman, than I could that she would have deserved it: and I am very forry on both accounts. I have talked to her in such a manner, that, I dare say, she will never give you like cause to appeal to me.

It happened, that the criminal herself received your letter from her servant, and brought it to me in my closet; and, making her honours, (for I can't say but she is very obliging to me, though she takes such saucy freedoms with my friends), away she tript; and I, inquiring for her, when, with surprise, as you may believe, I had read your charge, found she was gone

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to visit a poor sick neighbour; of which indeed she had before appris'd me, because she took the chariot;

hat I had forgot it, in my wrath

Twas well for her, that she was not in the way; perhaps I should have taken more severe methods with her in my first emotions; and I longed for her return: and there is another well far her too, in her case; for one would be loth to spoil a son and heir, you know, Sir Simon, before we see whether the little variet may deserve one's consideration.

I mention these things, that you may observe, it was not owing to any regard for the offender herself, that I did not punish her as much as injur'd friend-

hip requir'd at my hands.

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At last, in the came, with that fweet composure in her face which refults from a confciousness of doing generally just and generous things, altho' in this instance, she has so egregiously err'd, that it behoves me (as well in justice to my friend, as in policy to myfelf; for who knows whither first faults may lead, if not check'd in time?) to nip fuch boldness in the bud. And indeed the moment I beheld the charmer of my heart, (for I do love her too well, that's certain), all my anger was difarm'd; and had the offence regarded myfelf, I must have forgiven her, in spite of all my meditated wrath. But it behoved me in a friend's case not to be soon subdu'd by a too partial fondness: I resumed therefore that thernness and displeasure which her entrance had almost distipated. I took her hand: her charming eye (you know what an eye she has, Sir Simon) quiver'd at my over clouded aspect; and her lips, half drawn to a smile, trembled with apprehension of a countenance so chang'd from what she left it.

And then, all stiff and stately as I could look, did I accost her; Come along with me, Pamela, to my closet. I want to talk with you.

Dear

Dear Sir! good Sir! what's the matter? what have

We enter'd. I fat down, still holding her unsteady hand, and her pulse sluttering under my finger, like

a dying bird.

Tis well, faid I, 'tis well, your present condition pleads for you; and I must not carry what I have to say too far, for considerations less in your favour, than for one unseen: but I have great complaints against you.

Against me, Sir!—What have I done? Let me know, dear good Sir! looking round, with her half-affrighted eyes, this way and that, on the books, and

pictures, and on me, by turns.

You shall know soon, said I, the crime you have

been guilty of.

Crime, Sir! Pray let me!—This closet, I hoped, would not be a fecond time witness to the flutter you put me in.

There hangs a tale, Sir Simon, which I am not very fond of relating, fince it gave beginning to the

triumphs of this little * forcerefs.

I still held one hand, and she stood before me, as criminals ought to do before their judge; but said, I see, Sir, sure I do, or what will else become of me! less severity in your eyes, than you affect to put on in your countenance. Dear Sir, let me know my sault: I will repent, acknowledge, and amend: let me but know it.

You must have great presence of mind, Pamela, such is the nature of your fault, if you can look me

in the face, when I tell it you.

Then let me, faid the irresistible charmer, hiding her face in my bosom, and putting her other arm about my neck; let me thus, my dear M. B. hide this guilty face, while I hear my fault told; and I

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^{*} See Vol. I. p. 102.

will not feek to extenuate it, but by my tears, and

I could hardly hold out. What infatuating creatures are these women, when they can think it thus worth their while to soothe and calm the tumults of an angry heart! when, instead of scornful looks darted in return for angry ones, words of desiance for words of peevishness, persisting to defend one error by another, and returning vehement wrath for slight indignation, and all the hostile provocations of the marriage warfare; they can thus hide their dear faces in our bosoms, and with but to know their faults, to amend them!

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I could hardly, I say, resist the sweet girl's behaviour; nay, I believe I did, unawares to myself, and in desiance of my resolv'd displeasure, press her sorehead with my lips, as the rest of her sace was hid on my breast: but, considering it was the cause of my friend that I was to affert, my injured stiend, wounded and insulted, in so various a manner, by the sair offender, thus haughtily spoke I to the trembling mischief, in a pomp of style theatrically tragic:

I will not, too inadvertent and undiffinguishing Pamela, keep you long in suspence, for the sake of a circumstance, that, on this occasion, ought to give you as much joy, as it has, till now, given me—since it becomes an advocate in your favour, when otherwise you might expect very severe treatment. Know then, that the letter you gave me before you went out, is a letter from a friend, a neighbour, a worthy neighbour, complaining of your behaviour to him;—no other than Sir Simon Darnford, (for I would not amuse her too much); a gentleman I must always respect, and whom, as my triend, I expected you should: since by the value a wise expresses for one esteemed by her husband, whether she thinks so

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well of him herfelf, or not, a man ought always to judge of the fincerity of her regards to himfelf.

Se raised her head at once on this: Thank Heaven, faid she, it is no worse!——I was at my wits end almost, in apprehension: but I know how this must be.—Dear Sir, how could you frighten me so?—I know how all this is!—I can now look you in the face, and hear all that Sir Simon can charge me with! For I am sure, I have not so affronted him, as to make him angry indeed. And truly, (ran she on, secure of pardon, as she seemed to think), I should respect Sir Simon not only as your friend, but on his own account, if he was not so sad a rake at a time of life—

Then I interrupted her, you must needs think, Sir Simon; for how could I bear to hear my worthy friend so freely treated?—How now, Pamela! said I; and is it thus, by repeating your fault, that you atone for it? Do you think I can bear to hear my

friend fo freely treated?

Indeed, faid she, I do respect Sir Simon very much as your friend, permit me to repeat; but cannot for his wilful failings. Would it not be, in some measure, to approve of faulty conversation, if one can hear it, and not discourage it, when the occasion comes in so pat?—And, indeed, I was glad of an opportunity, continued she, to give him a little rub; I must needs own it: but if it displeases you, or has made him angry in earnest, I am sorry for it, and will be less bold for the suture.

Read then, faid I, the heavy charge, and I'll return inftantly to hear your answer to it. So I went

from her, for a few minutes.

But, would you believe it, Sir Simon? fhe seem'd on my return, very little concern'd at your just complaints—What self-justifying minds have the meekest of these women!—Instead of finding her in repentant tears, as one might have expected, she took your angry letter for a jocular one; and I had great difficulty

faulty to convince her of the heinousness of her fault, or the reality of your resentment. Upon which, being determined to have justice done to my friend, and a due sense of her own great error im-

prefs'd upon her, I began thus:

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Pamela, Pamela, take heed that you do not suffer the purity of your own mind, in breach of your charity, to make you too rigorous a censurer of other people's actions: don't be so pussed up with your own persections, as to imagine, that, because other persons allow themselves liberties you cannot take, therefore they must be wicked. Sir Simon is a gentleman who indulges himself in a pleasant vein, and, I believe, as well as you, has been a great rake and libertine, (you'll excuse me, Sir Simon, because I am taking your part): But what then? you see it is all over with him now: you see, he says himself, that he must, and therefore he will be virtuous: and is a man for ever to hear of the faults of his youth, when he himself is so willing to forget them?

Ah! but, Sir, Sir, faid the bold flut, can you fay he is willing to forget them?—Does he not repine here in this very letter, that he must forsake them; and does he not plainly cherish the inclination, when he owns—She hesitated—Owns what?—You know what I mean, Sir, and I need not speak it: and can there well be a more censurable character?—Then, dear Sir, before his maiden daughters! before his virtuous Lady! before any-body!—what a sad thing is this, at a time of life, which should afford a better

example!

But, dear Sir, continued the bold prattler, (taking advantage of a filence that was more owing to displeasure than approbation), let me, for I would not be censorious, (no, not she! in the very act of censoriousness to say this!) let me offer but one thing: don't you think Sir Simon himself would be loth to be thought a reform'd gentleman! don't you see the delight

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delight he takes, when he speaks of his former pranks, as if he was forry he could not play them over again? See but how he simpers, and enjoys, as one may say, the relations of his own rakish actions, when he tells a bad story!—And have you not seen how often he has been forc'd to take his handker-chief to wipe the outside of his mouth, though the inside was least cleanly, when he has wounded a Lady's ears, and turn'd, as it were, his own faulty heart inside out?—Indeed, Sir, I am afraid, so bad in this way is your worthy neighbour, that he would account it a disgrace to him to be thought reform'd. And, how then can I abuse the gentleman, by representing him in a light in which he loves to be consider'd?

But, faid I, were this the case, (for I profess, Sir Simon, I was at a grievous loss to defend you), for you to write all these free things against a father to his

daughter, is that right Pamela?

O Sir! the good Gentleman himself has taken care, that fuch a character as I prefum'd to draw to Miss of her Papa, was no strange one to her. You have feen yourfelf, Mr B. whenever his arch leers, and the humorous attitude in which he puts himfelf on those occasions, have taught us to expect some shocking story, how his Lady and daughters (us'd to him, as they are) have fuffer'd in their apprehensions of what he would fay, before he spoke it: How, particularly, dear Mifs Darnford has look'd at me with concern, defirous, as it were, if possible, to fave her Papa from the centure, which his faulty expressions must naturally bring upon him. And, dear Sir, is it not a fad thing for a young Lady, who loves and honours her Papa, to observe, that he is difcrediting himfelf, and wants the example he ought to give? And pardon me, Sir, for fmiling on fo ferious an occasion; but is it not a fine fight, do you think, to fee a Gentleman, as we have more than once feen feen Sir Simon, when he has thought proper to read a passage or so, in some bad book, pulling off bis spectacles, to talk filthily upon it? Methinks, I see him now, added the bold slut, splitting his arch sace with a broad laugh, shewing a mouth, with hardly a tooth in it, while he is making obscene remarks upon what he has read.

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And then the dear faucy-face laughed out, to bear me company; for I could not, for the foul of me, avoid laughing heartily at the figure the brought to my mind, which I have feen my old friend make, on two or three occasions of this fort, with his difmounted spectacles, his arch mouth, and gums of shining jet, succeeding those of polish'd ivory, of which he often boasts, as one ornament of his youthful days.—And I the rather in my heart, Sir Simon, gave you up, because, when I was a sad sellow, it was always a maxim with me, to endeavour to touch a Lady's heart without wounding her ears. And, indeed, I found my account sometimes in observing it.

But, refuming my gravity, Hassy, said I, do you think I will have my old friend thus made the fubject of your ridicule?—Suppose a challenge should have enfu'd between us on your account—what might have been the issue of it? To see an old Gentleman. flumping, as he fays, on crutches, to fight a duel in defence of his wounded honour! A pretty fight this would have afforded, would it not? And what (had any one met him on the way) could he have faid he was going to do? Don't you confider, that a man is answerable for the faults of his wife? And, if my fondness for you would have made me deny doing justice to my friend, and, on the contrary, to resolve in your behalf to give him a meeting, and he had flung his crutch at my head, as he did the book at his daughter's, what might have been the consequence, think you?

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Very bad, Sir, to be fure; I fee that, and am forsy for it: for had you carry'd off Sir Simon's crutch, as a trophy, the poor Gentleman must have lain fighing and groaning like a wounded foldier in the field of battle, till another had been brought him, to

have stump'd home with.

But, dear Sir Simon, I have brought this matter to an iffue, that will, I hope, make all eafy: and that is this-Miss Polly, and my Pamela, shall both be punished as they deserve, if it be not your own fault. I am told, that the fins of your youth don't fit fo heavily upon your limbs, as they do in your imagination; and I believe change of air, and the gratification of your revenge, a fine help to fuch lively fpirits as yours, will fet you up. You shall then take coach, and bring your pretty criminal to mine; and when we have them together, they shall humble themselves before us, and it shall be in your power to absolve or punish them, as you shall see proper. For I cannot bear to have my worthy friend infulted in fo heinous a manner, by a couple of faucy girls, who, if not taken down in time, may proceed from fault to fault, till there will be no living with them.

If (to be still more serious) your Lady and you will lend Miss Darnford to my Pamela's wishes, whose heart is set upon the hope of her wintering with us in town, you will lay an obligation upon us both; which will be acknowledged with great gratitude by,

dear Sir,

Your affectionate and humble fervant.

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LETTER XXIV.

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From Sir Simon Dannford, in reply.

HARK ye me, Mr B.—A word in your ear:
—I like neither you nor your wife, to be plain
with you, well enough to trust my Polly with you.
What! you are to shew her, in your Lady's case, all
the game of a lying-in, I suppose; and, at least, set
the girl a longing to make one in the dance, before I
have found out the proper man for her partner.

But here's war declar'd against my poor gums, it feems. Well, I will never open my mouth before your Lady as long as I live, if I can help it. I have for these ten years avoided to put on my cravat: and for what reason, do you think?-Why, because I could not bear to fee what ruins a few years have made in a vifage, that us'd to inspire love and terror as it pleas'd .- And here your -what shall-Icall-her of a wife, with all the infolence of youth and beauty on her fide, follows me with a glass, and would make me look in it, whether I will or not. I'm a plaguy good-humour'd old fellow-if I am an old fellow-or I should not bear the insults contain'd in your letter. Between you and your Lady, you make a wretched figure of me, that's certain-And yet, 'tis taking my part, with a P -- x to you, Mr B. I would have faid; but on your Lady's account .-You fee I have as much more charity than the, as the has purity than me; or I should not have put in that faving clause in her behalf.

But, what a D-1 must I do?—I'd be glad at any rate to stand in your Lady's graces, that I would: nor would I be the last rake and libertine unterform'd by her example, which I suppose will

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make

make virtue the fashion, if she goes on as she does. But here I have been us'd to cut a joke, and toss the squib about; and, as far as I know, it has help'd to keep me alive in the midst of pains and aches, and with two women-grown girls, and the rest of the mortifications that will attend on advanced years; for I won't (hang me if I will) give it up as absolute old

age!

I love, I own it, to make a pretty woman blush; it is double-damasking a fine rose, as it were; and till I faw your-[Do, let me call her some free name or other! I always lov'd to be free with pretty women !- Till I faw your - methinks I like her Arcadi. on name, tho' I'm fo old a fwain, as not to merit any thing but rebuke at her hands-Well then, till I faw your]-Pamela-I thought all Ladies, in their hearts, lov'd a little fquib of that kind. For why should they not, when it adds so much grace to their features, and improves their native charms?-And often have I tofs'd the joke about, as much, in my intention, to oblige them, as myfelf.—Yet no one can fay, but that I always wrapt it up in clean linen, as the faying is-Only fuiting myfelf to my company, till I had made the dear rogues fenfible, and thew they could apprehend.

But now, it feems, I must leave all this off, or I must be mortify'd with a looking glass held before me, and every wrinkle must be made as conspicuous as a surrow—And what, pray, is to succeed to this reformation?—I can neither fast nor pray, I doubt.
—And besides, if my stomach and my jest depart

from me, farewell, Sir Simon Darnford.

But cannot I pass as one necessary character, do you think; as a soil (as, by-the-bye, some of your own actions have been to your Lady's virtue) to set off some more edifying example, where variety of characters make up a feast in conversation?

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I befeech you, Mr B.'s Pamela, stick me into some poly among your finer slowers—and if you won't put me into your bosom, let me stand in some gay slower-pot in your chimney-corner: I may serve for shew, if not for smell. Or, let me be the bass in your music, or permit my humorous humdrum to serve as a pardonable kind of discord to set off your own harmony.—I verily think, I cannot be so good as you'd have me to be: so pray let your poor Anacreen go off with what he loves. It will be very

cruel, if you won't.

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Well but, after all, I believe I might have trusted you with my daughter, under your Lady's eye, rake as you have been yourfelf: and fame fays wrong, if you have not been, for your time, a bolder finner than ever I was, (with your maxim of touching Ladies hearts, without wounding their ears, which made furer work with them, that was all), tho' 'tis to be hoped you are now reformed; and if you are, the whole country round you, east, west, north and fouth, owe great obligations to your fair reclaimer. But here is a fine prim young fellow coming out of Norfolk, with one estate in one county, another in another, and jointures and fettlements in his hands, and more wit in his head, as well as more money in his pocket, than he can tell what to do with, to wifit our Polly; though I tell her I much question the former quality, his wit, if he is for marrying .-And would you have her be attending your wife's nurlery, when the may pollibly be put into a way to have a raree-shew of her own?

Here then is the reason I cannot comply with your kind Mrs B.'s request. But if this matter should go off; if he should not like her, or she him; or if I should not like his terms, or he mine; — or still another Or, if he should like Nancy better—why, then, perhaps, if Polly be a good girl, I may trust to

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he

her virtue, and to your honour, and let her go for a month or two; for the devil's in you, if you attempt to abuse such a generous confidence.—As to the superiority of beauty in your own Lady, I depend nothing on that; for, with you young fellows, variety

has generally greater charms.

Now, when I have faid this, and when I fay further, that I can forgive your severe Lady, and yourself too, [who, however, are less to be excus'd in the airs you assume, which looks like one chimney-sweeper calling another sooty rascal), I give a proof of my charity, which I hope with Mrs B. will cover a multitude of saults; and the rather, since, though I cannot be a fallower of her virtue in the strictest sense, I can be an admirer of it; and that is some little merit: and indeed all that can be at present pleaded by yourself, I doubt, any more than

Your humble fervant,

SIMON DARNFORD.

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LETTER XXV.

My benoured and dear Parents,

Hope you will excuse my long silence, which has been owing to several causes, and having had nothing new to entertain you with; and yet this last is but a poor excuse neither to you, who think every

trifling fubject agreeable from your daughter.

I daily expect here my Loid and Lady Davers. This gives me no small pleasure, and yet it is mingled with same uneasiness at times; lest I should not, when viewed so intimately near, behave myself answerably to her Ladyship's expectations. But this I resolve upon, I will not endeavour to move out of the sphere of my own capacity, in order to emulate her

her Ladyship. She has, and must have, advantages, by conversation, as well as education, which it would be arrogance in me to assume, or to think of

imitating.

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All that I will attempt to do, therefore, shall be, to shew such a respectful obligingness to my Lady, as shall be consistent with the condition to which I am raised; that so her Ladyship may not have reason to reproach me of pride in my exaltation, nor her dear Brother to rebuke me for meanness in condescending; and, as to my samily management, I am the less assaid of inspection, because by the natural bias of my own mind, I bless God, I am above dark reserves, and have not one selfissh or fordid view, that should make me wish to avoid the most scrutinizing

eve

I have begun a correspondence with Miss Darnford, a young Lady of uncommon merit. But you know her character from my former writings. She is very folicitous to hear of every thing that concerns me, and particularly how Lady Davers and I agree together. I loved her from the moment I faw her first; for the has the least pride, and the most benevolence and folid thought I ever knew in a young Lady, and knows not what it is to envy any one. shall write to her often: and as I shall have so many avocations belides to fill up my time, I know you will excuse me, if I procure from this Lady, as I hope to do, the return of my letters to her, for your perulal, and for the entertainment of your leifure hours. This will give you from time to time, the accounts you defire of all that happens here. But as to what relates to our own particulars, I beg you will never spare writing, as I shall not answering; for it is one of my greatest delights, that I have such dear, such worthy parents, (as, I hope in God, I long shall) to bless me, and to correspond with me.

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The papers I fend herewith will afford you some diversion; particularly, those relating to Sir Simon: Darnford; and I must desire, that when you have perused them, (as well as what I shall send for the future), you will return them to me.

Mr Longman gave me great pleasure, on his last return from you, in his account of your health, and the satisfaction you take in your happy lot; and I must recite to you a brief conversation on this occation, which, I dare say, will please you as much as

it did me.

After he had been adjusting some affairs with his dear principal, which took them up two hours, my best beloved fent for me .- My dear, faid he, taking my hand, and feating me by him, and making the good old gentleman fit down, (for he will always rife at my approach), Mr Longman and I have fettled in two hours fome accounts, which would have taken up as many months with some persons. For never was there an exacter or more methodical accomptant than Mr Longman: he gives me (greatly to my fatisfaction, because I know it will delight you! an account of the Kentish concern, and of the pleafure your father and mother take in it -Now, my charmer, faid he, I fee your sweet eyes begin to gliften :- O how this fubject raises your whole foul to the windows of it! -- Never was fo dutiful a daughter, Mr Longman, and never did parents better deferve a daughter's duty !

I endeavour'd before Mr Longman to rein-in a gratitude, that my throbbing heart confessed through my handkerchief, as I could perceive: but the good old gentleman could not hinder his from shewing itself at his worthy eyes, to see how much I was favour'd—oppress'd, I should say—with the tenderest goodness to me, and kind expressions.—Excuse me, Sir, excuse me, Madam, said he, wiping his cheeks: my delight to see such merit so justly rewarded, will

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not be contained, I think .- And fo he arofe, and walked to the window.

Well, good Mr Longman, faid I, as he returned towards us, you give me the pleasure to know, that my father and mother are well; and happy then they must be, in a goodness and bounty, that I, and many

more, rejoice in.

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Well and happy, Madam !--- Ay, that they are, indeed! and a worthier couple never lived, I affure von. Most nobly do they go on, in the farm. Your Honour is one of the happiest gentlemen in the world. All the good you do, returns upon you in a trice. It may well be faid, You cast your bread up. on the waters; for it prefently comes to you again, ficher and heavier than when you threw it in. the Kentisb tenants, Madam, are hugely delighted with their good steward: every thing prospers under his management: the gentry love both him and my dame; and the poor people adore them. Indeed they do a power of good, in vifiting their poor neighbours, and giving them cordials, and fuch like; infomuch that cholicks, agues, and twenty diffempers, nipp'd in the bud, fly before them. And yet the doctors themselves can have nothing to say against them; for they administer help to those only who cannot be at the charge either of skill or physic.

In this manner ran on Mr Longman, to my inexpressible delight, you may believe; and when he withdrew, "Tis an honest soul, said my dear Mr B. I love him for his respectful love to my angel, and his value for the worthy pair. Very glad I am, that every thing answers their wishes. May they long

live, and be happy !

The dear man makes me fpring to his arms, whenever he touches this string: for he speaks always thus generously and kindly of you; and is glad to hear, he says, that you don't live only to yourselves: and now-and-then adds, that he is as much satisfy'd

with

with your prudence, as he is with mine; that parents and daughter do credit to one another; and that the praises he hears of you from every mouth, make him take as great pleasure in you, as if you were his own relations. How delighting, how transporting, rather, my dear parents, must this goodness be to your happy daughter! And how could I forbear repeating these kind things to you, that you may see how well every thing is taken that you do?

When the expected vifit from Lord and Lady Dovers is over, the approaching winter will call us to London; and as I shall then be nearer to you, we may more frequently hear from one another, which, to be fure, will be a great heightening to my pleasures.

But I have such an account given me of the immoralities which persons may observe there, along with the public diversions, that it takes off a little from the satisfaction I should otherwise have in the thought of going thither. For, they say, quarrels, and duels, and gallantries, as they are called, so often happen in London, that those enormities are heard of without the least wonder or surprize.

This makes me very thoughtful at times. But God, I hope, will preferve our dearest benefactor, and continue to me his affection, and then I shall be always happy; especially while your healths and

felicity confirm and crown the delights of

Your ever dutiful daughter,

P. B.

LETTER XXVI.

My dearest Child,

I T may not be improper to mention ourselves, what the nature of the kindnesses is, which we confer on our poor neighbours, and the labouring people,

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people, lest it should be surmised by any body, that we are lavishing away wealth that is not our own. Not that we fear either your honoured husband or you will suspect any such matter, or that the worthy Mr Longman would infinuate as much; for he saw what we did, and was highly pleased with it, and said he would make such a report of it, as you write he did. What we do is in small things, though the good we hope from them is not small perhaps: and if a very distressful case should happen among our pour neighbours, that would require any thing confiderable, and the objects be deserving, we would acquaint you with it, and leave it to you to do as God

foold direct you.

But this, indeed, we have done, and continue to do: we have furnished ourselves with simple waters and cordials of feveral forts; and when in a hot fultry day I fee poor labouring creatures ready to faint and drop down, if they are only fatigued, I order them'a mouthful of bread or fo, and a cup of good ale or beer; and this makes them go about their bufiness with new spirits; and when they bless me for it, I tell them they must bless the good 'Squire, from whose bounty, next to God, it all proceeds. If they are ill, I give them a cordial; and we have been the means of fetting up feveral poor creatures, who have laboured under cholicky and aguish disorders, or have been taken with flight stomach ailments. And nothing is loft by it, my dear child; for poor people have as grateful fouls as any body; and it would delight your dear heart to fee how many drooping spirits we have raifed, and how, in an hour or two, fome of them, after a little cordial refreshment, from languishing under a hedge, or behind a hay-stack, have kipped about as nimble as deer, whiftling and finging, and pursuing with alacrity their feveral employments; and instead of curfing and swearing, as is

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bleffings and praises poured out of their glad hearts upon his Honour and you; calling me their father and friend, and telling me, they will live and die for me, and my wife; and that we shall never want an industrious servant to do his Honour's business, or to cultivate the farm I am blessed in. And in like fort, we communicate to our sick or wanting neighbours, even although they be not tenants to the estate.

Come, my dear child, you are happy, very happy, to be fure you are; and, if it can be, may you be yet happier and happier! But still I verily think you cannot be more happy than your father and mother, except in this one thing, that all our happiness under God, proceeds from you; and, as other parents bless their children with plenty and benefits, you have bless'd your parents (or your honoured husband rather for your sake) with all the good things this

world can afford.

The papers you fend us are the joy of our leifurehours; and you are kind beyond all expression, in taking care to oblige us with them. We know how your time is taken up, and ought to be very well contented, if but now and then you let us hear of your health and welfare. But it is not enough with fuch a good daughter, that you have made our lives comfortable, but you will make them joyful too, by communicating to us all that befals you: and then you write so piously, and with such a fense of God's goodness to you, and intermix such good reflections in your writings, that, whether it be our partial love or not, I cannot tell, but, truly, we think, nobody comes up to you: and you make our hearts and our eyes so often overflow, as we read, that we join hand in hand together; and I fay to her, Bleffed be God, and bleffed be you, my dear; and she, in the fame breath, Bleffed be God, and you, my lovefor fuch a daughter, fays the one-for fuch a daughter, daughter, fays the other.—And she has your own sweet temper, cry l.—And she has your own honest heart, cries she: and so we go on, blessing God, and blessing you, and blessing your spouse, and blessing ourselves!—Is any happiness like our happiness,

my dear daughter!

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Really and indeed we are so inraptur'd with your writings, that when our spirits slag through the infirmity of years which hath begun to take hold of us, we have recourse to some of your papers: Come, my dear, cry I, what say you to a banquet now!— She knows what I mean. With all my heart, says she.—So I read, although it be on a Sunday, so good are your letters; and you must know, I have copies of a many of them: and after a little while, we are as much alive and brisk, as if we had no slagging at all, and return to the duties of the day with double

delight.

Consider then, my dear child, what joy your writings give us: and yet we are afraid of oppressing you, who have so much to do of other kinds; and we are heartily glad you have found out a way to fave trouble to yourfelf, and rejoice us, and oblige to worthy a young Lady as Mifs Darnford, all at one time. I never should forget her dear goodness to me. and the notice she took of me at the Hall *, kindly prefling my rough hands with her fine hands, and looking in my face with so much kindness in her eyes !- to be fure I never shall .- What good people. as well as bad, there are in high stations !- thank God there are; else our poor child would have had a fad time of it too often, when the was obliged to flep out of herself, as once I heard you phrase it, into company you could not live with.

Well, but what shall I say more? And yet, how shall I end?—Only, with my prayers, that God will

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in possession of !—And pray now, be not overthoughtful about what may happen at London; for why should you let the dread of suture evils lessen your present joys? There is no absolute perfection in this life, that's true; but one would make one's felf as easy as one could. 'Tis time enough to be troubled when troubles come.—Sufficient unto the

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Rejoice then, my dear child, as you have often faid you would, in your present blessings, and leave the event of things to the supreme Disposer of all events. And what have you to do but rejoice? Tou, who cannot see a sun rise, but it is to bless you, and to raise up from their beds numbers to join in the blessing! Tou, who can bless your high-born friends, and your low-born parents, and obscure relations! who can bless the rich by your example, and the poor by your bounty; and bless besides so good and so brave a husband!—O my dear child, what, let me repeat it, have you to do but rejoice?—For many daughters have done wisely, but you have excelled them all.

I will only add, that every thing the 'Squire order'd, is just upon the point of being finish'd. And when the good time comes, that we shall be again favour'd with his presence and yours, what a still greater joy will this afford to the already overslowing hearts of

Your ever loving father and mother,
JOHN and ELIZ. ANDREWS!

LETTER XXVII.

My dearest Miss DARNFORD,

you, makes me very importunate to know how you approve the gentleman, whom some of his best friends

friends and well-wishers have recommended to your favour. I hope he will deserve your good opinion; and then he must excel most of the unmarried gentle-

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Your Papa, in his humorous manner, mentions his large possessions and riches: but, indeed, were he as rich as Crofus; he thould not have my confent, if he has no greater merit; tho' that is what the generality of parents look out for first: and indeed an easy fortune is so far from being to be difregarded, that, when attended with equal merit, I think it ought to have a preserence given to it, supposing affections disengaged. For 'tis certain, that a man or woman may fland as good a chance for happiness in marriage with a person of fortune, as with one who has not that advantage; and notwithstanding I had neither riches nor descent to boast of, I must be of opinion with those who fay, that they never knew any body despise either, that had them. But to permit riches to be the principal inducement, to the neglect of fuperior merit, that is the fault which many a one fmarts for, whether the choice be their own, or imposed upon them by those who have a title to their obedience.

Here is a faucy body, might fome, who have not Mifs Darnford's kind confideration for her friend, be apt to fay, who being thus meanly descended, nevertheless presumes to give her opinion, in these bigh cases, unasked. But I have one thing to fay; and that is, that I mink in divested of partiality to my own earmy judgement shall permit, I will never have view, when I am presuming to hint my out general rules. For, most surely, the honor have received, and the debasement to which my best friend has subjected himself, have, for their principal excuse, that the gentleman was entirely ind pendent, had no questions to ask, and had a tertune of a subject of the su

fusficient to make himself, as well as the person he shose, happy, though she brought him nothing at all; and that he had, moreover, such a character for good sense, and knowledge of the world, that nobody could impute to him any other inducement, but that of a noble resolution to reward a virtue he had so frequently, and, I will say, so wickedly, try'd, and could not subdue.

But why do I thus run on to Miss Darnford, whose partial friendship attributes to me merits I cannot claim? I will, therefore, quit this subject, as a needless one to her, and proceed to what was principally in my view, when I began to write; and that is, to complain of your Papa, who has, let me say it, done his endeavours to set at variance a gentleman and his wife.

I will not enter into the particulars, because the appeal is to Cafar, and it would look like invading his prerogative, to take it into my own hands. But I can tell Sir Simon, that he is the only gentleman, I hope, who, when a young person of my fex asked him to make her a prefent of a book, would put fuch a mischievous turn as he has done upon it, to her hulband!-Indeed, from the beginning, I had reafon to call him a * tell-tale-But, no more of that-Yet I must fay, I had rather he should have flung this book at my head too, than to have made a to much worse use of it. But I came off tolerably, no thanks to Sir Simon, however !- and but tolerably neither: for Mr B. kept me in suspence a good while, and put me in great flutters, before he let me into the matter.

But I was much concerned, my dear Miss Darnford, at first, till you gave a reason I better liked afterwards, for Sir Simon's denying your company to me, after I bad obtained the favour of your Mamma's consent,

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^{*} See Vol. I. p. 249.

and you were kindly inclin'd yourself to oblige me: and that was, that Sir Simon had a bad opinion of the honour of my dear Mr B. For, as to that part of his doubt, which reflected dishonour upon his dear daughter, it was all but the effect of his strange free

humour, on purpose to vex you.

That Gentleman must be the most abandon'd of men, who would attempt any thing against the virtue of a Lady intrusted to his protection: and I am grieved, methinks, that the dear man, who is the better part of myself, and has, to his own debasement, acted so honourably by me, should be thought capable of so much vileness. But, forgive me, Miss; it is only Sir Simon, I dare say, who could think so hardly of him: and I am in great hope, for the honour of the present age, (quite contrary to the aspersion, that every age grows worse and worse), that the last, if it produc'd people capable of such attempts, was wickeder than this.

Bad as Mr B.'s defigns and attempts were upon me, I can, now I am fet above fearing them, and am enabled to reflect upon them with less terror and apprehension, be earnett, for his own dear fake, to think him not, even then, the worst of men, tho' bad enough in all conscience: for have we not heard of those who have had no remorfe or compunction at all, and have actually executed all their vile purpofes, when a poor creature was in their power? -Yet (indeed, after fore trials, that's true!) did not God turn his heart? And altho' I was still helpless, and without any friend in the world, and in the hands of a poor vile woman, who, to be fure, was worfe than he, provoking him to ruin me, and to wholly in his power, that I durst not disobey him, whether he bad me come to him, or be gone from him, as he was pleased or displeased with me; yet, Ifay, for all this, did he not overcome his criminal pallion, and entertain an honourable one, though to

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his poor fervant girl; and brave the world, and the

world's centures, and marry me?

And does not this shew, that the seeds of honour were kept alive in his heart, tho' choak'd or kept from sprouting forth, for a time, by the weeds of sensuality, pride, and youthful impetuosity? And by cutting down the latter, have not the former taken root, have they not shot out, and, in their turn, kept down, at least, the depressed weeds? And who

now lives more virtuously than Mr B.?

Let me tell you, my dear Mifs, that I have not heard of many inflances of gentlemen, who, having defigned vilely, have stopt short, and acted so honourably; and who continue to act fo nobly; and I have great confidence, that he will, in time, be as pious, as he is now moral; for tho' he has a few bad ng. tions, which he talks of now and then, as polygamy, and fuch like, which indeed, give me a little ferious thought fometimes, because a man is too apt to practife what he has perfuaded himfelf to believe is no crime; yet, I hope, they are owing more to the liveliness of his wit, (a wild quality, which does not always confine itself to proper exercises), than to his judgement. And if I can but fee the first three or four months relidence over in that wicked London, (which they fay, is fo feducing a place), without adding to my apprehensions, how happy shall I be?

So much, flightly, have I thought proper to fay in behalf of my dear Mr B. for a good wife cannot but hope for a sweeter and more elevated companionship, (if her presumptuous heart makes her look upward with hope herself), than this transitory state can afford us. And what a sad case is hers, who being as exemplary as human frailty will permit her to be, looks forward upon the partner of her adverse, and of her prosperous estate, the husband of her bosom, the sather of her children, the head of her family, as a poor unhappy soul, de-

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Min'd to a separate and a miserable existence for ever !

O my dear friend!—how can such a thought be supportable!—But what high consolation, what transport rather, at times, must here be, who shall be bless'd with the hope of being an humble instrument to reclaim such a dear, dear, thrice dear partner!—and that, heart in heart, and hand in hand, they shall one day issue forth from this incumber'd state into a blessed eternity, benefited by each other's example!—I will lay down my pen, and enjoy the rich thought for a few moments.

Now, my dear Miss Darnford, let me, as a subject very pleasing to me, touch upon your kind mention of the worthy Mr Peters's sentiments in relation to that part of his conduct to me, which (oppress'd by the terrors and apprehensions to which I was subjected) once indeed I censured; and so much the readier, as I had ever so great an honour sor his cloth, that I thought, to be a clergyman, and all that was compassionate, good, and virtuous, was the

But when I came to know Mr Peters, I had a high opinion of his worthiness; and as no one can be perfect in this life, thus I thought to myfelf: How hard was then my lot, to be a cause of stumbling to so worthy a heart! To be sure, a gentleman, who knows so well, and practises so well, his duty, in every other instance, and preaches it so efficaciously to others, must have been one day sensible, that it would not have misbecome his function and character, to have afforded that protection to oppressed innocence, which was requested of him; and how would it have grieved his considerate mind, had my ruin been completed, that he did not!

But as he had once a name-fake, as one may fay, that failed in a much greater instance, let not my want of charity exceed his fault; but let me look upon it as an infirmity, to which the most perfect

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are liable: I was a stranger to him; a servant girl carry'd off by her master, a young gentleman of violent and lawless passions; who, in this very instance, shew'd how much in earnest he was set upon effecting all his vile purposes; and whose heart altho' God might touch, it was not probable any lesser influence could.

Then he was not fure, that the he might affift my escape, I might not afterwards fall again into the hands of so determin'd a violator; and that disticulty would not, with such a one, inhance his resolution

to overcome all obttacles.

Moreover, he might think, that the person, who was moving him to this worthy measure, might possibly be seeking to gratify a view of his own; and that while he was endeavouring to save, to outward appearance, a virtue in danger, he was, in reality, only helping another to a wite, at the hazard of exposing himself to the vindictiveness of a violent temper, and a rich neighbour, who had power as well as will to resent; for such was his * apprehension, groundless, entirely groundless as it was, tho' not improbable, as it might seem to him.

Then again, the sad examples set by too many European sovereigns, in whom the royal and priestly effices are united, (for are not kings the Lord's anointed?); and the little scruple which many persons, right reverend by their sunctions and characters, too generally make, to pay fordid court and visits (far from bearing their tettimony against such practices) even to concubines, who have interest to promote them †, are no small discouragements to a private clergyman to do his duty, and to make himself enemies among his powerful neighbours, for

* See Vol. I. p. 175. 1. 4.

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[†] That these arguments were pleaded by Mr Peters, see Vol. 1. p. 175. l. 12. &c.

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the cause of virtue. And especially (forgive me, dear Sir Simon Darnford, if you should fee this) when an eminent magistrate, one of the principal gentlemen of the county, of an independent fortune, who had fine young ladies to his daughters, (who had nothing but their superior conditions, not their fex, to exempt them from like attempts), a justice of peace, and of the quorum ; refused to BE a * justice, tho' fuch a breach of the peace was made, and fuch a violation of nerals plainly intended. This, I fay, must add to the discouragement of a gentleman a little too diffident and timorous of himself: and who having no one to second him, had he afforded me his protection, must have stood alone in the gap, and made to himself, in an active gentleman, an enemy who had a thousand desirable qualities to make one with bim for a friend.

For all these considerations, I think myself obliged to pity, rather than too rigorously to censure, the worthy Gentleman. And I must and will always respect him: and thank him a thousand times, my dear, in my name, for his goodness in condescending toacknowledge, by your hand, his infirmity, as such: for this gives an excellent proof of the natural worthiness of his heart; and that it is beneath him to seek to extenuate a fault, when he thinks he has committed one.

Indeed, my dear friend, I have so much honour for the clergy of all degrees, that I never forget in my prayers one article, that God will make them shining lights to the world; since so much depends on their ministry and examples, as well with respect to our public as private duties. Nor shall the faults of a sew make impression upon me to the disadvantage of the order. For I am assaid a very censorious temper, in this respect, is too generally

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 174. l. 26.

the indication of an uncharitable, and perhaps a profligate heart, levelling characters, in order to cover fome inward pride, or fecret enormities, which they are ashamed to avow, and will not be instructed to amend.

Forgive, my dear, this tedious scribble, I cannot for my life write short letters to those I love. And let me hope, that you will favour me with an account of your new affair, and how you proceed in it; and with fuch of your conversations, as may give me fome notion of a polite courtship. For, alas! your poor friend knows nothing of this. All her courtship was fometimes a hasty fnatch of the hand, a black and blue gripe of the arm, and, Whither now !- come to me, when I bid you! -And Saucy-face, and Creature, and fuch like, on his part-with fear and trembling on mine; and __I will, I will! ___ good Sir, have mercy! At other times, a fcream, and nobody to hear or mind me; and with uplift hands, bent knees, and tearful eyes-for God's fake, pity your poor fer-

This, my dear Miss Darnsord, was the hard treatment that attended my courtship.—Pray, then, let me know, how gentlemen court their equals in degree; how they look when they address you, with their knees bent, sighing, supplicating, and all that, as Sir Simon says, with the words Slave, servant, ad-

mirer, continually at their tongues ends.

But after all, it will be found, I believe, that, be the language and behaviour ever so obsequious, it is all design'd to end alike.—The English, the plain English, of the politest address, is, I am now, dear Madam, your humble servant: pray be so good as to let me be your master. Yes, and thank you too, says the Lady's heart, tho' not her lips, if she likes him. And so they go to church together: and, in

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conclusion, it will be happy, if these obsequious courtships end no worse than my frightful one.

But I am convinc'd, that with a man of sense, a

woman of tolerable prudence must be happy.

That whenever you marry, it may be to fuch a man, who then must value you as you deserve, and make you as happy as I now am, notwithstanding all that's past, wishes and prays

Your obliged friend and servant,

P. B.

N. B. Altho' Miss Darnford could not receive the above letter so soon, as to answer it before others were sent to her by her fair correspondent; yet we think it not amiss to dispense with the order of time, that the reader may have the letter and answer at one view: and shall on other occasions take the like liberty.

LETTER XXVIII.

In answer to the preceding.

My dear Mrs B.

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You charm us all with your letters. Mr Peters fays he will never go to bed, nor rife, but he will pray for you, and defires I will return his thankful acknowledgements for your favourable opinion of him, and kind allowances. If there be an angel on earth, he fays you are one. My Papa, altho' he has feen your stinging restection upon his resusal to protect you, is delighted with you too; and says, when you come down to Lincolnsbire again, he will be undertaken by you in good earnest; for he thinks it was wrong in him, to deny you his protection.

We are pleas'd with your apology for Mr B. The formuch the part of a good wife to extenuate her husband's faults, and make the best of his bad qualities, in order to give the world a good opinion of him; that, together with the affecting instances of your humility, in looking back with so much true greatness of mind, to what you were, make us all join to admire you, and own, that nobody can de-

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ferve what you deferve.

Yet I am forry, my dear friend, to find, notwithstanding your defence of Mr B. that you have any apprehensions about London. 'Tis pity any thing should give you concern. As to Mr B.'s talking in favour of polygamy, you cannot expect, that he can shake off all his bad notions at once. And it must be a great comfort to you, that his actions do not correspond, and that his liberties have been reduced to notions only. In time, we hope that he will be every thing you wish him. If not, with such an example before him, he will be the more culpable.

We all smiled at the description of your own uncommon courtship. And, as they say, the days of courtship are the happiest part of life, if we had not known, that your days of marriage are happier by far than any other body's courtship, we must needs have pity'd you. But as the one were days of trial and temptation, the other are days of reward and happiness; may the last always continue to be so, and you'll have no occasion to think any body hap-

pier than Mrs B.!

I thank you heartily for your good wishes as to the man of sense. Mr Murray has been here, and continues his visits. He is a lively gentleman, well enough in his person, has a tolerable character, yet loves company, and will take his bottle freely; my Papa likes him ne'er the worse for that: he talks a good deal; dresses gay, and even richly, and seems lis

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to like his own person very well: no great pleasure this for a Lady to look forward to; yet he falls far short of that genteel ease, and graceful behaviour, which distinguish your Mr B. from any-body I know.

I wish Mr Murray would apply to my fister. She is an ill-natur'd girl; but would make a good wife, I hope; and I fancy she'd like him well enough. I can't say I do. He laughs too much; has something boisterous in his conversation; his complaisance is not a pretty complaisance: he is, however, well vers'd in country sports; and my Papa loves him for that too, and says, He is a most accomplish'd gentleman: Yes, Sir, cry I, as gentlemen go.—You must be saucy, says Sir Simon, because the man offers himself to your acceptance. A few years hence, perhaps, if you remain single, you'll alter your note, Pally, and be willing to jump at a much less worthy tender.

I could not help answering, that although I paid due honour to every thing that my Papa was pleased to say, I could not but hope he would be mistaken in this.

But I have broken my mind to my dear, my indulgent Mamma, who tells me, she will do me all the pleasure she can; but would be loth the youngest daughter should go first, as she calls it. But if I could come and live with you a little now and then, I did not care who marry'd, unless such an one offer'd, as I never expect.

I have great hope, the Gentleman will be eafily persuaded to quit me for Nancy; for I see he has not delicacy enough to love with any great distinction. He says, as my Mamma tells me by-the-bye, that I am the handsomest, and best humour'd; and he has found out, as he thinks, that I have some wit, and have ease and freedom (and he tacks innocence to them) in my address and conversation. Tis Vol. III.

well for me, be is of this opinion; for if he thinks justly, which I much question, any-bedy may think so still much more; for I have been far from taking pains to engage his good word, having been under more referve to him, than ever I was before to any-body.

Indeed, I can't help it; for the Gentleman is forward without delicacy; and (pardon me, Sir Simon), my Papa has not one bit of it neither: but is for pushing matters on, with his rough raillery, that puts me out of countenance, and has already adjusted the fordid part of the preliminaries, as he tells me.

Yet I hope Nancy's 3000 l. fortune more than I am likely to have *, will give her the wish'd-for preference with Mr Murray; and then, as to a brother-in-law, in prospect, I can put off all restraint, and

return to my usual freedom.

This is all that occurs worthy of notice from us: but from you, we expect an account of Lady Davers' visits, and of the conversations that offer among you; and you have so delightful a way of making every thing momentous, either by your subject or reflections, or both, that we long for every post-day, in hopes of the pleasure of a letter.—And yours I will always carefully preserve, as so many testimonies of the honour I receive in this correspondence: which will be always esteemed as it deserves, by, my dear Mrs B.

Your obliged and faithful
POLLY DARNFORE.

Mrs Peters, Mrs Jones, my Papa, Mamma, and Sister, present their respects. Mr Peters I mentioned before. He continues to give a very good account of poor Jewkes; and is much pleased with her.

* See Vol. II. p. 162.

LETTER

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LETTER XXIX.

My dear Mifs DARNFORD,

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T your defire, and to oblige your honoured Mamma, and your good neighbours, I will now acquaint you with the arrival of Lady Davers, and will occasionally write what passes among us: I will not fay worthy of notice; for were I only to do fo. I should be more brief, perhaps, by much, than you feem to expect. But as my time is pretty much taken up, and I find I shall be obliged to write a bit now and a bit then, you must excuse me, if I dispense with fome forms, which I ought to observe, when I write to one I fo dearly love; and fo I will give it journal-wife, as it were, and have no regard, when it would fetter or break in upon my freedom of narration, to infcription or fubscription; but fend it as I have opportunity: and if you please to favour me to far, as to lend it me, after you have read the ftuff, for the perusal of my father and mother, to whom my duty and promise require me to give an account of my proceedings, it will fave me transcription, for which I shall have no time; and then you will excuse blots and blurs, and I will trouble myfelf no farther for apologies on that score, but this once for all.

If you think it worth while, when they have read

it, you shall have it again.

Wednesday Morning, Six o'Clock;

FOR my dear friend permits me to rife an hour fooner than usual, that I may have time to scribble; for he is always pleased to see me so employ'd, or in reading; often saying, when I am at my needle, (as his sister once wrote), * Your maids can do this, Pamela; but they cannot write as you

^{*} See this Vol. p. 40.

can. And yet, as he tells me, when I chuse to sollow my needle, as a diversion from too intense study, as he is pleased to call it, (but, alas! I know not what study is, as may be easily guessed by my hasty writing, putting down every thing as it comes), I shall then do as I please. But you must understand I promised at setting out, what a good wise I'd endeavour to make *: and every honest body should try to be as good as their word, you know; and such particulars as I then mentioned, I think I ought to dispense with as little as possible; especially as I promised no more than what was my duty to perform, if I had not promised.—But what a preamble is here?—Judge by it what impertinencies you may expect as I proceed.

Yesterday about six in the evening arrived here my Lord and Lady Davers, their stephew, and the Countess of G. mother of Lady Betty, whom we did not expect, but took it for the greater favour. It seems her Ladyship long'd, as she said, to see me; and this was her principal inducement. The two Ladies, and their two women, were in Lord Davers's coach and fix, and my Lord and his nephew rode on horse-

back, attended with a train of fervants.

We had expected them to dinner; but they could not reach time enough; for the Countess being a little incommoded with her journey, the coach travelled slowly. My Lady would not suffer her Lord, nor his nephew, to come hither before her, tho' on horse-back, because she would be present, she said, when his Lordship sirst saw me, he having quite forgot her mother's Pamela; that was her word.

It rained when they came in; so the coach drove directly to the door, and Mr B. received them there: but I was in a little fort of flutter, which Mr B. observing, made me fit down in the parlour to come my

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I flept out, left she should take it amise; and she h my hand, and kissed me: Here, my Lady Countels, faid the, prefenting me to her-here's the girl: fee if I faid too much in praise of her erlon.

The Countels faluted me with a visible pleasure in her eye, and faid, Indeed, Lady Davers, you have not. Twould have been strange, (excuse me, Mrs B. for I know your story), if such a fine slower had not

been transplanted from the field to the garden.

I made no return, but by a low curt'fy, to her Ladyship's compliment. Then Lady Davers, tating my hand again, presented me to her Lord: See here, my Lord, my mother's Pamela! - And fee here, my Lord, faid her generous brother, taking my other hand most kindly, see here your brother's Pamela too!

My Lord faluted me: I do, faid he to his Lady; I do, faid he to his Brother; and I fee the first person in her, that has exceeded my expectation, when eve-

ry mouth had prepared me to expect a wonder.

Mr H. whom every one calls Lord Jackey, after his aunt's example when the is in good humour with him, and who is a very young gentleman, tho' about as old as my best friend, came to me next, and faid, Lovelier and lovelier, by my life !- I never faw your peer, Madam.

Will you excuse me, my dear, all this seeming vanity, for the fake of repeating exactly what paffed?

Well but, faid my Lady, taking my hand, in her free quality way, which quite dashed me, and holding it at a distance, and turning me half round, her eye fixed to my waift, let me observe you a little, my fweet-fac'd girl!-I hope I am right: hope you will do credit to my Brother, as he has done you credit .- Why do you let her lace fo tight, Mr B. ?

P 3

I was unable to look up, as you may believe, Miss: my face, all over scarlet, was hid in my bosom, and I look'd so filly!—

Ay, faid my naughty Lady, you may well look down, my good girl: for works of this nature will not be long hidden. And, O! my Lady, (to the Countess) see how like a pretty thief she looks!

Dear my Lady! said I—for still she kept looking at me: and her good Brother, seeing my confusion, in pity to me, press'd my blushing sace a moment to his generous breast; and said, Lady Davers, you should not be thus hard upon my dear girl, the moment you see her, and before so many witnesses: but look up, my best love, take your revenge of my sister, and tell her, you wish her in the same way.

It is so then, said my Lady! I'm glad of it with all my heart. I will now love you better and better; but I almost doubted it, seeing her still so slender. But if, my good child, you lace too tight, I'll never forgive you. And so she gave me a kis of congratu-

lation, as fhe faid.

Do you think I did not look very filly?—My Lord, smiling, and gazing at me from head to foot, Lord Jackey grinning and laughing, like an oaf, as I then, in my spite, thought. Indeed the Countess said, encouragingly to me, but severely on persons of birth,—Lady Davers, you are as much too teizing, as Mrs B. is too bashful. But you are a happy man, Mr B. that your Lady's bashfulness is the principal mark by which we can judge she is not of quality. Lord Jackey, in the language of some character in a play, cry'd out, A palpable hit, by Jupiter! and laugh'd egregiously, running about from one to another, repeating the same words.

We talk'd only upon common topics till suppertime, and I was all ear, as I thought it became me to be; for the Countess had by her first compliment,

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and by an aspect as noble as intelligent, over-aw'd me, as I may say, into a respectful silence, to which Lady Davers's free, though pleasant raillery, (which she could not help carrying on now-and-then) contributed. Besides, Lady Davers's letters had given me still greater reason to revere her wit and judgement than I had before, when I reslected on her passionate temper, and such parts of the conversation I had had with her Ladyship in your neighbourhood; which (however to be admired) sell short of her letters.

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When we were fit down at table, I looked, I suppose, a little distidently; for I really then thought of my Lady's anger at the Hall, when she would not have permitted me to sit at table with her *; and Mr B. saying, Take your place, my dear; you keep our friends standing; I sat down in my usual seat. And my Lady said, None of your reproaching eye, Pamela; I know what you hint at by it: and every letter I have received from you, has help'd to make me censure myself for my Lady airs, as you call 'em, you saucebox you: I told you, I'd Lady-airs you when I saw you; and you shall have it all in good time.

I'm fure, faid I, I shall have nothing from your Ladyship, but what will be very agreeable: but, indeed, I never meant any thing particular by that, or any other word that I wrote; nor could I think of any-thing but what was highly respectful to your Ladyship.

Lord Davers was pleased to say, that it was impossible I should either write or speak any-thing that could be taken amis.

Lady Davers, after supper, and the servants were withdrawn, began a discourse on titles, and said, Brother, I think you should hold yourself obliged to

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 290.

my Lord Davers: for he has spoken to Lord S. who made him a visit a sew days ago, to procure you a Baronet's patent. Your estate, and the sigure you make in the world, are so considerable, and your samily besides is so ancient, that, methinks, you should wish for some distinction of that fort.

Yes, Brother, said my Lord, I did mention it to Lord S. and told him, withal, That it was without your knowledge or desire, that I spoke about it; and I was not very sure you would accept of it: but 'is a thing your sister has wish'd for a good while.

What answer did my Lord S. make to it? faid

Mr B.

He said, We, meaning the Ministers, I suppose, should be glad to oblige a man of Mr B.'s sigure in the world; but you mention it so slightly, that you can hardly expect courtiers will tender it to any gentleman that is so indifferent about it; for, Lord Davers, we seldom grant honours, without a view,

I tell you that, added he, fmiling.

My Lord S. might mention this as a jest, return'd Mr B. but he spoke the truth. But your Lordship said well, that I was indifferent about it. "Tis true, 'tis an hereditary title: but the rich citizens, who used to be satisfy'd with the title of Knight, (till they made it so common, that it is brought into as great contempt almost as that of the *French knights of St Michael, and no body cares to accept of it), now are ambitious of this; and, as I apprehend, it is hastening apace into like disrepute. Besides, 'tis a novel honour, and what the ancestors of our family, who lived at its institution, would never accept of But were it a peerage they would give me, which has some essential privileges and splendours annex'd to it, that would make it desirable to some men, I would

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This order was become so scandalously common in France, that, in order to suppress it, the hangman was vested with the ensigns of it, which effectually abolished it.

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et enter into conditions for it. Titles at best, added are but shadows, and he that has the substance, and be above valuing them: for who that has he whole bird, would pride himself upon a single other?

But, faid my Lady, altho' I acknowledge, that the inflitution is of late date, yet as abroad, as well as home, it is regarded as a title of dignity, and it is supposed that the best families among the gentry me diftinguished by it, I should be glad you would accept of it. And as to citizens who have it, they not many; and fome of this class of people, or ir immediate descendants however, have bought memfelves into the peerage itself of the one kingdom or the other.

As to what it is looked upon abroad, faid Mr B. this is of no weight at all; for when an Englishman travels, be he of what degree he will, if he has an equipage, and iquanders his money away, he is a Lord of course with foreigners: and therefore, Sir fuch-e-one is rather a diminution to him, as it fixes him down to a lower title than his vanity would perhaps make him aspire to be thought in the posemon of. Then, as to citizens, in a trading nation like this, I am not displeased in the main, with seeing the overgrown ones, creeping into nominal honours; and we have fo many of our first titled families who have ally'd themselves to trade, (whose inducements were money only), that it ceases to be either a wonder as to the fact, or a difgrace to the honour.

Well, Brother, faid my Lady, I will tell you farther, the thing may be had for asking for: if you will but go to court, and defire to kis the King's land, that will be all the trouble you'll have: and pray now oblige me in it.

If a title would make me either a better or a vifer man, reply'd Mr B. I would embrace it with pleasure. Besides, I am not so entirely satisfied with

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obligation to the Ministers. Accepting of a small title from them, is but like putting on their badge, or listing under their banners; like a certain Lord we all know, who accepted of one degree more of title to shew he was theirs, and would not have an higher, lest it should be thought a satisfaction tantamount to half the pension he demanded: and could I be easy to have it supposed, that I was an ungrateful man for voting as I pleased, because they gave me the title of a Baronet?

The Countess said, The world always thought Mr B. to be a man of steady principles, and not attached to any party; but it was her opinion, that it was far from being inconsistent with any gentleman's honour and independency, to accept of a title from a Prince

he acknowledged as his Sovereign.

'Tis very true, Madam, reply'd Mr B. that I am attached to no party, nor ever will; and I have a mean opinion of many of the heads of both: nay, I will fay further, that I wish at my heart, the gentlemen in the administration would pursue such meafures, that I could give them every vote; as I always will every one that I can; and I have no very high opinion of those who, right or wrong, would diffress or embarrass a government. For this is certain, that our governors cannot be always in the wrong; and he therefore who never gives them a vote, must sometime be in the wrong, as well as they, and must, moreover, have some view he will not own. But in a country like ours, where each of the legislative powers is in a manner independent, and where they are defigned as mutual checks upon one another, I have, notwithstanding, so great an opinion of the necessity of an opposition sometimes, that I am convinced it is that which must preserve our conflitution. I will therefore be a country gentleman, in the true fense of the word, and will accept of no favour

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farour that shall make any one think I would not be of the opposition when I think it a necessary one; as, on the other hand, I should scorn to make myself a round to any man's ladder of preferment, or a caballer for the sake of my own.

You say well, Brother, return'd Lady Davers; but you may undoubtedly keep your own principles and independency, and yet pay your duty to the King, and accept of this title; for your family and fortune will be a greater ornament to the title, than the title to you.

Then what occasion have I for it, if that be the

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Why, I can't fay, but I should be glad you had it, for your family's sake, as it is an hereditary honour. Then it would mend the style of your spouse here; for the good girl is at such a loss for an epithet when the writes, that I see the constraint she lies under. It is, My dear Gentleman, My best Friend, My Benefactor, My dear Mr B.; whereas Sir William would turn off her periods more roundly, and no other softer epithets would be wanting.

To me, reply'd he, who always desire to be distinguished as my Pamela's best friend, and think it an honour to be called her dear Mr B. and her dear Man, this reason weighs very little, unless there were no other Sir William in the kingdom than her Sir William; I am very emulous of her savour, I can tell

you, and think it no fmall diffinction.

I blushed at this too great honour, before such company, and was afraid my Lady would be a little piqu'd at it. But, after a pause, she said, Well then, Brother, will you let Pamela decide upon this point?

Rightly nut said the Courses.

Rightly put, faid the Countess. Pray let Mrs B. chuse for you, Sir. My Lady has hit the thing.

Very good, very good, by my foul, fays Lord fackey; let my young aunt, that was his word, chuse for you, Sir.

Well

Well then, Pamela, faid Mr B. give us your opi-

nion, as to this point.

But, first, faid Lady Davers, fay you will be determin'd by it; or else she will be laid under a dif-

Well then, replied he, be it fo. I will be determined by your opinion, my dear: give it me freely.

Lord Jackey rubb'd his hands together, Charming. charming, as I hope to live! By Jove, this is just as I wish'd!

Well, now, Pamela, faid my Lady, speak your true

heart without disguise : I charge you do.

Why then, Gentlemen and Ladies, faid I, if I must be so bold as to speak on a subject, upon which, on feveral accounts, it would become me to be filent, I should be against the title; but perhaps my reason is of too private a nature, to weigh any thing; and if fo, it would not become me to have any choice at all.

They all called upon me for my reason; and I faid, looking down a little abash'd, it is this: Here my dear Mr B. has disparaged himself by distinguishing, as he has done, fuch a low creature as I; and the world will be apt to fay, he is feeking to repair one way the honour he has loft another; and then, perhaps, it will be attributed to my pride and ambition: Here, they will perhaps fay, the proud cottager will needs be a Lady, in hopes to conceal her descent; whereas, had I fuch a vain thought, it would be but making it the more remember'd against both Mr B. and myfelf. And indeed, as to my own part, I take too much pride in having been lifted up into this distinction, for the causes to which I owe it, your Brother's bounty and generofity, to be ashamed of what I was: only now-and-then I am concerned for his own fake, left he should be too much censur'd. But this would not be prevented, but rather be promoted

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Mr B. had hardly patience to hear me out, but came to me, and folding his arms about me, faid, Just as I wish'd, have you answer'd, my beloved Pamela : I was never yet deceiv'd in you; no, not once.

Madam, faid he to the Countels, Lord Davers, Lady Davers, do we want any titles, think you, to make us happy, but what we can confer upon ourfelves? And he press'd my hand to his lips, as he always honours me most in company; and went to his place highly pleas'd; while his fine manner drew tears from my eyes, and made his noble Sifter's and

the Countefs's gliften too.

Well, for my part, faid Lady Davers, thou art a frange girl: Where, as my Brother once faid *, gottett thou all this? Then, pleafantly humorous, as if the was angry, the chang'd her tone, What fignify thy meek words and humble speeches, when by thy actions, as well as fentiments, thou reflectest upon us all? Pamela, faid the, have less merit, or take care to conceal it better: I shall otherwise have no more patience with thee, than thy Monarch has just now thewn.

The Countess was pleased to say, You're a happy couple indeed! And I must needs repeat to you, Mr B. four lines of Sir William Davenant upon a Lady, who could not possibly deferve them so much as yours does:

She ne'er faw courts; but courts co'ud have outdone, With untaught looks, and an unpractis'd heart; Her nets, the most prepar'd could never shun; For nature spread them in the scorn of art.

But, my dear Miss Darnford, how lucky one sometimes is, in having what one fays well accepted ! Ay,

* See Vol. I. p. 40. Vol. III.

that

that is all in all. Since the reason for the answer I gave was so obvious, that one in my circumstances could not have missed it. Yet what compliments had I upon it! 'Tis a sign they were prepar'd to think well of me; and that's my great pleasure and happiness.

Such fort of entertainment as this you are to expect from your correspondent. I cannot do better than I can; and it may appear such a mixture of felf praise, vanity and impertinence, that I expect you will tell me freely, as soon as this comes to your hand, whether it be tolerable to you. Yet I must write on, for my dear father and mother's sake, who require it of me, and are prepared to approve of every thing that comes from me, for no other reason but that: and I think you ought to leave me to write to them only, as I cannot hope it will be entertaining to any body else, without expecting as much partiality and savour from others, as I have from my dear parents Meantime I conclude here my first conversation-piece; and am, and will be,

Always yours, &c.

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LETTER XXX.

Thursday Morning, Six o'Clock.

only Mrs Worden, my Lady's woman, and my Polly attended) was so whimfically particular, (though I doubt some of it, at least, will appear too trifling), that I cannot help acquainting my dear Miss Darnford with it, who is desirous of knowing all that relates to Lady Davers's conduct towards me.

You must know then, that I have the honour to stand very high in the graces of Lord Davers; who

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on every occasion is pleased to call me his good fifter, his dear fifter, and sometimes his charming fifter; and he tells me, he will not be out of my company for an hour together, while he stays here, if he can help it.

My Lady feems to relish this very well in the main, tho' the cannot quite so readily, yet, frame her mouth to the sound of the word fifter, as my Lord does;

of which this that follows is one inflance.

His Lordship had called me by that tender name twice before, and saying, I will drink another dish, I think, my good sister; my Lady said, your Lordship has got a word by the end, that you seem mighty fond of: I have taken notice, that you have called Pamela, sister, sister, sister, no less than three times, in a quarter of an hour.

My Lord looked a little ferious: I shall one day, said he, be allow'd to chuse my own words and phrases, I hope: your fister, Mr B. added he, often questions whether I am at age or not, tho' the house of peers made no scruple of admitting me among

them fome years ago.

Mr B. faid, severely, but with a smiling air, "Tis well she has such a gentleman as your Lordship for a husband, whose affectionate indulgence to her makes you overlook all her faucy sallies! I am sure, when you took her out of our family into your own, we all thought ourselves, I in particular, bound to pray for

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I thought this a great trial of my Lady's patience: but it was from Mr B. And she faid, with a half-pleasant, half-serious air, How now, Considence!— None but my brother could have faid this, whose violent spirit was always much more intolerable than mine: but I can tell you, Mr B. I was always thought very good-humour'd and obliging to everybody, till your impudence came from college, and from your travels; and then, I own, your provoking

voking ways made me now-and-then a little out of

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Well, well, fifter, we'll have no more of this subject; only let us see, that my Lord Davers wants not his proper authority with you, altho' you used to

keep me in awe formerly.

Keep you in awe!—That no body could ever do yet, boy or man —But, my Lord, I beg your pardon; for this brother will make mischief betwixt us if he can—I only took notice of the word sister so often used, which looked more like assectation than affection.

Perhaps, Lady Davers, faid my Lord, gravely, I have two reasons for using the word so frequently.

I'd be glad to hear them, feid the dear taunting Lady; for I don't doubt they're mighty good ones. What are they, my Lord?

One is, because I love, and am fond of my new relation: the other, that you are so sparing of the

word, that I call her fo for us both.

Your Lordship says well, reply'd Mr B. smiling; and Lady Davers can give two reasons why she does

Well, said my Lady, now we are in for't, let us hear your two reasons likewise; I doubt not they're

wife ones too.

If they are yours, Lady Davers, they must be so: One is, that every condescension (to speak in a proud Lady's dialect) comes with as much difficulty from her, as a favour from the house of Austria to the petty princes of Germany. The second, because those of your sex, (excuse me, Madam, to the Countess), who having once made scruples, think it inconsistent with themselves to be over hasty to alter their own conduct, chusing rather to persist in an error, than own it to be one.

This proceeded from his impatience to fee me in the least slighted by my Lady; and I faid to Lord Davers, of

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Davers, to fosten matters, Never, my Lord, were brother and sister so loving in earnest, and yet so satirical upon each other in jest, as my good Lady and Mr. B. But your Ladyship knows their way.

My Lady frown'd at her brother, but turn'd it off with an air: I love the mistress of this house, said the, very well; and am quite reconcil'd to her: but methinks there is such a hissing found in the word sold, but a word I have not been used to, having never had a sist of ter before, as you know. Speaking the first syllable of the word with an emphatical hiss.

Mr B. faid, Observe you not, Lady Davers, that you used a word (to avoid that) which had twice the hissing in it, that sister has?—And that was, mis-sisters, with two other hissing words to accompany it, of this s-s hous-se: but to what childish solies does not pride make one stoop!—Excuse, Madam, (to the Countess) such poor low conversation as we are dwindled into.

O Sir, faid her Ladyship, the conversation is very agreeable; and I think, Lady Davers, you're fairly caught.

Well, faid my Lady, then help me, good fifter, there's for you!—to a little fugar. Will that please you. Sir?

I am always pleas'd, reply'd her brother, fmiling, when Lady Davers acts up to her own character, and the good fense she is miltress of.

Ay, ay, return'd she, my good brother, like other wise men, takes it for granted, that it is a mark of good sense to approve of whatever he does.—And so, for this one time, I am a very sensible body with him—And I'll leave off, while I have his good word. Only one thing I must say to you, my dear, turning to me, that tho' I call you Pamela, and Pamela, as I Q 3 please,

please, I do affure you, I love you as well as if I called you fifter, fifter, as Lord Davers does, at every word.

Your Ladyship gives me great pleasure, said I, in this kind affurance; and I don't doubt but I shall have the honour of being called by that tender name. if I can be so happy as to deserve it; and I'll lose no opportunity that shall be afforded me, to shew how fincerely I will endeavour to do fo.

She was pleafed to rife from her feat: Give mea kifs, my dear girl: you deferve every thing: and permit me to fay Pamela fometimes, as the word occurs; for I am not used to speak in print; and I will call you fifter when I think of it, and love you as

well as ever fifter loved another.

These proud and passionate solks, said Mr B. how good they can be, when they reflect a little on what becomes their characters!

So then, rejoin'd my Lady, I am to have no merit of my own, I fee, do what I will. This is not quite fo generous in my brother, as one might expect.

Why, you faucy fifter, excuse me, Lord Davers, what merit would you affume? Can people merit by doing their duty? And is it fo great a praise, that you think fit to own for a fifter, so deserving a girl as this, whom I take pride in calling my wife?

Thou art what thou always wert, return'd my Lady; and were I in this my imputed pride to want an excuse, I know not the creature living, that ought

fo foon to make one for me, as you.

I do excuse you, said he, for that very reason, if you please: but it little becomes either your pride, or

mine, to do any thing that wants excuse.

Mighty moral! mighty grave, truly!---Pamela, friend, fifter,-there's for you!-thou art a happy girl to have made such a reformation in thy honest man's way of thinking as well as acting. But now we are upon this topic, and none but friends about us.

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us, I am resolved to be even with thee, brother. Jackey, if you are not for another dish, I wish you'd withdraw. Polly Barlow, we don't want you. Beck, you may stay. Mr H. obey'd; and Polly went out: for you must know, Mis, that my Lady Davers will have none of the men-sellows, as she calls them, to attend upon us at tea. And I cannot say but I think her entirely in the right, for several reasons

that might be given.

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bout us, When they were withdrawn, my Lady repeated, Now we are upon this topic of reclaiming and reformation, tell me, thou bold wretch; for you know I have feen all your rogueries in Pamela's papers; tell me, if ever rake but thyfelf made fuch an attempt as thou didft, on this dear good girl, in prefence of a virtuous woman, as Mrs Jervis always was noted to be?—As to the other vile creature Jewkes, 'tis less wonder, although in that thou hadft the impudence of him who fet thee to work: but to make thy attempt before Mrs Jervis, and in spite of her struggles and reproaches, was the very stretch of shame-less wickedness.

Mr B. feem'd a little disconcerted, and said, Surely, surely, Lady Davers, this is going too far! look at Pamela's blushing sace, and downcast eye, and wonder at yourself for this question, as much as you

do at me for the action you speak of.

The Countess said to me, My dear Mrs B. I wonder not at this sweet consusion on so affecting a question; but, indeed, since it has come in so naturally, I must say, Mr B. that we have all, and my daughters too, wonder'd at this, more than at any part of your attempts; because, Sir, we thought you one of the most civiliz'd men in England, and that you could not but wish to have saved appearances at least.

Though this, faid Mr B. is to you, my Pamela, the renewal of griefs; yet hold up your dear face.

You

You may—the triumph was yours—the shame and the blushes ought to be mine—and I will humour my faucy lister in all the would have me fay.

Nay, faid Lady Davers, you know the question:

I cannot put it stronger.

That's very true, reply'd he.—But would you expect I should give you a reason for an attempt that appears to you so very shocking?

Nay, Sir, faid the Countefs, don't fay appears to Lady Davers; for (excuse me) it will appear so to

every one who hears of it.

I think my brother is too hardly used, said Lord Davers: he has made all the amends he could make: and you, my sitter, who were the person offended,

forgive him now, I hope; don't you?

I could not answer; for I was quite consounded; and made a motion to withdraw: but Mr B. said, Don't go, my dear: tho' I ought to be asham'd of an action set before me in so full a glare, in presence of Lord Davers and the Countes;—yet I will not have you slir, because I forget how you represented it, and you must tell me.

Indeed Sir, I cannot, faid I: pray, my dear Ladies, pray, my good Lord, and dear Sir, don't thus renew my griefs, as you were pleas'd justly to phrase it.

I have the representation of that scene in my pocket, said my Lady; for I was resolved, as I told Lady Betty, to shame the wicked wretch with it the first opportunity I had; and I'll read it to you! or, rather, you shall read it yourself, bold-sace! if you can.

So she pulled those leaves out of her pocket, wrapp'd up carefully in a paper.—Here,—I believe he who could act thus, must read it; and, to spare Panela's confusion, read it to yourself; for we all know how it was.

I think, said he, taking the papers, I can say something that will abate the heinousness of this heavy charge, he

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and Just of the charge, or elfe I should not stand thus at the insolent

I fend you, my dear Miss Darnford, a transcript of the charge, as follows:—To be sure, you'll say, he was a very wicked man.

[See Vol. I. p. 74. & feq.]

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Mr B. read this to himself, and said, This is a dark affair, as it is here stated; and I can't say, but Pamela, and Mrs Jervis too, had a great deal of reason to apprehend the worst: but surely readers of it, who were less parties in the supposed attempt, and who were not determined at all events to condemn me, might have made a more savourable construction for me, than you, Lady Davers, have done in the strong light in which you have set this heinous matter before us.

However, since my Lady, bowing to the Countes, and Lord Davers, seem to expect, that I shall particularly answer to this black charge, I will at a proper time, if it will be agreeable, give you a brief history of my passion for this dear girl, how it commenc'd and increas'd, and my own struggles with it: and this will introduce, with some little advantage to myself perhaps, what I have to say, as to this supposed attempt; and at the same time enable you the better to account for some facts which you have read in my pretty accuser's papers.

This pleased every one, and they begged him to begin then: but he said, It was time we should think of dressing, the morning being far advanc'd; and if no company came in, he would, in the asternoon, give them the particulars they desired to hear.

The three gentlemen rode out, and returned just time enough to dress before dinner; and my Lady and the Countess also took an airing in the chariot. Just as they returned, compliments came from several of the neighbouring Ladies to our noble guests, on their arrival in these parts; and, to as many as sent,

Lady

Lady Davers desir'd their companies for to-morrow in the afternoon, to tea: but Mr B. having fallen in with some of the gentlemen likewise, he told me, we should have most of our visiting neighbours at dinner, and desir'd Mrs Jervis might prepare ac-

cordingly for them.

After dinner Mr H. took a ride out, attended by Mr Colbrand, of whom he is very fond, ever fince he freighten'd Lady Davers's footmen at the hall, threatening * to chine them, if they offer'd to stop his Lady; for, he says, he loves a man of courage; very probably knowing his own desects that way; for my Lady often calls him a chicken-hearted sellow. And then Lord and Lady Davers, and the Countess, reviv'd the subject of the morning; and Mr B. was pleased to begin in the manner I shall mention by-and by. For here I am obliged to break off.

Now, my dear Miss Darnford, I will proceed.

I need not, faid Mr B. observe to any body who knows what love is, (or rather that violent passion

which we mad young fellows are apt to miscal

love), what mean things it puts one upon; how it unmans, and levels with the dust, the proudest

fpirit. In the fequel of my ftory you will observe

· feveral instances of this truth.

I began very early to take notice of this lovely girl, even when she was hardly thirteen years old; for her charms increased every day, not only in my eye, but in the eyes of every one who beheld her. My Mother, as you, Lady Davers, know, took the greatest delight in her, always calling her, her Pamela, her good child: and her waiting maid, and her cabinet of rarities, were her boasts, and equally shewn to every visitor for besides

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^{*} See Vol. II. p. 250.

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the beauty of her figure, and the genteel air of her person, the dear girl had a surprising memory, a solidity of judgement above her years, and a docility so unequall'd, that she took all parts of learning, which her Lady, as fond of instructing her, as she of improving by instruction, crowded upon her; in so much that she had masters to teach her to dance, to sing, and to play on the spinnet, whom she every day surpris'd by the readiness wherewith the took every thing.

before me, and my aunt B. (who is fince dead) I could not but take notice to her of her fondness for her, and said, What do you design, Madam, to do with, or to do for, this Pamela of yours? The accomplishments you give her will do her more

hurt than good: for they will fet her so much above her degree, that what you intend as a kindness may prove her ruin.

'My aunt joined with me, and spoke in a still stronger manner against giving her such an education; and added, as I well remember, Surely, sister, you do wrong. One would think, if one knew not my nephew's discreet pride, that you design her for something more than your own waiting-maid.

Ah! fister, said the old Lady, there is no fear of what you hint at: his samily pride, and stately temper, will secure my son: he has too much of his father in him—And as for Pamela, you know not the girl. She has always in her thoughts, and in her mouth too, her parents mean condition; and I shall do nothing for them, at least at present, though they are honest solks, and deserve well, because I will keep the girl humble.

But what can I do with the little baggage? continued my mother; she conquers every thing so fast, and has such a thirst after knowledge, and the more she knows, I verily think, the humbler she is, that I cannot help letting go, as my fon, when a little boy, used to do to his kire, as fast as she pulle!

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and to what height fhe'll foar I can't tell.

I intended, proceeded the good Lady, at first. only to make her mittress of some fine needleworks, to qualify her (as she has a delicacy in her person, that makes it a pity she should ever be put to hard work) for a genteel place: but the mafters that fo faft, that now, as my daughter is marry'd. and gone from me, I am defirous to qualify her to divert and entertain me in my thoughtful hours: and were you, fifter, to know what the is capable of, and how diverting her innocent prattle is to me, and her natural simplicity, which I encourage her to preferve amidst all she learns, you would not, onor my fon neither, wonder at the pleasure I take in her.—Shall I call her in?

I don't want, faid I, to have the girl call'd in: if vou, Madam, are diverted with her, that's enough.

-To be fure Pamela is a better companion for a

· Lady, than a monkey or a harlequin: but I feat · you'll fet her above herfelf, and make her vain and

* pert; and that, at laft, in order to support her pride,

• the may fall into temptations which may be fatal

to herfelf, and others to.

I'm glad to hear this from my fon, reply'd the good Lady But the moment I fee my favour puffs

her up, I shall take other measures.

Well, thought I to myfelf, I only want to conceal my views from your penetrating eye, my good Mother; and I shall one day take as much delight in vour girl, and her accomplishments, as you now do: fo, go on, and improve her as fast as you will. · I'll only now and then talk against her, to blind you; and doubt not that all you bestow upon her, will qualify her the better for my purpose. - Only, thought I, fly swiftly on, two or three more tardy

e years, and I'll nip this bud by the time it begins to open, open, and place it in my bosom for a year or two at least; for so long, if the girl behaves worthy of her education, I doubt not, the'll be new to me.

· Excuse me, Ladies ; excuse me, Lord Davers : if

· I am not ingenuous, I had better be filent.'

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I will, as little as possible, interrupt this affecting narration, by mentioning my own alternate blushes, confusions, and exclamations, as the naughty man went on; nor the censures, and many Out-upon-you's of the attentive Ladies, and Fie, Brother's, of Lord Davers; nor yet with apologies for the praises on myself, so frequently intermingled—contenting myself to give you, as near as I can recollect, the very sentences of the dear relator. And as to our occasional exclaimings and observations, you may suppose what they were.

So, continued Mr B. I went on dropping hints against her now-and-then; and whenever I met her, in the passages about the house, or in the garden, avoiding to look at her, or to speak to her, as the passed me, curt'sying, and putting on . a thousand bewitching airs of obligingness and reverence; while I (who thought that the best way to demolish the influence of fuch an education, would be to avoid alarming her fears on one hand, or to familiarize myfelf to her on the other, till I came to strike the blow) looked haughty and referved, and paffed by her with a stiff nod, at Or, if I spoke, How does your Lady thi morning, girl?-I hope the retted well latt night: then, covered with blushes, and curt'fying at every word, as if she thought herself unworthy of answering my questions, she'd trip away in a kind of hurry and confusion, as soon as she had spoken. And once I heard her say to Mrs VOL. III. R

Fervis, Dear Sirs, my young master spoke to me, and called me by my name, saying, How slept your Lady last night, Pamela? Was not that very good, Mrs Jervis, was it not? Ay, thought I, I'm in the right way, I find: this will do in proper time. Go on, my dear Mother, improving as fast as you will: I'll engage to pull down in three hours what you'll be building up in as many years,

in spite of all the lessons you can teach her.

"Tis enough for me, that I am establishing in ' you, Ladies, and in you, my Lord, a higher efteem for my Pamela, (I am but too fensible I shall lofe a good deal of my own reputation), in the relation I am now giving you. Every-one but my Mother, who, however had no high opinion of her fon's virtue, used to look upon me as a rake; and I got the aname, not very much to my credit, you'll fay, as well abroad as in England, of The fober rake; -- fome would fay, The genteel rake; nay, for that matter, some pretty hearts, that have smarted for their good opinion, have called me The handfime · rake :- But whatever other epithet I was diffine guished by, it all concluded in rake or libertine: onor was I very much offended at the character; for, thought I, if a Lady knows this, and will come into my company, half the ceremony between us is over; and if the calls me fo, I thall have an exe cellent excuse to punish her freedom, by greater of my own.

• So I dress'd, grew more and more confident, and became as infolent withal, as if, though I had not Lady Davers's wit and virtue, I had all her spirit, (excuse me, Lady Davers); and having a pretty bold heart, which rather put me upon courting than avoiding a danger or difficulty, I had but too much my way with every-body; and many a menac'd complaint have I look'd down with a haughty

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air, and a promptitude, like that of Colbrand's to your footmen at the hall, to clap my hand to my fide: which was of the greater service to my bold enterprises, as two or three gentlemen had found I knew how to be in earnest.'

Ha! faid my Lady, thou wast ever an impudent sellow; and many a vile roguery have I kept from my poor Mother.—Yet, to my knowledge she thought you no faint.

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cared she should.

Ay, poor Lady, continued he, she used nowand-then to catechize me; and was sure I was not
so good as I ought to be:—for, Son, she would
cry, these late hours, these all-night works, and
to come home so sober, cannot be right.—I'm not
sure, if I were to know all, (and yet I'm asraid of
inquiring after your ways), whether I should not
have reason to wish you were brought home in
wine, rather than to come in so sober, as so late,
as you do.

Once, I remember, in the summer-time, I came home about six in the morning, and met the good Lady unexpectedly by the garden back-door, of which I had a key to let myself in at all hours. I started, and would have avoided her, as soon as I saw her: but she called me to her, and then I approach'd her, with an air. What brings you, Madam, into the garden at so early an hour! turning my sace from her; for I had a sew scratches on my forehead,—with a thorn, or so,—which I seared she would be more inquisitive about than I

And what makes you, faid she, so early here, Billy?—What a rakish sigure do t thou make!—
One time or other these courses will yield you but little comfort, on reslection: would to God thou wast but happily marry'd!

R 2

So, Madam, the old with !- I'm not fo bad as · you think me ;- I hope I have not merited fo great

a punishment.

. Thefe hints I give, not as matter of glory, but fhame : yet I ought to tell you all the truth, or no. thing. Meantime, thought I, (for I used, as I mentioned in the morning, to have some compunction · for my vile practices, when cool reflection, brought on by fatiety, had taken hold of me), I with this · fweet girl was grown to years of fusceptibility, that · I might reform this wicked course of life, and not · prowl about, diffurbing honest folks peace, and · endangering myfelf. And as I had by a certain very daring and wicked attempt, in which however I did not fucceed, fet a hornet's nest about my ears, which I began to apprehend would fling me · to death; having once escap'd an ambuth, by dint of mere good luck; I thought it was better to re-· move the feat of my warfare into another kingdom, and to be a little more discreet for the future So I went to France a fecond in my amours. time, as you know, fifter; and paffed a twelve-· month there in the best of company, and with fome improvement both to my morals and under-· standing; and had very few fallies, considering · my love of intrigue, and the ample means I had to · profecute successfully all the defires of my heart.

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· When I return'd, feveral matches were proposed to me, and my good Mother often requested me to make her fo happy, as the called it, as to fee me · marry'd before she dy'd: but I could not endute · the thoughts of the state; for I never faw a Lady whose temper and education I liked; or with whom · I thought I could live tolerably *. She used in vain therefore to plead family reasons to me : like

^{*} See for his particular reasons against marrying, Vol. II. p. 312, &c.

most young fellows, I was too much a self-lover, to pay so great a regard to posterity; and, to say truth, had very little solicitude at that time, whether my name were continued or not, in my own descendants. However, upon my return, I look'd upon my Mother's Pamela with no small pleasure, and I found her so much improved, as well in person as behaviour, that I had the less inducement either to renew my intriguing life, or to think of a marry'd state.

Yet, as my Mother had all her eyes about her, as the phrase is, I affected great shyness, both before her, and to the girl; for I doubted not, my very
looks would be watched by them both; and what
the one discovered would not be a secret to the
other; and laying myself open to too early a sufpicion, I thought would but ice the girl over, and

· make her Lady more watchful.

• So I used to go into my Mother's apartment, and • come out of it, without taking the least notice of • her, but put on stiff airs; and, as she always with-• drew when I came in, I never made any pretence

to keep her there.

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Once indeed, my Mother, on my looking after her, when her back was turn'd, faid, My dear fon, I don't like your eye following my girl fo intently, only I know that sparkling lustre natural to it, or I should have some fear for my Pamela, as she grows older.

I look after her, Madam!—My eyes sparkle at fuch a girl as that! No indeed!—She may be your favourite as a waiting-maid; but I see nothing but clumsy curt sies in her, and aukward airs about her. A little rustic affectation of innocence, that, to such as cannot see into her, may pass well enough.

Nay, my dear, reply'd my Mother, don't fay that of all things. She has no affectation, I am fure.

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' Yes, the has, in my eye, Madam; and I'll tell vou how it comes about: You have taught her to · assume the airs of a gentlewoman, to dance, and to enter a room with a grace; and yet bid her s keep her low birth and family in view: And beween the one character, which the wants to get into, and the other she dares not get out of, she trips up and down mincingly, and knows not how to fet her feet : fo 'tis the fame in every gesture; · her arms the knows not whether to fwim with, or o to hold before her; nor whether to hold her head up, or down; and fo does neither, but hangs it on one fide: a little aukward piece of one and ' t'other, I think her .- And indeed, Madam, you'd do the girl more kindness to put her into your · dairy, than to keep her about your person, for · she'll be utterly spoil'd, I doubt, for any useful purpoie.

Ah, Son! faid she, I fear by your description,
you have minded her too much in one sense, tho

onot enough in another. 'Tis not my intention to recommend her to your notice, of all men: and I

doubt not, if it please God I live, and she continues

to be a good girl; but she will make a man, of fome middling, genteel business, very happy.

• Pamela came in just then, with an air so natural,
• so humble, and yet so much above herself, that I

was forc'd to turn my head from her, left my
 Mother should watch my eye again, and lest I should

be inclin'd to do her that justice, which my heart affented to, but which my lips had just before

deny'd her.

All my difficulty, in apprehension, was, my good Mother: the effect of whose lessons to her girl, I was not, however, so much afraid of,

as her vigilance. For, thought I, I see by the delicacy of her person, the brilliancy of her eye, and

the fweet apprehensiveness that plays about every

feature of her face, that she must have tinder enough in her conflitution, to catch a well-ftrack foark; and I'll warrant I shall know how to fet

her in a blaze, in a few months more.

· Yet I wanted, as I pals'd, to catch her attention too: I expected her to turn after me, and look fo, as to flew a beginning liking towards me; for, you must know, I had a great opinion of my person and air, which had been fortunately diftinguished by Ladies, whom, of courfe, my vanity made me allow to be very good judges of these outward ad-

vantages.

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I'll give your Ladyships an instance of this my vanity, in a catch I made extempore, to a Lady whom I had been urging to give me fome proofs of a love, that I had the confidence to tell her. I was fure the had in her heart for me: the was a lively Lady; and laughing, faid, Whoever admir'd me, it must be for my confidence, and nothing else: but urging her farther, Why, faid he, brazen man, (for the call'd names, like Lady Davers), what would you have me fay? I would love you, if I could :- But -- here interrupting her, and putting on a free air, I half faid, and half fung,

You'd love me, you fay, if you cou'd! Why, thou mak'st me a very odd creature; I prythee survey me again ; What canst thou object to my seature?

This shew'd my vanity : and I answer'd for the Lady;

Why nothing.-Very well-Then I'm fure you'll admit. That the choice I have made, is a fign of my WIT.

· But,

But, to my great disappointment, Pamela never, by any favourable glance, gave the least encouragement to my vanity. Well, thought I, this girl has certainly nothing ethereal in her mould: all unanimated clay!—But the dancing and singing airs my Mother is teaching her, will make her better qualify'd in time, and another year will ripen her into my arms, no doubt of it. Let me only go on in my present way, and make her fear me: that will inhance on her mind, every favour I shall afterwards vouchfase to shew her; and never question, old humdrum virtue, thought I, but the tempter without, and the tempter within, will be too many for the perversest nicety that ever the sex boasted.

Yet, though I could not once attract her eye towards me, she never fail'd to draw mine after her, whenever she went by me, or where-ever I saw her, except, as I said, in my Mother's presence;

and particularly, when she had passed me, and

could not fee me look at her, without turning her head, as I expected fo often from her in vain.

You will wonder, Lord Davers, who, I suppose,
 was once in love, or you'd never have marry'd such an hostile spirit, as my sister's there—

Go on, fauce-box, faid fhe, I won't interrupt you.

You will wonder how I could behave so coolly,
as to escape all discovery so long from a Lady so
watchful as my Mother; and from the apprehenshveness of the girl; for, high or low, every individual of the fex is quick as lightning to imaginations of this kind: and besides, well says the

poet:

Men without love, have oft so cunning grown, That something like it, they have shown; But none who had it, e'er seem'd to have none.

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Love's of a strangely open, simple kind, Can no arts or disguises find: But thinks none sees it, 'cause itself is blind.

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But to fay nothing of her tender years, and that my love was not of this bathful fort, I was not absolutely determined, so great was my pride, that I ought to think her worthy of being my mistress, when I had not much reason, as I thought, to despair of prevailing upon persons of higher birth (were I disposed to try) to live with me upon my own terms. My pride therefore kept my passion at bay, as I may say: so far was I from imagining I should ever be brought to what has since happen'd! But to proceed:

Hitherto my mind was taken up with the beauties of her person only. My Eve had drawn my
HEART after it, without giving myself any trouble
about that sense and judgement, which my Mother
was always praising in her Pamela, as exceeding
her years and opportunities: but an occasion happened, which, though slight in itself, took the
HEAD into the party, and made me think of her,
young as she was, with a distinction, that before I

had not for her. It was this:

Being with my Mother in her closet, who was talking to me on the old subject, matrimony, I saw Pamela's common-place book, as I may call it: in which, by her Lady's direction, from time to time, she had transcrib'd from the Bible, and other good books, such passages as made most impression upon her, as she read. A method, I take it, my dear, turning to me, that was of great service to you, as it initiated you into writing with that steedom and ease, which shine in your saucy letters and journals; and to which my present setters are not a little owing: just as pedlars catch monkeys in the baboon kingdoms, provoking the attentive sools,

by their own example, to put on shoes and fock.

ings, till the apes of imitation, trying to do the like, intangle their feet, and fo cannot escape upon

the boughs of the tree of liberty, on which before they were wont to hop, and fkip about, and plays

thousand puggish tricks.

I observ'd the girl wrote a pretty hand, and very swift and free; and affixed her points or stops with

fo much judgement, (her years confidered), that I began to have an high opinion of her understand.

ing. Some observations likewise upon several of the passages were so just and solid, that I could not

help being tacitly furprifed at them.

My Mother watched my eye, and was filent: I feemed not to observe that she did; and aftera

while, laid down the book, shutting it with great

undifference, and talking of another subject.
Upon this, my Mother said, Don't you think

· Pamela writes a pretty hand, fon?

I did not mind it much, faid I, with a careless air. This is her writing, is it? taking the book

and opening it again, at a place of scripture. The

girl is mighty pious! faid I.
I wish you were so, child.

I wish fo too, Madam, if it would please you.

I wish fo, for your own fake, child.

. So do I, Madam; and down I laid the book

again very carelefsly.

Look once more in it, faid she, and see if you can't open it upon some place that may strike you.

· I open'd it at, Train up a child in the way to flould go, &c. I fancy, faid I, when I was at Pa-

mela's age, I was pretty near as good as she.

Never, never, faid my Mother; I'm fure I took great pains with you; but, alas! to very little purpose. You had always a violent headstrong will!

Some allowances for boys and girls, I hope,
Madam: but you fee I am as good for a man as

my fister for a woman.

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No indeed you are not, I do affure you.

I am forry for that, Madam: you give me a fad

Brazen wretch ! faid my Lady : but go on.

Turn to one of the girl's observations on some

text, faid my Mother.

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I did; and was pleased with it more than I would own. The girl's well enough, said I, for what she is; but let's see what she'll be a few years hence. Then will be the trial.

. She'll be always good, I doubt not.

So much the better for her.—But can't we talk of any other subject? You complain how seldom I attend you, Madam; and indeed, when you are always talking of matrimony, or of this low-born raw girl, it must needs lessen the pleasure of ap-

proaching you.

Lord, I had a still higher opinion of Pamela; and esteem'd her more worthy of my attempts: For, thought I, the girl has good sense, and it will be some pleasure to watch by what gradations she may be made to rise into love, and into an higher life, than that to which she was born. And so I began to think she would be worthy in time of being my Mistress, which till now, as I said before, I had been a little scrupulous about.

I took a little tour foon after this, in company of fome friends, with whom I had contracted an intimacy abroad, into Scotland and Ireland, they having a curiofity to fee those countries, and we spent fix or eight months on this expedition; and when I had landed them in France, I returned home, and found my good Mother in a very indifferent state of health; but her Pamela arrived to a height of beauty and perfection, which exceeded all my expectations. I was so much taken

e with

with her charms the first time I saw her, after my return, which was in the garden with a book in her hand, just come out of a little summer-house, that I then thought of obliging her to go back again, in order to begin a parley with her: but while I was resolving, she tript away, with her curt sies and

e reverences, and was out of my fight before I could

determine.

• I was refolved, however, not to be long without
• her; and Mrs Jewkes having been recommended
• to me a little before, by a brother-rake, as a wo• man of try'd fidelity, I ask'd her, If she would be

faithful, if I should have occasion to commit a pretty

She hop'd, the faid, it would be with the Lady's own confent, and the should make no scruple in

obeying me.

So I thought I would way-lay the girl, and carry
her first to a little village in Northamptonsbire, to
an acquaintance of Mrs Jewkes's. And when I
had brought her to be easy and pacify'd a little, I

defign'd that Jewkes should attend her to * Lincolnflire: for I knew, there was no coming at her

here, under my Mother's wing, by her own confent, and that to offer terms to her, would be to

· blow up my project all at once. Besides, I was · sensible, that Mrs Jervis would stand in the way of

· my proceedings, as well as my Mother.

I he method I had contrived, was quite easy, as I imagined, and such as could not have failed to answer my purpose, as to carrying her off; and I

doubted not of making her well fatisfy'd in her good fortune very quickly; for, having a notion of

her affectionate duty to her parents, I was not difpleafed, that I could make the terms very eafy and

· happy to them all.

* See Vol. I. p. 140. 1. 7.

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What most stood in my way, was my Mother's fondness for her: but on the supposition, that I had got her savourite in my hands, which appeared to me, as I said, a task very easy to be conquered, I had actually form'd a letter for her to transcribe, acknowledging a love-affair, and laying her withdrawing herself so privately, to the implicit obedience she ow'd to her husband's commands, to whom she was marry'd that morning, and who, being a young Gentleman of a genteel samily, and dependent on his friends, was desirous of keeping it all a prosound secret; and begging, on that account, her Lady not to divulge it, so much as to Mrs Jervis.

And to prepare for this, and make her escape the more probable, when matters were ripe for my plot, I came in one night, and examin'd all the fervants, and Mrs fervis, the latter in my Mother's hearing, about a genteel young man, whom I pretended to find with a pillion on the horse he rode upon, waiting about the back-door of the garden, for somebody to come to him; and who rode off, when I came up to the door, as fast as he

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Nobody knew any thing of the matter, and they were much furprifed at what I told them: but I begg'd Pamela might be watched, and that no one

would fay any thing to her about it.

My Mother faid, the had two reasons not to speak of it to Pamela; one to oblige me; the other and chief, because it would break the poor innocent girl's heart, to be suspected. Poor dear child! said the, whither can she go, to be so happy as with me? Would it not be inevitable ruin to her to leave me? There is nobody comes after her: she receives no letters, but now-and-then one from her father and mother, and those she shews me.

VOL. III.

S

Well,

Well, reply'd I, I hope she can have no design;
'twould be strange if she had formed any to leave so
good a Mistress: but you can't be fure all the letters she receives are from her father: and her
shewing to you, Madam, those he writes, looks
like a cloak to others, she may receive from another hand. But it can be no harm to have an eye

upon her. You don't know, Madam, what tricks there are in the world.

Not I, indeed; but only this I know, that the girl shall be under no restraint, if she is resolv'd to leave me, well as I love her.

Mrs Jervis said, she would have an eye upon Pamela, in obedience to my command; but she

was fure there was no need; nor would she so much wound the poor child's peace, as to mention

the matter to her.

This I fuffered to blow off, and feem'd to my
Mother to have fo good an opinion of her Pamela,
that I was forry, as I told her. I had fuch a furnife:

that I was forry, as I told her, I had fuch a furmife:
faying, that the the fellow and the pillion were an

odd circumstance, yet I dared to say, there could

• be nothing in it: for I doubted not, the girl's duty • and gratitude would hinder her from doing a foolish

or a rafh thing.

This my Mother heard with pleasure; altho'
my motive to it, was but to lay her Pamela on the
thicker to her, when she was to be told she had

· escaped.

She faid, she was glad I was not an enemy to the
poor child. Pamela has no friend but me, continued the good Lady; and if I don't provide for her,
I shall have done her more harm than good, (as
you and your aunt B. have often faid), in the ac-

complishments I have given her: and yet the poor girl, I fee that, added she, would not be backward

to turn her hand to any thing for the fake of an

honest livelihood, were she put to it; which, if it

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please God to spare me, and she continues good, the never shall be.

• I wonder not, Pamela, at your tears on this occasson. Your Lady was an excellent woman, and
deserved this tribute to her memory. All my pleafure now is, that she knew not half my wicked
pranks, and that I did not vex her worthy heart in
the prosecution of this scheme; which would have
given me a severe sting, inasmuch as I might have
apprehended, with too much reason, that I had
shorten'd her days by the knowledge of the one and
the other.

· I had thus in readiness every thing necessary for the execution of my project: but my Mother's ill fate of health gave me too much concern, to permit me to proceed. And, now and then, as my frequent attendance upon her in her illness gave " me an opportunity of observing more and more of the girl, and her affectionate duty, and continual tears, (finding her frequently on her knees praying for her Mistress), I was moved to pity her : and often did I, while those scenes of my Mother's illness and decline were before me, resolve to conquer, if possible, my guilty passion, as those scenes taught me, while their impressions held, justly to call it; and I was much concerned I found it a more difficult task than I imagin'd : for, till now, I thought it principally owing to my usual enterprifing temper, and a love of intrigue; and that I had nothing to do but to refolve against it, and to subdue it.

But I found I was greatly mistaken; for I had insensibly brought myself to admire her in every thing she said or did; and there was so much grace-sulpers, humility, and innocence in her whole behaviour, and I saw so many melting scenes between her Lady and her, that I sound I could not master my esteem for her.

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My Mother's illness increasing beyond hopes of e recovery, and having fettled all her greater affairs.

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fhe talked to me of her fervants : I asked her what

he would have done for Pamela and Mrs Fervis? Make Mrs Jervis, my dear fon, faid fhe, as happy as you can: the is a gentleweman born. vou know; let her always be treated as fuch: but. for your own fake, don't make her independent ; for then you'll want a faithful manager. Yet, if you

" marry, and your Lady should not value her as she

deferves, allow her a competency for the rest of her · life, and let her live as the pleases. As for Pamela, I hope you will be her protector; I hope you will !- She is a good girl: I · love her next to you and your dear fifter. She is · just arrived at a trying time of life. I don't know what to fay for her. What I had defign'd was, that · if any man of a genteel calling should offer, I would have given her a little pretty portion, had · God spared my life till then. But if she should be · made independent, some idle fellow perhaps might fnap her up; for the is very pretty : or if the thould carry what you give her to her poor parents, as her duty would lead her to do, they are fo unhappily involv'd, that a little matter would be nothing to them, and the poor girl might be to feek again. · Perhaps Lady Davers will take her. But I wish she was not fo pretty! She will be likely to be the bird for which fome wicked fowler will spread his snares; or, it may be, every Lady will not chuse to have fuch a waiting maid. You are a young Gentleman, and, I am forry to fay it, not better than I wish you to be. - Tho' I hope my Pamela would not be in danger from her mafter, who owes to all his · fervants protection, as much as a king does to his · fubjects. Yet I don't know how to wish her to flay with you,-for your own reputation's fake, my dear fon ;-for the world will censure as it lifts.

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. - Would to God! faid she, the dear girl had the fmall-pox in a mortifying manner: she'd be lovely enough in the genteelness of her person, and the excellencies of her mind; and more out of danger of fuffering from the transient beauties of countenance. Yet I think, added the, the might be fafe and happy under Mrs Jervis's care; and if you marry, and your Lady parts with Mrs Fervis, let e'em go together, and live as they like .- I think that will be the best for both .- And you have a generous spirit enough: I will not direct you in the But, my dear fon, remember that I quantum. am the less concerned, that I have not done for the poor girl myfelf, because I depend upon you: The manner how fitty to provide for her, has made me defer it till now, that I have fo much more important concerns on my hands; life and ftrength ebbing fo fast, that I am hardly fit for any thing, or to wish for any thing, but to receive the latt re-· leasing stroke.

Here he stopp'd, being under some concern himfelf, and we in much more. At latt he resum'd the subject:

You will too naturally think, my Lord, and you, my good Ladies, that the mind must be truly diabolical, that could break through the regard due to the solemn injunctions and recommendations of a dying parent. They did hold me a good while indeed; and as fast as I found any emotions of a contrary nature rise in my breast, I endeavoured for some time to suppress them, and to think and act as I ought: but the dear bewitching girl everyday rose in her charms upon me: and, finding she still continued the use of her pen and ink, I could not help entertaining a jealousy, that she was writing to some body who stood well in her opinion; and my love for her, and my own spirit of intrigue,

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intrigue, made it a sweetheart of course. And I could not help watching her motions; and feeing her once putting a letter the had just folded up, into her bosom, at my entrance into my Mother's dreff. ing room, I made no doubt of detecting her, and her correspondent; and so I took the letter from · her * ftays, the trembling and curt'fying with a · fweet confusion; and highly pleased I was to find · it contained nothing but innocence and duty to the · deceafed Mistress, and the loving Parents, expressing her joy, that in the midt of her grief for · lofing the one, the was not obliged to return to be · a burden to the other: and I gave it her again, with words of encouragement, and went down · much better fatisfied, than I had been, with her correspondents.

• But when I reflected upon the innocent fimplicity
• of her style, I was still more in love with her, and
• form'd a stratagem, and succeeded in it, to come

at her other letters †, which I fent forward, after

I had read them, all but three or four, which I kept back, when my plot began to ripen for execution;

altho' the little flut was most abominably free with

my character to her father and mother.

You will censure me, no doubt, that my Mo ther's injunctions made not a more lasting impression upon me. But really I struggled hard with myself to give them their due force; and the dear girl, as I said, every day grew lovelier and more accomplish'd. Her letters were but so many links to the chains in which she had bound me; and tho once I had resolved to part with her to Lady Davers, and you, Madam, had an intention to take her, I could not for my life give her up; and thinking at that time more honourably of the state of a mistress

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 3. † See Vol. I. p. 104. 115. † See Vol. I. p. 8.

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than I have done fince, I could not perfuade myfelf, fince I intended to do as handsomely by her as ever man did to a Lady in that fituation), but that · I should do better for her than my Mother had wished me to do, and so more than answer all her iniunctions, as to the providing for her : and I could not imagine I should have met with a refistance from her, that I had feldom encounter'd from perfons much her superiors as to descent; and was amaz'd at it; for it confounded me in all the notions · I had of her fex, which, like a true libertine, I fupopofed wanted nothing but importunity and opportunity, a bold attempter, and a mind not ungenerous. · Sometimes I admired her for her virtue; at other times, impetuous in my temper, and unus'd to controul, I could have beat her. She well, I remember, describes the tumults of my soul, when the repeats what once passed between us, in words like thefe: " * Take the little witch from me, Mrs " Jervis .- I can neither bear, nor forbear her .-" But ftay-you shan't go-Yet begone !- No, come " back again."- She thought I was mad, I remember the fays in her papers. Indeed I was little lefs. · She fays, " I took her arm, and grip'd it black " and blue, to bring her back again; and then fat "down and look'd at her as filly as fuch a poor girl " as the !"

Well did the dear flut describe the passion I struggled with; and no one can conceive how much my
pride made me despise myself at times for the little
actions my love for her put me upon, and yet to
find that love increasing every day, as her charms
and her resistance increased.

· I have caught myself in a raging fit, sometimes · vowing I would have her; and at others jealous, · that, to secure herself from my attempts, she would

[.] See Vol. I. p. 67.

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throw herfelf into the arms of fome menial or infe rior, whom otherwise she would not have thoughtof.

· Sometimes I foothed her, fometimes threaten'd

her; but never was fuch courage, when the apprehended her virtue was in danger, mixed with fo

much humility, when her fears gave way to her

hopes of a juster treatment.

. Then I would think it impossible, (so flight an opinion had I of woman's virtue), that fuch a girl as this, cottage-born, who owed every thing to my family, and had an absolute dependence upon my pleasure; myself not despicable in person or mind. as I supposed; she unprejudiced in any man's favour; at an age susceptible of impressions; and a frame and conflitution not ice nor fnow: furely, thought I, all this frost must be owing to the want of fire in my attempts to thaw it; I used to dare · more, and fucceed better. Shall fuch a girl as this awe me by her rigid virtue? No, the thall not. . Then I would resolve to be more in earnest. Yet my love was a traitor to me: that was more faithful to her than to me: it had more honour in it at bottom, than I had defigned it should have. Aw'd by her unaffected innocence, and a virtue I had · never before encounter'd, fo uniform and immove-· able, the moment I faw her I was half difarm'd; and I courted her consent to that, which the' I was onot likely to obtain, yet it went against me to think of extorting by violence. Yet marriage was never in my thoughts; I fcorn'd fo much as to promife it. · To what numberless mean things did not this unmanly passion subject me?-I used to watch for her letters, tho' mere prittle-prattle and chit-chat, · receiv'd them with burning impatience, and read them with delight, tho' myfelf was accused in them,

and ftigmatiz'd as I deferv'd. · I would liften meanly at her chamber-door; try to over-hear her little conversations; in vain at-6 tempted tempted to suborn Mrs Jervis to my purposes, inconfistently talking of honour, when no one step
I took, or action I attempted, shewed any thing
like it; lost my dignity among my servants; made
a party in her savour against me, of every body,
but whom my money corrupted, and that hardly
fussicient to keep my partisans steady to my interest; so greatly did the virtue of the servants triumph
over the vice of the master, when consirmed by
fuch an example!

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Davers, in my narration: but I am come within view of the point for which I now am upon my trial at your dread tribunal (bowing to us all).

· After feveral endeavours of a smooth and a rough nature, in which my devil constantly fail'd me, and her good angel prevail'd, I had talk'd to " Mrs Jervis to induce the girl (to whom, in hopes of frightning her, I had given warning, but which fhe rejoiced to take, to my great disappointment), to defire to flay *; and fuspecting Mrs Jervis play'd me booty, and rather confirm'd her in her coyness, and her defire of leaving me, I was mean enough to conceal myfelf in the closet in Mrs Jervis's room, in order to hear their private convertation: but really not defigning to make any other use of my concealment, than to teize her a little, if she · should fay any thing I did not like; which would give me a pretence to treat her with greater freedoms than I had ever yet done, and would be an introduction to take off from her unprecedented apprehensiveness another time: and I had the les scruple as to Mes Jervis's presence, because I was fensible she knew as bad of me as she could know, from Pamela's apprehensions, as well as her own; and would find me, if I kept within any

[.] See Vol. I. p. 72.

decent bounds, better than either of them expected.

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But I had no defign of proceeding to extremities,

altho' I had little hope of making any impression

upon her by gentleness.

• So, like a benighted traveller, who having stray.
• ed out of his knowledge, and despairing to find
• his way, throws the reins upon his horse's neck, to
• be guided at its uncertain direction, I resolv'd to

take my chance for the iffue which the adventure

· should produce.

But the dear prattler, not knowing I was there, as she undress'd herself, began such a bewitching chit chat with Mrs Jervis, who, I sound, but ill kept my secret, that I never was at such a loss in my life what to resolve upon. One while I wish'd myself unknown to them, out of the closet into which my inconsiderate passion had meanly led me; another time I was incens'd at the freedom with which I heard myself treated; but then, rightly considering, that I had no business to hearken to their private conversation, and that it was such as became them, while I ought to have been asham'd to give occasion for it, I excus'd them both, and admir'd still more and more the dear prattler.

In this suspence, the undefigned rustling of my night-gown, from changing my posture as I stood, giving alarm to the watchful Pamela, she in a fright

came towards the closet to see who was there, so that I could be no longer conceal'd.

What could I then do, but bolt out upon the apprehensive charmer; and having so done, and she running to the bed, screaming to Mrs Jervis,

would not any man have follow'd her thither, detected as I was? But yet I faid, if the forbore her

fcreaming, I would do her no harm; but if not,

· fhe should take the consequence.

I found by their exclamations, that this would pass with both for an attempt of the worst kind;

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but really I had no fuch intentions as they feared .-When, indeed, I found myfelf detected; when the dear frighten'd girl ran to the bed; when Mrs · Tervis threw herself about her; when they would onot give over their hideous fquallings; when I was charg'd by Mrs Jervis with the worft defigns; it was enough to make me go farther than I defigned; and could I have prevailed upon Mrs Jervis to go up, and quiet the maids, who were rifing, as I heard by the noise they made over-head, upon the other screaming, I believe, had Pamela kept out of her fit, I should have been a little freer with her, than ever I had been : but as it was, I had no thought but of making as honourable a retreat as I could, and to fave myfelf from being expos'd to my whole family; and I was not guilty of any freedoms, that her modesty, unaffrighted, could reproach itself with having suffered; and the dear creature's fainting fits gave me almost as great apprehensions, as I could give her.

Thus, Ladies, and my Lord, have I tediously, and little enough to my own reputation, given you a character of myself, and told you more against myself than any one person could accuse me of. Whatever redounds to the credit of my Pamela, redounds in part to my own; and so I have the less tegret to accuse myself, since it exalts her. But as to a form'd intention to hide myself in the closet, in order to attempt the girl by violence, and in the presence of a good woman, as Mrs Jervis is, which you impute to me, indeed, bad as I was, I was

onot fo vile, fo abandon'd as that.

Love, as I faid before, subjects its inconsiderate votaries to innumerable meannesses, and unlawful passion to many more. I could not live without this dear girl. I hated the thoughts of matrimony with any body, and to be brought to the stake by my Mother's waiting-maid, forbid it, pride!

thought

thought I; forbid it, example! forbid it, all my past sneers, and constant ridicule, both on the estate, and on those who descended to inequalities in it! and, lastly, forbid it, my family-spirit, so visible in Lady Davers, as well as in myself, to whose insults, and those of all the world, I shall be ob-

noxious, if I make fuch a ftep!

All this tends to demonstrate the strength of my paffion: I could not conquer my love; fo I conquer'd a pride, which every one thought unconquerable; and fince I could not make an innocent heart vitious, I had the happiness to follow so good an example; and by this means, a vitious heart is become virtuous; and I have the pleasure of re-' joicing in the change, and hope I shall still more and more rejoice in it; for I really look back with contempt upon my past follies; and it is now a greater wonder to me how I could act as I did, than that I should detest those actions, which made me a curse, instead of a benefit to society. Indeed, I am not, yet, so pious as my Pamela; but that is to come, and it is one good fign, that I can truly fay, I delight in every instance of her piety and virtue: and now I will conclude my tedious narration with the poet;

Our passions gone, and, reason in her throne, Amaz'd we see the mischiess we have done: After a tempett, when the winds are laid, The calm sea wonders at the wrecks it made.

Thus ended my dear Mr B. his affecting relation; which in the course of it gave me a thousand different emotions; and made me often pray for him, (as I constantly do), that God will entirely convert a heart so generous and worthy, as his is on most occasions. And if I can but find him not deviate, when we go to London, I shall have great hopes, that nothing will affect his morals again.

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I have just read over again the foregoing account of himfelf. As near as I remember, (and my memois the best faculty I have), it is pretty exact; only he was fuller of beautiful fimilitudes, and spoke in a more flowery flyle, as I may fay. Yet don't you think, Mifs, (if I have not done injustice to his spirit), that the beginning of it, especially, is in the faucy air of a man too much alive to fuch notions? for fo the Ladies observed in his narration.—Is it very like the style of a true penitent?-But indeed he went on better, and concluded best of all.

But don't you observe what a dear good Lady I had? Bleffings, a thousand bleffings, on her beloved memory! were I to live to fee my childrens children. they should be all taught to hip her praises before they could speak. My gratitude should always be renew'd in their mouths; and Goo, and my dear father and mother, my Lady, and my Master that was, my best friend that is, but principally, as most due, the FIRST, who inspired all the rest, should have their morning, their noon-tide, and their evening praifes, as long as I lived!—

I will only observe farther, as to this my third conversation-piece, That my Lord Davers offer'd to extenuate some parts of his dear brother-in-law's conduct, which he did not himself vindicate; and Mr B. was pleafed to observe, that my Lord was always very candid to him, and kind in his allowances for the fallies of an ungovernable youth. Upon which my Lady faid, a little tartly, Yes, and for a very good reason, I doubt not: for who cares to condemn himfelf?

Nay, faid my Lord, pleafantly, don't put us upon a foot neither: for what fallies I made before I knew your Ladyship, were but like those of a fox, which now-and-then runs away with a straggling pullet, when nobody fees him: whereas those of my brother were like the invafions of a lion, breaking into

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every man's fold, and driving the shepherds, as well as the sheep, before him.—Ay, said my Lady, but I can look around me, and have reason perhaps to think the invading lion has come off, little as he deserv'd it, better that the creeping fox, who, with all his cunning, sometimes suffers for his pilfering thest.

O, my dear, these gentlemen are strange creatures!—What can they think of themselves? for they say, there is not one virtuous man in five!—But I hope for our sex's sake, as well as for the world's sake, all is not true that evil same reports; for, you know, every man-trespasser must find or make a woman-trespasser!—And if so, what a world is this!—And how must the innocent suffer from the guilty! Yet, how much better is it to suffer one's self, than to be the cause of another's suffering?

I long to hear of you. And must shorten my suture accounts, or I shall do nothing but write, and tire you into the bargain, tho' I cannot my dear fa-

ther and mother. I am, my dear Miss,

Always yours,

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LETTER XXXI.

From Mifs DARNFORD, to Mrs B.

My dear Mrs B.

VERY post you more and more oblige us to admire and love you: and let me tell you, I will gladly receive your letters upon your own terms*: only when your worthy parents have perused them, fee that I have every line of them again.

Your account of the arrival of your noble gueffs, and their behaviour to you, and yours to them; your conversation, and wise determination, on the offer'd

* See p. 159.

title

title of baronet; the just applauses conferred upon you by all, particularly the good Countess; your breakfast-conversation, and the narrative of your saucy abominable master, tho' amiable busband; all delight us beyond expression.

Do, go on, dear excellent Lady, with your charm-

ing journals, and let us know all that paffes.

As to the state of matters with us, I have defired my Papa to allow me to decline Mr Murray's addreffes. The good man lov'd me meft violently, nay, he could not live without me; life was no life, unless I favour'd him: but yet, after a few more of thefe flights, he is trying to fit down fatisfy'd without my Papa's foolish perverse girl, as Sir Simon calls me, and to transpole his affections to a worthier object, my fifter Nancy; and it would make you finile to fee how, a little while before he directly apply'd to her, she screw'd up her mouth to my Mamma, and, Truly, she'd have none of Polly's leavings; no, not fhe!-But no fooner did he declare himself in form, than the gaudy wretch, as he was before with her, became a well-drefi'd gentleman ;-the chattering magpye, (for he talks and laughs much), quite converfible, -and has fomething agreeable to fay upon every subject. Once, he would make a good master of the buck-hounds; but now, really, the more one is in his company, the more polite one finds him.

Then, on his part,—Indeed, he happened to fee Mifs Polly first! and, truly, he could have thought himself very happy in so agreeable a young Lady; yet there was always something of majesty (what a stately name is that for ill-nature!) in Miss Nanny; something so awful, that while Miss Polly engaged the affections at first sight, Miss Nanny struck a man with reverence; insomuch that the one might be loved as a woman, but the other revered as some-

thing more: a goddess, no doubt!

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I do but think, that when he comes to be lifted up to her celestial sphere, as her sellow constellation, what a figure Nancy and her Ursus Major will make together; and how will they glitter and shine to the wonder of all beholders!

Then she must make a brighter appearance by far, and a more pleasing one too; for why? she has 3000 satellites, or little stars, in her train more than poor Polly can pretend to. Won't there be a fine twinkling and sparkling, think you, when the greater and lesser bear stars are joined together?

But excuse me, dear Mrs B.; this saucy girl has vex'd me just now, by her ill-natur'd tricks; and I am even with her, having thus vented my spite, tho'

the knows nothing of the matter.

So, fancy, my dear friend, you fee Polly Darnford abandon'd by her own fault; her Papa angry at her; her Mamma pitying her, and calling her filly girl; Mr Murray, who is a rough lover, growling over his miltrefs, as a dog over a bone he fears to lofe; Miss Nancy, putting on her prudish pleasantry, and fnarling out a kind word, and breaking through her fullen gloom, for a fmile now-and-then in return; and I laughing at both in my fleeve, and thinking, that in a while I shall get leave to attend you in town, and that will be better than twenty humble fervants of Mr Murray's cast: or, if I can't, that I shall have the pleasure of your correspondence here, and shall enjoy, unrivalled, the favour of my dear Papa and Mamma, which this ill-temper'd girl is always envying me.

forgive all this nonfense. I was willing to write formething, the worse than nothing, to shew how defirous I would be to oblige you, had I capacity or subject as you have. But nobody can love you better, or admire you more, of this you may be assured,

(however unequal in all other respects), than

Your POLLY DARNFORD.

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I fend you up some of your papers for the good couple in Kent. Pray my respects to them; and beg they'll let me have 'em again as soon as they can, by your conveyance.

Our Stamford friends defire their kindest respects: they mention you with delight in every letter.

LETTER XXXII.

The JOURNAL continued.

Thursday, Friday evening.

My dear Mifs DARNFORD,

I AM retir'd from the very bufy day, having had no less than fourteen of our neighbours, Gentlemen and Ladies, to dinner with us: the occasion, principally, to welcome our noble guests into these parts; Mr B having, as I mentioned in a former, turn'd the intended visit into an entertainment, after his usual generous manner.

Mr B. and Lord Davers are gone part of the way with them home; and Lord Jackey mounted with his favourite Colbrand, as an efcorte to the Countess and Lady Davers, who are gone to take an airing in the chariot. They offer'd to take the coach, if I would have gone; but being fatigued, I desired to be excused. So I retired to my closet, and Miss Darnford, who is feldom out of my thoughts, coming into my mind, I had a new recruit of spirits, which enabled me to resume my pen, and thus I proceed with my journal:

Our company was *, the Earl and Countels of D. who are fo fashionable a marry'd couple, that the Earl

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^{*} For the characters of most of these Gentlemen and Ladies, see Vol. I p. 59, 85. and Vol. 11. p. 354, to 358, and 376 to 380.

made it his boass, and his Countess bore it like one accustomed to such treatment, that he had not been in his Lady's company an hour abroad before for seven years. You know his Lordship's character: every body does; and there is not a worse, as report says, in the peerage.

Sir Thomas Atkyns, a fingle gentleman, not a little finical and ceremonious, and a mighty beau, tho' of the tawdry fort, and affecting foreign airs; as if he was afraid it would not be judg'd by any other mark.

that he had travelled.

Mr Arthur, and his Lady, a moderately happy couple, who feem always when together to behave as if they were upon a compromife; that is, that each would take it in turn to fay free things of the other; ho' fome of their freedoms are of fo cutting a nature, that it looks as if they intended to divert the company at their own expence. The Lady, being of a noble family, takes great pains to let every one know, that she values herself not a little upon that advantage: but otherwise has many good qualities.

Mr Brooks, and his Lady. The Gentleman is a free joker on ferious subjects, but a good-natur'd man, and says sprightly things with no ill grace: the Lady is a little reserved, and of a haughty turn, tho' to-day she happened to be freer than usual; as was

observed at table by

Lady Towers, who is a maiden Lady of family, noted for her wit and repartee, and who fays many good things, with fo little doubt, and really fo good a grace, that one cannot help being pleas'd with her.

This Lady is generally gallanted by

Mr Martin of the Grove, as he is called, to diflinguish him from a rich citizen of that name, who is fettled in these parts, but being covetous and proud, is seldom admitted among the gentry in their visits or parties of pleasure. Mr Martin is a threwd gentleman, but has been a little too much of the libertine cast. reaft hates ly fr enter man light calls

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cast, and has lived freely as to women; and for that reason has not been receiv'd by Lady Towers, who hates free actions, tho' she'll use free words, modestly free, as she calls them; that is to say, the double entendre, in which Sir Simon Darnford, a gentleman you are not unacquainted with, takes great delight; tho', by the way, what that worthy gentleman calls innocent, Lady Towers would blush at.

Mr Dormer, a gentleman of a very courteous demeanour, a widower, was another, who always speaks well of his deceased Lady, and of all the sex for her

Mr Chapman, and his Lady, a well-behav'd couple, who are not asham'd to be very tender and observing to one another, but without that censurable fondness which fits so ill upon some married solks in company.

Then there was the Dean, our good minister, whom I name last, because I would close with one of the worthiest; and his daughter, who came to supply her Mamma's place, who was indisposed; a well-be-haved prudent young Lady. And here were our sourteen guests.

The Countess of C. Lady Davers, Lord Davers, Mr H. my dear Mr B. and your humble servant, made up the rest of the company. So we had a capacious and brilliant circle, you may imagine; and all the avenues to the house were crouded with their equipages.

The subjects of discourse at dinner were various, as you may well suppose; and the circle was too large to fall upon any regular or very remarkable topics. A good deal of sprightly wit, however, slew about, between the Earl of D. Lady Towers, and Mr Martin, in which that Lord suffer'd as he deserved; for he was by no means a match for the Lady, especially as the presence of the Dean was a very visible restraint upon him, and upon Mr Brooks too: so much awe will

the character of a good clergyman always have upon even forward spirits, where he is known to have had an inviolable regard to it himself.

Besides, the good Gentleman has, naturally, a genteel and inosfensive vein of raillery, and so was too

hard for them at their own weapons.

But after dinner was over, and the fervants were withdrawn, Mr Martin fingled me out, as he loves to do, for a subject of encomium, and made some high compliments to my dear Mr B. upon his choice; and wish'd (as he often does) he could find just such another person for himself.

Lady Towers told him, That it was a thing as unaccountable as it was unreasonable, that every rake who loved to destroy virtue, should expect to be rewarded with it: and if his Brother B. had come off so well, she thought no one else ought to expect it.

Lady Davers faid, It was a very just observation: and she thought it was pity there was not a law, that every man who made a harlot of an honest woman, should be obliged to marry one of another's making.

That would be too fevere, Mr B. faid; it would be punishment enough, if he was to marry his own; and especially if he had not seduced her under promise of marriage.

Then you'd have a man be obliged to fland to his promife, I suppose, Mr B.? reply'd Lady Davers.

Yes, Madam.

But, said she, the proof would be difficult perhaps: and the most unguilty heart of our sex might be least able to make it out. But what say you, my Lord D. continued her Ladyship, will you, and my Lord Davers, join to bring a bill into the House of Peers, for the purposes I mentioned? I sancy my Brother would give it all the assistance he could in the lower house.

Your Ladyship, said Mr Martin, is highly unreasonable, I think, to propose that: it would be enough nor that wer fnar oug

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must ject.not ca been, enough furely, that a man should be obliged, as Mr B. fays, to marry the woman he himself seduced.

The Earl faid, That he thought neither the one nor the other should be imposed upon any man; for that when womens virtue was their glory, and they were brought up with that notion, and to avoid the snares of men, he thought, if they yielded, they ought to pay the forfeit, and take the disgrace of it to themselves.

May I ask your Lordship, said I, How it comes to pass, that a woman's virtue is her glory, and that a man's shall not be his?—Or, in other words, Why you think virtue in a man is not as requisite as in a woman?

Custom, Madam, reply'd the Earl, has made it very different; and those things which are scandalous in a Lady, are not so in a Gentleman.

Will your Lordship argue, that it should be so, because it is so? Does not the Gentleman call himself the head of his samily? Is it not incumbent upon him, then, to set a good example? And will he plead it as a sassino, that he may do by the dearest relatives of another man's samily, what, if any one should attempt to do by his, he would mortally resent?

Very well observ'd, Madam, said the Dean: there is not a free-liver in the world, I believe, who can answer that argument.

Mr B. faid the Earl, pray speak to your Lady: she is too close upon us. And where sentiments have been so well supported by a conduct so uniform and exemplary, I chuse not to enter the lists with such an antagonist.

Well, well, faid Mr B. fince your Lordship will speak in the plural number US, let me say, We must not pretend to hold an argument on this subject.—But, however, I think, my Lord, you should not call upon a man to defend it, who, bad as he has been, never committed a fault of this nature, that

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Mr B. (faid Lady Towers) has some merit with me for that answer: and he has still a greater on another account; and that is, that he has seen his error so early, and has left his vices before they left him.

She looked, as every one did, on the Earl, who appear'd a little disconcerted, as one conscious, that he deserved the resection. And the Dean said, Lady Towers observes very well: for, altho' I presume not to make personal applications, yet I must say, That the gentleman who sees his error in the prime of life, before he is overtaken by some awakening missortune, may be called one of the happiest of those who have erred.

Ay, Mr Dean, said Lady Towers, I can tell you one thing, that such another buttress as you know who, taken away from libertinism, and such another example as a certain Lady every day gives, would go near in a few years to rain the devil's kingdom in Bedfordsbire.

The Gentleman looked round upon one another upon this home push: and the Lady would not let them recover it. See, said she, how the Gentlemen look upon one another, as who should say, each to his

companion, I'm not fo bad as you.

Ay, faid Lady Davers, I fee, my Lord Davers, and the Earl of D. and Mr Martin, look most concerned.

Faith, Ladies, faid Mr Martin, this is too feverely personal: a man who contends with a Lady has a fine time of it; for we are under restraint, while you say any-thing you please. But let me tell you, there's not a man of us all, 'tis my opinion, that could have attempted what a certain renegado has attempted, tho' he is so readily acquitted.

Not so hasty, my good friend, said Mr B. You don't consider well what you say, nor of whom: for did

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did I take upon myfelf to censure you? But tho' I may challenge you to say the worst you can, because I always dealt upon my own stock, while other people I could name, enter'd into a society, and clubb'd for mischies; yet I see you deal with a brother rake, when he reforms, as highwaymen with one of their gang, who would sain withdraw and be honest, but is kept among them by sear of an impeachment.

But is not this, Ladies, faid Mrs Arthur, a fad thing, that so many fine Gentlemen, as think themselves concerned in this charge, should have no way

to clear themselves but by recrimination?

Egad, Gentlemen, faid Sir Thomas Atkyns, I know not what your're about! You make but forry figures, by my faith!—I have heard of many queer pranks among my Bedfordsbire neighbours; but I bless my stars, I was in France and Italy all the time.

Said Mr Martin, Mrs Arthur spoke the words fine Gentlemen, and Sir Thomas thought himself obliged

to enter upon his own defence.

Ay, faid the Earl; and the best of it is, Sir Thomas pleads not his virtue neither, that he did not join in these queer pranks with his Bedford/bire neigh-

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Gad take me, returned he, taking a pinch of fauff with an air, you're plaguy sharp, Gentlemen: I believe in my conscience you're in a consederacy, as Mr B. says, and would swear an honest man into the plot, that would not care for such company. What say you, Mr H.? which side are you of?

Every Gentleman, reply'd he, who is not of the Ladies fide, is deem'd a criminal; and I was always

of the fide that had the power of the gallows.

That shews, return'd Lady Towers, that Mr H. is more afraid of the punishment, than of deferving it.

'Tis well, faid Mr B. that any confideration deters a man of Mr H.'s time of life. What may be fear now, may improve to virtue in time.

Ay,

Ay, faid Lady Davers, Jackey is one of his Uncle's foxes. He'd be glad to fnap up a straggling pullet, if he was not well look'd after, perhaps.

Pray, my dear, faid Lord Davers, forbear: you ought not to introduce two different conversations

into different companies.

I think, truly, faid Mr B. you should take the Dean's hint, my good friends; else you'll be less po-

lite than personal.

Well, but, Gentlemen, faid Lady Arthur, fince you feem to have been so hard put to it, as fingle men, what's to be done with the marry'd man who ruins an innocent body? What punishment, Lady Towers, shall we find out for such an one? and what reparation to the injur'd? This, it seems, was said with a particular view to the Earl, on a late scandalous occasion: but I knew it not till afterwards.

Lady Towers, where the law has not provided for it, it must be lest, I believe, to his conscience. It will then one day be heavy enough. But as to the reparation to the woman, so far as it can be made, it will be determinable as the unhappy person may or may not know, that her seducer is a marry'd man: If the knows he is, I think she neither deserves redress nor pity, tho' it alleviates not his guilt. But if the case be otherwise, and she had no means of informing herself, that he was marry'd, and he promised to make her his wise, to be sure, tho' she cannot be acquitted, he deserves the severest purishment that can be inflicted. What say you, Mrs B.?

If I must speak my mind, reply'd I, I think, that fince custom, as the Earl said just now, exacts so little regard to virtue from men, and so much from women, and since the designs of the sormer upon the latter are so slagrantly avow'd and known, the poor creature, who suffers herself to be seduced, either by a single or marry'd man, with promises, or with-

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the world, and devote the remainder of her days to penitence and obscurity. As to the Gentleman, added i, he must, I doubt, be left to his conscience, as you say, Lady Towers, which he will one day have

enough to do to pacify.

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Every young Lady has not your angelic perfection, Madam, faid Mr Dormer. And there are cases in which the fair sex deserve compassion, ours execration. Love may insensibly steal upon a soft heart: when once admitted, the oaths, vows, and protestations of the savour'd object, who perhaps, on all occasions, declaims against the deceivers of his sex, confirm her good opinion of him, till, having sull'd assept her vigilance, in an unguarded hour he takes advantage of her unsuspecting innocence. Is not such a poor creature to be pity'd? And what punishment does not such a seducer deserve?

You have put, Sir, faid I, a moving case, and in a generous manner. What, indeed, does not such a deceiver deserve?

And the more, faid Mrs Chapman, as the most in-

nocent heart is generally the most credulous.

Very true, said my Countes; for such an one as would do no harm to others, seldom suspects any from others: and her lot is very unequally cast; admir'd for that very innocence, which tempts some brutal ravager to ruin it.

Yet, What is that virtue, faid the Dean, which

cannot stand the test?

But, faid Lady Towers, very fatirically, Whither, Ladies, are we got? We are upon the fubject of virtue and honour. Let us talk of something, in which the Gentlemen can join with us. This is such an one, you see, that none but the Dean and Mr Dormer can discourse upon.

Let us then, retorted Mr Martin, to be even with me Lady at least, find a subject that will be new to

her. And that is CHARITY.

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Does what I faid concern Mr Martin more than any other Gentleman, returned Lady Towers, that he

is disposed to take offence at it?

You must pardon me, Lady Towers, faid Mr B. but I think a Lady should never make a motion to wave fuch subjects as those of virtue and honour: and less still, in company, where there is so much occasion, as the feems to think, for enforcing them.

I defire not to wave the subject, I'll affure you. replied she. And if, Sir, you think it may do good. we will continue it, for the fakes of all you, Gentlemen, (looking round her archly), who are of opinion

you may be benefited by it.

We are going into personals again, Gentlemen

and Ladies, faid the Earl.

And that won't bear, my Lord, you feem to think?

retorted Lady Davers.

A health to the King and Royal family brought on public affairs, and politics; and the Ladies withdrawing to coffee and tea, I have no more to fay as to this conversation, having repeated all that I remember was faid to any purpole; for fuch large companies, you know, my dear, don't always produce the most agreeable and edifying talk. But this I was the more willing to recite, because I thought the characters of feme of our neighbours would be thereby made more familiar to you, if ever I should have the happiness to see you in these parts.

I will only add, that Miss L. the Dean's daughter, is a very modest and agreeable young Lady, and a perfect miftress of music; in which the Dean takes great delight also, and is a fine judge of it. The Gentleman coming in, to partake of our coffee and conversation, as they said, obtain'd of Miss to play feveral tunes on the harpfichord; and would have me play too. But really, Mifs L. fo very much furpaffed me, that had I regarded my reputation for playing, above the defire I had (as I faid, and truly faid)

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1 the to be pretended to touch a key after such a mistress of it. Miss has no voice, which is great pity; and at the request of every one, I sung to her accompanyment, twice or thrice; as did Lady Towers, whose voice exceeds her taste. But here, Miss, will I end my south conversation-piece.

SATURDAY Morning.

THE Countess being a little indispos'd, Lady Davers and I took an airing this morning in the chariot, and had a great deal of discourse together. Her Ladyship was pleased to express great savour and tenderness towards me; gave me a great deal of good advice, as to the care she would have me take of myself; and told me, that her hopes, as well as her Brother's, all centered in my welfare; and that the way I was in made her love me better and better.

She was pleased to tell me, how much she approv'd of the domestic management; and to say, that she never saw such regularity and method in any family in her life, where was the like number of servants: every-one, she said, knew their duty, and did it without speaking to, in such silence, and with so much apparent chearfulness and delight, without the least hurry or confusion, that it was her surprise and admiration: but kindly would have it, that I took too much care upon me. Yet, said she, I don't see, but you are always sresh and lively, and never seem tir'd or satigu'd; and are always dress'd and easy, so that no company find you unprepar'd, or unsit to receive them, come when they will, whether it be to breakfast or dinner.

I told her Ladyship, I owed all this, and most of the conduct for which she was pleased to praise me, wher dear Brother, who at the beginning of my hap-

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for my behaviour; which had always been the rule of my conduct ever fince, and I hoped ever would be: to fay nothing, added I, which yet would be very unjust, of the affittance I receive from worthy

Mrs Jervis, who is an excellent manager.

Good creature, sweet Pamela, and charming girl, were her common words, and she was pleased to attribute to me a graceful and unaffected ease, and would have it, that I have a natural dignity in my person and behaviour, which command love and reverence at the same time; so that, my dear Miss Darnford, I am in danger of being as proud as any thing. For you must believe, that her Ladyship's approbation gives me great pleasure; and the more, as I was assaid, before she came, I should not have come off near so well in her opinion.

As the chariot passed along, she took great notice of the respects paid me by people of different ranks, and of the blessings bestowed upon me, by several, as we proceeded; and said, she should fare well, and be rich in good wishes for being in my company.

The good people, who know us, will do fo, Madam, faid I; but I had rather have their filent prayers, than their audible ones; and I have caused some

of them to be told fo.

What I apprehend, Madam, continued I, is, that you will be more uneafy to-morrow, when at church you'll fee a good many people in the same way. Indeed, added I, my story, and your dear Brother's tenderness to me, are so much talked of, that many strangers are brought hither to see us: 'tis the only thing, continued I, (and so it is, Miss), that makes me desirous to go to Landon; for by the time we return, the novelty, I hope, will cease.

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^{*} See Vol. II. p. 207.

Then I mentioned some verses of Mr Cowley, which had been laid under my cushion in our seat at church, we Sundays ago, by some unknown hand; and how uneasy they have made me. I will transcribe them, my dear, and give you the particulars of our conversation on that occasion. The verses are these:

Thou robb'st my days of bus'ness and delights,

Of sleep thou robb'st my nights.

Ah! lovely thies! what wilt thou do?

What! rob me of heav'n too!

Thou ev'n my pray'rs dost steal from me,

And I, with wild idolatry,

Begin to GOD, and end them all to thee.

No, to what purpose should I speak?

No, wretched heart, swell till you break.

She cannot love me, if she would:

And, to say truth, 'twere pity that she should.

No, to the grave thy sorrows hear,

As silent as they will be there:

Since that lov'd hand this mortal wound does give,

So handsomely the thing contrive,

That she may guiltless of it live:

So perish, that her killing thee

May a chance medley, and no murder be!

I had them in my pocket, and read them to my Lady; who ask'd me, If her Brother had seen them? I told her, It was he that found them under the cuthion I used to sit upon; but did not shew them to me, till I came home; and that I was so vex'd at them, that I could not go to church in the afternoon.

What should you be vex'd at, my dear? faid she: how could you help it?—My Brother was not disturb'd at them, was he?

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No, indeed, replied I: he chid me for being fo; and was pleafed to make me a fine compliment upon it; that he did not wonder, that every body who faw me, lov d me.—But I faid, this was all that wicked wit was good for, to inspire such boldness in bad hearts, which might otherwise not dare to set pen to paper to affront any one.

But pray, Madam, added I, don't own I have told you of them, left the least shadow of a thought should arise, that I was prompted by some vile, secret vanity, to tell your Ladyship of them: when, I am sure, they have vexed me more than enough. For is it not a sad thing, that the church should be profan'd by such actions, and such thoughts, as ought

not to be brought into it?

Then, Madam, to have any wicked man dare to think of one with impure notions! It gives me the less opinion of myself, that I should be so much as thought of as the object of any wicked body's wishes. I have called myself to account upon it, whether any levity in my looks, my dress, my appearance, could embolden such an affrontive insolence. And I have thought upon this occasion better of Julius Casar's delicacy, than I did, when I read of it; who, upon an attempt made on his wise, to which, however, it does not appear she gave the least encouragement, said, to those who pleaded for her against the divorce he was resolved upon, That the wife of Cæsar ought not to be suspected.

Indeed, Madam, continued I, it would extremely shock me, but to know, that any wicked heart had conceived a design upon me; upon me, give me leave to repeat, whose only glory and merit is, that I have had the grace to withstand the greatest of trials and temptations, from a Gentleman more worthy to be beloved, both for person and mind,

than any man in England.

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Your observation, my dear, is truly delicate, and such as becomes your mind and character. And I really think, if any Lady in the world is secure from vile attempts, it must be you; not only from your story so well known, and the love you bear to your Man, and his merit to you, but from the prudence, and natural dignity, I will say, of your behaviour, which, though easy and chearful, is what would strike dead the hope of any presumptuous libertine, the moment he sees you.

How can I enough, return'd I, and kiffed her hand, acknowledge your Ladyship's polite goodness in this compliment! But, my Lady, you see by the very instance I have mentioned, that a liberty is taken,

which I cannot think of without pain.

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Tis fuch a liberty, replied my Lady, as shews more despair than hope, and is a confirmation of my sentiments on the prudence and dignity which

not only I, but every body attributes to you.

Kind, kind, Lady Davers! faid I, again pressing her hand with my lips But, I think, I will turn my quarrel, since I know not, and hope I never shall, the vile transcriber, upon the author of the verses; for had they not been written, I should not have been thus insulted, perhaps.

He has a beautiful imagination, a vast deal of brilliant wit, and a chastity too in most of his pieces,

that hardly any of the tribe can boatt.

I once liked him better too, faid I, than I have done fince this; for he was one of the Poets that my Lady would permit me to read fometimes; and his pieces in praise of the country-life, and those charming lines against ambition, used to delight me much:

If e'er ambition should my fancy cheat
With any wish so mean, as to be great,
Continue, Heav'n, still from me to remove
The humble blessings of the life I love!

Lady, and been pleased with them. But I think you have no reason to be out of conceit with Cowley, for the ill use made of his verses. He but too naturally describes the influence of love; which frequently interferes with our best duties. And there is something very natural, and easy, and witty, in the first lines: and shews that the Poet laments the too engaging impressions which love made upon his mind, even on the most solemn occasions.—What! rob me of heav'n too!—A bad heart, Pamela, could not have so lamented, or so written.

Ah! but, Madam, returned I, I have feen in your dear Brother's collection of manuscripts, a poem in which this very point, nice as it is, is touched with

much greater propriety.

Can you repeat it, my dear?

The lines I mean, I can. Your Ladyship must know it was upon a quarrel between a beloved couple, where the Gentleman had been wild, and the Lady's ill-natur'd uncle, who wanted to break the match, (altho' it was designed by her deceased parents), had fomented it, so that she would not look upon her lover, nor see him, nor receive a letter of excuse from him, tho' they were betrothed, and she lov'd him dearly. This oblig'd him to throw himself in her way at church, and thus he writes:

But, O! forgive me, Heav'n, if oft my fair Robs thee of my devoir, disturbs my pray'r, Confounds my best resolves, and makes me prove, That she's too much a rival in thy love.

These now, Madam, continued I, are the lines I admire.

But better thoughts my happier hopes suggest, When once this stormy doubt's expell'd my breast; When once this agitated slame shall turn To steadier heat, and more intensely burn,

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My dear Maria then, thought I, will join, and we, one heart, one foul, shall all be THINE!

Ay, Pamela, these are very pretty lines. But you must not think ill of my favourite Gowley, however; for I say, with a Gentleman, whose judgement, and good heart, have hardly any equal, that the Gowley was going out of fashion with some, yet he should always suspect the head, or the heart, of him or her, who could not taste, and delight in, his beauties.

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And, to fay truth, 'twere pity that she should ;

Shew the goodness of the Poet's heart; and even, that the transcriber himself, be he who he will, had not the worst, that he could fingle out these; when, if he would be shining with borrow'd rays, he might have

chosen a much worse poet to follow.

O Madam! replied I, fay not one word in behalf of the wicked transcriber. For a wretch to entertain the shadow of a wish for a marry'd person, is a degree of impurity that ought not to be excus'd: but to commit fuch thoughts to writing, to put that writing under the feat of the married person at church, where her heart should be engaged wholly in her first duties; where too it might be more likely to be feen by the pew keepers than her, and to be spread over the whole parish, to the propagation of bad ideas, whenever I appeared; and moreover, might come to the hands of one's hufband, who from his own free life formerly, and high passions, as far as the transcriber knew, might be uneasy at, and angry with, the innocent occasion of the infult. -Befides the apprehension it must give one, that the man who could take this vile thep might proceed to greater lengths, which my bufy fears could improve to duelling and murder-Then the concern cern it must fill me with, to the diverting of my mind from my first regards, when any one looked at me wistfully, that he might be the transcriber! which must always give me consusion of thought:

——Dearest Madam, can one forbear being ver'd, when all these imaginations dart in upon a mind apprehensive as mine? Indeed this action has given me great uneafiness, at times, ever since, and I cannot help it.

I am pleased with your delicacy, my dear, as I said before.—You can never err, while thus watchful over your conduct: and I own you have the more reason for it, as you have married a mere Julius Casar, an open ey'd rake, that was her word, who would, on the least surmises, tho' ever so causeless on your part, have all his passions up in arms, in apprehension of liberties that might be offer'd like

those he has not scrupled to take.

O but, Madam, faid I, your dear Brother has given me great fatisfaction in one point; for you must think I should not love him as I ought, if I had not a concern for his future happiness, as well as for his present; and that is, he has assured me, that in all the liberties he has taken, he never attempted a married Lady, but always abhorred the thought of so

great an evil.

Tis pity, faid her Ladyship, that a man who could conquer his passions so far, could not subdue them sentirely. This shews it was in his own power to do so; and increases his crime: and what a wretch is the, who scrupling, under pretence of conscience or honour, to attempt Ladies within the pale, boggles not to ruin a poor creature without; altho' he knows, he thereby, most probably, for ever, deprives her of that protection, by preventing her marriage, which, even among such rakes as himself, is deemed, he owns, inviolable, and so casts the poor creature head-long into the jaws of perdition?

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He faid, my inference was just; but call'd me pretty preacher;—and once having cautioned me * not to be over-ferious to him, so as to cast a gloom, as he said, over our innocent enjoyments, I never date to urge matters farther, when he calls me by that name.

Well, faid my Lady, thou'rt an admirable girl! God's goodness was great to our family, when it gave the to it.

No wonder, continued her Ladyship, as my Brother says, every body that sees you, and has heard your character, loves you. And this is some excuse for the inconsiderate folly even of this unknown masseriber.

Ah! Madam, replied I; but is it not a fad thing, that people, if they must take upon them to like one's behaviour in general, should have the warst, instead of the best thoughts upon it? If I were as good as I mest to be, and as some think me, must they wish to make me bad for that reason? and so to destroy the cause of that pleasure which they pretend to take in seeing a body set good example? For what, my dear Lady, could a wretch mean, even by the words your Ladyship thinks most innocent?

But why, then, if this be the case, and that he would bear his forrows, as the Poet calls them, to the grave, should he not keep them to his sfelf? make that very mind their grave, which gave them their

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 156.

birth? If the bold creature, whoever he be, had not thought this might be a hint that might some-how be improved, and a vile soundation for some viler superstructure, would he have transcribed them, and caused them to be placed where they were sound?— Then, in my humble opinion, the thought that is contained in these lines;

Since that lov'd hand this mortal wound does give,
So handsomely the thing contrive,
That she may guiltless of it live!
So perish, that her killing thee
May a chance medley, and no murder be;

is rather a conceit, or prettinefs, that won't bear examination, than that true wit in which this fine Poet excels :- for if the cannot love him if fbe would, and if it were pity that the should love him, this implies the was a Lady under previous obligation, whether marriage or betrothment is the fame thing to him: then, need the thing to be fo handsomely contrived, need any pains be taken, (if her repulse had killed, as poetical licence makes him fay, this invader of another's right) to bring it in chance-medley; -fince no jury could have brought it in murder, except that fort of murder which is called Felo de fe; you know, my Lady, what a feholar your Brother has made me: fo that I prefume to think, the Poet himself is not so blameless in this, as he has raken care to be in most of his pieces. And permit me to make one observation, my good Lady, That if the chaftest writers (supposing Cowley meant ever so well) may have their works, and their thoughts, turn'd to be panders and promoters of the wickedness of course minds, whose groffer ideas could not be clothed in a dress fit to appear in decent company, without their affittance, how careful ought a good author to be, whose works are likely to live to the end of time, how he propagates the worst of mischiels,

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Her Ladyship was pleased to kiss me as we sat. My charming Pamela, my more than sister,—(did she say)—Yes she did say so! and made my eyes over-slow with joy to hear the sweet epithet! How your conversation charms me!—I charge you, when you get to town, let me have your remarks on the diversions you will be carried to by my Brother. Now I know what to expect from you, and you know how acceptable every thing will be to me that comes from you. I promise great pleasure, as well to myself as to my worthy friends, particularly to Lady Betty, in

your unrestrained free correspondence.

Indeed, Pamela, I must bring you acquainted with Lady Betty: the is one of the worthies of our fex, and has a fine understanding.-I'm fure you'll like her. - But (for the world fay it not to my Brother, nor let Lady Betty know I tell you fo, if ever you fould be acquainted-) I had carry'd the matter fo far by my officious zeal to have my Brother marry'd to so fine a Lady, not doubting his joyful approbation, that it was no small disappointment to her, I can tell you, when he marry'd you: and this is the best excuse I can make for my furious behaviour to you at the Hall. For tho' I am naturally very hafty and passionate, yet then I was almost mad. - Indeed my disappointment had given me so much indignation both against you and him, that it is well I did not do some violent thing by you. * I believe you did feel the weight of my hand :- but what was that?—"I was well I did not kill you dead—these were her Ladyship's words-for how could I think the wild libertine capable of being engaged by

Vol. III. X fuch

^{*} Compare this part of the conversation with Lady Davers's behaviour to Pamela, Vol. II. p. 222, to 250.

fuch noble motives, or thee what thou art?—So this will account to thee a little for my violence then.

Your Ladyship, said I, all these things consider'd, had but too much reason to be angry at your dear Brother's proceedings, so well as you always lov'd him, so high a concern as you always had to promote his honour and interest, and so far as you had gone with

Lady Betty.

I tell thee, Pamela, faid she, that the old story of Eleaner and Rosamond run in my head all the way of my journey, and I almost wished for a potion to force down thy throat: and when I came, and found thy lewd paramour abfent, (for little did I think thou wast marry'd to him, though I expected thou wouldst endeavour to persuade me to believe it), apprehending that his intrigue with thee would effectually frustrate my hopes as to Lady Betty and him; Now, thought I, all happens as I wish !- Now will I confront this brazen girl !-- Now will I try her innocence, as I please, by offering to take her with me out of his hands; it she refuses, take that refusal for a demonstration of her guilt; and then, thought I, I will make the creature provoke me, in the prefence of my nephew and my woman, (and I hoped to have got that woman Jewkes to tellify for me too); and I cannot tell what I might have done, if thou hadft not got out of the window as thou didft, especially after thou hadft told me thou waft as much marry'd as I was, and hadft shewn me his tender letter to thee, which had a quite different effect upon me than thou hadft hoped for. But if I had committed any act of violence, what remorfe thould I have had, when I came to reflect, and had known what an excellence I had injur'd! Thank God thou didst escape me! thank God thou didst! and then her Ladyship folded her arms about me, and kissed me.

This was a fad flory, you'll fay, my dear: and I wonder what her Ladyship's passion would have ever mot han any mad thin to it

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great therw fhip's dam, her fl dead indeed! furely she would not have killed me dead indeed! surely she would not!—Let it not however, Miss Darnford, nor you, my dear father and mother,—when you see it,—go out of your own hands, nor be read, for my Lady Davers's sake, to any body else—no, not to your own Mamma.—It made me tremble a little, even at this distance, to think what a fad thing passion is, when way is given to its ungovernable tumults, and how it deforms and debases the noblest minds.

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We returned from this agreeable airing, but just time enough to dress before dinner, and then I actended my Lady, and we went together into the Countess's apartment, where I received abundance of compliments from both. As this brief convertation will give you some notion of that management and occonomy for which they heaped upon me their kind praises, I will recite to you what passed in it, and hope you will not think me too vain; and the less, because what I underwent formerly from my Lady's indignation, half intitles me to be proud of her present kindness and savour.

Lady Davers said, Your Ladyship must excuse us, that we have lost so much of your company; but here, this sweet girl has entertain'd me in such a manner, that I could have staid out with her all day; and several times did I bid the coachman prolong his circuit.

My good Lady Davers, Madam, faid I, has given me inexpressible pleasure, and has been all condescension and savour, and made me as proud as proud can be.

You, my dear Mrs B. faid she, may have given great pleasure to Lady Davers; for it cannot be otherwise—But I have no great notion of her Ladyship's condescension, as you call it, (pardon me, Madam, faid she to her, smiling), when she cannot raise her style above the word girl, coming off from a tour you have made so delightful to her.

X 2

I protest to you, my Lady C. reply'd her Ladyship, with great goodness, that that word, which once indeed I used thro' pride, as you'll call it, I now use for a very different reason. I begin to doubt, whether to call her sister, is not more honour to myself than to her; and to this hour am not quite convine'd. When I am, I will call her so with

pleasure.

I was quite overcome with this fine compliment, but could not answer a word: and the Countes said, I could have spared you longer, had not the time of day compell'd your return. For I have been very agreeably entertain'd, as well as you, althout with the talk of your woman and mine. For here they have been giving me such an account of Mrs B.'s occonomy, and samily management, as has highly delighted me. I never knew the like; and in so young a Lady too. We shall have strange reformations to make in our families, Lady Davers, when we go home, were we to follow so good an example.

Why, my dear Mrs B. continued her Ladythip, you out-do all your neighbours. And indeed I am glad I live fo far from you:—for were I to try to imitate you, it would still be but imitation, and you'd

have the honour of it.

Yet you hear, and you fee by yesterday's converfation, said Lady Davers, how much her best neighbours of both sexes admire her: they all yield to her

the palm, unenvying.

Then, my good Ladies, faid I, it is a fign I have most excellent neighbours, sull of generosity, and willing to encourage a young person in doing right things: so it makes, considering what I was, more for their honour than my own. For what censures should not such a one as I deserve, who have not been educated to fill up my time like Ladies of condition, were I not to employ myself as I do? I, who

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who have fo little other merit, and who brought no fortune at all?

Come, come, Pamela, none of your felf-denying ordinances—that was Lady Davers's word—you must know something of your own excellence:

If you do not, I'll tell it you, because there is no sear you will be proud or vain upon it. I don't see then, that there is the Lady in your neighbourhood, or any neighbourhood, that behaves with more decorum, or better keeps up the port of a Lady, than you do. How you manage it, I can't tell; but you do as much by a look, and a pleasant one too, that's the rarity! as I do by high words, and passionate exclamations: I have often nothing but blunder upon blunder, as if the wretches were in a consederacy to try my patience.

Perhaps, Madam, faid I, the awe they have of your Ladyship, because of your high qualities, makes them commit blunders; for I myself have always been more asraid of appearing before your Ladyship, when you have visited your honour'd Mother, than of any body else, and have been the more sensibly and ward through that were anyful respect.

aukward through that very awful respect.

Psha, psha, Pamela, that is not it: 'tis all in yourself. I used to think my Mamma, and my Brother too, had as aukward servants as I ever saw any where—except Mrs Jervis.—Well enough for a bachelor, indeed!—But, here!—thou hast not parted with one servant—hast thou?

No, Madam.

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How! faid the Countess; what excellence is here! all of them, pardon me, Mrs B. your fellow-fervants, as one may say, and all of them so respectful, so watchful of your eye; and you, at the same time, so gentle to them, so easy, so chearful!

Don't you think me, my dear, infusterably vain?
But 'tis what they were pleased to say. 'Twas their
X 3 goodness

goodness to me, and shew'd how much they can escel in generous politeness. So I will proceed.

Why this, continued the Countefs, must be born dignity,—born discretion.—Education cannot give

it :- if it could, why should not we have it?

The Ladies faid many more kind things of me then; and after dinner they mentioned all over again, with additions, before my best friend, who was kindly delighted with the encomiums given me by two Ladies of fuch diffinguishing judgement in all other cases. They told him, how much they admired my family management: then would have it, that my genius was univerfal, for the employments and accomplishments of my fex, whether they consider'd it, they were pleafed to fay, as employed in penmanthip, in needle-work, in paying or receiving vifits, in mufic, and I can't tell how many other qualifications, which their goodness made them attribute to me, over and above the family management; faying, that I had an understanding which comprehended every thing, and an eye that penetrated into the very bottom of matters in a moment, and never was at a loss for the should be, the why or wherefore, and the how; these were their comprehensive words-That I did every thing with celerity, clearing all as I went, and left nothing, that was their observation, to recur or come over again, that could be dispatched at once : by which means they faid, every hand was clear to undertake a new work, as well as my own head to direct it; and there was no hurry nor confusion; but every coming hour was fresh and ready, and unincumber'd (fo they faid) for its new employment; and to this they attributed that eafe and pleafure with which every thing was performed, and that I could do, and cause to be done, so much bufiness without hurry either to myfelf or fervants.

These things, they would have it, they observed in part themselves, and in part were beholden for to the

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for narrowly into every part of the management, as if they were spies upon it; but were such faithful ones, that it was like a good cause brought to a strict ferutiny, the brighter and fairer for it.

Thus, my dear Miss Darnford, did their Ladyships praise me for what I ought to be; and I will endeavour to improve more and more by their kind admonitions, which come clothed in the agreeable and statering shape of praise; the noblest incitement to the doing of one's duty.

Judge you how pleafing this was to my best beloved, who found, in their kind approbation, such a justification of his own conduct, as could not fail of being pleasing to him, especially as Lady Davers

was one of the kind praifers.

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Lord Davers was so highly delighted, that he rose once, begging his Brother's excuse, to falute me, and remained standing over my chair, with a pleasure in his looks that cannot be expressed, now-and-then lifting up his hands, and his good natur'd eye gliftening with joy, which a pier glass gave me the opportunity of feeing, as fometimes I stole a bashful glance towards it, not knowing how or which way to look. Even Mr H. feem'd to be touch'd very fenfibly; and recollecting his behaviour to me at the Hall, he once cry'd out, What a fad whelp was I, to behave as I formerly did, to fo much excellence !- Not, Mr B. that I was any thing uncivil, neither; -but in unworthy fneers, and nonfense-You know me well enough.—P-x on me for a Jackanapes!-You call'd me, * Tinfel'd Toy, tho', Madam; don't you remember that? and faid, Twenty or thirty years hence, when I was at age, you'd give me an answer. -Egad! I shall never forget your looks, nor your words neither !- They were d-n'd fevere speeches, were they not, Sir?

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 237.

O you fee, Mr H. reply'd my dear Mr B. Pantele is not quite perfect.—We must not provoke her; for she'll call us both fo, perhaps; for I wear a lac'd coat, fometimes, as well as you.

Nay, faith, I can't be angry, faid he. I deferv'd

it richly, that I did, had it been worfe.

Thy filly tongue, faid my Lady, runs on without

fear or wit. What's past is past.

Why, i'faith, Madam, I was plaguily wrong; and I faid nothing of any body but myfelf:—and have been ready to hang myfelf fince, as often as I have thought of my nonfense.

My Nephew, faid my Lord, must bring in hanging, or the gallows, in every speech he makes, or it

will not be he.

Mr B. smiling, said, with severity enough in his meaning, as I could see by the turn of his countenance—Mr H. knows, that his birth and samily intitle him more to the black, than the rope, or he would not make so free with the latter.

Good! very good, by Jupiter! faid Mr H. laughing. The Countefs smil'd. Lady Davers shook her head at her Brother, and said to her Nephew, Thou'rt

a good-natur'd foolish fellow, that thou art.

For what, Madam? why the word foolish, Aunt, what have I faid now?

Nothing to any purpose, indeed, faid she; when

thou doft, I'll write it down-

Then, Madam, faid he, have your pen and ink always about you, when I'm present —The devil's in't if you won't put that down, to begin with!

This made every one laugh. What a happy thing is it, thought I, that good-nature generally accompanies this character; else, how would some people be supportable?

But here I'll break off. 'Tis time, you'll fay.— But you know to whom I write, as well as to yourfelf, you]

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Now the trifler again resumes her pen. I am in some pain, Miss, for to-morrow, because of the rules we observe of late in our family on Sundays, and of going through a croud to church; which will afford new scenes to our noble visitors, either for censure or otherwise: but I will sooner be censured for doing what I think my duty, than for the want of it; and so will omit nothing that we have been accustomed to do.

I hope I shall not be thought ridiculous, or as one who aims at works of supererogation, for what I think is very short of my duty.—Some order, surely, becomes the heads of families; and besides, it would be discrediting one's own practice, if one did not appear at one time what one does at another. For that which is a reason for discontinuing a practice for some company, would seem to be a reason for laying it aside for ever, especially in a family visiting and visited as ours.

And I remember well a hint given me by my deareft friend once on another subject *, That it is in every one's power to prescribe rules to himself, after a while, and persons see what is one's way, and that one is not to be put out of it.

But my only doubt is, that to Ladies, who have not been accustomed perhaps to the necessary strictness, I should make myself censurable, as if I aim'd at too much persection: for, however one's duty is one's duty, and ought not to be dispensed with; yet when a person, who uses to be remiss, sees so hard a task before them, and so many great points to

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 209.

get over, all to be no-more than tolerably regular, it is rather apt to frighten and discourage, than to allure; and one must proceed, as I have read soldiers do in a dissibility sinch, and be more studious to intrench and fortify themselves as they go on gaining upon the enemy, than by rushing all at once upon an attack of the place, be repulsed, and perhaps obliged with great loss to abandon a hopeful enterprize.

And permit me to add, that, young as I am, I have often observed, that over-great strictnesses all at once injoin'd and insisted upon, are not fit for a beginning reformation, but for stronger Christians only; and therefore generally do more harm than good, in such

a circumstance.

What a miserable creature am I, said a neighbouring widow gentlewoman, (whom I visited in her illness, at her own desire, tho' a stranger to me but by name), if all the good you do, and the strict life you live, is no more than absolutely necessary to salvation!

I faw the poor Gentlewoman, thro' illness and low spirits, was ready to despond, and, to comfort her, I faid, Dear Madam, don't be cast down : God Almighty gives us all a light to walk by in thefe our dark paths; and 'tis my humble opinion, he will judge us according to the unforced and unbiaffed use we make of that light. I think it my duty to do feveral things, which, perhaps, the circumstances of others will not permit them to do, or which they, on ferious and difinterested restection, may not think absolutely necessary to be done: In each case our judgements are a law to each; and I ought no more to excuse myself from doing such parts as I think my duty, than you to condemn yourfelf for not doing what does not appear to you fo ftrictly necessary: and befides, Madam, you may do as much good one

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Mr name) way, as I another, and fo both may be equally useful

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But shall I not be too grave, my dear friend? excuse me; for this is Saturday night; and as it was a very good method which the ingenious authors of the Spectators took, generally to treat their more ferious subjects on this day; so I think one should, when one can, consider it as the preparative eve to a still better.

SUNDAY.

NOW, my dear, by what I have already written, it is become in a manner necessary to acquaint you briefly with the method my dear Mr B. not only permits, but encourages me to take in the family he leaves to my care, as to the Sunday duty.

The worthy Dean, at my request, and by my beloved's permission, recommended to me, as a fort of family chaplain, for Sundays, a young gentleman of great sobriety and piety, and sound principles, who having but lately taken orders, has at present no other provision. And this gentleman comes, and reads prayers to us about seven in the morning, in the lesser hall, as we call it, a retired apartment, next the little garden; for we have no chapel with us here, as in your neighbourhood: and this generally, with some suitable exhortation, or meditation out of some good book, which the young gentleman is so kind as to let me chuse now and then, when I please, takes up little more than half an hour.

We have a great number of fervants of both fexes; and myself, my good Mrs Jervis, and my Poily Barhw, are generally in a little closet, which when we open the door, is but just a separation, and that's all,

from the hall.

Mr Adams (for that is our young clergyman's name) has a desk, at which sometimes Mr Jona-than

than makes up his running accounts to Mr Longman, who is very ferupulous of admitting any body to the use of his office, because of the writing in his custody, and the order he values himself upon having every

ry thing in.

About seven in the evening the young gentleman comes again, and I generally, let me have what company I will, find time to retire for about another half-hour; and my dear Mr B. connives at, and excuses my absence, if enquir'd after; tho', for so short a time, I am seldom miss'd.

To the young gentleman I shall present, every quarter, five guineas, and Mr B. presses him to accept of a place at his table, at his pleasure: but, as we have generally a good deal of company, his modesty makes him decline it, especially at those

times.

Mr Longman is so kind as to join with us very often in our Sunday office, and Mr Colbrand seldom misses; and they tell Mrs Jervis, that they cannot express the pleasure they have to meet me there; and the edification they receive, as they are so kind to say, from my example; and from the chearful temper I am always in, which does 'em good to look upon me: and they will have it, that I do credit to religion. But if they do but think so, it must have been of service to me in the order I have now established, as I hope; and that thro' less dissiculties than I expected to meet with, especially from the cookmaid; but she says, she comes with double delight to have the opportunity to see her blessed Lady, as it seems she calls me at every word.

My best beloved dispenses as much as he can with the servants, for the evening part, if he has company; or will be attended only by John or Abraham, perhaps, by turns; and sometimes looks upon his

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^{*} See Vol. I. p. 126. Vol. II. p. 346.

watch, and fays, 'Tis near feven; and if he fays fo, they take it for a hint they may be dispens'd with for half an hour; and this countenance which he gives me, has not contributed a little to make the matter

eafy and delightful to me, and to every one.

I am sure, were only policy to be considered, this method must be laudable; for since I begun it, there is not a more diligent, a more sober, nor more courteous set of servants in any family in a great way; we have no broils, no hard words, no revilings, no commandings nor complainings; and Mrs Jervis's government is made to easy, as she says, that she need not speak twice; and all the language of the servants is, Pray, John, or, Pray, Jane, do so or so; and they say, their Master's service is a heaven upon earth.

When I part from them, on the breaking up of our affembly, they generally make a little row on each fide of the hall door; and when I have made my compliments, and paid my thanks to Mr Adams. one whilpers, as I go out, God blefs you, Madam! and so fays another, and another, and indeed every one; and bow and currify with fuch pleasure in their honest countenances, as greatly delight me: and I fay, (if it-to happens), So, my good friends!—I am glad to fee you-not one absent! or but one-jas it falls out)-this is very obliging, I cry; and thus I shew them, that I take notice, if any body be not there. And back again I go to pay my duty to my earthly benefactor; and he is pleased to fay sometimes, that come to him with fuch a radiance in my countenance, as gives him double pleasure to behold me; and often he tells me afterwards, that but for appearing too fond before company, he could meet me, as lenter, with embraces as pure as my own heart.

Vol. III.

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I hope in time, I shall prevail upon the dear man to give me his company .- But, thank God, I am enabled to go thus far already !- I will leave the reft to his providence. For I have a point very delicate to touch upon in this particular; and I must take care, not to lose the ground I have gained, by too precipitately pushing at too much at once. This is my comfort, that next to being uniform himfelf, is that permission and encouragement he gives me, to be fo, and the pleasure he takes in seeing me fo delighted-And besides, he always gives me his company to church. O how happy should I think myfelf, if he would be pleafed to accompany me to the divine office, which yet he has not done, tho' I have urg'd him as much as I durft! One thing after another, he fays; we shall be better and better, I hope: but nobody is good all at once. But, my dear Miss Darnford, as I consider this as the seal of all the reft, and he himself has an awful notion of it, I thall hardly think my dear Mr B.'s morals fully fecured till then.

Mrs Jervis asked me on Saturday evening, Isl would be concerned to see a larger congregation in the lesser hall next morning, than usual? I answerd, No, by no means. She said, Mrs Worden, and Mrs Lesley, (the two ladies women), and Mr Sidney, my Lord Davers's gentleman, and Mr H.'s servant, and the coachmen and footmen belonging to our noble visitors, who are, she says, all great admirers of our samily management and good order, having been told our method, begged to join in it. I knew! should be a little dash'd at so large a company; but the men being orderly, for Lords servants, and Mrs Jervis assuring me, that they were very earnest in their request, I consented to it.

When, at the usual time, (attended by my Polly), I went down, I found Mr Adams there, (to whom

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I made my first compliments). and every-one of our own people waiting for me, Mr Colbrand excepted, (whom Mr H. had kept up late the night before), together with Mrs Worden and Mrs Lefley, and Mr Sidney, with the fervants of our guetts, who, as alfo worthy Mr Longman, and Mrs Fervis, and Mr Jonathan, paid me their respects; and I faid, This is early rifing, Mrs Lefley and Mrs Worden; you are very kind to countenance us with your companies in this our family order .- Mr Sidney, I am glad to fee you. How do you, Mr Longman? And looked round with complicency on the fervants of our noble vifitors. And then I led Mrs Worden, and Mrs Lefley to my little retiring-place, and Mrs Jervis and my Polly followed; and throwing the door open, Mr Adams began fome felect prayers; and as the young gentleman reads with great emphasis and propriety, and as if his heart was in what he read, all the good folks were exceedingly attentive.

After prayers, Mr Adams read a meditation, from a collection made for private use, which I shall more particularly mention by-and-bye; and ending with the usual benediction, I thank'd the worthy gentleman, and gently chid him, in Mr B.'s name, for his modesty in declining our table; and thanking Mr Longman, and Mrs Worden, and Mrs Lesley, received their kind wishes, and hasten'd, blushing through their praises, to my chamber, where being alone, I pursued the subject for an hour, till breakfast was ready, when I attended the Ladies, and my best beloved, who had told them of the verses placed

under my cushion at church.

We fet out, my Lord and Lady Davers, and myfelf, and Mr H. in our coach; and Mr B. and the Countefs, in the chariot, both Ladies, and the Gentlemen, splendidly dress'd; but I avoided a glitter as much as I could, that I might not seem to vie with

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the two peeresses.—Mr B. said, Why are you not full-dressed, my dear?—I said, I hoped he would not be displeased: if he was, I would do as he commanded. He kindly answered, As you like best, my

love. You are charming in every drefs.

The chariot first drawing up to the church door, Mr B. led the Countess into the church. My Lord Davers did me that honour; and Mr H. handed his Aunt through a croud of gazers, many of whom, as usual, were strangers. The neighbouring Gentlemen, and their Ladies, paid us their silent respects; but the thoughts of the wicked verses, or rather, as Lady Davers will have me say, wicked action of the transcriber of them, made me keep behind in the pew: but my Lady, with great goodness, sat down by me, and whisperingly talked a good deal, between whiles, to me, with great tenderness and freedom in her aspect; which I could not but take kindly, because I knew she intended by it, to shew every-one she was pleased with me.

Among other things she said softly, Who would wish to be a King or Queen, Pamela, if it is so easy for virtue and beauty (so she was pleased to say) to attract so many sincere admirers, without any of their grandeur?—Look round, my dear girl, and see what a solemn respect, and mingled delight, appears in every countenance: and pressing my hand, Thou art a charming creature! Such a natural modesty, and such a becoming dignity, in thy whole appearance—no wonder that every one's eyes are upon thee, and that thou bringest to church so many booted Gentlemen, as well as neighbours, to behold

thee !

Afterwards she was pleased to add, taking my hand, (and Mr B. and the Countess heard her; for she raised her voice to a more audible whisper), I am proud to be in thy company; and in this solemn place,

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gout and place, I take thy hand, and acknowledge, with pride, my Sifter. I looked down; and indeed here at church, I can hardly at any time look up; for who can bear to be gaz'd at fo?—and foftly faid, Oh! my good Lady! how much you honour me, the place, and these surrounding eyes, can only hinder me from acknowledging as I ought.

My best friend, with pleasure in his eyes, faid, prelling his hand upon both ours, as my Lady had mine in hers, You are two beloved creatures: both excellent in your way: God bless you both. And

you, too, my dear Brother, faid my Lady.

The Countess whispered, You should spare a body a little! You give one, Ladies, and Mr B. too much pleasure all at once. Such company, and such behaviour, adds still more charms to devotion; and were I to be here a twelvemonth, I would never miss once accompanying you to this good place.

Mr H. thought he must say something, and addressing himself to his noble Uncle, who could not keep his good-natur'd eye off me, I'll be hang'd, my Lord, if I know how to behave myself!—Why this outdoes the chapel!—I'm glad I put on my new suit! And then he looked upon himself, as it he would support, as well as he could, his part of the general admiration.

But think you not, my dear Miss Darnford, and my dearest father and mother, that I am now at the height of my happiness in this life, thus favour'd by Lady Davers!

The Dean preached an excellent fermon; but I need not have faid that. Only to have mention'd,

that he preached, was faying enough.

My Lord led me out, when divine service was over, (and being a little tender in his feet, from a gouty notice, walked very flowly). Lady Towers, and Mrs Brooks, joined us in the porch; and made

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favour us with your company home, my old acquaints ance, faid Mr B to that Gentleman? I can't, having a Gentleman my relation to dine with me; but if it will be agreeable in the evening, I will bring him with me to taste of your Burgundy; for we have not any such in the county. I shall be glad to see you or

any friend of yours, reply'd Mr B.

Mr Martin whisper'd, It is more however, to admire your Lady, I can tell you that, than your wine.—Get into your coaches, Ladies, said he, with his usual freedom; our maiden and widow Ladies have a fine time of it, where ever you come: by my saith, they must every one of them quit this neighbourhood, if you were to stay in it: but all the hopes they have, are, that while you are in London, they'll have the game in their own hands.

Sister, said Lady Davers, most kindly to me, in presence of many, who (in a respectful manner) gather'd near us, Mr Martin is the same Gentleman

he used to be, I fee.

Mr Martin, Madam, faid I, fmiling, has but one fault. He is too apt to praise whom he favours, at the expence of his absent friends!

I am always proud of your reproofs, Mrs B. re-

ply'd he.

Ay, faid Lady Towers, that I believe. And therefore I wish, for all our sakes, you'd take him oftner

to talk, Mrs B.

Lady Towers, Lady Arthur, Mrs Brooks, and Mr Martin, all claim'd visits from us; and Mr B making excuses, that he must husband his time, because of being obliged to go to town soon, proposed to breakfast with Lady Towers, the next morning, dine with Mr Arthur, and sup with Mrs Brooks; and as there cannot be a more social and agreeable neighbourhood any where, his proposal, after some difficulty,

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Seculty, was accepted; and our utual vifiting neigh-

the places.

Ifaw Sir Thomas Athyns coming towards us, and fering to be stifled with compliments, I said, Your servant, Ladies, and Gentlemen; and, giving my hand to Lord Davers, stept into the chariot, instead of the coach; for people that would avoid bussle, sometimes make it. Finding my mistake, I would have come out; but my Lord said, Indeed you shan't: and I'll step in, because I'll have you all to myself.

Lady Davers smil'd, Now, said she, (while the coach drew up), is my Lord Davers pleased; but I see, Sister, you were tired with part of your company

in the coach.

'Tis well contriv'd, my dear, faid Mr B. as long as you have not depriv'd me of this honour; taking the Countefs's hand, and leading her into the coach.

Will you excuse all this impertinence, my dear?

—I know my father and mother will be pleased with it; and you will have the goodness to bear with me on that account; for their kind hearts will be delighted to hear every minute thing in relation to Lady Davers and myself.

When Mr Martin came in the evening, with his friend, (who is Sir William G. a polite young Gendeman of Lincoln/kire), he told us a deal of the praises lavish'd away upon me by several genteel strangers; one saying to his friend, he had travelled twenty miles

to fee me.

My Lady Davers was praifed too for her goodness to me, and the gracefulness of her person; the Countess for the noble serenity of her aspect, and that charming ease and freedom which distinguish her birth and quality: my dear Mr B. he said, was greatly admired too; but he would not make him proud;

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proud; for he had superiorities enough already, that was his word, over his neighbours: but I can tell you, said he, that for most of your praises you are obliged to your Lady, and for having rewarded her excellence as you have done: for one Gentleman, added he, said, He knew no one but you could deserve her; and he believed you did, from that tenderness in your behaviour to her, and from that grandeur of air, and majesty of person, that seem'd to shew you formed for her protector, as well as rewarder.—Get you gone to London, both of you, said he. I did not intend to tell you, Mr B. what was said of you—

The women of the two Ladies had acquainted their Ladyships with the order I observed for the day, and the devout behaviour of the servants. And about seven I withdrawing as silently and as unobserv'd as I could, was surprised, as I was going through the

great hall, to be joined by both.

I shall come at all your secrets, Pamela, said my Lady, and be able, in time, to cut you out in your own way. I know whither you are going.

My good Ladies, faid I, pardon me for leaving

you. I will attend you in half an hour.

No, my dear, said Lady Davers, the Countess and I have resolved to attend you for that half-hour, and we will return to company together.

is it not descending too much, my Ladies, as to

the company ?

If it is for us, it is for you, faid the Countes; so we will either act up to you, or make you come down to us; and we will judge of all your proceedings.

Every one, but Abraham, (who attended the Gentlemen), and all their Ladyship's servants, and their two women, were there; which pleased me, however, because it shew'd, that even the strangers, by this their second voluntary attendance, had no ill opinion of the service. But they were all stattled,

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Istept up to Mr Adams.—I was in hopes, Sir, faid I, we should have been favour'd with your company a our table.

He bowed.

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Well, Sir, faid I, these Ladies, come now to be obliged to you for your good offices; and you'll have no better way of letting them return their obligation, than to sup, though you would not dine with hem.

Mr Longman, faid my Lady, how do you?-We are come to be winnesses of the family deorum.

We have a bleffed Lady, Madam, faid he: and your Ladyship's presence augments our joys.

I should have said, we were not at church in the asternoon ——And when I do not go, we have the evening service read to us, as it is at church; which Mr Adams performed now with his usual distinct ness and servour.

When all was concluded, I faid, Now, my dearest - Ladies, excuse me for the sake of the delight I take in seeing all my good folks about me in this decent and obliging manner.— Indeed I have no oftentation init, if I know my own heart—

The Countess and Lady Davers, delighted to see such good behaviour in every one, sat a moment or two looking upon one another in silence; and then my Lady Davers took my hand: Beloved, deservedly beloved of the kindest of husbands, what a blessing at thou to this family!

And to every family, faid the Countess, who have the happiness to know, and the grace to follow, her example! But where, faid Lady Daviers, collectedst thou all this good sense, and sine spirit in thy devotions?

The

The Bible, my dear Ladies, said I, is the soundation of all: but this, and the Common prayer-book, and the Duty of man, our worthy solks have every one of them, and are so good as to employ themselves in them at all leisure opportunities on other days. For which reason, that I may diversify their devotions, I have, with the assistance of Mr Adams, and by advice of the Dean, made extracts from several good pieces, which we read on these days. Mr Adams, said my Lady Davers, will you oblige me with a copy of my sister's book, at your leisure? He readily engaged to do this; and the Countess desir'd another copy, which he also promissed.

Lady Davers then turning herfelf to Mrs Jervis, How do you, good woman? faid she.—Why you are now made ample amends for the love you bore to this dear creature formerly!

You have an angel, and not a woman, for your Lady, my good Mrs Jervis, faid the Countefs.

Mrs Jervis, folding her uplifted hands together, O my good Lady! you know not our happiness; no, not one half of it. We were before bless'd with plenty and a bountiful indulgence, by our good Matter; but our plenty brought on wantonness and wranglings: but now we have peace as well as plenty; and peace of mind, my dear Lady, in doing all in our respective powers, to shew ourselves thankful creatures to God, and to the best of masters and mistresses.

Good foul! faid I, and was forc'd to put my handkerchief to my eye: your heart is always overflowing thus with gratitude and praises, for what you so well merit from us.

Mr Longman, said my Lady, assuming a sprightly air, although her eye twinkled, to keep within its lids the precious water, that sprang from a noble

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and well-affected heart, I am glad to fee you here, attending your pious young Lady.—Well might you love her, honest man! well might you!—I did not know there was so excellent a creature in any rank.

Madam, faid the other worthy heart, unable to freak but in broken fentences,-You don't know indeed you don't, what a-what a-hap-happy -family we are! - Truly, we are like unto Alexander's foldiers, every one fit to be a general; fo well do we all know our duties, and practife them no, let me fay-Nay, and please your Ladyship, we all of us long, till morning comes, thus to attend my Lady; and after that is past, we long for evening, for the fame purpole: for the is fo good to usyou cannot think how good she is! But permit your honour'd father's old fervant to fay one word more, That tho' we are always pleased and joyful on these occasions; yet we are in transports to see our Mafler's noble Sifter thus favouring us, with your Ladyhip too, (to the Countefs), and approving our young Lady's conduct and piety.

Blessing on you all! faid my Lady.—Let us go, my Lady;—let us go, sister;—for I can stay

no longer!

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As I flid by, following their Ladyships, How do you, Mr Colbrand? faid I, softly:—I fear'd you were not well in the morning.—He bow'd, Par-don me, Ma-dame——I was leetell indispose, dat ish true!

Now, my dear friend, will you forgive me all this felf-praise, as it may seem?—Yet when you know I give it you, and my dear parents, as so many instances of my Lady Davers's reconciliation and goodness to me, and as it will shew what a noble heart that good Lady has at bottom, when her pride of quality and her passion have subsided, and her native

mative good sense and excellence taken place, I states myself, I may be the rather excused; and especially, as I hope to have my dear Miss Darnford's company and countenance one day, in this my delightful Sun-

day employment.

I should have added, for I think a good clergyman cannot be too much respected, that I repeated my request to Mr Adams, to oblige us with his company at supper; but he so very earnestly begg'd to be excused, and with so much concern of countenance, that I thought it would be wrong to insist upon it; though I was sorry for it, because I am sure, as of any-thing, that modesty is always a sign of merit.

We return'd to the Gentlemen as foon as supper was ready, and as chearful and easy, as Lady Davers observed, as if we had not been present at so solemn a service: and this, said she, after the Gentlemen were gone, makes religion so pleasant and delightful a thing, that I profess I shall have a much higher opinion of those who make it a regular and constant part of their employment, than ever I had. But I have seen, added her Ladyship, perhaps, such characteristic wry faces, and such gloomy countenances, among some of your pious folks, in and after a solemn office, as was enough to dishearten such an one as me, and make one think that it would be a fin to go to bed with a smile upon one's face, or without sighing and groaning.

Then, said she, I was once, I remember, when a girl, at the house of a very devout man, for a week, with his grand daughter, my school-sellow; and there were such preachments against vanicies, and for self-denials, that were we to have followed the good man's precepts, (though indeed not his practice, for well did he love his belly), half God Almighty's creatures and works would have been useless, and industry

would have been banished the earth.

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Then, added her Ladyship, have I heard the good man confess himself guilty of such fins, as, if true, (and by his hiding his face with his broad brimm'd hat, it look'd a little bad against him), he ought to

have been hang'd on a gallows fifty feet high.

These reflections, as I said, fell from my Lady, after the Gentlemen were gone, when she recounted wher Brother, the entertainment, as the was pleafed weall it, I had given her. On which the made high encomiums, as did the Countefs; and they praifed also the natural dignity which they imputed to me, fiying, I had taught them a way they never could have found out, to descend to the company of fervants, and yet to fecure, and even augment, the refeet and veneration of inferiors at the same time. And, Pamela, faid my Lady, you are certainly very right, to pay fo much regard to the young clergyman; for that makes all he reads, and all he fays, of greater efficacy with the auditors, facilitates the work you have in view to bring about, and in your own absence (for your Monarch may not always difpense with you perhaps) strengthens his influences, and encourages the young Gentleman, beside.

Vol. III.

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MONDAY.

MONDAY.

A M to thank you, my dear Miss Darnford, for your kind letter, approving of my scribble. When you come to my Saturday's and Sunday's accounts, I shall try your patience. But no more of that; for as you can read them, or let them alone, I am the less concern'd, especially as they will be more indulgently received somewhere else, than they may merit; so that my labour will not be wholly lost.

I congratulate you with all my heart, on your difmissing Mr Murray; for, besides that some of his qualities are not to be approved by a Lady of your taste and judgement, I will never give my consent, that any Gentleman shall have the honour of calling you his, who can so easily resign his pretensions to

you, and address your fifter.

You are extremely diverting, my dear, with your greater and leffer bear stars, and I could not help shewing your letter to Mr B. And what do you think the free Gentleman said upon it? I am half assaid to tell you: but do, now you are so happily disengag'd, get leave to come, and let us two contrive to be even with him for it. You are the only Lady in the world that I would join with against him.

Miss Nanny, which he called fevere, (but I won't call them so, without your leave), look'd a little like pretty spite, and as if you were forry the Gentleman took you at your word.—That was what he said—Pray let us punish him for it. Yet, he called you

* See letter XXVIII. of this volume.

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charming Lady, and faid a great deal in your praise, and join'd with me, that Mr Murray, who was so safe to part with you, could not possibly deserve

But, Pamela, said he, I know the sex well enough. Miss Polly may not love Mr Murray: yet to see her sister address'd and complimented, and preferr'd to herself, by one whom the so lately thought it was in her own power to chuse or to refuse, is a mortifying thing. And young Ladies cannot bear to sit by neglected, while two lovers are playing pugs tricks with each other.

Then, said be, all the preparations to matrimony, the cloaths to be bought, the visits to be paid and received, the compliments of friends, the busy novelty of the thing, the day to be fixed, and all the little soolish humours and nonsense attending a concluded courtship, when one fister is to ingross all the attention and regard, the new equipages, and so sorth; these are all subjects of mortification to the other, though she had no great value for the man perhaps.

Well, but, Sir, faid I, a Lady of Miss Darnford's good sense, and good taste, is not to be affected by these parades, and has well considered the matter, no doubt; and I dare say, rejoices, rather than repines, unissing the Gentleman.

I hope you will leave the happy pair, for they are b, if they think themselves so, together, and Sir simon to rejoice in his accomplish'd son-in-law elect, and give us your company to London. For who would say to be vex'd by that ill-natur'd Miss Nanny, as you own you were, at your last writing?

But I will proceed with my journal, and the rather, as I have fomething to tell you of a conversation, the tesult of which has done me great honour, and

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given me inexpressible delight: of which in its

place.

We pursued Mr B.'s proposal, returning several visits in one day; for we have so polite and agreeable a neighbourhood, that all seem to concur in a desire to make every thing easy to one another: and, as I mentioned before, hearing Mr B.'s intention to set out for London, as soon as our company should leave us, they dispensed with formalities, being none of them studious to take things amiss, and having a general good opinion of one another's intentions not to disoblige.

We came not home till ten in the evening, and then found a letter from Sir Jacob Swynford, uncle by the half-blood to Mr B. acquainting him, That hearing his niece Lady Davers was with him, he would be here in a day or two, (being then upon his journey), to pay a visit to his nephew and niece at the

fame time.

This Gentleman is very particularly odd and humourfome, and his eldest fon being next heir to the maternal estate, if Mr B. should have no children, has been exceedingly distaissted with his debasing himself in marrying me; and would have been better

pleafed had he not married at all, perhaps.

There never was any cordial love between Mr B.'s father and him, nor between the uncle, and nephew and niece; for his positiveness, roughness, and self-interestedness too, has made him, tho' very rich, but little agreeable to the generous tempers of his nephew and niece; yet when they meet, which is not above once in four or five years, they are always very civil and obliging to him.

Lady Davers wonder'd what could bring him hither now; for he lives in Herefordsbire, and seldom stirs ten miles from home. Mr B. said, he was sure it was not to compliment him and me on our nuptials.

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No, rather, faid my Lady, to fatisfy himself if you are in a way to cut out his own cubs. Thank God, we are, said my dearest friend. Whenever I was strongest set against matrimony, the only reason I had to weigh against my dislike to it, was, that I was unwilling to leave so large a part of my estate * to that family.

My dear, said he to me, don't be uneasy; but you'll see a relation of mine much more disagreeable than you can imagine: but no doubt you have heard his character.

Ah, Pamela, said Lady Davers, we are a family that value ourselves upon our ancestry; but upon my word, Sir Jacob, and all his line, have nothing else to boast of. And I have been often ashamed of my relation to them.

No family, I believe, my Lady, has every body excellent in it, reply'd 1: but I doubt I shall stand but poorly with Sir Jacob.

He won't dare to affront you, my dear, faid Mr B. altho' he'll fay to you, and to me, and to my fifter too, blunt and rough things. But he'll not ftay above a day or two, and we shall not see him again for some years to come; so we'll bear with him.

I am now, Mifs, coming to the conversation I hinted at.

TUESDAY.

ON Tuesday, Mr Williams came to pay his refpects to his kind patron. I had been to visit the widow-gentlewoman I mentioned before, and on my return, went directly to my closet, so knew not of his being there till I came to dinner; for Mr B. and he were near two hours together in discourse in the library.

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[·] See Vol. II. p. 70, and 382.

When I came down, Mr B. presented him to me. My friend Mr Williams, my dear, said he.

Mr Williams, how do you do? faid I; I am glad

to fee you.

He rejoiced, he faid, to fee me look fo well; and had long'd for an opportunity to pay his respects to his worthy patron and me before: but had been prevented twice when he was upon the point of setting out.

Mr B faid, I have prevail'd upon my old acquaintance to take up his residence with us, while he stays in these parts. Do you, my dear, see that every thing is made agreeable to him.

To be fure, Sir, I will.

Mr Adams being in the house, Mr B. sent to defire he would dine with us; if it were but in respect to a gentleman of the same cloth, who gave us his

company.

Mr B. when dinner was over, and the fervants were withdrawn, faid, My dear, Mr Williams's bufiness, in part, was to ask my advice as to a living that is offer'd him, by the Earl of—, who is greatly taken with his preaching and conversation.

And to quit yours, I presume, Sir? faid Lord

Davers.

No, the Earl's is not quite so good as mine, and his Lordship would procure him a dispensation to hold both. What would you advise, my dear?

It becomes not me, Sir, to meddle with fuch mat-

ters, as thefe.

Yes, my dear, it does, when I afk your opinion.

I beg pardon, Sir.—My opinion then is, That Mr Williams will not care to do any thing that requires a dispensation, and which would be unlawful without it.

Your Ladyship, said Mr Williams, speaks exceedingly well.

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I am glad, Mr Williams, that you approve of my fintiments. You see they were required of me by me who has a right to command me in every thing; otherwise this matter is above my sphere; and I have to much good-will to Mr Williams, that I wish him every thing that will contribute to make him happy.

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Well, my dear, said Mr B. but what would you dvise in this case? The Earl proposes, that Mr Williams's present living be supply'd by a curate: to whom, no doubt, Mr Williams will be very genteel; and, as we are seldom or never there, his Lord-hip thinks, we shall not be displeas'd with it, and insists upon it, that he will propose it to me; as he has done.

Lord Davers faid, I think this may do very well, Brother. But, what, pray, Mr Williams, do you propose to allow to your curate? Excuse me, Sir; but I think the clergy do so hardly by one another generally, that they are not to be surprised, that some of the laity treat them as they do.

Indeed, faid Mr H. that's well observed; for I have heard it faid twenty and twenty times, If you would know how to value a clergyman, and what he deferves for spending his whole life in the duties of his sunction, you need but form your opinion upon the treatment they give to one another; and 40 or 50 l. Lyear, would be thought too much, even for him who does all the labour.

Who fays my Nephew speaks not well? said my Lord.

O, faid my Lady, no wonder! This is Jackey's peculiar. He has always something to say against the dergy. For he never lov'd them, because his tutors were clergymen; and since, said her Ladyship, (very severely), he never got any good from them, why should they expect any from him?

Always hard upon my poor Nephew, faid Lord

Thank

Thank you, Aunt, faid Mr H.

Mr Williams faid, Mr H.'s observation was but too true; that nothing gave greater cause of scandal than the usage some even of the dignified clergy gave their brethren: that he had always lamented it, as one of the greatest causes of the contempt with which

the clergy are too generally treated.

He was proceeding; but Lady Davers faid, I am not at all surprized at their treatment of one another; for if a gentleman of education and learning can so far forget what belongs to his surction, as to accept of two livings, when one would afford him a hand-some maintenance, it is no wonder, that such a one would make the most of it, for does he not as good as declare, that he takes it for that very purpose?

I must not let this argument proceed, said Mr B. without clearing my worthy friend. He is under no difficulty about holding the two. He proposes not to do it; and, like a good man, as I always thought him to be, is of opinion he ought not to do it : but here is the difficulty, and all his difficulty; he is defirous to oblige his good friend the Earl, who is very pressing to have him near him; but apprehending that I may take it amifs, if he relinquishes my living, he came to ask my advice; and after we had talked a good deal of the matter, I told him we would refer it to Pamela, who was a kind of cafuilt in such matters of equity and good order as fell within the compais of her observation and capacity: and io, my dear, give us your free opinion; for this is 2 fubject you have spoken your mind to me upon once before.

I am very glad, Sir, replied I, that Mr Williams's own resolution was so conformable to what I wish'd it to be, and indeed expected from his character; and I can therefore more freely speak my mind upon the occasion, tho' I am but a poor casuist neither.

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Mr B. which

You remember, my dear, faid Mr B. what you obferred to me in favour of the clergy, and their mainmenance, when we fell occasionally upon that subject while ago. I found you had confidered the point, and thought you spoke well upon the occasion. Let

us hear your opinion now upon it.

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Indeed, reply'd I, I fay now, as I then took the liberty to fay, that I have so general a good will to the order, that if my wishes could have effect, there is not one of it, but should have a handsome competency; at least fuch a one as to fet him above contempt. And this, I am perfuaded, would be a great furtherance to the good we expect from them, in teaching the lower rank of people (as well as the higher) their duties, and making them good fervants, and useful members of the commonwealth.

But, my dear, you took notice of some things, which would, if you can recollect them, be very

à propos to the subject we are now upon.

I remember, Sir, we were talking of impropriations. I took the liberty to express myself a little earnestly against impropriations; and I remember you flopped my mouth at once upon that head.

As how, Sifter? faid Lady Davers.

Ay, as how, Mrs B.? faid the Countels.

Why, Madam, Mr B. was pleafed to fay, That when the clergy would come into a regulation for the more equal and useful disposition of the revenues which at present were in the church, he would be the first who would bring in a bill for restoring to it all that it had loft by impropriations and other fecularizations, and leave it upon the public to make fatisfaction to fuch of the laity as would be fufferers by the reftoration.

That was not, my dear, what I meant, returned Mr B. You were particularly against dispensations;

which is the point before us now.

I remember, Sir, I did fay, that as there are fo

many Gentlemen of the function, who have no provision at all, I could not wish any one of it should hold two livings; especially if they cannot perform the duties of both, and where one would afford a tolerable competence. Much less (I remember I took the liberty to add) could I think it excusable that a Gentleman should rate the labours of his brother, who does every thing, so low, as is too frequently the case, and pay himself so well for doing nothing at all.

This is what I mean, returned Mr B. and I thought you observed very well upon it, my dear. For my own part, I have always been of opinion, that the clergy who do thus, make the best excuse that can be made for impropriators and lay-patrons. For here is a gentleman, the fon of a lay-man, (I speak to general cases), is fent to the university, and takes orders. He has interest, perhaps, to get two or more livings, and hires a person, who is as deserving a himself, but destitute of friends, at a low rate, to do the duties of one of them. We will suppose in his favour, that he has feveral children to provide for out of thefe, and makes that his pretence for opprefling the person he employs to do his own duty. Some of these children are males, some semales, and not one in five of the former is brought up to the church; and all that he faves for them, and gives them out of what he squeezes from his unhappy brother, is it not fecularizing, as it were, at least # far as he can do it, the revenues appropriated to the church? And can he, whatever others may, blame an impropriator for applying that portion of the produce of church-lands to his lay-family, which the other intends for the lay-family he is endeavouring to build up? fome one or two of which impropriator's fons may possible too, in order to possess the living in their father's gift, be brought up to the church? What is the difference, I would fain know! If

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Mthe clergy were always to have done thus, connued Mr B. should we not have wanted many enboments, and charitable foundations, which we whave? And I am very forry to have reason to that we owe fuch fort of works more to the piety the clergy of past times than to the prefent; for ow, let us cast our eye upon the practices of some dour prelates; for who is it that looks not up firft frexamples to that venerable order? and we shall ind, that too many among them, feem more intent on making a family, as it is called, and thereby feularizing, as I observed, as much as they can, the grenues of the church, than to live up either to the ncient hospitality, or with a view to those acts of munificence, which were the reason for endowing he church with fuch ample revenues, as it once had. ad still has, were it not so unequally distributed, and no few hands.

But, dear Sir, faid I, what a fad hardship do the inferior elergy labour under all this time?—To be oppressed and kept down, by their brethren, and by the laity too? This is hard indeed—'Tis pity, me-thinks, this, at least, could not be remedied.

It will hardly ever be done, my dear. The evil lis deep; 'tis in human nature, and when that can be mended, it will be better; but I fee not how it on be expected, while those who have most influence uprocure the redress, are most interested to premut it: and the views of others, aspiring to the same power and interest, make too many wish to have things left as they are; although they have no present benefit by it. And those would join in a cry of the church's danger, were the legislature to offer the redress.

Tis pity, Sir, faid I, the convocation are not permitted to fit. They would, perhaps, undertake this povince, and feveral others, for the benefit of the whole

whole body of the clergy; and I should think such

regulations would come best from them.

So it is, my dear, would they employ themselves, and their deliberations, in fuch good works. But 'tis a fad thing to confider, that there is little good to be expected from bodies of men in general; for altho' an individual cares not to pull down upon himfelf the odium of a bad or unpopular action, yet when there are many to share it among them, I fee not, that they scruple doing things which very little become them to do. But, far be it from me to fay this with a view to convocations as convocations: I fpeak what is but too generally the cafe in all bodies of men whatever, whether clergy or laity. And let us look into the greater or leffer corporations and focieties throughout the kingdom, and we shall find, if a poor witticism may be excus'd, that bodies are really bodies, and act too often as if they had no fouls among them.

I hope, Sir, faid the Countess, when you judge thus hardly of bodies, you include the two supreme

bodies.

Thou shalt not, said Mr B.—I know these reverend Gentlemen (looking at Mr Williams and Mr Adams) will tell me, speak evil of the rulers of thy people.—But I wish I could always defend, what I am loth at any time to censure. But were you to read, or attend to the debates in both houses, which sometimes happen in cases almost self-evident, you would find it impossible not to regret, that you are now-and-then under a necessity to join with the minority; as well in your house, Lord Davers, as in ours.

I wish, Brother, reply'd his Lordship, I could differ from you with reason: but this always was, and, I fear, always will be so, more or less in every fession.

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Yes, pleafed dear B kind, a to fay a

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But, to return to our first subject, said Mr B. you know, my dear, how much pleasure I take to hear pour opinion in cases of natural equity: and you must tell us freely, what you would advise your friend Mr Williams to do.

And must I, Sir, speak my mind on such a point,

before fo many better judges?

Yes, Sifter, faid her Ladyship, (a name she is now pleased to give me freely before strangers, after her dear Brother's example, who is kindest, tho' always lind, at such times), you must; if I may be allow'd to say must.

Why then, proceeded I, I beg leave to ask Mr Williams one question; that is, Whether his present prishioners do not respect and esteem him, in that particular manner, which I think every body must,

who knows his worth?

I am very happy, Madam, in the good will of all myparishioners, and have great acknowledgements to

make for their civilities to me.

I don't doubt, faid I, but it will be the fame where. ner you go; for bad as the world is, a prudent and good clergyman will never fail of respect. But, Sir. fyou think your ministry among them is attendd with good effects; if they esteem your person with a preference, and liften to your doctrines with mention; methinks, for their fakes, 'tis pity to lare them, were the living of lefs value, as it is of we, than the other. For, how many people are there who can benefit by one gentleman's preaching. ather than by another's; altho', possibly, the one's tilities may be no way inferior to the other's? There Ba great deal in a delivery, as it is called, in a way, imanner, a deportment, to engage people's attention and liking; and as you are already in possession of their esteem, you are fure to do much of the good you aim and wish to do. For where the flock loves the shepherd, all his work is easy, and more than Vol. III. Aa half

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half done; and without that, let him have the tongue of an angel, and let him live the life of a faint, he will be heard with indifference, and, oftentimes, as

his subject may be, with disgust.

I paufed here; but every one being filent, As to the Earl's friendship, Sir, continued I, you can best judge, what force that ought to have upon you; and what I have mentioned would be the only difficulty with me, were I in Mr Williams's case. To be fure it will be a high compliment to his Lordship, and so he ought to think it, that you quit a better living to oblige him. And he will be bound in honour to make it up to you. For I am far from thinking, that a prudent regard to worldly interest misbecomes the character of a good clergyman; and I wish all such were fet above the world, for their own fakes, as well as for the fakes of their hearers; fince independency gives a man refpect, besides the power of doing good, which will inhance that respect, and, of consequence, give greater efficacy to his doctrines.

The Counters mentioned hereupon, the faying of Dr Fisher Bishop of Rochester, who was beheaded in the reign of Henry VIII. because he would not own the King's supremacy: This prelate, being offer'd a richer bishoprick, would not accept of it, faying, · He look'd upon his bishoprick as his wife; and he fhould not think it excusable to part with his wife because the was poor.' This brought fo many reflections upon frequent translations, and the earnestness with which richer bishopricks were fought after, that I was very forry to hear, or to think, there were occasion for them. And I did take the liberty to fay, that, as Mr B. had observed, the fault was in human nature; and tho' it was an inexcufable one, perhaps we that censur'd them, might find it hard in their circumstances, to refist the temptation.

Mr B. faid, He wished, for the sake of the clergy in general, that there was a law against translations;

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and that all the bishopricks in England were made equal in revenue; sor, do we not see, said he, that the Prelates, almost to a man, vote on the side of power? and by this means, contribute not a little to make themselves and the whole body of the clergy. (so numerous, and so deserving too, as those of the church of England are), a by-word to free-thinkers of all denominations, who are ever ready to take occasion to malign them, and their venerable order.

Would you not, asked Lord Davers, have the two

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No, faid Mr B. the distinction of dignity and precedence would be enough, if not too much; for where there is but one Pope, the whole college of Cardinals, seventy in number, are always looking up to, and gaping after the chair: and I would have no temptations laid in the way of good men to forfeit their characters, and weaken their influences, which are of so much consequence for example-sake, to the public weal.

I think, faid Lord Davers, there was some reason, for the celibacy of the clergy in the Roman church at sirft, altho' the inconveniencies arising from it are too many and too obvious, to wish the restraint so general. For the provision for families and children, sumishes so natural and so laudable a pretence to dergymen to lay up all they can for them, that their

characters suffer not a little on that account.

If we look round us, faid Mr B. and fee how many good and worthy families are fprung from the clergy; and look abroad, and fee what are too often the effects of celibacy in the Roman church, and the scandal, worse than what we complain of, thrown upon them, even by bigots of their own communion, we shall have sufficient reason to condemn the celibacy which that church enjoins. Besides, a bad mind, an oppressive or covetous nature, will be the same, whether marry'd or single: for have we not seen to what

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a scandalous height nepotism has been carried in that church? and has not a Pope of a private and narrow spirit, done as much for his nephews and nieces, (and perhaps nearer relations under those names), as he could have done for sons and daughters? So still here too, we must resolve all into that common sewer of iniquity, human nature; and conclude, that a truly good man will not do a bad thing upon any the nearest and most affecting considerations; and that a bad man will never want a pretence to display his evil qualities, nor flatterers neither (if he has power) to desend him, in the worst he can do.

I well remember the argument, when I was at Rome, used to the Pope, on such an occasion. His Holiness declared against nepotism, saying, That he would never look upon the revenues of the church, as the patrimony of his private samily; and forbade his numerous relations, who, on his promotion, swarm'd about him, with looks as hungry as if they were so many North Britons, travelling southward for preferment—(that was Mr B.'s word, spoken pleafantly) to think of him in any other light, than that of the common father of all his people; and as har

ving no other relation but meric.

This was fetting out well, you'll fay: but what was the event?—Why, two thirds of his relations rushed into orders directly; and it was not long, before parasites were found, to represent to the holy father, that it was a sin to deprive the church of so many excellent props and buttresses; and that for the good of the public, he ought to preser them to the first dignities; so that the good man, overcome with their reasons, and loth to continue in so great a sin, grac'd the Cardinalate with one, the Episcopate with half a dozen; and the richest abbacies with a score or two; and the Emperor having occasion to make interest with his Holiness, found merit enough in some

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Mr B.

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But, Sir, faid I, (for I am always forry to hear things faid to the discredit of the clergy, because I think it is of public concern that we reverence the function, notwithstanding the failings of particulars), have I not been a silent witness, that you have made the same observations on a minister of state, who, tho' he shall be perhaps the first to blame this disposition in a clergyman, will be equally ready to practife it himself, to relations and children, sull as worthless, to the exclusion of the worthy?—So that, Sir, this is all human nature still; and should we not be tender in our censures of the one, when we are so ready to acquit the other?

There's this difference, Mrs B. faid the Countefs: from the one we expect a better example; from the other, no example fit to be followed. And this is one reason that makes the first minister generally so hated a thing in all nations, because he usually resolves all considerations into self, and is beloved by nobody, but those, to whom he gives the overslowings of such benefits, as he has not relations enough

to heap them upon.

Well, Mr Advas, said I, if I may be allowed to be so serious, does not this shew the excellency of the payer we are taught by the supreme Teacher, and that part of it, Lead us not into temptation? for it seems too natural a consequence, that no sooner are retempted, but we deliver ourselves up to evil.

Right, Sifter, faid Lord Davers; and this ends in

Mr B.'s buman nature again.

What remains, then, observ'd Lady Davers, but that we take the world as we find it? give praise to the good, dispraise to the bad; and every one try to mend one?

Yet I wish, said Mr B. so over-tender are many good clergymen of the sailings in their brethren,

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which they would not be guilty of themselves, that we might avoid displeasing them, if they were to know the freedom of this conversation, when we are all so well disposed to reverence their function.

I hope otherwise, return'd Mr Williams; for it is but giving due praise and dispraise, as my Lady says; and were evil actions to go uncensur'd, good ones would lose their reward, and vice, by being put upon a foot with virtue in this life, would meet with too much countenance.

But give me leave, refum'd Lady Davers, to interpose a little in the matter we have departed from, that of the curate and dispensation; and when I have deliver'd my sentiments, I insist upon it, that Mrs B. will as freely give us hers, as if I had been silent.

Dispensations are usual things. Mr Williams may pay a young gentleman handfomely; and the cenfure we have passed, is only upon such as do not. young man at first fetting out, a good curacy will be very acceptable. If he has merit, it will put him in a way of shewing it, and he may raise himself by it. If he has not, he will not deferve more. And Mr Williams may marry, perhaps, and have a family to provide for. His opportunities may not always be the fame: the Earl may die, and he should be excufed if he makes the best use of his interest and favour, for the very reason Mrs B. gave, that as he is a good man, it will strengthen his influences: And, come, Brother, you know I am always for prefcribing! here is a worthy young gentleman in my eye, who won't take it amiss to begin with a curacy: and you shall give your dispensation, previous to the legal one, on condition, that Mr Williams will permit you w present his curate; and thus all will be resolv'd.

Both the Gentlemen bow'd,—and Mr Williams was going to speak: but Mr B. said, Take my Sister at her word, Pamela, and if you have any thing to say to this scheme, speak it freely, as if her Ladyship had

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Ay, pray do, faid my Lady. I love to hear you feak. You always make me think of fomething I

had not confider'd before.

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I am very loth to fay any thing on so nice a subject. Indeed it would not become me. There is so much generosity and benevolence in my good Lady's

cheme, that I ought not.

Ought not! repeated my dearest friend, internuting me, none of your ought nots; I know you are
always forming in your mind notions of right and
wrong, in the common cases of life. Let us therefore have your opinion in this matter more fully than
you have hitherto given it; and deliver it too without
hesitation, and with that ease and freedom, which
are born with you; for, I can tell you, that were we,
through the corruption of human nature, to lose the
distinctions of right and wrong, I know not where we
could apply ourselves, but to such as you, to recover
them.

I bow'd, and faid, If you will have it fo, Sir, it must be fo; and I will then bespeak all your kind allowances, (casting my eye around me, to each person), and tell you all I think upon this matter; and when I have done, submit my poor sentiments, as

becomes me, to your superior judgements.

Thus then I would fay—Pardon me, Madam, for taking your Ladyship's words for my theme, as I temember them; and hardly any thing falls from your Ladyship that I do not remember—That diftensations are usual things—I am sure I am going to display my ignorance, because, knowing nothing of their original or design, I must presume them to be very ancient in this kingdom, and introduced only when there were sewer clergymen than benefices. Was there ever such a time?

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They smil'd—Nay, now, you would command me, Sir, to speak, when I need to do nothing else, to expose myself. There was a time, as I have read, that there were so sew scholars, that the benest of clergy was allow'd to some fort of criminals who could do no more than read, because the commonwealth could ill spare learned men, and thought it right to encourage the love of letters—And might there not be a time then, when dispensations were allowed to worthy men, because it was disficult to find enow of such as deserved that character, to fill the church-preferments?

Tell us, Pamela, faid Mr B. whether you do not intend this as a fatire upon the practice? Or, is it really your pretty ignorance, that has made you pronounce one of the feverest censures upon it, that

could be thought of?

I smiled, and said, Indeed, Sir, I think only some such reason, or a worse, must be the original of dispensations; for is it right that one gentleman shall have two or three livings, the duties of no more than one of which he can personally attend; while so many are destitute of bread, almost, and exposed to contempt, the too frequent companion of poverty? And what the custom may have sanctified it, to be sure that is all that can; and a good man will not do all he may do without incurring a penalty, because there is in every thing a right and a wrong; and because, be the custom what it will, a man should regulate his actions by his conscience and the golden rule.

My good Lady fays, Mr Williams may pay a gentleman handsomely: I don't doubt but Mr Williams would do so; and this, I am forry to say it, would be doing what is not so often done as one would wish. But may I be permitted to ask, For what would he pay the gentleman handsomely?—Why, for doing that duty for him, which in conscience and honour

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he ought to do himfelf, and which, when he takes institution and induction, he engages solemnly to do? And pray, excuse me, my dear every-body-that was my foolith word, which made them fmilem what end is all this ?- Only, that the gentleman who does all the labour in the vineyard, shall live upon 30, 40, or 50 l. per annum, more or less, while the gentleman who has best nothing but best interest, (another of my foolish phrases), shall receive twice, and perhaps three times the fum for doing nothing st all. Can any difpensation, my dear friends, make this a just or equitable thing? Indeed, if the living be fo poor, as too many of them are, that a man cannot comfortably and creditably subsist without putting two poor ones together to make one tolerable one, that is another thing. But pray now, my good Mr Williams excuse me, if Mr Adams can live upon a curacy of 40 or 50 l. a year, cannot another gentleman live, unless his rectory or vicarage bring him 2 or 300? Mr Adams may marry as well as Mr Williams; and both, I believe, will find God's providence a better reliance, than the richest benefice in England.

A good curacy, no doubt, continued I, may be a comfortable thing at fetting out to a young gentleman: but if here be a rectory or vicarage, of 200 L ayear, for example, (for if it be of no more value than a good curacy, he must be content), is not that 200 L a-year the reward for doing such and such labour? And if this be the stated hire for this labour, to speak in the scripture-phrase, Is not the labourer worthy of his hire? Or, is he that does not labour,

to go away with the greatest part of it?

If the Gentleman, my Lady is pleased to say, has merit, this curacy may put him in a way of shewing it. But does the manifestation of merit, and the teward of it, always go together?

My Lady is fo good as to observe :- but may I,

Madam, be excused?

Proceed,

Proceed, proceed, child !—I shall only have a care of what I say before you for the suture, that's all.

And I too, faid Mr H .-- which made them smile.

Nay, now, my Lady-

Proceed, I tell you—I only wonder, as my Brother has faid, on another occasion, where thou gottest all

thefe equitable notions.

My Lady is so good as to observe, proceeded I, (for they were pleased to be attentive), that Mr Williams should make use of his opportunities. I know her Ladyship speaks this rather in generous indulgence to the usual practice, than what always ought to be the chief consideration; for if the Earl should die, may not some other friend arise to a gentleman of Mr Williams's merit?

As to strengthening of a good man's influence, which is a point always to be wish'd, I would not say so much as I have done, if I had not heard Mr Longman say, and I am sure I heard it with great pleasure, that the benefice Mr Williams so worthily enjoys, is a

clear 250 / a-year.

But after all, does happiness to a gentleman, a scholar, a philosopher, rest in a greater or lesser income?—On the contrary, Is it not oftener to be found in a happy competency, or mediocrity? Suppose my dear Mr B. had 5000 l. a-year added to his present large income, would that increase his happiness? That it would add to his cares is no question; but could that addition give him one fingle comfort which he has not already? And if the dear Gentleman had 2 or 3000 lefs, might he be lefs happy on that account? No, furely, for it would render a greater prudence on my humble part necessary, and a nearer inspection, and greater frugality, on his own, and he must be contented, (if he did not, as now, perhaps, lay up every year), fo long as he lived within his income-And who will fay, that the obligation to greater prudence, and economy, is a misfortune? The

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The competency, therefore, the golden mean is the thing; and I have often confidered the matter, and endeavoured to square my actions by the result of that confideration. For a person, who being not born to an estate, is not satisfied with a competency, will probably not know any limits to his desires. One whom an acquisition of 100 or 200 l. a-year will not satisfy, will hardly sit down contented with any sum. For altho' he may propose to himself at a distance, that such and such an acquisition will be the height of his ambition; yet he will, as he approaches to that, advance upon himself farther and satther, and know no bound, till the natural one is forced upon him, and his life and his views end together.

Now let me humbly beg pardon of you all, Ladies and Gentlemen, turning my eye to each; but most of you, my good Lady, whose observations I have made so free with. If you can forgive me, it will be an instance of your goodness that I may wish for, but hardly can promise to myself. Will you, my dear Lady? faid I, and laid my hand upon her Ladyship's, in a supplicatory manner; for she sat next me.

I think not, said her Ladyship. I think I sught not.

Should I, Brother? Can I, my Lord?—Ought I, my Lady Countes?—Brother, Brother, if you have been in any degree contributing to the excellency of this—what shall I call her? How cunningly do you all, to make her imbibe your notions, and then utter them with such advantage, that you have the secret pride to find your own sentiments praised from her mouth? But I will forgive you both, be it as it will; for I am sure, outdone as I am, in thought, word, and deed, and by so young a gipsey—that was her word; it is by one that would outdo every-body else, as well as me: only I would except your Ladyship.

None of your exceptions, Lady Davers, replied the Countefs—I know not, in fo young a Lady, whether I should most envy or admire her excellence.

Well, but fince I have the pleasure, resumed I, to find myself forgiven, may I be indulged a sew moments prattle more? Only just to observe, that the state of the case I have given, is but one side of the question; that which a good clergyman, in my humble opinion, would chuse to act. But when we come to the other side, what it would be kind we of the laity should think sit and act by them, that is another thing. For, when we think of the hard-ships the clergy lie under, more than almost any other body of men, we shall see they are intitled to better

ufage than they often meet with.

Here, in the first place, a youth is fent to the univerfity, after a painful course to qualify him for it. He endangers his health, and impairs his constitution, by hard study, and a sedentary life; and after he has passed such a number of years, he is admitted into orders, perhaps gets a fmall fellow thip, turns tutor, a painful employment; and his education having been defigned for all his portion, and that expended in it, he at last, by interest or favour, gets a curacy or little living of 40, 50, or 60 1. a year; if lefs, fo much the worfe; and is obliged to maintain himself in a genteel appearance out of that, and be subject not feldom to the jefts of buffoons and rakes at a great man's table, where the parfon is too often the butt to receive the supposed witty shafts of such as can allow themselves to say any thing. If he marries, which possibly too he is kept from, contrary to his wishes, of all men he is the least to follow his own liking; fince prudence too often obliges him to take the perfon his inclination would not.

If children follow, what melancholy views has he of providing for them, did not his strong reliance on Providence exercise his faith against worldly appearance?

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Then has he too often to contend for his dues, the produce of his poor income, with churlish and ignorant spirits, whom his function would make him wish to smooth and instruct; who though they farm and pay to the landlord for no more than nine tenths of the lands they occupy, hardly think it a sin to cheat the parson of his tythe; who, however, has the same right to it by the laws of the land, as the Gentleman has to the estate, or the tenant to the produce of his farm.

This obliges the poor Gentleman to live in a state of war among a people with whom both his duty and inclination would make him desirous to cultivate a good understanding. And what benefits can result from his ministry in such a situation, when the people to be instructed look upon him as an invader of their substance, at the very time that they are robbing

him of what is legally his?

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In the next place, I presume to think, that the dergy are too much looked upon by some as a deuched body, as I may say, from the rest of the people, and as persons acting upon a separate interest quite opposite to that of the laity: when, possibly, that very churl, who resuses them their right, or would theat them of it, has a view to bring up one of his samily to the church, and hopes to get him provided for out of its revenues. And are not the clergy, moreover, the sathers, the sons, the uncles, the brothers of the laity, who shall set themselves against their maintenance? And must their education debar them of those comforts, which it better qualifies them to enjoy, and which it incapacitates them any other way to procure?

Forgive me, looking all round me, and curt'sying then I cast my eye on Mr B. for entering so deeply into this subject. I have often heard my excellent lady, who had a great veneration for good clergymen, talk to this purpose with a Lady who had very differ-

Vol. III. Bb ent

ent fentiments from hers: and I have not been used to forget any thing that fell from her lips. Mr I. and Lady Davers, bid me proceed; I could not, my

Lady faid, have had a better instructress.

What opportunity, refumed I, have not the laity in general, of all degrees and ranks, to make their lives eafy and happy, to what the clergy have? Here is a middling family with three or four fons : fuppole the father's circumstances will allow him to bring up one to the law: what opportunities has he, unenvied, to make a fortune? Another is brought up to trade: if he has but tolerable success in the world. in what eafe and affluence does he support himself, and provide for his family? And as to the phylic line, what fortunes are raifed in that? And nobody envies any of thefe. But the fon, whose inclination shall lead him perhaps best to deferve, and most to require, an easy and comfortable subfistence, and who ought wholly to devote himself to the duties of his function, is grudged every thing, and is treated as if he were not a fon of the fame family, and had not a natural right and stake in the same commonwealth.

There are, 'tis true, preferments, and some great ones, and honours too, in the church; but how sew, compared to the numbers of the clergy, or to those livings which are so poor as can hardly set a man above penury and contempt?—And how are those sew ingross'd by the descendants or dependants of the rich and powerful? And, what by commendants, dispensations, and such like contrivances, how does one man of interest and address swallow up the provision which was designed for several, as deserving, perhaps, at least, as himself?—For, my good Lady, (you have sorgiven me, and must not be displeased), a man's friends may die off, and he must, you know,

make the best of his opportunities.

O you dear fauce box, as my Brother calls you!how dare you, by that arch pretty look, triumph

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over me thus?—Let me, Brother, give her a flap for this!—I'm fure she deserves it.

I think she is a little insolent indeed, Lady Davers. But to the case in hand. There is so much truth in what Pamela says, of the hardships to which the clergy, the inserior clergy particularly, are subjected, that I wonder any gentleman who can chuse for himself, and has no probable prospect, should enter into orders, under such discouragements.

I humbly conceive, Sir, faid I, that there can be but one good inducement, and this is what the apostle hints at in these words——If in this life only we have hope, we are of all men most miserable.

Well, faid Mr B. by how much this is their motive, by fo much are they intitled to that better hope; and may it never deceive them!

But I have the pleasure to acquaint this company, that I had a mind only to hear what Pamela, who, as Ihinted, talked to me learnedly on this very subject a stw days ago, would say, when she came face to face, to her two worthy friends, Mr Williams and Mr Mams, (and so I desired Mr Williams would let her run on, if I could set her into the subject)—else my dd acquaintance was resolved not to hold both linings, since either, he was so good as to say, would afford him as handsome a provision as he wished for; his only difficulty being about obliging the Earl, or whether he should not disoblige me, if he complied with that nobleman's request.

Indeed, Madam, faid Mr Williams, this is the very cale; and after what I have heard from you, I would not, for the world, have been of another mind, nor her put it upon any other foot than I did.

You are a good man, faid I; and I have fuch an minion of your worthiness, and the credit you do your function, that I can never suspect either your judgement or your conduct. But pray, Sir, may I ask, that have you determined to do?

B b 2

Why,

Why, Madam, reply'd he, I am stagger'd in that too, by the observation your Ladyship made, that where a man has the love of his parishioners, he ought not to think of leaving them.

Elfe, Sir, I find you was rather inclined to obline the Earl, though the living be of lefs value! This is

very noble, Sir; it is more than generous.

My dear, faid Mr B. I'll tell you (for Mr Williams's modefly will not let him speak it before all the company) what is his motive; and a worthy one you'll fay it is. Excuse me, Mr Williams-for the reverend

gentleman blush'd.

The Earl has of late years—we all know his che racter-given himself up to carousing, and he will fuffer no man to go from his table fober. Mr Wil liams has taken the liberty to expostulate, as became his function, with his Lordship on this subject, and upon some other irregularities, in so agreeable a manner, that the Earl has taken a great liking to him, and promifes, that he will fuffer his reasonings to have an effect upon him, and that he shall reform his whole houshold, if he will come and live near him, and to

gulate his table by his own example.

The Counters is a very good Lady, and privately presses Mr Williams to oblige the Earl: and this is our worthy friend's main inducement; with the hops which I should not forget to mention, that he has, d preferving untainted the morals of the two young gentlemen, the Earl's fons, who, he fears, will be carried away by the force of fuch an example: and he thinks, as the Earl's living has fallen, mine, probably, will be better supplied than the Earl's, if he as he kindly offers, gives it me back again; otherwife the Earl, as he apprehends, will find out for his, fome gentleman, if fuch a one can be found, as will rather further, than obstruct his own irregularities; as was the unhappy case of the last incumbent. Well

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Well, faid Lady Davers, (and fo faid the Countefs), I shall always have the highest respect for Mr Williams, for a conduct fo genteel and fo prudent. But, Brother, will you, and will you, Mr Williams, put this whole affair, in all its parts, into Mrs B.'s hands, fince you have fuch testimonies, both of you, of the rectitude of her thinking and acting?

With all my heart, Madam, reply'd Mr Williams;

and I shall be proud of such a direction.

What fay you, Brother? You are to suppose the living in your own hands again; will you leave the whole matter to my Sifter here?

Come, my dear, faid Mr B. let us hear how you'd wish it to be order'd. I know you have not need of one moment's confideration, when once you are a mistress of a point.

Nay, faid Lady Davers, that is not the thing. repeat my demand: thall it be as Mrs B. lays it out.

or not? This is a weighty matter, my good fifter; and bad as I have been, I think patrons are accountable, in a great measure, for the characters of the persons they present; and I do assure you, that had I twenty livings in my gift, I should think I ought not to prefer my brother to any one of them, if his morals and character were not likely to do honour to the church, as well as to my pretentation. And I expected to lear from Pamela, when the was enumerating the hardships of the clergy, of that scandalous practice of ome patrons, who rob the regularly-bred clergymen, by pulling into orders some kinsman, or friend, or mend's kinfman or friend, when a living falls in, let his character or qualifications be ever fo faulty and defective. I could name feveral fuch inflances, that ought to make the ordainers, as well as the ordained. blujb; as (were I to borrow one of Pamela's serious inferences, I would fay) it will one day make them both tremble, when they come to give an account of the trusts committed to them.

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Well, said my Lady, I have a noble Brother, that's true. What pity you ever were wicked at all! but, come, and laid her hand upon mine, this same good girl will be a blessing to you: Nay, why said I, will be! she is; and the greatest that man can receive.—But still I must have you put this matter into Mrs B.'s hands.

Conditionally I will—provided I cannot give fatiffactory reasons, why I ought not to conform to her opinion; for this, as I said, is a point of conscience with me; and I made it so, when I presented Mr Williams to the living; and have not been deceived in that presentation.

To be fure, faid I, that is very reasonable, Sir; and on that condition, I shall the less hesitate to speak my mind, because I shall be in no danger to commit

an irreparable error.

I know well, Lady Davers, added Mr B. the power your fex have over ours, and their subtle tricks; and so will never, in my weakest moments, be drawn in to make a blindfold promise. There have been several instances, both in sacred, and profane story, of mischiefs done by such surprizes: so you must allow me to suspect myself, when I know the dear slut's power over me, and have been taught by the inviolable regard she pays to her own word, to value mine—And now, Pamela, speak all that's in your heart to say.

With your requisite condition in my eye, I will, Sir. But let me see, that I state the matter right. And, preparative to it, pray, Mr Williams, tho' you have not been long in possession of this living, yet may be you can compute what it is likely, by what

you know of it, to bring in clear?

Madam, faid he, by the best calculation I can make, (I thank you for it, good Sir), it may, one year with another, be reckoned at 300 l. per annum: it is the best living within twenty miles of it, having been improved within these two last years.

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If it was 500 l. and would make you happier,—
(for that, Sir, is the thing) I should wish it you, said
I, and think it short of your merits. But pray, Sir,
what is the Earl's living valued at?

At about 220 /. Madam.

Well then, reply'd I, very pertly, I believe now I have it.

Mr Williams, for motives most excellently worthy of his function, inclines to surrender up to Mr B. his living of 300 l. per annum, and to accept of the Earl's living of 220 l. per annum. Dear Sir, I am going to be very bold; but under your condition nevertheless:—let the Gentleman to whom you shall present the living of F. allow 80 l. per annum out of it to Mr Williams, till the Earl's savour shall make up the difference to him, and no longer.—And—but I dare not name the Gentleman:—for how, dear Sir, were I to be so bold, shall I part with my chaplain?

Admirable! most admirable! faid Lord and Lady Davers, in the same words. The Countess praised the decision too; and Mr H. with his Let me be hang'd, and his 'fore Gads,—and such exclamations natural to him, made his plaudits.

Mr Williams faid, He could wish with all his heart it might be so; and Mr Adams was so abash'd and surpris'd, that he could not hold up his head;—but joy danced in his filent countenance for all that.

Mr B. having hesitated a few minutes, Lady Davers called out for his objection, or consent, according to condition, and he said, I cannot so soon determine as that prompt slut did. I'll withdraw one minute.

He did so, as I sound afterwards, to advise, like the considerate and genteel spirit he possesses, with Mr Williams, whom he beckoned out, and to examine whether he was in earnest willing to give it up, or had any body he was very desirous should succeed

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him; telling him, that, if he had, he thought himfelf obliged, in return for his worthy behaviour to him, to pay a particular regard to his recommendation. And so being answer'd as he desired, in they

came together again.

But I should say, that his withdrawing with a very serious aspect, made me asraid I had gone too sar; and I said, before they came in, What shall I do, if I have incurred Mr B.'s anger by my over-forwardness!—Did he not look displeas'd? Dear Ladies, if he be so, plead for me, and I'll withdraw, when he comes in; for I cannot stand his anger: I have not been used to it.

Never fear, Pamela, fald my Lady; he can't be angry at any thing you fay or do. But I wish, for the sake of what I have been witness to of Mr Adams's behaviour and modesty, that such a thing could be done for him.

Mr Adams bow'd, and faid, Oh my good Ladies! 'tis too, too confiderable a thing:—I cannot expect it—I do not—it would be prefumption, if I did.

Just then re-enter'd Mr B. and Mr Williams; the first with a stately air, the other with a more peace-

portending smile on his countenance.

But Mr B. fitting down, Well, Pamela, faid he very gravely, I fee, that power is a dangerous thing in any hand.—Sir, Sir! faid I.—My dear Lady, whispering to Lady Davers, I will withdraw, as I faid I would.—And I was getting away as fast as I could: but he arose, and coming up to me, took my hand, Why is my charmer so soon frighten'd? faid he, most kindly; and still more kindly, with a noble air, pressed it to his lips.—I must not carry my jest too far upon a mind so apprehensive, as I otherwise might be inclined to do. And leading me to Mr Adams and Mr Williams, he said, taking Mr Williams's hand with his lest, as he held mine in his right, Your worthy brother clergyman, Mr Adams, gives me

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me leave to confirm the decision of my dear wise, and you are to thank her for the living of F. upon the condition she proposed; and may you give but as much satisfaction there, as you have done in this family, and as Mr Williams has given to his slock; and they will then, after a while, be pleas'd as much with your ministry, as they have hitherto been with his.

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Mr Adams trembled with joy, and said, He could not tell how to bear this excess of goodness in us both: and his countenance and his eyes gave testimony of a gratitude that was too high for further expression.

As for myself, you, my honoured and dear friends, who know how much I am always raised (even out of myself, as I may say) when I am made the dispenser of acts of bounty and generosity to the deserving; and who now, instead of incurring blame, as I had apprehended, found myself applauded by every one, and most by the Gentleman whose approbation I chiefly coveted to have: you, I say, will judge how greatly I must be delighted.

But I was still more affected, when Mr B. directing himself to me, and to Mr Williams, at the same time, was pleased to say, Here, my dear, you must thank this good gentleman for enabling you to give such a shining proof of your excellence: and whenever I put power into your hands for the suture, act but as you have now done, and it will be impossible that I should have any choice or will but yours.

O Sir, faid I, pressing his hand with my lips, forgetting how many witnesses I had of my grateful fondness, how shall I, oppressed with your goodness, in such a signal instance as this, find words equal to the gratitude of my heart!—But here, patting my bosom, just here, they stick;—and I cannot—

And,

^{*} This condition Mr Williams generously renounced, afterwards, left it should have a Simoniacal appearance. See Vol. IV. p. 237.

And, indeed, I could fay no more; and Mr B. in the delicacy of his apprehensiveness for me, led me into the next parlour; and placing himself by me on the settee, faid, Take care, my best beloved, that the joy, which overslows your dear heart, for having done a beneficent action to a deserving gentleman, does not affect you too much.

My Lady Davers followed us: Where is my angelic fifter? faid she. I have a share in her next to yourself, my noble brother. And clasping me to her generous bosom, she ran over with expressions of sayour to me, in a style and words, which would suffer,

were I to endeavour to repeat them.

Coffee being ready, we all three returned to the company. My Lord Davers was pleased to make me a great many compliments, and so did Mr H. after his manner. But the Countess exceeded herself

in goodness.

Mr Williams feem'd fo pleased, or, rather, so elated, with the deferved acceptation his worthy conduct had met with, that it shewed he was far from repenting at the generous turn the matter had taken in favour of Mr Adams: on the contrary, he congratulated him upon it, telling him, he would introduce him, when his generous patron thought proper, to his new parishioners, and would read prayers for him at his first preaching. And I think, Mr Adams, faid he, fince this happy affair has been brought about from the conversation upon dispensations, you and I, both by our example and our arguments, mult, on all occasions, discredit that practice; since, as my Lady has observed, God's providence is a better reliance, than the richest benefice in England; and fince, as her Ladyship has also observed, we ought not to look beyond a happy competency, as if in this life only we had hope.

My Lady, faid Mr Adams, has given me many lessons relating to different parts of my duty, both

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25 a Christian, and a clergyman, that will not only furnish me with rules for my future conduct, but with subjects for the best sermons I shall ever be able to compose.

Mr B. was pleased to say, It is a rule with me, not to leave till to-morrow what can be done to-day: And when, my dear, do you propose to dispense with Mr Adams's good offices in your family? Or did you

intend to induce him to go to town with us?

I had not proposed any thing, Sir, as to that; for I had not asked your kind direction: but the good Dean will supply us, I doubt not; and when we set out for London, Mr Adams will be at sull liberty, with his worthy friend Mr Williams, to pursue the happy scheme, which your goodness has permitted to take effect.

Mr Adams, my dear, who came so lately from the university, can, perhaps, recommend such another young gentleman as himself, to perform the sunctions he used to perform in your family.

I looked, it seems, a little grave, and Mr B. said, What have you to offer, Pamela? What have I said

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Amis! dear Sir!---

Ay, and dear Madam, too! I fee by your bashful feriousness, in place of that smiling approbation which you always shew when I utter any thing you mirely approve, that I have said something which would rather meet with your acquiescence, than choice. So, as I have often told you, none of your reserves: and never besitate to me your consent in any thing, while you are sure I will conform to your wishes, or pursue my own liking, as either shall appear reasonable to me, when I have heard your reasons.

Why then, dear Sir, what I had prefumed to think, but I submit it to your better judgement, was, Whether, since the gentleman who is so kind as to affist us in our family-devotions, in some measure acts in the province of the worthy Dean, it were not right, that our own parish minister, whether here or in London, should name, or at least approve our nameing, the gentleman?

Why could not I have thought of that, as well as you, fauce-box? Lady Davers, I am entirely on your fide: I think she deserves a slap now from us

both.

I'll forgive her, faid my Lady, fince I find her fentiments and actions as much a reproof to others as to me.

Mr Williams, did you ever think, faid Mr B. it would have come to this? Did you ever know such a faucy girl in your life?—already to give herself these reproaching airs?

No never, if your Honour is pleased to call the most excellent Lady in the world by such a name,

nor any body elfe.

Pamela, I charge you, faid the dear Gentleman, if you fludy for it, be sometimes in the wrong, that one may not always be taking lessons from such an affurance; but, in our turns, have something to teach you.

Then, dear Sir, faid I, must I not be a strange creature? For how, when you, and my good Ladies, are continually giving me such charming examples,

can I do a wrong thing?

Mr H. faid, Let him be hang'd if he would not marry, as foon as ever he could get any body to have him.

Foolish fellow! said Lady Davers, do'st think that thou'lt meet with such a wife as that, when thou marriest?

Why not, Madam?—For if I am not fo good as Mr B. now is, I have not been so bad neither as he was formerly;—Excuse me, Sir:—And so I may stand a chance.

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A chance! faid my Lady—that's like thee.—Didft mer hear of fuch an one as fhe?

Inever, faid he, and fell a laughing, faw fuch an one, I own. And take that, my good Lady, for

alling me foolifb fellow.

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There's not the reproach in thy answer that thou intendest, except to thy own grinning insolence, said her Ladyship, (severe enough, but smiling), that makes thee think that a reslection, which is none in this case.

Egad, Madam, you're always hard upon me! I can fay nothing to please you. While every body else gives and receives compliments, I can come in for

nothing but foolish fellow with your Ladyship.

Nephew, faid my Lord, laughing, I think you come in for a large part, and a facetious one too: for when you're prefent, and conversation takes a serious turn, you make an excellent character to set us all a laughing.

He got up, and bowed very low: I thank your Lordship.—You might as well have call'd me a jack-pudden in plain words;—but then I would have locked upon you all as so many mountebanks!—There I have you! said he, and sell a laughing.

The Countess, shuddering, said, Dear, dear Mr H. be silent, I beseech you, whenever we are serious: for you tear one from the seast of souls to the

foth of bodies.

I hope you will forgive me, my dear, for being fo tedious on the aforegoing subject, and its most agreeable conclusion. It is an important one, because several persons, as conferrers, or receivers, have sound their pleasure and account in it; and it would be well, if conversation were often attended with like supply consequences. I have one merit to plead in behalf even of my prolixity; that in reciting the delightful conserences I have the pleasure of holding with our noble guests and Mr B. I am careful not Vol. III.

to write twice upon one topic, altho' feveral which I omit, may be more worthy of your notice, than those I give; so that you have as much variety from me, as the nature of the facts and cases will admit of.

But here I will conclude, having a very different fubject, as a proof of what I have advanced, to touch

in my next. Till when, I am

Your most affectionate and faithful

P.B.

LETTER XXXIII.

My dear Miss Darnford,

I NOW proceed with my journal, which I brought down to Tuesday evening; and of course I begin with

WEDNESDAY.

Towards the evening came Sir Jacob Swynford, on horseback, attended by two servants in liveries. I was abroad; for I had got leave for a whole afternoon, attended by my Polly; which time I passed in visiting no less than sour several poor sick samilies, whose hearts I made glad. But I should be too tedious, were I to give you the particulars; and besides, I have a brief list of cases, which when you'll savour me with your company, I may shew you; for I have obliged myself *, tho' not desired, to keep an account of what I do with no less than 200 l. a-year, that Mr B. allows me to expend in acts of charity and benevolence.

Lady Davers told me afterwards, that Sir Jacob carried it mighty stiff and formal, when he alighted. He strutted about the court-yard in his boots, with his whip in his hand; and tho' her Ladyship went to the great door, in order to welcome him, he turn'd

* See Vol. II. p. 353.

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short, and, whistling, sollowed the groom into the stable, as if he had been at an inn, only, instead of taking off his har, pulling its broad brim over his eyes, for a compliment. In the went in a pet, as she says, saying to the Countess, A surly brute he always was! My uncle! he's more of an hostler, than a gentleman; I'm resolved I'll not stir to meet him again. And yet the wretch loves respect from others, tho' he never practises common civility himself.

The Countess said, She was glad he was come, for the loved to divert herself with such odd characters

now-and then.

And now let me give you a short description of him as I found him, when I came in, that you may the better conceive what fort of a gentleman he is.

He is about fixty-five years of age, a coarfe, ftrong, big-bon'd man, with large irregular features; he has a haughty fupercilious look, a swaggering gait, and a person not at all bespeaking one's favour in behalf of his mind; and his mind, as you shall hear by and bye, not clearing up those prepossessions in his disfavour, with which his person and features at first firike one. His voice is big and furly; his eyes little and fiery; his mouth large, with yellow and blackish stumps of teeth, what are left of which being broken off to a tolerably regular height, look'd as if they were ground down to his gums, by constant use. But with all these imperfections, he has an air that fets him fomewhat above the mere vulgar, and fuch as makes one think, that half his disadvantages are rather owing to his own haughty humour, than to nature; for he feems to be a perfect tyrant at first fight, a man used to prescribe, and not to be prescribed to: and has the advantage of a shrewd penetrating look, which yet, methinks, feems rather acquired than natural.

After he had feen his horfes well ferv'd, and put on an old-fashion'd gold-button'd coat, which by

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its freshness shew'd he had been very chary of it, a better wig, but in stiff buckle, and a long sword, stuck stiffly, as if through his coat-lappets, in he came, and with an imperious air entering the parlour, What, nobody come to meet me! said he; and saluting her Ladyship, How do you do, niece? and look'd about haughtily, she says, as if he expected to see me.

My Lady, presenting the Countess, said, The Countess of C. Sir Jacob!—O, cry mercy! said he; Your most obedient humble servant, Madam, I hope

his Lordship is well.

At your service, Sir Jacob.

I wish he was, said he, bluntly; he should not have voted as he did last sessions, I can tell you that.

Why, Sir Jacob, faid she, fervants, in this free kingdom, don't always do as their masters would have 'em.

Mine do, I can tell you that, Madam.

Right or wrong, Sir Jacob? It can't be wrong, if I command them.

Why, truly, Sir Jacob, there's many a private gentleman carries it higher to a fervant, than he cares his Prince should to him: but I thought, 'till now,' twas the King only could do no wrong.

But, Madam, I always take care to be right.

A good reason-because, I dare say, you never

think you can be in the wrong.

Your Ladyship should spare me: I'm but just come off a journey. Let me turn myself about, and I'll be up with you, never sear, Madam. But where's my nephew, Lady Davers? And where's your Lord? I was told you were all here, and young H. too, upon a very extraordinary occasion; so I was willing to see how causes went among you, and what you were about. It will be long enough before you come to see me.

My Brother, and Lord Davers, and Mr H. are all rid out together.

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Well, Niece, strutting with his hands behind him, I his head held up—Ha!—he has made a fine tale on't—han't he!—'Sblood, (that was his project word), that ever such a rake should be so the structure of the stru

Yes, Sir Jacob, I do; and you'll not scruple to do

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Why, thou countenancest him in his folly, child; I'd a better opinion of thy spirit! Thou married to a Lord, and thy Brother to a—canst tell me what Barbara? If thou canst, prythee do.

To an angel; and fo you'll fay prefently.

What, dost think I shall look through his foolish the conquest !—O tempora! O mores! What will this world come to!

The Countess was diverted with this odd Gentleman, but ran on in my praise, for fear he should say some rude things to me when I came in, and Lady Davers seconded her. But all, it seems, signify'd nothing. He would tell us both his mind, let the young whelp, that was his word, take it as he would. And pray, said he, can't I see this sine body before he comes in? Let me but turn her round two or three times, and ask her a question or two; and by her answers I shall know what to think of her in a winkling.

She is gone to take a little airing, Sir Jacob, and

won't be back till supper time.

Supper-time! Why, the is not to fit down at table, is the? If the does, I won't; that's positive.

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-But now you talk of supper, what have you?

I must have a boil'd chicken, and shall eat it all myself. - Who's house keeper now? I suppose all's turn'd up side down.

No, there is not one new fervant, except a girl that waits upon her own person: all the old servants

are continued.

That's much! these creatures generally take as great state upon them as a born Lady: and they're in the right. If they can make the man stoop to the great point, they'll hold his note to the grindstone, never fear; and all the little ones come about in course.

Well, Sir Jacob, when you fee her, you'll alter

your mind.

Never, never! that's positive.

Ay, Sir Jacob, I was as positive as you once; but I love her now as well as if she was my own fifter.

O hideous, hideous!—Tell it not in Gath; for thou'lt make the daughters of Philistia triumph! All the fools that he has made where ever he has travell'd, will clap their hands at him, and at you too, if you talk at this rate.—But let me speak to Mrs Jervis, if she be here: I'll order my own supper.

So he went out, faying, He knew the house, the'

in a better miftrefs's days.

The Countess said, if Mr B. kept his temper, as she hoped he would, there would be good diversion with the old Gentleman.

O yes, faid my Lady, my Brother will, I dare fay. He despites the surly brute too much to be angry

with him, let him fay what he will.

He went, and talked a great deal against me, to Mrs Jervis. You may guess, my dear, that she launch'd out in my praises; and he was offended at her, and said, Woman! woman! forbear these ill-tim'd praises: her birth's a disgrace to our samily. What! my sister's waiting maid, taken upon charity! I cannot bear it.

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I mention all these things, as the Ladies afterwards all them to me, because it shall prepare you to ladge what a fine time I was likely to have of it.

When Mr B. and my Lord Davers, and Mr H. ume home, which they did about half an hour after fix, they were told who was there, just as they enter'd the parlour; and Mr B. smiled at Lord Davers, and entering,—Sir Jacob, said he, welcome to Bedfordsire! and thrice welcome to this house! I rejoice to see you.

My Lady fays, Never was so odd a figure as the old Baronet made, when thus accosted. He stood up indeed; but as Mr B. offer'd to take his hand, he put 'em both behind him—Not that you know of, Sir!—And then looking up at his face, and down at his feet, three or four times successively—Are you my brother's son? that very individual son, that your good father used to boast of, and say, that for hand-some person, true courage, noble mind, was not to be match'd in any three counties in England?

The very fame, dear Sir, that my honour'd father's partiality used to think he never praised enough.

And what is all of it come to at last?—He paid well, did he not, to teach you to know the world?—Ad's life, Nephew! hadst thou been a born fool, or a raw greenhead, or a doating greyhead—

What then, Sir Facob?

What then? Why then thou wouldst have done just as thou hast done!

Come, come, Sir Jacob, you know not my inducements. You know not what an angel I have in person and mind. Your eyes shall by and by be blest with the sight of her: your ears with hearing her speak:—and then you'll call all you have said, Profanation.

What is it I hear! What is it I hear!—You talk in the language of romance; and from the house-keeper to the head of the house, you are all stark

staring mad. By my foul, Nephew, I wish, for thy own credit, thou wert.—But what signifies wishing !—I hope you'll not bring your syren into my company.

Yes, I will, Sir, because I love to give you pleafure. And say not a word more, for your own sake, till you see her—You'll have the less to unsay, Sir

Facob, and the less to repent of.

The devil !- I'm in an inchanted caftle, that's certain. What a plague has this little witch done to

you all ?- And how did she bring it about ?

The Ladies and Lord Davers laugh'd, it feems; and Mr B. begging him to fit down, and answer him fome family questions, he faid, (for it feems he is very captious at times), What, a devil! am I to be laugh'd at! Lord Davers, I hope you're not bewitch'd too, are you!

Indeed, Sir Jacob, I am. My fifter B. is my doat-

ing-piece.

Whew, whiftled he, with a wild stare: and how

is it with you, Youngster?

With me, Sir Jacob? faid Mr H. I'd give all I'm worth in the world, and ever shall be worth, for such another wife.

He ran to the window, and throwing up the fash, looking into the court-yard, said, Hollo-so-ho-groom—Jack—Jonas—get me my horse!—I'll keep no such company!—I'll be gone! Why Jonas! calling again.

You're not in earnest, Sir Jacob, said Mr B.

I am, by my foul!—I'll away to the village this night! Why, you're all upon the high game!—I'll—But who comes here?—For just at that instant, the chariot brought me into the court-yard—Who's this? Who is she?

One of my daughters, started up the Countes; my youngest daughter Jenny!—She's the pride of

my family, Sir Jacob!

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By my foul, faid he, I was running; for I thought

the grand inchantrefs.

Out Rept Lady Davers to me : Dear Pamela, faid humour all that's faid to you. Here's Sir Jacob You're the Countess of G--'s youngest

inghter Jenny-that's your cue.

Ah! but Madam, faid I, Lady Jenny is not marnied-looking (before I thought) on a circumstance that I think too much of fometimes, tho' I carry it as well as I can.

She laugh'd at my exception: Come, Lady Jenny, hid the, (for I just enter'd the great door), I hope

you've had a fine airing?

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A very pretty one, Madam, faid I, as I enter'd the This is a pleasant country, Lady Davers. mrlour. - (Wink when I'm wrong, whifper'd I -). Where's Mrs B.?- Then, as feeing a strange Gentleman, I farted half back, into a more referv'd air; and made him a low curt'fy.

Sir Jacob look'd as if he did not know what to think of it, now at me, now at Mr B .- But the dear Gentleman put him quite out of doubt, by taking my hand: Well, Lady Jenny, did you meet my fu-

gitive in your tour?

No, Mr B. reply'd I. Did she go my way? I

told you I would keep the great road.

Lady Jenny C-, faid Mr B. presenting me to his Uncle. A charming creature! added he! Have you

not a fon worthy of fuch an alliance?

Ay, marry, Nephew, this is a Lady indeed! Why, the plague, whisper'd he, could you not have pitch'd pour tent here ?- Miss, by your leave! And saluting me, turn'd to the Countefs: by my foul, Madam, on've a charming daughter! Had my rash nephew ben this lovely creature, and you'd have condescendd, he'd never have stoop'd to the cottage, as he has done.

You're

You're right, Sir Jacob, return'd Mr B.; but I always ran too fast for my fortune: yet, these Ladies of family never bring out their jewels into bachelors company; and when, too late, we see what we've miss'd, we are vex'd at our precipitation.

Well faid, however, boy. By my foul, I wish thee repentance, though 'tis out of thy power to amend. Be that one of thy curses, when thou seest this Lady;

as I make no doubt'it is.

Again taking my hand, and furveying me from head to foot, and turning me around, which, it feems, is a mighty practice with him to a stranger Lady, (and a modest one too you'll say, Miss)—Why, truly, you're a charming creature, Miss—Lady Jenny, I would say—by your leave, once more!—Upon my soul, my Lady Countess, she is a charmer—but—but—staring at me, are you marry'd, Madam?

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I look'd a little filly; and my new Mamma came up to me, and took my hand: Why, Jenny, you are drefs'd oddly to-day!—what a hoop you wear! it

makes you look I can't tell how!

Upon my soul, Madam, I thought so; what signifies lying!—But 'tis only the hoop, I see—really and truly, Lady Jenny, your hoop is enough to make half a hundred of our sex despair, for fear you should be married. I thought it was something! sew Ladies escape my notice. I always kept a good look-out; for I have two daughters of my own. But 'tis the hoop, I see plainly enough. You are so slender everywhere but bere; putting his hand upon my hip, which quite dash'd me; and I retir'd behind my Lady Countes's chair.

Fie, Sir Jacob! faid Mr B.; before us young Gentlemen, to take fuch liberties with a maiden

Lady !- You give a bad example.

Hang him that fets you a bad example, Nephew. But I fee you're right; I fee Lady Jenny's a maiden Lady, lady or she would not have been so shamesac'd. I'll sear for her on occasion. Ha, ha, ha,—I'm sure, mested he, she's a maiden—for our sex give the seried Ladies a freer air in a trice.

How, Sir Jacob! faid Lady Davers.

O fie, faid the Countess!—Can't you praise the miden Ladies, but at the expence of the married was? What do you see of freedom in me?

Or in me? faid Lady Davers.

Nay, for that matter, you are very well, Ladies, I must needs say.—But will you pretend to blush with that virgin rose?—Will ye?—Od's my life, his, Lady Jenny, I would say, taking my hand, ame from behind your Mamma's chair, and you no Ladies stand up now together.—There, so you how now, blush for blush, and Lady Jenny hall be three to one, and a deeper crimson by half. look you there, look you there else! an hundred mineas to one against the field—then stamping with me soot, and lifting up his hands and eyes—See now! lady Jenny has it all to nothing—By my soul, she has, ha, ha,—you may well sit down both of you; but you're a blush too late, I can tell you that.—Well hast thou done, Lady Jenny, tapping my shoulter with his rough paw.

I was hastening away, and he said, But let's see mu again, Miss, for now I will stay, if they bring abody else—And away I went; for I was quite out countenance—What a strange creature, thought I,

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Supper being near ready, he continued calling out for Lady Jenny; for the fight of her, he faid, did him good, but he was refolved he would not fit down unble with somebody else.

The Countess said, She would setch her daughter; and stepping out, return'd, saying, Mrs B. undertunds, that Sir Jacob is here, and that he does not

chuse

chuse to see her; so the begs to be excus'd; and my

Jenny and the defire to fup together.

The very worst tidings I have heard this twelvemonth. Why, Nephew, let your girl sup with any body, so we may have Lady Jenny back with us.

I know, faid the Countefs, (who was defirous to fee how far he would carry it), Jenny won't leave Mrs

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B. fo if you fee one, you must fee t'other.

Nay, then, if it must be so, I must sit down contented —But yet, I should be glad to see Lady Jenny, that I should. But I will not sit down at table with

Mr B.'s girl-that's politive.

Well, well, let 'em sup together, and there's an end of it, said Mr B.—I see my Uncle has as good a judgement as any body of fine Ladies (That I have, Nephew:)—But he can't forego his humour, in compliment to the finest Lady in England.

Consider, Nephew, consider—"I's not thy doing a foolish thing, and calling a girl wife, shall cram a niece down my throat, that's positive. The moment thy girl comes down to take place of these Ladies, I

am gone, that's most certain.

Well then, shall I go up, and oblige Pamela to sup by herself, and persuade Lady Jenny to come down to us?

With all my foul, Nerhew—a good motion.—But Pamela—did you fay?—A queer fort of a name! I've heard of it fomewhere!—Is it a Christian or a Pagan name?—Linsey-wolfy—half one, half t'other—like thy girl—ha, ha, ha.

Let me be hang'd, whisper'd Mr H. to his Aunt, if Sir J.cob has not a power of wit; tho' he's fo

whimfical with it. I like him much.

But hark ye, Nephew, faid Sir Jacob, as Mr B. was going out of the parlour—one word with you. Don t fob upon us your girl with the Pagan name for Lady J nny. I have fet a mark upon her, and should know her from a thousand, altho' she had chang'd

be beed Lady Jenny would come—and come withbe boped Lady Jenny would come—and come withbe my body with her—But I smell a plot, said he by my soul I won't stay, if they both come together. I won't be put upon—but here comes one or both— Where's my whip?—I'll go.

Indeed, Mr B. I had rather have staid with Mrs B.

aid I, as I enter'd-as he had bid me.

"Tis she, 'tis she!—You'se nobody behind you?—
No, she han't.—Why now, Nephew, you're right.
I was afraid you'd have put a trick upon me.—You'd
sather, repeated he to me, have stay'd with Mrs B.!—
Ies, I warrant.—But you shall be plac'd in better
company, my dear child.

Sifter, said Mr B. will you be pleased to take that dair; for Pamela does not chuse to give my uncle

lifguit, who fo feldom comes to fee us.

My Lady took the upper end of the table, and I to next below my new Mamma: so Jenny, said she, how have you lest Mrs B.?

A little concern'd :- but fhe was the easier, as

Mr B. himself desir'd I'd come down.

My Lord Davers fat next me, and Sir Jacob faid, Shall I beg a favour of you, my Lord; to let me fit to Lady Jenny?

Mr B. faid, Won't it be better to fit over-against

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Ay, that's right. I'faith, Nephew, thou know'st what's right. Well, so I will.—He accordingly remov'd his seat, and I was very glad of it; for tho' I was sure to be star'd at sufficiently by him, yet I was afraid, if he sat next me, he would not keep his lands off my hoop.

He run on a deal in my praises, after his manner, but so rough at times, that he gave me pain; and I was under a difficulty too, lest he should observe my hing; but he star'd so much in my sace, that that

dcap'd his notice.

Vol. III. Dd After

After supper, the Gentlemen sat down to their bottle, and the Ladies and I withdrew, and about twelve they broke up, Sir Jacob talking of nothing but Lady Jenny, and wished Mr B. had marry'd so happily as with such a charming creature; One, he said, that carried tokens of her high birth in her sace, and whose every seature, and look, shew'd her to be

nobly descended.

They let him go to bed with his mistake: but the Countess said next morning, She thought she never saw a greater instance of stupid pride and churlishness, and she should be sick of the advantage of birth or ancestry, if this was the natural fruit of it. For a man, said her Ladyship, to come to his Nephew's house, and to suffer the mistress of it to be closeted up, (as he thinks), and not permitted to appear, in order to humour his absurd and brutal insolence, and to behave as he has done; is such a ridicule upon the pride of descent, that I shall think of it as long as I live. O Mrs B. said she, what advantages have you over every one who sees you; but most over those who pretend to treat you unworthily!

I expect to be call'd to breakfast every minute, and shall then, perhaps, see how this matter will end.

I wish, when it is revealed, he is not in a fury, and don't think himself imposed on. I fear it won't go off so well as I wish; for every body seems to be grave, and angry at Sir Jacob.

THURSDAY.

I Now proceed with my tale. At breakfast-time, when every one was sat, and a chair lest for me, Sir Jacob began to call out for Lady Jenny. But, said he, I'll have none of your girl, Nephew; altho' the chair at the tea-table, is lest for somebody.

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No, faid Mr B. we'll get Lady Jenny to supply lies B.'s place, since you don't care to see her.

With all my heatt, reply'd he.

But, Uncle, faid Mr B. have you really no defire, no curiofity, to fee the girl I have marry'd?

No, none at all, by my foul.

Just then I came in, and paying my compliments to the company, and to Sir Jacob, Shall I, faid I, supply Mrs B.'s place in her absence? and down I

After breakfast, and the servants were withdrawn, Lady Jenny, said Lady Davers, you are a young Lady, who have all the advantages of birth and descent; and some of the best blood in the kingdom runs in your veins; and here Sir Jacob Swynjord is your great admirer: cannot you, from whom it will come with a double grace, convince him that he does an unkind thing, at my Brother's house, to keep the person my Brother has thought worthy of making the mistress of it, out of company? and let us know your opinion, whether my Brother himself does right, to comply with such an unreasonable distante?

Why how now, Lady Davers! This from you!

I did not expect it!

My Uncle, faid Mr B. is the only person in the kingdom that I would have humour'd thus: and I made no doubt, when he saw how willing I was to oblige him in so high a point, he would have acted a more generous part than he has yet done. But, Lady Jenny, what say you to my Sister's questions?

If I must speak my mind, reply'd I, I should take the liberty to be very serious with Sir Jacab, and to say, That when a thing is done, and cannot be help'd, he should take care how he sows the seeds of indifference and animosity between man and wife: and how he makes a Gentleman distatisfy'd with his choice, and perhaps unhappy as long as he lives.

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Nay, Miss, said he, if all are against me, and you, whose good opinion I value more than all, you may e'en let the girl come, and fit down, if you will.—
If she is but half as pretty, and half as wise, and modest, as you, I shall, as it cannot be help'd as you say, be ready to think better of the matter. For, 'tis a little hard, I must needs say, if she has hitherto appear'd before all the good company, to have her kept out of the way on my account.

Really, Sir Jacob, faid the Countels, I have blush'd for you more than once on this occasion. But the Mistress of this house is more than half as wise, and modest, and lovely: and in hopes you will return me back some of the blushes I have lent you, see there in my daughter Jenny, whom you have been so justly admiring, the Mistress of the house, and the Lady with

the Pagan name.

Sir Jacob fat aghast, looking at one, and at another, and at me, each in turn, and then cast his eyes on the sloor.—At last, up he got, and swore a sad oath, And am I thus trick'd and bamboozled, that was his word; am I?—There's no bearing this house, nor her presence now, that's certain; and I'll be gone.

Mr B. looking at me, and nodding his head towards Sir Jacob, as he was in a flutter to be gone, I rose from my chair, and went to him, and took his hand. I hope, Sir Jacob, you will be able to bear both, when you shall see that there is no other difference but that of descent, between the supposed Lady Jenny, whom you so kindly praised, and the girl your dear Nephew has so much exalted.

Let me go, faid be; I'm most confoundedly bit— I cannot look you in the face!—by my foul I cannot!---For 'tis impossible you should forgive me.

Indeed it is not, Sir; you have done nothing but what I can fergive you for, if your dear Nephew can; for to him was the wrong, if any, and I'm fure he can overlook it. --- And for his fake, to the Uncle of fo

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for I forgia 6 honoured a Gentleman, to the Brother of my late good Lady, I can, with a bent knee, thus, ask your belling, and desire your excuse for joining to keep you in this suspence.

Bless you!—O Christ! said he, and stamp'd— Who can chuse but bless you? And he kneeled down, and wrapp'd his arms about me.—But, curse me, that was his strange word, if ever I was so touched

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My dear Mr B. for fear my spirits should be too much affected, (for the rough baronet, in his transport, had bent me down lower than I kneeled), came to me, and held me by my arm; but permitted Sir Jacob to raise me, only saying, How does my angel? Now she has made this conquest, she has completed

all her triumphs.

Angel, did you call her!—by my foul, I'm confounded with her goodness, and her sweet carriage!

—Rise and let me see if I can stand mysels!—And, believe me, I am forry I have acted so much like a bear as I have done; and the more I think of it, the more I shall be asham'd of mysels—And the tears, as he spoke, ran down his rough cheeks: which moved me a good deal; for to see a man with so hard a countenance weep, was a touching sight.

Mr H. putting his handkerchief to his eyes, his Aunt faid, What's the matter, Jickey?—The matter! answer'd he; I don't know how the d—l'tis—but here's strange doings, as ever I knew—for here, day after day, one's ready to cry, without knowing whether it be for joy or forrow!—What a plague's the matter with me, I wonder!—And out he went, the two Ladies, whose charming eyes, too, glitten'd with pleasure, smiling at the effect the scene had up-

on Mr H. and at what he faid.

Well, Madam, faid Sir Jacob, approaching me; for I had fat down, but then stood up—You will forgive me; and from my heart I wish you joy. By

Dd3

my foul I do—and faluted me—I could not have believed there had been fuch a person breathing. I don't wonder at my Nephew's loving you!—And you call her fister, Lady Davers, don't you?—If you do, I'll own her for my niece.

Don't I!—Yes, I do, faid her Ladyship, coming to me, and am proud so to call her. And this I tell you, for your comfort, though to my own shame, that I used her worse than you have done, before I knew her excellence; and have repented of it ever since.

I bow'd to her Ladyship—and kissed her hand— My dearest Lady, said I, you have made me such rich amends since, that I am sure I may say, It was good

for me that I was offlicted!

Why, Nephew, she has the fear of God, I perceive, before her eyes too! I'm sure I've heard those words. They are somewhere in the scripture, I believe!—Why, who knows, but she may be a means to save your soul!—Hay, you know!

Ay, Sir Jacob, she'll be a means to save an hundred souls, and might go a great way to save yours,

if you were to live with her but one month.

Well, but Nephew, I hope you forgive me, too; for, now I think of it, I never knew you take any

matter fo patiently in my life.

I knew, faid the dear Gentleman, that every extravagance you infifted upon, was heightening my charmer's triumph, and increasing your own contrition; and, as I was not indeed deprived of her company, I could bear with every thing you said or did—Yet, don't you remember, that I caution'd you, that the less you said against her, the less you'd have to unsay, and the less to repent of?

I do; and let me ride out and call myself to account for all I have faid against her, in her own hearing; and when I can think of but one half, and how she has taken it, by my soul, I believe t'will

make me more than half mad.

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At dinner (when we had Mr Williams's company) the Baronet told me, he admir'd me now, as much as he did when he thought me Lady Jenny; but complain'd of the trick put upon him by us all, and

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He took great notice of the dexterity which he imputed to me, in performing the honours of the able. And every now-and-then, he lifted up his eyes, God take me! Very clever, by my foul!——Why, Madam, you feem to me to be born to these things!——I will be help'd by nobody but you—And you'll have a task of it, I can tell you; for I have a whipping stomach, and were there fifty dishes, I always taste of every one. And indeed John was in a manner wholly employ'd in going to and fro' between the Baronet and me, for half an hour together.

He went from us afterwards to Mrs Jervis, and made her answer him abundance of questions about me, and how all these matters had come about, as he phrased it; and returning, when we drank coffee, said, I have been confabbing, that was his word, with Mrs Jervis, about you, Niece. By my soul, I never heard the like! She tells me you can play on the sarpsichord, and sing too: Will you let a body have a tune or so? My Mab can play pretty well, and so can Dolly.—I'm a judge of music, and would fain hear you. I said, if he was a judge, I should be asraid to play before him; but I would not be ask'd twice, when we had taken our coffee.

Accordingly, he repeating his request, I gave him a tune, and, at his desire, sung to it; Od's my life, said he, you do it purely!—But I see where it is—My girls have got my singers! And then he held both hands out, and a fine pair of paws shew'd he!—Plague on't, they touch two keys at once; but those sender and nimble singers, how they sweep along! My eye can't follow 'em—Whew—whistled he—they are here and there, and every where at once!—

Why,

Why, Nephew, I believe you have put another trick upon me. My Niece is certainly of quality! And report has not done her justice.—One more tune, one more fong—By my faith, your voice goes sweetly to your fingers. 'Slife—I'll thrash my jades—that was his polite phrase—when I come home. Lady Davers, you know not the money they have cost me to qualify them; and here's a mere baby to them, outdoes 'em by a bar's length, without any expence at all bestow'd upon her. Go over that again—confound me for a puppy! I lost it by my foul, it is! Oh! that I could but dance as well as thou sing's! I'd give you a faraband, as old as I am.

After supper, we fell into a conversation, of which I must give you some account, because it was upon a topic that Mr B. has been blam'd for in his marrying me, and which has stuck by some of his friends, even after they have in kindness to me, acquitted him in every other respect; and that is, The example that he has set to young Gentlemen of family and fortune to marry beneath them.

It was begun by Sir Jacob, who said, I am in love with my new Niece, that I am: but still one thing slicks with me in this affair; and that is, What will become of degree or distinction, if this practice of Gentlemens marrying their Mothers waiting-maids, (excuse me, Madam), should come into vogue? Already, young Ladies and young Gentlemen are too apt to be drawn away in this manner, and to disgrace their families. We have too many instances of this. You'll forgive me, both of you.

That, faid Lady Davers, is the only thing!—I must needs fay, Sir Jacob has hit upon the point, that would make one with this example had not been set by a Gentleman of such an ancient family; till one comes to be acquainted with this dear creature; and then

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Ay, Pamela, faid Mr B. what can you fay to this? Connot you defend me from this charge? This is a that has been often objected to me: try for one your pretty arguments in my behalf.

Indeed, Sir, reply'd I, looking down, it becomes

me me to fay any thing to this.

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But indeed it does, if you can: and I beg you'll belo me to some excuse, if you have any at hand.

Won't you, Sir, dispense with me on this occaton? Indeed I know not what to say. Indeed I hould not, if I may judge for myself, speak one word whis subject.—For it is my absolute opinion, that tegrees in general should be kept up; although I nust always deem the present case an happy exception to the rule.

Mr B. looking as if he still expected I should say smething, Won't you, Sir, dispense with me, repeated I? Indeed I should not speak to this point, if

may be my own judge.

I always intend, my dear, you shall judge for yourfelf; and you know, I seldom urge you farther, when you use those words. But if you have any thing upa your mind to say, let's have it: for your argu-

nents are always new and unborrow'd.

I would then, if I must, Sir, ask, If there be not a mion, or if there has not been a law in some nation, that, whenever a young Gentleman, be his depree what it would, has seduced a poor creature, be her degree what it would, obliges the Gentleman to many that unhappy person?

I think there is fuch a law in some country, I can't

ell where, faid Sir Jacob.

And do you think, Sir, whether it be fo, or not,

that it is equitable it should be fo?

Yes, by my troth—Though I must needs own, if it were so in England, many men, that I know, would not have the wives they now have.

You

You speak to your knowledge, I doubt not, Sir Jacob? said Mr B.

Why, indeed-Why, truly-I don't know but I

do.

All then, faid I, that I would infer, is, Whether another law would not be a still more just and equitable one, that the Gentleman who is repuls'd from a principle of virtue and honour, should not be cenfur'd for marrying a person he could not seduce? And whether it is not more for both their honours, if he does; inasmuch as it is nobler to reward a virtue, than to repair a shame; were that shame to be repair'd by matrimony, which I take the liberty to doubt? But I beg pardon; you commanded me, Sir—else this subject should not have sound a speaker to it, in me.

This is admirably faid-by my foul it is, faid Sir

Facob.

But yet this comes not up to the objection, faid Mr B. The fetting an example to waiting-maids to aspire, and to young Gentlemen to descend. And I will enter into the subject myself; and the rather, because, as I go along, I will give Sir Jacob a faint sketch of the merit and character of my Pamela, of which he cannot be so well inform'd as he has been of the disgrace, which he imagin'd I had brought upon myself by marrying her.

In order to this, give me leave to fay, That I think it necessary, that as well those persons who are assaid the example should be taken, as those who are inclin'd to sollow it, should take all the material parts of it into their consideration: otherwise, I think the precedent may be justly cleared; and the sears of the one be judged groundless; and the plea of the other but a pretence, in order to cover a folly, into which they would have fallen, whether they had this ex-

ample or not.

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For instance: In order to lay claim to the excuses thich my conduct, if I may suppose it of sorce enough to do either good or hurt, will surnish, it is ne-

That the object of their wish should be a girl of equifite beauty, (and that not only in their own blinded and partial judgements, but in the opinion of every one who sees her, friend or soe), in order to justify the force which the first attractions have upon him.

That she be descended of honest and conscientious, the poor and obscure parents; who having preserved their integrity, through great trials and afflictions, have, by their examples, as well as precepts, laid deep in the girl's mind the foundations of piety and virtue.

It is necessary, that to the charms of person, this vaiting-maid should have an humble, teachable mind, fine natural parts, a sprightly, yet inossensive wit, a temper so excellent, and a judgement so solid, as should promise for her, (by the love and steem these qualities should attract to herself from her fellow-servants, superior and inserior), that she would become an higher station, and be respected in it.

It is necessary, that after so good a soundation laid by her parents, she should have all the advantages of semale education conferred upon her: the example of an excellent Lady, improving and building upon so worthy a soundation: a capacity surprisingly ready to take in all that is taught her: an attention, assiduity and diligence almost peculiar to herself, at her time of life; insomuch as, at sisteen or sixteen years of age, to be able to vie with any young Ladies of rank, as well in the natural genteelness of her person, as in her acquirements: and that in nothing but her humility the should manifest any difference between hereself and the high born.

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It will be necessary, moreover, that the should have a mind above temptation; that the should resist the effers and menaces of one upon whom all her worldly happiness seemed to depend; the son of a Lady to whom she owed the greatest obligations; a person whom the did not have, but greatly feared, and whom her grateful heart would have been glad to oblige; and who sought to prevail over her virtue, by all the inducements that could be thought of, to attract a young unexperienced virgin, at one time, or to frighten her at another, into his purposes; who offer'd her high, very high terms, her circumstance consider'd, as well for herfelf, as for parents she loved better than herfelf, whose circumstances at the same time were low and distressful.

Yet to all these offers and menaces, that she should he able to answer in such words as these, which will always dwell upon my memory :- " I reject your or propofals with all my foul."-" May Gop deer fert me, whenever I make worldly grandeur my e chiefest good !"-" I know I am in your power; of I dread your will to ruin me is as great as your " power."-" Yet, will I dare to tell you, I will er make no free-will offering of my virtue. All that I can do, poor as it is, I will do, to shew you, " that my will bore no part in the violation of me." - And when future marriage was intimated to her, to induce her to yield, to be able to answer, " The moment I yield to your proposals, there is an end es of all merit, if now I have any .- And I thould to be fo far from expecting fuch an honour, that I es will pronounce, I should be most unworthy of

If, I fay, my dear friends, fuch a girl can be found, thus beautifully attractive in every one's eye, and not partially so only in a young Gentleman's own;

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^{*} See Vol. I. p. 252, & feq.

after that, (what good persons would infinitely fer to beauty), thus piously principled; thus genily educated and accomplished; thus brilliantly sitty; thus prudent, modest, generous, undefign .. ing; and having been thus tempted, thus try'd, by he man she hated not, pursued, (not intriguingly urfuing), be thus inflexibly virtuous, and proof gainst temptation : let her reform her libertine, and let him marry her: and were he of princely exmation, I dare answer for it, that no two princes in me age, take the world through, would be in daner. For, altho' I am fensible it is not to my credit, will fay, that I never met with a repulse, nor a conduct, like this; and yet I never funk very low, for the fubjects of my attempts, either at home or abroad.

These are obvious inferences, added the dear Gendeman, and not refinements upon my Pamela's story; and if the Gentleman were capable of thought and comparison, would rather make such an example, as is apprehended, more, than less difficult than

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But if indeed, added he, the young fellow be such abouby, that he cannot reflect and compare, and take the case with all its circumstances together, I think his good Papa or Mamma should get him a wife to their own liking, as soon as possible; and the poorest girl in England, who is honest, would rather have reason to bless herself for escaping such a husband, than to glory in the catch she would have of him. For such a young fellow as that, would hardly do homour to his family in any one instance.

Indeed, faid the Countess, it would be pity, after all, that such an one should marry any Lady of prudence and birth; for its enough in conscience, that he is a difference to one worthy family; it would be

pity he should make two unhappy.

Vol. III. E e Why,

Why, really, Nephew, faid Sir Jacob, I think you have faid a great deal to the purpose. There is not so much danger from the example, as I apprehended, from fensible and reflecting minds. I did not consider this matter thoroughly, I must needs fay.

All the business is, said Lady Davers—you'll exeuse me, Sister—there will be more people will hear, that Mr B. has marry'd his Mother's waiting-maid,

than will know his inducements.

Not many, I believe, Sifter.—For when 'tis known, I have some character in the world, and am not quite an idiot, (and my faults, in having not been one of the most virtuous of men, will stand me in some stead in this case, though hardly in any other), they will naturally inquire into my inducements.

But fee you not, when we go abroad to church, or elsewhere, what numbers of people her character draws to admire the dear creature? Does not this shew, that her virtue has made her more conspicuous, than my fortune had made me? For I pass'd up and down quietly enough before, (handsome as my equipage always was), and attracted not any body's notice: and indeed I had as lieve these honours were not so publicly paid her; for even, were I fond of shew and parade, what are they, but a reproach to me?—And can I have any excellence, but a secondary one, in having, after all my persecutions of her, done but common justice to her merit?

This answers your objection, Lady Davers, and shews, that my inducements and her story must be equally known. And, upon my conscience, I think; (every thing I have said considered, and every thing that might still further be urg'd, and the conduct of that dear creature in the station she adorns, so much exceeding all I hoped, or could flatter myself with, from the most promising appearances), that she does me more honour, than I have done her; and if I am

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spable of putting myself in a third person's place, I hink I should be of the same opinion, were I to deermine upon fuch another pair, exactly circumstaned as we are.

You may believe, my friend, how much this generous defence of the step he had taken, attributing every thing to me, and depreciating his worthy felf. effected me. I play'd with a cork one while; with my rings another, turning them round my fingers; looked down, and on one fide; and every way I looked, but on the company; for they gazed too much upon me all the time; so that I could only lance a tearful eye now and then upon the dear Man; and when it would overflow, catch in my landkerchiefs the escaped fugitives, that would start mbidden beyond their proper limits, though I often endeavoured, by a twinkling motion, to ditperfe the othering water, before it had formed itself into

drops too big to be restrained.

All the company praised the dear generous Speaker, and he was pleased to say farther, Although, my good friends, I can truly fay, that with all the pride of amily, and the infolence of fortune, which once made me doubt whether I should not fink too low, if made my Pamela my mistress, (for I should then have reated her not ungenerously, and should have suffered her perhaps to call herfelf by my name), I have never once repented of what I have done: on the contrary, I have always rejoiced in it, and it has been, from the first day of our marriage, my pride and my boaft, (and shall be, let others fay what they will), hat I can call fuch an excellence, and fuch a purity, which I fo little deferve, mine; and I look down with contempt upon the rashness of all such as reflect upon me; for they can have no notion of my happiness, or her merit.

O dear Sir, faid I, how do you over-rate my poor merit!-Some persons are happy in a life of com-

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Iam pable forts, but mine's a life of joy!—One rapturous instance follows another so falt, that I know not how

to bear them.

Whew !—whiftled Sir Jacob —whereabouts am I?—I hope, by-and-bye, you'll come down to our pitch, that one may put in a word or two with

you.

May you be long thus bleft, and thus happy together! faid Lady Davers, I know not which to admire most, the dear girl that never was bad, or the dear Gentleman, that, having been bad, is now so good!

Said my Lord Davers, There is hardly any bearing these moving scenes, following one another so

quick, as my Sister fays.

The Countess was pleased to say, That till now, she had been at a loss, to form any notion of the happiness of the first pair before the fall: but now, by so sine an instance as this, she comprehended it in all its force.—God continue you to one another, added her Ladyship, for a credit to the state, and to human nature.

Mr H. having his elbows on the table, folded his hands, shaking them, and looking down, Egad, this is uncommon life, that it is!—Your two fouls, I can see that, are like well tun'd instruments: but they are too high-set for me a vast deal.

The best thing, said Lady Davers, (always severe upon her poor Nephew), thou ever saidst. The music must be equal to that of Orphevs, which can make such a savage as thee dance to it. I charge thee, say

not another word to-night.

Why, indeed, Aunt, return'd he, laughing, I believe it was pretty well faid for your feolish fellow: though it was by chance, I must confess: I did not think of it

That I believe, reply'd my Lady ;-if thou hadft,

thou'dft not have fpoken fo well.

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Sir Jacob and Mr B. afterwards fell into a family discourse; and Sir Jacob gave us an account of two or three courtships by his three sons, and to his two daughters, and his reasons for disallowing them: and I could observe, he is an absolute tyrant in his family, tho' they are all men and women grown, and he seem'd to please himself how much they stood in awe of him.

One odd piece of conversation I must tell you,

Mis, because of the inference that follow'd it.

Sir Jacob ask'd Mr B. If he did not remember John Wilkins, his fleward? He was an honest fellow. faid he, as ever lived -But he's dead. Alas for him, poor Jack !- He physic'd himself out of his life.—He would be always taking flops: had I done fo, I should have gone to the dogs long ago. - But whom do you think, Nephew, I have got in his place?-Nay, you can't know him neither. Why, tis ferry Sherwood, a boy I took upon charity, and taught to write and read; or paid for't, and that's the fame thing-Hay, you know !- And now ferry's a Gentleman's fellow, and is much respected by all our hunters; for he's a keen sportsman, I'll affure you. I brought him up to that myfelf, and many a jirk has the dog had from me, before I could make any-thing of him. Many and many a good time have I thwack'd the rafcal's jacket; and he owes all he is, and will be, to me: and I now fuffer him to fit down at table with me, when I have no guefts.

But is not this a bad example, faid Mr B. to promote fo low a fervant to the command of the family,

under you? What do Gentlemen fay to this?

Gentlemen fay to it!—Why, what Gentlemen have any-thing to do with my family-management?—Surely, I may do as I will in my own house, and in my own family; or else it would be very hard.

True, Sir Jacob: but people will be meddling, where they have least business. But are not all the

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Gentlemen unealy, for fear their lowell ferumes, from the example fet by so leading a man as you, a chairman of the sessions, a colonel of militia, a deputy lieutenant, and a justice of quorum, should want to be made their sewards?

Why, I can't say that any-body has taken it into their heads to question me upon this subject. I should think them plaguy impertinent, if they had.

and bid them mind their own bufiness.

But you'll allow, Sir Jacob, that every-one who knows you have raised your foot-boy to be your steward, will not know your inducements; altho', I doubt not, they are very good ones.

Lady Davers thook her head at her Brother, fay-

ing, Very well, Sir; very well!

Sir Jacob cried out, O, ho, Nephew! are you thereabouts with your bears? Why, I can't fay, but you're in with me now.—Let's fee, what have I faid?—Ay, by my foul, you have nabb'd me cleverly. Faith and troth, you have convinced me by an example of my own, that I was impertinent to trouble my head about the management of your family.—Though near kindred makes some excuse for me too.—And besides, a seward and a wife are two things.

So I'd have 'em be, Sir Jacob. But good wives are but flewards to their husbands in many cases;

and mine is the best that ever man had.

Pretty expensive ones, Nephew, for all that, as the world runs.—Most Gentlemen find, I believe, stewards of this fort, run them out more than they fave: but that's not your case, I dare say.—I faith, though, you have nick'd me cleverly, that you have.

But, my witty Brother, faid my Lady, I believe, you'd better, for all your fling at me, as to inducements, stick to your first defence, as to the example fake; for, who stands upon birth or degree in the

office of a fleward?

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It will answer several purposes, Sister, and come more the point in what you object, than you are some of, were we to dispute upon it. But I have gained my end in the observation: Sir Jacob takes the force of the comparison, and is convinced, I dare for, there is some justice in it.

Ay, ay, a great deal, said Sir Jacob; for a wife is, or ought to be, her husband's steward. I'm sure, when mine was living, I made her so, and had no other; for she made memorandums, and I digested them into book; and yet she brought me a noble fortune too, as you all know.

Here, Miss, I conclude my tedious narrations.—Be so good as to skim them over lightly, that you may not think the worse of me; and then return them, (with some of your charming penmanship), that I may send them on to Kent. To be sure I would not have been to tediously trisling, but for the sake of my dear parents: and there is so much self-praise, as it may seem, from a person repeating the sine things said of herself, that I am half of opinion I should send them to Kent only, and to think you should be obliged to me for saving you so much trouble and impertinence.

Do, dear Miss, be so free as to forbid me to fend you any more long journals, but common letters only, of How you do? and Who and who's together, and of respects to one, and to another, and so forth.—Letters that one might dispatch, as Sir Jacob says, in a twinkling, and perhaps be more to the purpose, than the tedious scrawl, which kisses your hands, from,

Yours most fincerely,

P. B.

Do, dear good Sir Simon, let Miss Polly add to our delights, by her charming company. Mr Mureay, and the new affair, will divert you, in her absence.

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absence.—So pray, since my good Lady Darnford has consented, and she is willing, and her sister can spare her, don't be so cross as to deny me.

LETTER XXXIV.

From Miss DARNFORD, to Mrs B.

My dear Mrs B.

YOU have given us great pleasure in your accounts of your conversations, and of the verses put so boldly and wickedly under your seat; and in your just observations on the lines, and the occasion.

I am quite shock'd, when I think of Lady Davers's passionate intentions, at her first coming down to you to the hall, but have let nobody into the worst of the matter, in compliance with your desire. We are delighted with your account of your family-management, and your Sunday's service—What an excellent Lady are you! and how happy, and how good, you make every one who knows you, is seen by the Ladies joining in your evening service, as well as their domestics.

We go on here swimmingly with our courtship. Never was there a fonder couple, than Mr Murray and Miss Nancy. The moody girl is quite alive, easy and pleas'd, except now-and-then with me.—We had a fad falling-out t'other day. Thus it was:

She had the affurance, on my faying, they were fo fond and fo free before-hand, that they would leave nothing for improvement afterwards; to tell me, she had for fome time perceived, that my envy was very disquieting to me. This she said before Mr Murray, who had the good manners to retire, seeing a storm rising between us.

Poor, foolish girl! cried I, when he was gone, provok'd to great contempt by her expression before him,

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him, thou wilt make me despise thee in spite of my leart.—But pr'ythee, manage thy matters with common decency, at least.

Good lack! Common decency, did you fay? When my fifter Polly is able to shew me what it is, I shall hope

to be better for her example.

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No, thou'lt never be better for any body's example!
Thy ill-nature and perverseness will keep thee from

that, as it has always hitherto done.

My ill-temper you have often told me is natural to me; so it must become me: but upon such a sweet-temper'd young Lady as Miss Polly, her late assum'd petulance sits but ill!

I must have had no bad temper, and that every one fays, to bear with thy sullen and perverse one, as I

have done all my life.

But why can't you bear with it a little longer, fifter?
-does any thing provoke you now, (with a fly leer,

and affected drawl), that did not formerly?

Provoke me!—what should provoke me!—I gave thee but a hint of thy fond folly, which makes thee behave so before company, that every one smiles at thee; and I'd be glad to save thee from contempt for thy new good humour, as I used to try to do, for

thy old bad nature.

Is that it?—What a kind fifter have I!—But perhaps I fee it vexes you; and ill-natur'd folks love to teize, you know.—But, dear Polly, don't let the affection Mr Murray expresses for me, put such a good-temper'd body out of humour, pray don't!—Who knows, (continued the provoker, who never says a tolerable thing that is not ill-natur'd, that being her talent), but the Gentleman may think himself happy, that he has found a way, with so much ease, to dispense with the dissiculty that eldership laid him under?—But as he did you the sayour, to let the repulse come from you, don't be angry, sister, that he took you at the first word.

Indeed.

Indeed, indeed, faid I, with a contemptuous fmile, thou'rt in the right, Nancy, to take the Gentleman at his first word. Hold him fast, and play over-all thy monkey tricks with him, with all my heart: Who knows but it may engage him more? For should he leave thee, I might be too much provok'd at thy ingratitude, to turn over another Gentleman to thes-And let me tell thee, without fuch an introduction. thy temper would keep any-body from thee, that knows it.

Poor Miss Polly!-Come, be as easy as you can! Who knows but we may find out fome coufin or friend of Mr Murray's between us, that we may persuade to address you? Don't make us your enemies: we'll try to make you eafy, if we can-'Tis a little hard, that you should be so cruelly taken at your word, that it is.

Doft think, faid I, poor, flupid, ill-judging Nancy, that I can have the same regret for parting with a man I could not like, that thou hadit, when thy vain hopes met with the repulse they deserved from

Mr B.?

Mr B. come up again! I have not heard of Mr B.

a great while!

No, but it was necessary that one nail should drive out another; for thou'dft been repining still, had not Mr Murray been turn'd over to thee.

Turn'd over! you used that word once before, fifter: fuch great wits as you, methinks, should not

use the same word twice.

How dost theu know what wits should, or should not do? Thou hast no talent but ill-nature, and 'tis enough for thee, that one view takes up thy whole thought. Purfue that-But I would only caution thee, not to fatiate where thou wouldst oblige, that's all: or, if thy man can be fo gross, as to like thy fondness, to leave something for hereafter. LI

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It call him in again, fifter, and you shall acquaint bow you'd have it. Bell, (for the maid came in then) tell Mr Murray, I desire him to walk in. I'm glad to see thee so teachable all at once!—I had now what was the cause of thy constant pervetsens: for had the unavailing lessons, my Mamma always inculcating into thee, come from a man hou couldst have had hopes of, they had succeeded letter.

In came Sir Simon, with his crutch-stick—But can bear this nonsense, Mrs B.? What! sparring, ingling again, you sluts!—O what siery eyes on one site! and contemptuous looks on t'other!

Why, Papa, my fifter Polly has turn'd over Mr Murray to me, and she wants him back again, and he won't come—that's all the matter!

You know your daughter Nancy, Papa—— she meer could bear reproof, and yet would always define it!—I was only gently remarking for her infruction, on her fondness before company, and she is as she used to be!—Courtship, indeed, is a new thing to the poor girl, and so she knows not how to behave herself in it.

So, Polly, because you have been able to run over along list of humble servants, you must insult your lister, must you?—But are you really concerned, Polly?—Hay!

Sir, this or any thing, is very well from you.—But these imputations of envy, before Mr Murray, must make the man very considerable with himself. Poor Nancy don't consider that.—But indeed how should she' how should she be able to reslect, who knows not what reslection is, except of the spiteful fort? But, Papa, shou'd the poor thing add to his vanity, which vants no addition, at the expence of that pride, which can only preserve her from contempt?

I faw her affected, and was refolv'd to pursue my advantage.

Pr'ythee,

Pr'ythee, Nancy, continu'd I, canst thou not have a little patience, child?—My Papa will set the day as soon as he shall think it proper. And don't let thy man toil to keep pace with thy sondness; for I have pity'd him many a time, when I have seen him stretch'd

on the tenters to keep thee in countenance.

This fet the ill-natur'd girl into tears, and fretfulness; all her old temper came upon her, as I design'd
it should; for she had kept me at bay longer than
usual; and I lest her under the dominion of it; and
because I would not come into a fresh dispute, got
my Mamma's leave, and the chariot, and went and
begg'd a dinner at Lady Jones's; and then came home
as cool and as easy, as I used to be; and found Nancy
as sullen and silent, as was her custom, before Mr
Murray tender'd himself to her ready acceptance. But
I went to my spinnet, and suffer'd her to swell on.

We have faid nothing but No, and Yes, ever fince: and I wish I was with you for a month, and all their nonsense over without me. I am, my dear, obli-

ging, and excellent Mrs B.

Your faithful and affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD.

The two following, anticipating the order of time, for the reasons mentioned, p. 155. we infert here.

LETTER XXXV.

From Mifs DARNFORD to Mrs B.

My dear Mrs B.

PRAY give my fervice to your Mr B. and tell him, he is very unpolite, in his reflections upon me, in relation to Mr Murray, when he sup-

* See this Vol. p. 254. 255.

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legiste the loss of him. You are much more hourable and just too, I will say, to your Polly Durnford. These Gentlemen, the very best of them, which indelicates! they think so highly of their sucy selves, and consident sex, as if a Lady cannot from her heart despise them: but if she turns them if, as they deserve, and happens to continue her distille, what should be interpreted in her savour, as a just and regular piece of conduct, is turn'd against let, and it must proceed from spite.

Mr B. may think he knows a good deal of the fex. But, perhaps, were I as malicious as he is reflecting, and yet, if I have any malice, he has raised it), I muld say, that his acquaintance was not with the most unexceptionable, till he had the happiness to know you: and he has not long enough been happy in you, I find, to do justice to those who are proud

pemulate your virtues.

But I can't bear, it feems, to see my sister addres'd and complimented, and preferr'd by one whom I had dought in my own power! But he may be mistaken: with all his fagacity, he has been often. Nor is it so mortifying a thing to me, as he imagines, to sit and see two such antics playing their pugs tricks, as he

alls them, with one another.

But you hardly ever faw fuch pugs tricks play'd as they play, at so early a time of courtship. The pil hangs upon his arm, and receives his empty had on her shoulder, already, with a freedom that would be centurable in a bride, before folks. A sliff, hillen, proud, scornful girl, as she used to be, she now puts on airs that are not natural either to her satures or her character; and judge then how it must disgust one; especially when one sees her man be proud and vain upon it, that, like a true man, he meats her with the less ceremony for her condesensions, putting on airs of consequence, while her Vol. 111.

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easiness of behaviour makes him secure of acceptance, and a kind reception, let him be as negligent

or as forward as he pleases.

I fay, Mrs B. there can be no living with these men upon such beginnings.—They ought to know their distance, or be taught it, and not to think it in their power to confer that as a favour, which they should esteem it an honour to receive.

But neither can I bear, it feems, the preparatives to matrimony, the fine clothes, the compliments, the bufy novelty, as he calls it, the new equipages, and fo forth. That's his mistake again, tell him: for one, who can look forwarder than the nine days of wonder, can easily despite so slashy and so transient a glare. And were I fond of compliments, it would not, perhaps, be the way to be pleased, in that re-

fpect, if I were to marry.

Compliments in the fingle state, are a Lady's due, whether courted or not; and she receives them, or ought always to receive them, as such: but in court-ship they are pour'd out upon one, like a hasty shower, that one knows will soon be over.—A mighty comfortable consideration this, to a Lady who loves to be complimented!—Instead of the refreshing, April-like showers, which beautify the sun-shine, the shall stand a deluge of complaisance, be wet to the skin with it; and then—what then!—Why be in a Libyan defart ever after—; experience a constant parching drought, and all her attributed excellencies will be swallowed up in the quicksands of matrimony.

It may be otherwise with you; and it must be otherwise; because there is such an infinite variety in your excellence.—But does Mr B. think it must be

fo in every matrimony?

"Tis true, he improves every hour, as I fee in your kind papers, in his fine speeches to you. But it could not be Mr B. if he did not: your merit extents

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t let me observe, moreover, that you had so few of these fine speeches before-hand, that you have all the reason in the world to expect them now : and his leffens his merit a good deal, as the most he can by, is but common justice, on full proof; for, can the like generofity be attributed to him, as might to Gentleman who prailes on trust?

You promife, if I will come to you, you will join with me against Mr B. on this subject. 'Tis very hindly offer'd: but when Mr B. is in the question, lexpect very little affiftance from you, be the argu-

ment what it will.

But 'tis not my fault, I don't come, I am quite ir'd with the perverse folly of this Nancy of ours. She every day behaves more like a fool to Mr Murray, and less like a fifter to me, and takes delight to teize and vex me, by all the little ways in her power. And then furliness and ill-temper are so natural to her, that I, who can but throw out a spiteful word, by way of flourish, as I may fay, and 'tis over, and I am forry for it as foon as spoken, am no match for her:-for the perseveres to intolerably, and comes back to the attack, though never fo often repuls'd, thing like Antaus, with fresh vigour for every fall, or like the Lernaan bydra, which had a new head prouting up, as fast as any one of the seven was lopt off, that there is no bearing her. Wedlock, in fine, must be her Hercules, and will furnish me, I doubt, with a revenge I with not for.

But let me thank you for your delightful narratives, and beg you to continue them. I told you how your Saturday's conversation with Lady Davers, and your Sunday employments, charm us all: fo regular, and so easy to be perform'd!—That's the delightful

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1 your but it it extorts thing.—What every body may do !- And yet fo beautiful, fo laudable, fo uncommon in the practice;

especially among people in genteel life!

Your conversation and decision in relation to the two parsons (more than charm) transport us. Mr B. let me tell you, judges right, and acts a charming part, to throw such a fine game into your hands. And so excellently do you play it, that you do as much credit to your partner's judgement as to your own: never, surely, was so happy a couple!

He has a prodigious merit with me, I can tell him, tho' he thinks not so well of me as I would have him. To see, to praise, and to reward a virtue, is next to having it one's self: and, in time, he will make as good a man (these fine appearances encourage one

to hope fo) as he is a bufband.

Your notions of dispensations, and double lirings, are admirably just. Mr Williams is more my favourite than ever!—And the amply-rewarded Mr

Adams, how did that scene affect us!

Again, and again, I say, (for what can I say else, or more—fince I can't find words to speak all I think?) you're a charming Lady!—Yet, methinks, poor Mr

H. makes but a forry figure among you.

We are delighted with Lady Davers: but still more, if possible, with the Countess: she is a fine Lady, as you have drawn her: but your characters, tho' truth and nature, are the most shocking, or the most amiable, that ever I read.

We are full of impatience to hear of the arrival of Sir Jacob Swynford. We know his character pretty well: but when he has fat for it to your pencil, it

must be an original indeed.

I will have another trial with my Papa, to move him to let me attend you. I am rallying my forces for that purpose: I have got my Mamma on my side again; who is concerned to see her girl vexed and insulted by her younger sister; and who yet minds no more wifhe

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whole as he since what she says to her, than what I say; and Sir since loves at his heart to make mischief between instead of interpoling to silence either: and truly, am afraid, the delight of this kind, which he takes, will make him deny his Polly what she so ardently wishes for.

I had a good mind to be fick, to be with you. I could fast two or three days, to give it the better appearance: but then my Mamma, who loves not deceit, would blame me, if the knew my stratagem; and be grieved, if she thought I was really ill.—I know, fasting, when one has a stomach to eat, gives one a very gloomy and mortify'd air.

What would I not do, in short, to procure to myfelf the inexpressible pleasure that I should have in your company and conversation? But continue to write to me till then, however, and that will be next less. I am

Your most obliged and obedient,

FOLLY DARNFORD.

LETTER XXXVI.

From the fame.

My dearest Mrs B.

I Am all over joy and rapture. My good Papa has given me leave to tell you, that he will put his Polly under your protection, when you go to London. If you have but a tenth part of the pleasure I have on this occasion, I am sure, I shall be as welcome as I wish. But he will insist upon it, he says, that Mr B. signs some acknowledgement, which I am to carry along with me, that I am intrusted to his honour and yours, and to be returned to him heart-mbole and dutiful, and with a reputation as unfully'd as he receives me.

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But do, dearest Mrs B. continue your journals till then; for I have promis'd to take them up where you leave off, to divert our friends in these parts. There will be presumption! But yet I will write nothing but what I will shew you, and have your consent to send! for I was taught early not to tell tales out of school; and a school, the best I ever went to, will be your

charming conversation.

We have been greatly diverted with the trick put upon that barbarian Sir Jacob. His obstinacy, repentance, and amendment, follow'd so irressibly in one half-hour, from the happy thought of the excellent Lady Countess, that I think no plot was ever more fortunate. It was like springing a lucky mine in a siege, that blew up twenty times more than was expected from it, and answer'd all the besiegers ends at once.

Mr B.'s defence of his own conduct towards you, is quite noble; and he judges with his usual generofity and good sense, when, by adding to your honour, he knows he inhances his own. Mr Pitt's sine diamond met with a world of admirers; but all turn'd upon this restection, What a happy man is Mr Pitt, who can call such a jewel his own!—How greatly do you excel this diamond; and how much does Mr B. outdo Mr Pitt!—who has contributed to give so rich a jewel a polish so admirable; and then has set it in so noble a light, as makes its beauty conspicuous to every eye!

You bid me skim over your writings lightly; but 'tis impossible. I will not flatter you, my dear Mrs B. nor will I be suspected to do so; and yet I cannot find words to praise, so much as I think you deserve: So I will only say, that your good parents, for whose pleasure you write, as well as for mine, cannot receive or read them with more delight than I do.— Even my sister Nancy (judge of their effect by this!) will at any time leave Murray, and sorget to

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write—And, angry as the makes me fometimes, cannot deny her this pleasure, because possibly, cong the innumerable improving reflections they bound with, some one may possibly dart in upon her, and illuminate her, as your conversation and

chaviour did Sir Jacob. But your application in P. S. to my Papa pleafed him, and confirmed his refolution to let me go-He fnatched the sheet that contained this; That's to me! faid he :- I must read this myself. He didand faid-I'faith she's a sweet one !- Do, dear good Sir Simon, repeated he aloud, let Miss Polly add to our delights !- So she shall then ;- if that will do it!-And yet this same Mrs B. has so many delights already, that I should think she might be contented. But, Dame Darnford, I think I'll let her go. These fifters then, you'll fee, how they'll love at a distance, tho' always quarrelling when together. He read on-The new offair will divert you-Lady Darnford has consented—Miss is willing; and ber sister can spare her-Very prettily put, faith-And don't you be fo cross-Very sweet!--to deny me!

Why, dear Mrs B. I wont be so cross, then; indeed I wont!—And-so, Polly, let 'em send word when they set out for London, and you shall join 'em there with all my heart! But I'll have a letter every post, remember that, girl.

Any thing, any thing, dear Papa, faid I; so I can but go! He called for a kiss, for his compliance. I gave it most willingly, you may believe.

Nancy look'd envious, altho' Mr Murray came in just then—She look'd almost like a great glutton whom I remember, one Sir Jonathan Smith, who kill'd himself with eating: He used, while he was heaping up his plate from one dish, to watch the others, and sollow the knife of every body else, with such a greedy eye, as if he could swear a robbery

against

This is a gross simile: but all greedy and envious folks look alike about the eyes; and, thinking of Nancy on this occasion, (who envied a happiness she knew I preferred to that she has in prospect), I could not but call to mind Sir Jonathan at the same time.

Well, let's know when you fet out, and you shan't have been a week in London, if I can help it, but you shall be told by my tongue, as now by my pen, how

much I am

Your obliged admirer and friend, POLLY DARNEORD.

LETTER XXXVII.

My dear friend,

I NOW proceed with my journal, which I had brought down to Thursday night.

FRIDAY.

The two Ladies refolving, as they said, to inspect all my proceedings, insisted upon it, that I would take them with me in my benevolent round, (as they, after we return'd, would call it), which I generally take once a week, among my poor and sick neighbours; and finding I could not get off, I set out with them, my Lady Countess proposing Mrs Worden to fill up the fourth place in the coach.

We talked all the way of charity, and the excellency of that duty; and my Lady Davers took notice of the text, that it would hide a multitude of faults. And if, the was pleased to say, there was to be any truth in the Popish doctrine of supererogation, what abundance of such merits would arise from the life and actions of our dear friend here! kindly look-

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I faid, That when we had the pleasure to rested to the ferved a Master, who exacted no hard terms from us, but in every case almost that could be hought of, only required of us to do justice, and shew mercy, to one another, and gave us reason to think he would judge us by those rules, it must be a mighty inducement to acts of charity and benevolence. But indeed, added I, were there not that inducement, the pleasure that attends such acts, is a high reward; and I am sure the Ladies I have the honour to speak to, must have found it in an hundred instances.

The Countess said, She had once a much better opinion of herself, than she found she had reason for, within these few days past: and indeed, Mrs B. said she, when I get home, I shall make a good many people the better for your example. And so said Lady Davers; which gave me no small inward pleasure; and I acknowledg'd, in suitable terms, the ho-

nour they both did me.

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The coach fet us down by the fide of a large common, about five miles distant from our house; and we alighted, and walked a little way, chusing not to have the coach come nearer, that we might be taken as little notice of as possible; and they enter'd with me into two mean cots with great condescension and goodness; one belonging to a poor widow, and five children, who had been all down in agues and severs; the other to a man and his wife bedrid with age and infirmities, and two honest daughters, one a widow with two children, the other married to an husbandman, who had also been ill, but now, by comfortable cordials, and good physic, were pretty well, to what they had been.

The two Ladies were well pleased with my demeanour to the good folks: to whom I said, That as I should go soon to London, I was willing to see them before I went, to wish them better and better,

and

Jervis concerning them, to whom they must make known their wants; and that Mr Barrow would take care of 'em, I was fure; and do all that was in the power of physic for the restoration of their healths.

Now you must know, Miss, that I am not so good as the old Ladies of former days, who used to distill cordial waters, and prepare medicines, and dispense them themselves. I knew, if I were so inclined, my dear Mr B. would not have been pleased with it, because, in the approbation he has kindly given to my present method, he has twice or thrice praised me, that I don't carry my charity to extremes, and make his house a dispensatory. I would not, therefore, by aiming at doing too much, lose the opportunity of doing any good at all in these respects; and besides, as the vulgar saying is, One must creep before one goes. But this is my method:

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I am upon an agreement with this Mr Barrow, who is deem'd a very skilful and honest apothecary, and one Mr Simmonds, a surgeon of like character, to attend all such cases and persons as I shall recommend; Mr Barrow to administer physic and cordials, as he shall judge proper, and even, in necessary cases, to call in a physician. And now-and-then by looking in upon them one's self, or sending a servant to

afk queltions, all is kept right.

Besides, one can take this method without the oftentation, as some would deem it, which would attend the having one's dear friend's gate always crouded with unhappy objects, and with some who deserve no countenance, perhaps, and yet would possibly be the most clamorous: and then one does not subject the poor neither to the insolence of servants, who sometimes in one's absence, might, were they some servants, shew, that they were far from being insluenced by the same motives as their principals:

chill and experience which constant practice gives the Gentlemen I employ; and with whom I agree by the quarter, because if there were a just soundard, for negligence, or hardness of teats, I would not be ty'd down from changing; for, in such cases, in a criss, the poor people depending on the affistance of those Gentlemen, might look no father, and so my good intentions might not only be suffrated, but do harm.

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My Lady Davers observed a Bible, a Common prayer book, and a Whole Duty of man, in each cot, in leathern outside cases, to keep them clean, and a church-catechism or two for the children; and was pleased to say, It was right: and her Ladyship asked one of the children, a pretty girl, Who learnt her her catechism? And she curt'sy'd, and look'd at me; for I do ask the children questions, when I come, to know how they improve: 'tis as I thought, said my Lady; my sister provides for both parts. God bless you, my dear! said she, and tapp'd

My Ladies left tokens of their bounty behind them to both families, and all the good folks bleffed and pray'd for us at parting: and as we went out, my Lady Davers, with a ferious air, was pleafed to fay to me, Take care of your health, my dear fifter; and God give you, when it comes, a happy hour; for how many real mourners would you have, if you were to be called early to reap the fruits of your piety!

God's will must be done, my Lady, said I. The same providence that has so wonderfully put it in my power to do a little good, will raise up new friends to the honest hearts that rely upon him.

This I said, because some of the good people heard my Lady, and seem'd troubled, and began to redouble their prayers for my safety and preservation.

We

We walked thence to our coach, and firetehed a little farther, to visit two farmers families, ab mile distant from each other. Une had the mother of the family, with two fons, just recovering, the former from a fever, the latter from tertian agues; and I asked, When they faw Mr Barrow? They told me, with great commendations of him hat he had but just left them. So having congratulated their hopeful way, and wish'd them to take care of themfelves, and not go too early to bufinefs, I faid, I should defire Mr Barrow to watch over them, for fear of relapfe, and should hardly see 'em again for fome time; and fo under the notion of my foy, I flid a couple of guineas into the good woman's hand: for I had had an hint given me by Mrs Jervis, that their illness had made it low with them.

We proceeded then to the other farm, where the cafe was a marry'd daughter, who had had a very dangerous lying-in, and a wicked hufband, who had abus'd her, and run away from her: but she was mending apace, by good comfortable things, which from time to time I had caused to be fent her. Her old father had been a little unkind to her, before I took notice of her; for the marry'd against his confent; and indeed the world went hard with the poor man, and he could not do much; and, besides, he had a younger daughter, who had loft all her limbs, and was forc'd to be ty'd in a wicker chair, to keep her up in it; which (having expended much to relieve her) was a great pull-back, as the good old woman called it. And having been a year in arrear to a harsh Landlord, who finding a good stock upon the ground, threaten'd to distress the poor family, and turn them out of all, I advanced the money upon the flock; and the poor man has already paid me half of it, (for, Mifs, I must keep within compass too), which was 50% at first, and is in a fair way to pay me the other half, and make as much more for himfelf.

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Bere I found Mr Barrow, and he gave me an account of the success of two other cases I had recommended to him; and told me, that John Smith, a cor man, who, in thatching a barn, had tumbled town, and broken his leg, and bruised himself all mer, was in a fair way of recovery.

This poor creature had like to have perished by the cruelty of the parish officers, who would have pass'd him away to Esex, where his settlement was, tho' in a burning sever, occasioned by his missortune: but hearing of the case, I directed Mr Simmonds to attend him, and provide for him, at my expence, and gave my word, if he died, to bury him.

I was glad to hear he was in so good a way, and told Mr Barrow, I hoped to see him and Mr Simmonds together at Mr B.'s, before I set out for London, that we might advise about the cases under their direction, and that I might acquit myself of some of my obligations to them.

You are a good man, Mr Barrow, added I: God will blefs you for your care and kindness to these poor destitute creatures. They all praise you, and do nothing but talk of your humanity to them.

O my good Lady, faid he, who can forbear following such an example, as you set? Mr Simmonds can testify, as well as I, (for now-and-then a case requires us to visit together), that we can hardly hear any complaints from our poor patients, let em be ever so ill, for the praises and blessings they bestow upon you.

It is good Mr B. that enables and encourages me to do what I do. Tell them, they must bless God, and bless him, and pray for me, and thank you and Mr Simmonds: we all join together, you know, for their good.

The Countess and Lady Davers asked the poor lying-in-woman many questions, and lest with her, and for her poor sister, a miserable object indeed to Vol. III.

—(God be praised, that I am not such an one!) marks of their bounty in gold, but I saw not how much; and looking upon one another, and then upon me, and lifting up their hands, could not say a word, till they were in the coach: and so we were carry'd home, after we had just look'd in upon a country school, where I pay for the learning of eight children.

And here (——I hope I recite not this with pride, though I do with pleasure) is a cursory account of my benevolent weekly round, as my Ladies will call it.

I know you will not be displeased with it; but it will highly delight my worthy parents, who, in their way, do a great deal of discreet good in their neighbourhood: for, indeed, Miss, a little matter, prudently bestowed, and on true objects of compassion, (whose cases are soon at a criss, as are those of most labouring people), will go a great way, and especially if laid out properly for 'em, according to the exigencies of their respective cases .-- For such poor people, who live generally low, want very feldom any thing but reviving cordials at first, and good wholesome kitchen physic afterwards; and then the wheels of nature being unclogg'd, new oil'd, as it were, and fet right, they will go round again with pleafantness, and ease, for a good while together, by virtue of that exercise which their labour gives them; while the rich and voluptuous are forced to undergo great fatigues to keep theirs clean and in order.

This is well remarked in a manuscript poem in Mr B.'s possession, written in answer to a friend, who recommended a poor man of genius to the favour of the author, in order to induce the benevolent Gentleman to lift him into a higher life than that to which he was born; and as I am sure you will be pleased with the lines, I will transcribe them for your

entertainment.

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Thom genius dignifies, amidst distress:

All, that you wish, my friendship senders dear,

And weeping industry demands a tear.

To meet his pangs,—but let the means be weigh'd:

Let anguish meet him, in the form of aid.

Where-e'er kind help can want's bleak waste repair,

Whate'er touch'd pity owes to chill despair,

That shall be his.—For he who claims your grief,

To mine brings title, that commands relief.

Premising this, permit me to maintain,
That, wishing happiness, you purpose pain.
What, tho' he sweats along the scorching foil,
Till ev'ry aching sinew burns, with toil?
Health, and contempt of spleen—and sleep's soft call—And unobstructed spirits—balance all.

Nor let fatigue, like his, presume complaint, Where exercise of choice, out-works constraint. What length'ning furrow, turn'd with tort'ring fall, Heats like the tacket, when it hunts the ball? What lab'rer toils like him, o'er hill or dale, Whose triumph is the fox's ear or tail? All un-inur'd to bear—in life's weak dawn, Boy-sportsmen tire and shame those sons of brawn.

" But, Shall a fire, like his, want room to flame?"

" And what is peace, to one who pants for fame?"

Bles'd in his low-born quiet, wou'd he dare Adopt distinction, to induce despair?
Wou'd he, for envy, give up safe neglect?
And hazard calumny, to gain respect?
Blow up ambition's storm, to blast his race:
And scorn obscurity, to court disgrace?

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True, he is poor,—and so are kings no less:
They want, whate'er they wish, and not possess:
While swains, who scorn to feel by others sense.
Are rich in their own right, of competence.
Bread, and self satisfy'd, is wealth within;
Nor call that gain—which wisdom shuns to win.

That poverty is want; and rest is wee!

Weigh—but let reason hold th' impartial scale,

When peace is purpos'd, what does rank avail?

Is it, to live in noise, that makes us bles'd?

Is it, to hear our flatter'd faults cares'd?

Is it, in idle ease to yawn untaught,

And, fatt'ning folly, pine the samish'd thought?

True happiness, disdaining all extreme,

Is measur'd continence—and reas'ning phlegm.

This if your rustick knows, confess him great,

Beyond the proudest slave, that guides a state.

This if he knows not, shou'd he empire gain,

'Twere sharpen'd appetite, for strengthen'd pain.

E But wit like his, you fay, by nature grac'd To charm in cities, is, in shades misplac'd."

Shines he so bright, within his rural sphere?
There let him still shine out—and still shine clear!
Superior genius, there, may gain him weight
To polish rudeness, civilize debate,
Warm the too easy heart, excite the cold,
Inpel the backward, and repulse the bold;
Compose small jars, ere bitterness increase;
And smile the factious cottage into peace:
Wipe out each spot that sades the slow'ry plains,
And reign pacific sather of the swains.

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Remote from cities, peaceful nature dwells;
There, exil'd justice sits, in silent cells.
There truth, in naked plainness, dares be seen:
There, pride provokes no envy,—shame no spleen.
There, unsupported worth can rev'rence draw:
And probity disdains the help of law.
There, maids no caution need;—for man is just:
There, love is tenderness, and friendship trust.
There, inselt slushes tinge the conscious heart;
And modest semblance is not, yet, an art.

How weak a judge, dear friend, is human pride?
To loath known good, and long for ill untry'd!
Stretching our greedy eye to distant height,
The bliss, beneath us, lies too low for sight,
Impatient thirst of pow'r but little thinks,
What troubled waters fev'rish greatness drinks.
Nor dreams distrustless vanity, what cares,
What weights, what torments, rash distinction bears.
Hence, fears no aukward actor to sustain
His part of danger in those scenes of pain:
Tet, out of character, mistakes his cue,
And his'd unheard, bawls on—and blunkers through.

Or, grant him safe, behind some guardian skreen.
Some patron's transient int'rest, puss'd between:
Grant, that his suppliant soul can sense destroy.
Can bear dependence, with unseeling joy:
Tet comes a time, when all his props decay,
And each dishonour'd ruin drops away.
Then the bleak tott'rer shakes, in ev'ry blast;
Dreads the dim future: wishes for the past:
Finds his first loss; and, with corrected view,
Enwies the humble cot, from which he slew.

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And

And yet, perhaps, 'twas' Heav'n's commissed plan, That passion's resiles whirl skou'd actuate man; That pride, by envy plagu'd, shou'd pity know; And wealth, and joy, take birth, from want, and week Were hush'd content to stop the busy swing, The stagnant virtues all might lose their spring: One tideles lake of life engulph mankind:

And the still mass corrupt—for want of wind.

Th' Almighty, then,—who fees beyond our fense, Did various parts, for various minds, dispense. The meanest slave, who lives, to hedge and ditch, Is useful, in his rank, to feed the rich. The rich, in retribution, wastes his store, And streams refreshful floods, to float the poor: Nor let the Peer the peasant's lot disdain; Each link, howe'er remote, connects the chain. Both but two diff'rent marks, in one great view, Extend God's landschape, and adorn it, too: And both, without distinction,—King and slave, At last lie levell'd, in the silent grave.

This known, your choice directs my ready will.

Say,—Shall your rustick be a rustick still?

With ease augmented, hold his safe degree?

Live, and grow old, in pangless poverty?

Or, shall he tread the world's great wild of hope?

Despise his danger—and enlarge his scope?—

Chuse for his wish whate'er his virtues claim: And tax my fortune—or restrain his aim.

I don't remember ever to have read any thing of this subject placed in these natural, easy, and, I therefore think, uncommon lights, and believe you'll allow them to be right lights: for there are certainly no cases in the france paffit (being to be

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considered in the world, that requires more judgement and chinction, than charitable ones. And except a casual distress among those who make a trade of begging, such persons (especially if I see them often and so much in the same place, as if they were as tenacious of their stand, as others of their freehold), move not my compassion or notice. They cannot be lower in spirit, nor (being frequently brought up to it) do they often wish to be higher in calling, or to change their idle state for a laborious one: but the poor industrious souls, who are reduced by sickness, or missortune, or even mistake, not wilful or persisted in, who sigh in secret, and cannot make known what they suffer; such unhappy objects are worthy of one's pains to find out, and relieve.

SATURDAY Morning.

I T is hardly right to trouble either of you, my honoured correspondents, with an affair, that has vex'd me a good deal, and indeed should affect me more than any other mistress of a family, for reasons which will be obvious to you, when I tell you the case. And this (it is so at present with me) I cannot forbear doing.

A pretty genteel young body, my Pol'y Barlow, as I call her, having been well recommended, and indeed behaved with great prudence till this time, is the occasion.

My dear Mr B. and the two Ladies agreed with me to take a little airing in the coach, and to call in upon Mr Martin, who had a present made him for his menagerie, in which he takes great delight, of a rare and uncommon creature, a native of the East Indies. But just as Sir Jacob was on horseback to accompany them, and the Ladies were ready to go, I was taken with a sudden disorder and faintishness; so that Lady Davers, who is very tender of me, and watches

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watches every change of my countenance, would not let me go with them, tho' my diforder was going off, and my dear Mr B. was pleased to excuse me; and just meeting with Mr Williams as they went to the coach, they took him with them, to fill up the vacant place. So I retir'd to my closet, and thut my felf in.

They had ask'd Mr H. to go with them, for company to Sir Jacob; but he (on purpose, as I believe, by what followed) could not be found, when they set out: so they supposed he was upon some ramble with

Mr Colbrand, his great favourite.

I was writing to you, being pretty well recover'd, when I heard Polly, as I supposed, and as it proved, come into my apartment; and down she sat, and sung a little catch, and cry'd Hem! twice; and presently I heard two voices. But suspecting nothing I wrote on, till I heard a kind of ruttling and strugling, and Polly's voice crying, Fie—how can you do

fo!---pray, Sir,

This alarm'd me much, because we have such orderly solks about us; and I look'd through the key-hole,
and, to my surprize and concern, saw Mr H.—
foolish gentleman!—taking liberties with Polls,
that neither became him to offer, nor, more soolish
girl! her to suffer. And having reason to think,
that this was not their first interview and freedom—
and the girl sometimes encouragingly laughing, as, at
other times, inconsistently struggling, and complaining, in an accent that was too tender for the occasion, I fore'd a faint cough. This srighted them
both: Mr H. swore, and said, Who can that be?—
Your Lady's gone with them, i'n't she?

I believe so! I hope so! said the filly girl—Yet that was like her voice!—Me'm, are you in your closet, Me'm? said she, coming up to the door, Mr H. standing like a poor thies, half behind the win-

dow-curtains, till be knew whether it was L.

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Topen'd the door; away fneak'd Mr H. and she leap'd with surprise, not hoping to find me there, the she ask'd the question.

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It is plain you did, Polly-Go and thut the

chamber-door, and come to me again.

She did, but trembled, and was so full of confufion, that I pity'd the poor creature, and hardly knew how to speak to her, or what to say.—For my compassion got the upper hand of my resentment; and as the stood quaking and trembling, and looking on the ground, with a countenance I cannot describe, I now and then cast my eye upon her, and was as often forced to put my handkerchief to it.

At last I faid, How long have these freedoms past,

Polly, between you and Mr H.?

She faid never a word.

I am loth to be censorious, Polly: but 'tis too plain, that Mr H. would not have followed you into my chamber, if he had not met you at other places before.

Still the poor girl faid never a word.

Little did I expect, Poliy, that you would have hewn fo much imprudence. You have had instances of the vile arts of men against poor maidens: have you any notion, that Mr H. intends to do honourably by you?

Me'm-Me'm-I believe-I hope-

Idare fay, Mr H. would not do otherwife.

So much the worse, that you believe so, if you have not very good reason for your belief.—Does he pretend he will marry you, Polly?

She was filent.

Tell me, Polly, if he does?

He fays, he will do honourably by me.

But you know there is but one word necessary to eplain that other precious word bonour, in this case. It is matrimony. That word is as soon spoken as

any other, and if he means it, he will not be shy to speak it.

She was filent.

Tell me, Polly, (for I am really greatly concern'd for you), what you think your felf: Do you hope he will marry you?

She was filent.

Do, good Polly, I hope I may call you good yet !-

Pray, Madam! and she wept, and turned from me to the wainscot—Pray, Madam, excuse me.

But, indeed, Polly, I cannot excuse you. You are under my protection. I was once in as dangerous a fituation as you can be in. And I did not escape it, child, by the language and conduct I heard from you.

Language and conduct, Me'm!

Yes, Polly, Language and conduct. For you have heard my ftory, no doubt: all the world has. And do you think, if I had fat me down in my Lady's bedchamber, and fung a fong, and hem'd twice, and Mr B. had come to me, upon that fignal, (for fuch I doubt it was), and I had kept my place, and suffer'd myfelf to be rumpled, and only, in a fost voice, and with an encouraging laugh, cry'd, How can you do so? that I should have been what I am?

Me'm, I dare fay, my Lord (so all the fervants call him, and his Aunt often, when she puts Jackey to

it) means no hurt.

No hurt, Polly! What, and make you cry Fie!— Or do you intend to trust your henour to his mercy, tather than to your own discretion?

I hope not, Me'm!

I hope not too, Polly!—But you know he was free enough with you, to make you fay, Fie!—And what might have been the case, who knows? had I not coughed on purpose; unwilling, for your sake, Polly, to find matters so bad as I feared, and that you would have been led beyond what was reputable?

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Yes, Polly, reputable: I am forry you oblige me to fpeak fo plain. But your good requires it. Inflead of flying from him, you not only laughed all the
time you cried out, Fie! and How can you do fo? but
had no other care than to fee if any-body heard you;
and you observe how he flid away, like a guilty creature, as soon as I open'd my door—Do these things
look well, Polly? do you think they do?—And
if you hope to emulate my good fortune, do you
think this is the way?

I wish, Me'm, I had never seen Mr H. for no-

body will look upon me, if I lofe your favour!

It will still, Polly, (and I took her hand, with a kind look), be in your own power to keep it; and I will not mention this matter, if you make me your friend, and tell me all that has pass'd.

Again she wept, and was filent.

This made me more uneasy. Don't think, Polly, faid I, that I would envy any other person's preferment, when I have been so much exalted myself. If Mr H. has talked to you of marriage, tell me.

No, Me'm, I can't fay he has yet.

Tet, Polly! then he never will. For when men to talk of it, they don't always mean it: but whenever they mean it, how can they confirm a doubting maiden, without mentioning it: But, alas, alas for you, poor Polly!—The freedoms you have permitted to him, no doubt, previous to those I heard, and which would have been greater possibly, had I not surprised you with my cough, shew too well, that he need not make any promises to you.

Indeed, Me'm-indeed, faid the, fobbing, I might be too little upon my guard; but I would not have

done any ill for the world.

I hope you would not, Polly; but if you suffer these freedoms, you can't tell what you'd have permitted—Tell me, do you love Mr H.?

He

He is a very good-humour'd Gentleman, Mada

and is not proud.

No, 'tis not his business to be proud, when he hopes to humble you-Humble you, indeed! beneath the lowest person of the fex, that is honest.

I hope-

You hope! interrupted I-you hope too much; and I fear a great deal for you, because you fear fo little for yourfelf-But tell me, How often have you been in private together?

In private, Me'm !- I don't know what your

Ladythip calls private!

Why that is private, Polly, when, as just now, you neither imagined nor intended any body should

She was filent; and I faw, by this poor girl, how true lovers are to their fecret, tho' perhaps, their ruin depends upon keeping it. But it behoved me. on more accounts than it would any-body else, as I hinted before, to examine this matter narrowly; because, if Mr H. should marry her, it would have been laid upon Mr B.'s example.—And if Pally should be ruin'd, it would be a fad thing; and people would have faid, Ay, she could take care enough of herfelf; but none at all of her fervant: Her waitting-maid had a much more remiss mistress, than Pamela found, or the matter would not have been thus.

Well, Polly, I fee, continued I, that you will not fpeak out to me. You may have feveral reasons for it, possibly, though not one good one. But as foon as Lady Davers comes in, who has a great concern in this matter, as well as Lord Davers, and are answerable to Lord H. in a matter of fo much importance as this, I will leave it to her Ladyship's consideration, and shall no more concern myself to ask you questions about it-for then I must take her Ladyship's directions, and part with you, to be fure.

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The poor girl, frighted at this, (for every body fears Lady Davers), wrung her hands, and begg'd, for God's the, I would not acquaint Lady Davers with it.

But how can I help it?—Must I not connive at your proceedings, if I do not? You are no fool, Polly, in other cases. Tell me, How is it possible for

me, in my fituation, to avoid it?

I will tell your Ladyship the whole truth; indeed I will—if you will not tell Lady Davers. I am ready to fink at the thoughts of Lady Davers's knowing any-thing of this.

This look'd fadly. I pity'd her, but yet was angry in my mind; for I saw too plainly, that her conduct could not bear a scrutiny, not even in her own opini-

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I faid, Make me acquainted with the whole.

Will your Ladyship promise-

I'll promise nothing, Polly.—When I have heard all you think proper to say, I will do what besits me to do; but with as much tenderness as I can for you—and that's all you ought to expect me to promise.

Why then, Madam,—But how can I speak it?—I can speak sooner to any body, than to Lady Davers and you, Madam—For her Ladyship's passion, and your Ladyship's virtue—how shall I?—And then the threw herself at my seet, and hid her sace with her apron.

I was in agonies for her almost; I wept over her; I raised her up, and said, Tell me all—you cannot tell me worse than I apprehend, nor, I hope, so bad! O Polly, tell me soon—for you give me great pain—

And my back, with grief and compassion for the poor girl, was ready to open, as it seem'd to me—
In my former distresses I have been overcome by fainting next to death, and was deprived of sense for some moments—But else I imagine, I must have felt some such affecting sensations, as the unhappy girl's case gave me.

Vol. III. Hh Then,

Then, Madam, I own, faid fhe, I have been too

faulty.

As how!—As what!—In what way!—How faulty?—ask'd I, as quick as thought: you are not ruined, are you?—Tell me, Polly?

No, Madam, but-

But what ?- fay, but what?

I had confented -

To what?

To his propofals, Madam.

What propofals?

Why, Madam, I was to live with Mr H.

I understand you too well—But is it too late to break so wretched a bargain?—have you already made a facrifice of your honour?

No, Madam; but I have given it under my hand. Under your hand!—Ah! Polly, it is well if you have not given it under your heart too. But what foolishness is this! What consideration has he made you?

He has given it under his hand, that he will always love me, and when his Lordship's father dies,

he will own me.

What foolishness is this on both fides!—But are

you willing to be releafed from this bargain?

Indeed I am, Madam, and I told him so yesterday. But, he says, he will sue me, and ruin me, if I don't stand to it.

You are ruin'd, if you do !-And I wish-But tell me, Polly, are you not ruin'd as it is?

Indeed I am not, Madam.

I doubt then, you were upon the brink of it, had not this providential indisposition kept me at home—You met, I suppose, to conclude your shocking bargain.—O poor unhappy girl!—But let me see what he has given under his hand?

He has 'em both, Madam, to be drawn up fair, and

in a strong hand, that shall be like a record.

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Could I have thought, Miss, that a girl of nineten could be so ignorant in a point so important, when in every-thing else she has shewn no instances ke this stupid folly?

Has he given you money?

Yes, Madam, he gave me—he gave me—a note. Here it is. He fays any-body will give me money for it.

And this was a bank-note of 50 1. which the pull-

ed out of her stays.

I instantly thought of those lines of Cowley, which my dear Lady several times made me read to her; tho' these supposed an infinitely more excuseable case—Marriage for money.

Take heed, take heed, thou lovely maid!

Nor be by glitt'ring ills betray'd!

Thyfelf for money! O let no man know

The price of beauty fall'n fo low!

What dangers ought'ft thou not to dread,

When love, that's blind, is by blind fortune led?

The refult was, he was to fettle a 100 L a year upon her and hers, poor, poor girl—and was to own her, as he calls it, (but as wife or mistress, the stipulated not), when his father died, and he came into the title and estate.

I told her, it was impossible for me to conceal the matter from Lady Davers, if she would not, by her womises to be governed entirely by me, and to abandon all thoughts of Mr H. give me room to condude that the wicked bargain was at an end.

And to keep the poor creature in some spirits, and to enable her to look up, and to be more easy under my direction, I blamed him more than I did her: tho' considering what virtue requires of a woman, and custom has made shameless in a man, I think the poor girl inexcuseable, and shall not be easy while she is about me. For she is more to blame,

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because, of the two, she has more wit than the

But what can I do? thought I: If I put her away, 'twill be to throw her directly into his hands. He won't stay here long; and she may see her folly. But yet her eyes were open: she knew what she had to trust to—And by their wicked beginning, and her encouraging repulses, I doubt she would have been

utterly ruined that very day.

I knew the rage Lady Davers would be in with both. So this was another embarrafs. And yet, should my good intentions be frustrated, and they should conclude their vile bargain, and it appear'd that I knew of it, but would not acquaint her, then should I have been more blamed than any mistress of a fami-

ly, circumftanced as I am.

Upon the whole, as to the girl, I refolved to comfort her as well as I could, till I had gained her confidence, that my advice might have the more weight with her, and by degrees, be the more likely to reclaim her: for, poor foul! there would be an end of her reputation, the most precious of all jewels, the moment the matter was known; and that would be a fad thing.

And as to the man, I thought it best to take courage (and you, that know me, will say I must have a good deal more than usual) to talk to Mr H. on this

fubject.

And the poor body confenting I should, and, with great protestations, declaring her forrow and repentance, begging to get her note of hand again, on which she laid a foolish stress, and desiring me to give him back his note of 50 l. I went down to find him.

He shunn'd me, as a thief would a constable at the head of a hue-and-cry. As I enter'd one place or room, he went into another, looking with conscious guilt, but yet considently humming a tune. Lad knofelf

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So ceede look At last I fixed him speaking to Rachel, bidding her tell Polly, he wanted to send a message by her to her Lady. By which I doubted not, he was desirous to know what she had owned, in order to govern him-self accordingly.

His back was towards me; and I faid, Mr H. here

I am myfelf, to your commands.

He gave a caper half a yard high—Madam, I wanted—I wanted to speak to—I would have spoken with—

You wanted to fend Polly to me, perhaps, Mr H. to ask if I would take a little walk with you in the garden.

Very true, Madam!—very true, indeed!—you have guess'd the matter.—I thought it was pity, this fine day, as every body was taking an airing—

Well then, Sir, please to lead the way, and I'll

attend you.

Yet I fancy, Madam, the wind is a little too high for you—won't you catch cold?

No, never fear, Mr H. I am not afraid of a little

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I will attend you prefently, Madam : you'll be in the great gravel-walk, or on the terrace-I'll wait

upon you in an instant.

I had the courage to take hold of his arm, as if I had like to have flipt; for, thought I, thou shalt not see the girl, worthy friend, till I have talk'd to thee a little, if thou don't then.—Excuse me, Mr H—I hope I have not hurt my foot.—I must lean upon you.

Will you be pleased, Madam, to have a chair? I fear you have sprained your soot.—Shall I help you to

a chair ?

No, no, Sir, I shall walk it off, if I hold by you. So he had no excuse to leave me, and we proceeded into the garden. But never did any thing look so filly—so like a foolish fellow, as his Aunc Like A had a calls

calls him. He look'd, if possible, half a dozen ways at once, hem'd, cough'd, wriggled about, turn'd his head behind him every now-and-then, and started half a dozen filly subjects, in hopes to hinder me from speaking.

I appear'd, I believe, under fome concern how to begin with him; for he would have it I was not very well, and begg'd he might step in one minute to de-

fire Mrs Jervis to attend me.

So I resolved to begin with him; lest I should lose the opportunity, seeing my eel so very slippery. And placing myself on the seat at the upper end of the gravel-walk, I asked him to sit down. He declined it, and would wait upon me presently, he said, and seemed going. So'l began—It is easy for me, Mr H. to penetrate the reason why you are so willing to leave me: but 'tis for your own sake, that I desire you to hear me, that no mischief may ensue among friends and relations, on an occasion to which you are no stranger.

Laud, Madam, what can you mean? - Surely, Madam, you don't think amiss of a little innocent li-

berty or fo !

Mr H. replied I, I want not any evidence of your inhospitable designs upon a poor unwary young creature, whom your birth and quality have found it too

eafy a talk to influence.

Inhospitable designs, Madam!—A harsh word, by Gad—You very nice Ladies cannot admit of the least freedom in the world!—Why, Madam, I have kis'd a Lady's woman before now, in a civil way or so, and never was call'd to an account for it, as a breach of hospitality.

Tis not for me, Mr H. to proceed to very nice particulars with a Gentleman who can act as you have done, by a poor girl, that could not have had the affurance to look up to a man of your quality, had you not levell'd all distinction between you, in

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jests be order to level the weak creature to the common dirt of the highway. I must tell you, that the poor girl heartily repents of her folly; and, to shew you, that it fignifies nothing to deny it, she begs you will give her back the note of her hand you have extorted from her foolishness; and I hope you'll be so much of a Gentleman, as not to keep in your power such a testimony of the weakness of any of the sex.

Has she told you that, Madam!—Why, may-be—indeed—I can't but say—truly it mayn't look so well to you, Madam: but young folks will have frolicks—it was nothing but a frolick—let me be hanged, if

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Be pleased then, Sir, to give up her note to me to return to her—Reputation should not be frolick'd with, Sir; especially that of a poor girl, who has nothing else to depend upon.

I'll give it to her myself, if you please, Madam, and laugh at her into the bargain. Why, 'tis comical enough, if the little pug thought I was in earnest. I must have a laugh or two at her, Madam, when I

give it her up.

Since tis but a frolick, Mr H. you won't take it smiss, that when we are set down to supper, we call Polly in, and demand a sight of her note, and that will make every one merry as well as you.

Cot fo, Madam, that mayn't be fo well neither!— For, perhaps, they will be apt to think it is in earnest; when, as I hope to live, 'tis but a jest: nothing

in the world elfe upon honour!

I put on then a still more serious air—As you bope to live, say you, Mr H.!—and upon your honour!—How sear you not an instant punishment for this appeal! And what is the honour you swear by?—Take that, and answer me, Sir; do Gentlemen give away bank notes for frolicks, and for mere jests, and nothing in the world else!—I am sorry to be obliged to deal thus with you. But I thought

I was talking to a Gentleman who would not forfeit his veracity; and that in so solemn an instance as this!

He look'd like a man thunder-struck. His face was distorted, and his head seem'd to turn about upon his neck, like a weathercock in a hurricane, to all points of the compass; his hands clench'd as in a passion, and yet shame and consusion struggling in

every limb and feature.

At last he said, I am consoundedly betray'd. But if I am exposed to my Uncle and Aunt, (for the wretch thought of nobody but himself), I am undone, and shall never be able to look them in the sace. 'Tis true, I had a design upon her; and since she has betray'd me, I think I may say, that she was as willing, almost, as I.

Ungenerous contemptible wretch, thought I!— But such of our sex as can thus give up their virtue, ought to expect no better: for he that sticks not at one bad action, will not scruple another to vindicate himself: and so, devil-like, become the tempter, and

the accuser too!

But if you will be so good, said he, with hands uplifted, as to take no notice of this to my Uncle, and especially to my Aunt and Mr B. I swear to you, I never will think of her as long as I live.

And you'll bind this promife, will you, Sir? by

your bonour, and as you hope to live!

Dear, good Madam, forgive me, I beseech you;

don't be so severe upon me. By all that's-

Don't swear, Mr H. but as an earnest that I may believe you, give me back the girl's sociss note, that, tho' 'tis of no signification, she may not have that to witness to her folly.

He took out his pocket-book: There it is, Madam!—and I beg you'll forgive this attempt. I fee I ought not to have made it. I doubt it was a breach of the laws of hospitality, as you fay. But to make

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known, will only expose me, and it can do no good; and Mr B. will perhaps refent it; and my Aunt will never let me hear the last of it, nor my Uncle neither—and I shall be sent to travail again—And (added the poor creature) I was once in a storm, and the crossing the sea again, would be death to me.

What a wretch art thou! thought I.—What could fuch an one as thou find to fay to a poor creature, that, if put in the scale against considerations of virtue, should make the latter kick the beam!—Poor, poor Polly Barlow! thou art sunk indeed! too low for excuse, and almost beneath pity!

I told him, If I could observe, that nothing pass'd between them, that should lay me under a necessity of revealing the matter, I should not be forward to expose him, nor the maiden either: but that he must, in his own judgement, excuse me, if I made every body acquainted with it, if I were to see the correspondence between them likely to be renewed or carried on: for, added I, in that case, I should owe it to myself, to Mr B. to Lord and Lady Davers, and to you, and the unhappy body too, to do so.

He would needs drop down on one knee to promife this; and, with a thousand acknowledgements, left me, to find Mr Colbrand, in order to ride to meet the coach on its return.

I went in, and gave the foolish note to the filly girl, which she received eagerly, and immediately burnt; and I told her, I would not suffer her to come near me but as little as possible, when I was in company, while Mr H. staid; but consign'd her entirely to the care of Mrs Jervis, to whom only, I said, I would hint the matter, as tenderly as I could: and for this, I added, I had more reasons than one; first, to give her the benefit of a good gentlewoman's advice, to which I had myself formerly been

been beholden, and from whom I concealed nothing: next, to keep out of Mr H.'s way: and lastly, that I might have an opportunity, from Mrs Jervis's opinion, to judge of the fincerity of her repentance: for, Polly, said I, you must imagine, so regular and uniform as all our family is, and so good as I thought all the people about me were, that I could not suspect, that she, the duties of whose place made her nearest to my person, was the farthest from what I wish'd.

I have fet this matter so strongly before her, and Mrs Jervis has so well seconded me, that I hope the best; for the grief the poor creature carries in her looks, and expresses in her words, cannot be described; frequently accusing herself with tears, saying often to Mrs Jervis, she is not worthy to stand in the presence of a mistress, whose example she has made so bad an use of, and whose lessons she had so ill followed.

I am fadly troubled at this matter however; but I take great comfort in reflecting, that my sudden indisposition look'd like a providential thing, which may save one poor soul, and be a seasonable warning to

her, as long as the lives.

Mean time I must observe, that at supper last night, Mr H. looked abject, and mean, and like a poor thief, as I thought; and (conscious of his disappointed folly, tho' I seldom glanc'd my eye upon him) had less to say for himself than ever.

And once my Lady Davers laughing, faid, I think in my heart, my Nephew looks more foolish every

time I fee him, than the laft.

He stole a look at me, and blush'd! And my Lord faid, Jackey has some grace!—he blushes!—Hold up thy head, Nephew!—hast thou nothing at all to say for thysels?

Sir Jacob faid, A blush becomes a young Gentleman!—I never saw one before though, in Mr H.—

What's the matter, Sir ?

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Only, faid Lady Davers, his skin or his conscience mended, that's all.

Thank you, Madam, was all he faid, bowing to his Aunt, and affecting a careless, yet confused air, as if

he whifper'd a whiftle.

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O wretch! thought I, see what it is to have a condemning conscience; while every innocent person looks round, easy, smiling, and erect!—But yet it was not the shame of a bad action, I doubt, but being discover'd and disappointed, that gave him this consusion of sace.

What a fad thing it is for a person to be guilty of such actions, as shall put it into the power of another, even by a look, to mortify him! And if poor souls can be thus abjectly struck at such a discovery as this, by a fellow-creature, how must they appear before an unerring and omniscient Judge, with a conscience standing in the place of a thousand witnesses? and calling in vain upon the mountains to fall upon them, and the hills to cover them!

How ferious this subject makes one!

SATURDAY Evening.

I AM just retir'd from a kind of satiguing service, for who should come hither to dine with Mr B. but that sad rake Sir Charles Hargrave, and Mr Walgrave, Mr Sedley, and Mr Floyd, three as bad as himself; inseparable companions, whose whole delight, and that avowedly, is drinking, and hunting, and lewdness; but otherwise, gentlemen of wit, and large estates? Three of them broke in upon us, at the * Hall, on the happiest day of my life, to our great regret; and they had been long threatening to make this visit, in order to see me, as they told Mr B.

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 178.

They whipt out two bottles of Champaigne instantly, for a whet, as they called it; and went to view the stud, and the kennel, and then took a walk in the garden till dinner was ready; my Lord Davers, Mr. H. and Sir Jacob, as well as Mr. B. (for they are all acquainted) accompanying them.

Sir Charles, it feems, as Lord Davers told me afterwards, faid, he long'd to fee Mrs B. She was the talk where-ever he went, and he had conceiv'd

a high opinion of her before-hand.

Lord Davers faid, I defy you, Gentlemen, to think so highly of her as she deserves, take mind and person together.

Mr Floyd faid, he never faw any woman vet, who came up to what he expected, where tame had been

lavish in her praise.

But how, brother baronet, said Sir Charles to Sir Jacob, came you to be reconcil'd to her?—I heard

that you would never own her.

Oons, man, faid Sir Jacob, I was taken in—I was, by my foul!—they contriv'd to clap her upon me, as Lady Jenny C. and pretended they'd keep t'other out of my fight; and I was plaguily bit, and forced to get off as well as I could.

That was a bite indeed, faid Mr Walgrave: and fo you fell a praising Lady Jenny, I warrant, to the

Ries.

Ye—s,—by my foul; (drawling out the affirmative monofyllable) I was used most scurvily: 'faith I was. I bear 'em a grudge for't still, I can tell 'em that;—for I have hardly been able to hold up my head like a man ever since—but am forc'd to sneak about, and go and come, and do as they bid me. By my troth, I never was so manageable in my life.

Your Herefordsbire neighbours, Sir Jacob, said Mr Sedley, with an oath, will rejoice to hear this; for the whole county there cannot manage you.

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I'm quite cow'd now, by my foul, as you will fee by and-by: Nay for that matter, if you can fet Mrs B. a talking, there's ne'er a puppy of you all will care to open your lips, except to fay as she fays.

Never fear, old boy, faid Sir Charles, we'll bear our parts in conversation. I never saw the woman yet who could give me either awe or love for six minutes together. What think you Mr B.? Have you any notion, that your Lady will have so much power over us?

I think, Sir Charles, I have one of the finest wo-

you rakes should fee her with my eyes.

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You know, if I have a mind to love her, and make court to her too, Mr B. I will: and I am half in love with her already, altho' I have not feen her.

They came in when dinner was near ready, and the four Gentlemen took each a large bumper of old hock for another whet.

The Counters, Lady Davers, and I, came down together. The Gentlemen knew our two noble Ladies, and were known to them in person, as well as by character. Mr B. in his usual kind and encouraging manner, took my hand, and presented the four Gentlemen to me, each by his name. Six Charles said, pretty bluntly, that he hoped he was more welcome to me now, than the last time he was under the same roof with me; for he had been told since, that that was our happy day.

I faid, Mr B.'s friends were always welcome to

Tis well, Madam, faid Mr Sedley, we did not know how it was. We should have quarter'd ourselves upon Mr B. for a week together, and kept him up day and night.

I thought this speech deserved no answer, especially as they were Gentlemen who wanted no countenance, and address'd myself to Lord Davers, who

Vol. III. I i

is always kindly making court to me: I hope, my good Lord, you find yourfelf quite recover'd of your bead-ach?--(of which he complained at breakfaft.)

I thank you, my dear fifter, pretty well.

I was telling Sir Charles, and the other Gentlemen, niece, faid Sir Jacob, how I was cheated here, when

I came first, with a Lady Jenny.

It was a very lucky cheat for me, Sir Jacob; for it gave you a prepossession in my savour, under so advantageous a character, that I could never have expected otherwise.

I wish, faid the Countess, my daughter, for whom Sir Jacob took you, had Mrs B.'s qualities to

boaft of.

How am I obliged to your Ladyship's goodness, return'd I, when you treat me with even greater indulgence than you use to so beloved a daughter!

Nay, now you talk of treating, faid Sir Charles, when, Ladies, will you treat our fex with the po-

liteness which you thew to one another?

When your fex deferve it, Sir Charles, answer'd

Lady Davers.

Who is to be judge of that, faid Mr Walgrave. Not the Gentlemen, I hope, reply'd my Lady.

Well then, Mrs B. faid Sir Charles, we bespeak

your good opinion of us; for you have ours.

I am obliged to you, Gentlemen; but I must be more cautious in declaring of mine, lest it should be thought I am influenc'd by your kind, and perhaps too hasty, opinions of me.

Sir Charles fwore they had feen enough of me the moment I entered the parlour, and heard enough the moment I opened my lips, to answer for their

opinions of me.

I faid, I made no doubt, when they had as good a fubject to expatiate upon, as I had, in the pleasure before me, of seeing so many agreeable friends of Mr

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Mr B.'s, they would maintain the title they claimed of every one's good opinion.

This, faid Sir Jacob, is binding you over, Gentle? men, to your good behaviour.—You must know, my niece never shoots slying, as you do.

The gentlemen laugh'd: Is it shooting flying? Sir Jacob, return'd Sir Charles, to praise that Lady?

Ads-bud, I did not think of that.

O Sir Jacob, faid the Countefs, you need not be at a fault;—for a good sportsman always hits his mark, slying or not: and the Gentleman had so fair an one, that they could not well miss it.

You are fairly help'd over the title, Sir Jacob, faid

Mr Floyd.

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And indeed Iwanted it; though I limp'd like a puppy before I was lame. One can't think of everything, as one used to do at your time of life, Gentlemen.

This flippant stuff was all that pass'd, which I can recite; for the rest, at table, and after dinner, was too polite by half for me: fuch as, the quantity of wine each man could carry off, that was the phrase; dogs, horses, hunting, racing, cockfighting, and all accompanied with fwearing, and curfing, and that in good humour, and out of wantonnels (the least excusable and most profligate fort of fwearing and curfing of all); loud laughing, with a little touching now-and then on the borders of Sir Simon's beloved subject, to try if they could make a Lady shew the understood their hints by her blusbes *; a certain indication, that those who seek abluth in others, are patt it themselves, and by their turning it into ridicule when they find it in their friends, that they would not for the world have it imputed to them; talking three or four at once,

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 111.

and as loud as if they were in the field pursuing their game, at a quarter of a mile's distance from one another.

These were the subjects, and this the entertainment, which held the Ladies and me for one hour after a tedious dinner; when we retired, and glad we were to do fo. The Gentlemen lik'd the wine fo well, that we had the felicity to drink tea and coffee by ourselves; only Mr B. (upon our inviting the Gentlemen to partake with us), fliding in for a few minutes to tell us, they would flick by what they had, and taking a difh of coffee with us.

I should not omit one observation: That Sir Jacob, when they were gone, faid, they were pure company: and Mr H. That he never was fo delighted in his born days—While the two Ladies put up their prayers, that they might never have fuch another entertainment. And being encouraged by their declaration, I prefumed to join in the fame pe-

tition.

Yet, it feems, these are men of wit! I believe they must be so-because I could neither like nor understand them .- Yet, if their conversation had much wit in it, I should think my Ladies would have

However, this they did find out, and agree in, that these gentlemen were of the true modern cast of libertines and foxhunters, and, indifferently as they liked them, could not be eafily out-done by any of the fame stamp in England.

God defend my dear Miss Darnford, and every worthy fingle Lady, from fuch a husband, as a

gentleman of this character would make!

I wonder really how Mr B. who chuses not this fort of conversation, and always (whatever faults he had befides) was a fober gentleman, can fit for hours fo eafy and chearful in it; and yet he never fays much when they are in their high delight.

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When all's done, Miss, there are very unpleasant things, which persons in genteel life are forced to put up with, as well as those in lower; and were the one to be balanced with the other, the difference, as to true happiness, would not be perhaps so great, as people in the latter imagine;—if it did not turn in their favour.

The Gentlemen, permit me to add, went away very merry, to ride ten miles by owl-light; for they would not accept of beds here. They had two French horns with them, and gave us a blaft, or flourish or two, at going off. Each had a fervant besides: but the way they were in would have given me more concern than it did, had they been related to Mr B. and less used to it. And indeed it is a happines, that fuch Gentlemen take no more care, than they generally do, to interest any body intimately, in their healths and prefervation; for these are all fingle men. Nor is the public, any more than the private, under any necessity to be much concern'd about them; for let fuch persons go when they will, if they continue fingle, their next heir cannot well be a worfe commonwealth's-man; and there is a great chance he m avbe better.

You know I end my Saturdays seriously. And this, to what I have already said, makes me add, that I cannot express how much I am, my dear Miss Darnford,

Your faithful and affectionate,

P

II3 LETTER.

LETTER XXXVIII.

From Mrs B. to Miss Darnford. In answer to Letters XXXV. and XXXVI.

My dear Miss Darnford,

The skip over the little transactions of several days, to let you know how much you rejoice me, in telling me "Sir Simon has been so kind as to comply with my wishes. Both your most agreeable letters came to my hand together, and I thank you a hundred times for them; and I thank your dear Mamma, and Sir Simon too, for the pleasure they have given me in this obliging permission. How happy shall we be together!—But how long will you be permitted to stay, tho? All the winter I hope:—and then, when that is over, let us set out together, if God shall spare us, directly for Lincolnsbire; and so pass most of the summer likewise in each other's company. What a sweet thought is this!—Let me indulge it a little while.

Mr B. read your letters, and says, You are a charming young Lady, and surpass yourself in every letter. I told him, that he was more interested in the pleasure I took in this savour of Sir Simon's, than he imagin'd. As how my dear? said he. A plain case, Sir, reply'd I: for endeavouring to improve myself by Miss Darnsard's conversation and behaviour, I shall every day be more worthy of your savour. He kindly would have it, that nobody, no, not Miss Darnsard herself, excell'd me.

Tis right, you know Miss, that Mr B. should think so; tho' I must know nothing at all, if I was not sensible how inferior I am to my dear Miss Darn-

* See p. 331.

palm to how we at the they me he profuch juthe good Daver

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IS P bearing Polly W broken my clo Mrs 7 feems proves even, cufe) To co with a How honeft examp her-d

> Sir der, a felf, ti was of how n they fa ful and

and yet when I look abroad now-and-then, I could be a proud flut, if I would, and not yield the pain to many others.—But don't let every-body know low vain I am. Yet they may, too, if they take in, at the fame time, the grounds of my vanity; for they must then allow, that I have no small reason to be proud, in having so happily won the savour of two such judges, as Mr B. and Miss Darnford, and have the good fortune, likewise, to rejoice in that of Lady Davers, and the Counters of G.

Well, my dear Mis,

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SUNDAY

IS past and gone, as happily as the last; the two Ladies, and, at their earnest request, Sir Jacob, bearing us company, in the evening part. Polly was there morning and evening, with ber heart broken almost, poer girl !- I put her in a corner of my closet, because her concern should not be minded. Mrs Jervis gives me great hopes of her:-and the feems to abhor the thoughts of Mr H.—But as there proves to be fo little of real love in her heart, (though even, if there had, the would have been without excuse) is she not the wickeder by half for that, Miss? To confent, and take earnest, as I may fay, to live with a man, who did not pretend to marry her !-How inexcusable this !- What a frailty !- Yet fo honeftly descended, so modelt in appearance, and an example so much better—forgive me to say before her-dear, dear, how could it be!

Sir Jacob was much pleased with our family order, and said, 'twas no wonder I kept so good myself, that was his word, and made others so; and he was of opinion that the sour rakes (for he run on, how much they admir'd me) would be converted, if they saw how well I passed my time, and how chearful and easy every-one, as well as myself, was under it.

He

He faid, when he came home, he thought he must take such a method himself in his family; for he believed, it would make not only better masters and mistresses, but better children, and better servants too. But, poor Gentleman! he has, I doubt, a great deal to mend in himself, before he can begin such a practice with esseasy in his family.

MONDAY.

IN the afternoon, Sir Jacob took his leave of us, highly fatisfied with us both, and particularly—fo he faid—with me; and promifed that my two cousins, as he called his daughters, and his fifter, an old maiden Lady, if they went to town this winter, should visit me, and be improved by me; that was his word. Mr B. accompanied him some miles on his journey, and the two Ladies, and Lord Davers, and I took an airing in the coach.

Mr B. was so kind, as to tell me, when he came home, with a whisper, that Miss Goodwin presented

her duty to me.

I have got a multithde of fine things for the dear little creature, and Mr B. promises to give me a dairy-house breakfast, when our guests are gone.

I inclose the history of this little charmer *, by Mr B.'s consent, since you are to do us the honour, as he (as well as I) pleases himself, to be one of out samily—But keep it to yourself, whatever you do. I am guaranty that you will; and have put it in a separate paper, that you may burn it as soon as you have read it.—For I shall want your advice, it may be, on this subject, having a great desire to get this child into my possession; and yet Lady Davers

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when I have the pleasure I hope for, I will lay all before you, and be determined and proceed, as far as I have power, by you. You, my good father and mother, have seen the story in my former papers.

TUESDAY.

YOU must know, I pass over the days thus fwiftly, not that I could not fill them up with writing, as ample as I have done the former: but intending only to give you a general idea of our way of life and conversation, and having gone brough a whole week and more, you will be able ' from what I have recited, to form a judgement how it is with us, one day with another .- As for example, Now and then neighbourly vifits received and paid. Needle-work between whiles. Mufick. Cards sometimes, tho' I don't love them-One more benevolent round-Improving conversations with my dear Mr B. and my two good Ladies-A lefton from him, when alone, either in French or Latin : a new puper case or two-A visit from the good dean-Mr Williams's departure, in order to put the new projetted alteration in force, which is to deprive me of my chaplain—(By the way, the dean is highly pleased with this affair, and the motives to it, Mr Adams being a favourite of his, and a distant rebion of his Lady) Mr H.'s and Polly's mutual endeavour to avoid one-another-My lessons to the poor girl, and cautions, as if the were my litter-

These, my dear Miss Darnford, these, my honoured father and mother, are the pleasant employmen

[.] See p. 96. of this Volume.

of our time; so far as we semales are concerned: for the Gentlemen hunt, ride out, and divert themselves in their way, and bring us home the news and occurrences they met with abroad, and now and then a straggling gentleman they pick up in their diversions.—And so I shall not enlarge upon these articles, after the tedious specimens I have already given. Yet the particulars of one conversation, possibly, I may give you another time, when I have least to do, because three young Ladies, relations of Lady Towers and Mrs Arthur, were brought to visit me, for the benefit of my instructions; for that was the kind compliment of those Ladies to me.

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY.

OULD you ever thought, my dear, that huf-bands have a dispensing power over their wives, which kings are not allowed over the laws? I have this day had a fmart debate with Mr B. and I fear it will not be the only one upon this subject. Can you believe, that if a wife thinks a thing her duty to do, and her husband does not approve of her doing it, he can dispense with her performing it, and no fin shall lie at her door? Mr B. maintains this point. I have great doubts about it; particularly one; that if a matter be my duty, and he dispenses with my performance of it, whether, even although that were to clear me of the fin, it will not fall upon himself? And, to be sure, Miss, a good wife would be as much concern'd at this, as if it was to remain upon her. Yet he seems set upon it. What can one do! - Did you ever hear of fuch a notion before, Miss? Of such a prerogative in a husband? Would you care to subscribe to it?

This is one of Mr B.'s particularities. He has feveral of them, the effects, as I take it, of his former

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mer free life. Polygamy, as I have mentioned heretofore, is another. That is a bad one indeed. Yet
he is not fo determined on this, as he seems to be on
the other, in a certain case, that is too nice for me, at
present to explain to you; and so I might as well have
taken no notice of it, as yet—only the argument
was so present to my mind: held within this hour,
and I write a journal, you know, of what passes.

But I will, some time hence, submit it, at least to your judgements, my father and mother. You are well read in the scriptures, and have gone thro' the occasion often; and both Mr B. and I build our arguments on scripture, tho' we are so different in our opinions. He says, the Ladies are of his opinion. I'm asraid they are, and so will not ask them. But, perhaps, I may'nt live, and other things may happen; and so I'll say no more of it at present *.

FRIDAY.

MR H. and my Lord and Lady Davers, and the excellent Counters of C—, having left us this day, a good deal to my regret, and, as it feemed to their own, the former put the following letter into my hands, with an air of respect, and even reverence. You will observe in it, that he says, he spells most lamentably; and this obliges me to give it you literally.

- · Deare good Madam,
- L' I CANNOTΓ contente myselse with common thankes, on leaving youres and Mr B.'s how pitabel house, because of thatt there affaire, which I neede not mention; and truly am asbamed to mention, as I have been to looke you in the face, ever since it happen'd. I don't knowe how itt came
 - * For the sequel of this matter, see Vol. IV. p. 9.

* aboute, butt I thought butt att first of joking a littel,
* or joe; and seeing Polley heard me with more aten* tiveness then I expected, I was encouraged to pro* ceede; and foe, now I recollecte, it came aboute.

* But shee is innosent for me: And I don't knowe
* how thatt came aboute neither; for wee were oute
* one moone lighte nighte together, in the gardin.

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walking aboute, and afterwardes tooke a napp of two hours, as I beliefe, in the fummer house in the littel gardin, being over powered with sleepe;

for I woulde make her lay her head uppon my brefte, till, before we were awar, wee felle afleepe

together. Butt before thatt, we hadd agreed on

whatt you discovered.

This is the whole truthe, and all the intimases were ever hadd, to speake off. But I beliefe were shoulde have been better acquainted, hadd you not, luckily for mee! prevented itt, by being att home when we thought you abroad. For I was to come to her when she hemm'd two or three times; for having made a contract, you knowe, Madam, it was naturall enough to take the first occasion to putt sitt in sorce

have tolde you more, perhapps, then is true. So what I write is to cleare myfelfe; and to tell you how forry I am, in fuch a good house as youres, and where their is so much true godliness, that I should ever be drawne away to have a thoughte to

dishonour itt. But I will take care of being over familier for the suture with underlings; for, see how a man may be taken in!—If thee hadd refented itt att first, when I begun to kisse her, or soe

for, you knowe, we younge fellows will take libertis fometimes where they don't become us,

to our own disparagements chiefly, that's true) I shoulde have hadd an awe uppon me; or iff shee

had teld you, or butt faid the: woulde, I shoulde

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have flowne, as soone as had any thoughtes further aboute the matter. — But what had one of oure fexe to do, you knowe, Madam, when they finde littel resistence, and that shee woulde stande quiethy and telle no tales and make no great struggell, and not keepe out of one's way neither, but to dilly-dally on, till one broughte it to more then

one at first intended ? Poor Polley! I pity her too. Don't think the worfe of her, deare Madam, fo as too turn her away, because it may bee her ruin. I don't defire too fee her. I mought have been drawne in to do frange foolish things, and been ruin'd at the long run; for who knows where this thing mought have ended? My unkell woulde have never feene me. My father too (his Lorshipp, you have hearde · Madam, is a very croffe man, and never loved mee much) mought have cutt off the intaile. My aunte would have despis'd mee, and scorn'd mee. I should have been her foolishe fellowe in earneste, nott in e jeffe, as now. You woulde have retented itt, and Mr B. who knowes? mought have called me to account, (for he is bloody passionate, I saw thatt att the hall, and has foughte two or three du lis, as · I have hearde), for abusing the freedome of his house, and breakeing the lawes of hospitality, as you tolde mee; and fo, it is nott unlikely, I mighte have dy'd like a dogge in a ditche; and there would have been an ende of a noble family, that have been peeres of the realme time out of minde. What a fadd thing would this have been! A publicke as well as private losse: for you knowe, Madam, whatt my Lady Countels faid, and nobody fays better thinges, or knows more of the matter, then her Ladyshipp, That every peere of the realme is a jewell in the crowne. A fine faying! God grante, I may keepe it in minde, when my time comes, and my father shall happen to die! VOL. III. Kk

Well, butt, good Madam, cann you forgive e mee? You fee how happy I am in my difappointe ment. But I must take another sheete of paper .-· I did nott think too write fo much ;-for I don't love it: but on this occasion, know not how too · leave off. - I hope you cann reade my letter. I knowe I write a clumfy hand, and spelle moste · lamentabelly; for I never had a tallent for these thinges. I was readier by halfe to admire the Or. cherd robbing picture in Lillie's Grammer, then any other parte of the book : excuse my nonsense; Madam: but many a time have I help'd to fill a · Sachil; and always supposed that picture was putt there on purpose to tell boyes whatt diversions are · alowed them, and are propper for them. Several of my schoole-fellows tooke it for granted, as well as I, and wee coulde never reconfile itt to oure · reason, why wee shoulde bee punished for prastiffing a leffon taughte us by our Grammers.

Butt, hey, whether am I running! I never writt to you before, and never may againe, unlesse you, or Mr B. commande itt, for youre servise. So

pray excuse me, Madam.

I knowe I neede give no advise to Polley, to take care of first encouragements. Poore girl! fhe mought have fuffer'd fadly, as welle as I .-For iff my father, and my unkell and aunte, had requir'd mee to turne her off, you knowe it woulde have been undutifull too have refus'd them, notwithstanding our bargaine. And want of duty to them woulde have been to have added faulte too faulte: as you once observed, I remember, that one faulte never comes alone, but drawes after itt e generally five or fix, to hide or vindicate itt, and they every one perhapps as many more eache.

· I shall never forgett several of youre wife fayinges. I have been vexed, may I be hang'd if I have not, many a time, thatt I coulde not make

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fuch observations as you make; who am so much older too, and a man besides, and a peere's son, and a peere's nephew! But my tallents lie another way; and by that time my father dies, I hope to improve myself, in order to cutt such a siggure, as may make me be no disgrase to my name or countrey; for I shall have one benefit over many younge lordes; that I shall be more fond of makeing observasions then speeches, and so shall improve of course, you knowe.

Well, but what is all this to the purpose!—I will keepe close to my texte; and that is, to thank you, good Madam, for all the favours I have received in your house; to thank you for disappointing mee, and for convinsing mee, in so hinde, yet so shameing a manner, how wrong I was in the matter of that there Polly; and for not exposing my folly to any boddy but myselfe (for I should have been ready to hang myselfe, it you hadd); and to begg youre pardon for itt, and to assure you, that I will never offer the like as long as I breathe. I am, Madam, with the greatest respecte,

· Your moste obliged, moste faithfull, and · moste obedient humbell servante, · I. H.

· Pray excuse blotts and blurrs.'

Well, Miss Darnford, what shall we say to this fine letter?—You'll allow it to be an original, I hope. Yet, may-be not. For how does one know, but it may be as well written, and as sensible a letter as this class of people generally write?—But what then shall we be able to say for such poor creatures of our sex as are taken in, as Mr H. calls it, by such pretty fellows as this: who it they may happen to write better, hardly think better, or design to all better, and are not so soon brought to repentance, and promises of amendment?

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Mr H. dresses well, is not a contemptible figure of a man, laughs, talks, where he can be heard, and his aunt is not present;—and cuts, to use his own word, a considerable figure in a country-town—But see—Yet I will not say what I might—He is Lord Davers's nephew; and if he makes his observations, and forbears his speeches, (I mean, can be silent, and only laugh when he sees somebody of more sense laugh, and never approve or condemn but in leading-strings), he may, possibly, pass in a crowd of gentlemen.—But poor, poor Pally Barlow!

What can I fay for Polly Barlow?

I have a time in a view, when, possibly, my papers may tall under the inspection of a dear gentleman, to whom, next to God, I am accountable for all my actions and correspondencies; so I will either write an account of the matter, and feal it up feparately, for Mr B. or, at a proper opportunity, will break it to him, and let him know, (under fecrecy, if I can engage him to promife it), the steps I took in it; for fear fomething should arise hereafter, when I cannot aniwer for myfelf, to render any think dark or questionable in it. A method I believe very proper to be taken by every married lady; and I prefume the rather to fay fo, having had a good example for it : for I have often thought of a little feal'd-up parcel of papers, my Lady made me burn in her presence about a month before she dy'd. -They are, Pamela, faid the, fuch as I have no reason to be concern'd about, let who will see them, could they know the springs and causes of them: but, for want of a clue, my fon might be at a loss what to think of feveral of those letters, were he to find them, in looking over my other papers, when I am no more.

Let me add, that nothing could be more endearing than our parting with our noble guests. My Lady repeated her commands for what she often engaged me fpon pleas

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me to promise, that is to say, to renew the correfpondence begun between us, so much (as she was pleased to say) to her satisfaction.

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I could not help shewing her Ladyship, who was always inquiring after my writing employment, most of what passed between you and me; and she admires you much, and wish'd Mr H. had more wit, that was her word: she should, in that case, she said, be very glad to set on foot a treaty between you and him.

But that, I fancy, can never be tolerable to you; and I only mention it en passant.—There is a French woman for you!

The Countess was full of her kind wishes for my happiness; and my Lady Davers told me, That if I could give her timely notice, she would be present on a certain occasion.

But, my dear Miss, what could I say?—I know nothing of the matter!—Only, that I am a sad coward, and have a thousand anxieties, which I cannot mention to any body.

But, if I have such in the honourable estate of matrimony, what must those poor souls have, who have been seduced, and have all manner of reason to apprehend, that the crime shall be sollowed by a punishment so natural to it? A punishment in kind, as I may say; which if it only ends in forfeiture of life, sollowing the forfeiture of same, must be thought merciful and happy beyond expectation; for how shall they say claim to the hope that is given to persons in their circumstances that they shall be saved in child-bearing, since the condition is, if they continue in faith and charity, and Holiness with Sobriety.

Now, my honoured mother, and my dear Miss Darnford, fince I am upon this affecting subject, does not this text seem to give a comfortable hope to a good woman, who shall die in this circumstance,

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that the shall be happy in the divine mercies? For the apostle, in the context, fays, That be suffers not a woman to teach, nor to usurp authority over the man, but to be in filence- And what is the reason he gives? Why, a reason that is a natural consequence of the curse on the first disobedience, that she shall be in subjection to her husband .- For, fays he. Adam was NOT deceived; but the woman, being deceived, was in the transgression. As much as to fay, " Had it not been for the woman, Adam had " kept his integrity, and therefore her punishment " shall be, as it is faid, I will greatly multiply thy of forrow in thy conception: in forrow Shalt theu bring forth children . - and thy bufband fball rule er over thee But nevertheless, if thou shalt not fur-" vive the sharpness of thy forrow, thy death shall be deemed to be fuch an alleviation of thy part of " the intailed transgression, that thou shalt be faved, " if thou hast continued in faith, and charity, " and HOLINESS with SOBRIETY."

This, my honoured parents, and my dear friend, is my paraphrafe; and I reap no finall comfort from

it, when I meditate upon it.

But I thall make you as ferious as myfelf; and, my dear friend perhaps frighten you from entering into a state, in which our poor fex suffer so much, from the bridal avorning, let it rife as gayly as it will upon a thoughtful mind, to that affecting circumstance, (throughout its whole progression), for which nothing but a tender, a generous, and a worthy hufband can make them any part of amends .- And when one is to blefs'd, one has fo many fears added to one's forrows; and to much apprehension, thro' human frailty, of being separated from to beloved a partner, that one had need of the greatest fortitude to support one's felf. But it may be, I am the weakest and most apprehensive of my fex-It may be, I am !- And when one fees how common the cafe goo chel lefs ban bala if I

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rafe is, and yet how few die in it; how uneafy many women are, not to be in this circumstance, (my good Lady Davers particularly, at times), and Rachel and Hannah in holy writ; and then how a child-less estate might lessen one in the esteem of one's husband; one ought to bring these considerations in balance, and to banish needless fears. And so I will, if I can.

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But a word or two more, as to the parting with our honoured company. I was a little indispos'd, and they all would excuse me, against my will, from attending them in the coach some miles, which their dear brother did. Both ladies most tenderly saluted me, twice and thrice a piece, folding their kind arms about me, and wishing my safety and health, and charging me to think little, and hope much; for they saw me thoughtful at times, though I endeavoured to hide it from them.

My Lord Davers was pleased to say, with a goodness of temper that is peculiar to him, My dearest, dear sister—May God preserve you, and multiply your comforts! I shall pray for you more than ever I did for myself, though I have so much more need of it!—I must leave you—But I leave one whom I love and honour next to Lady Davers, and ever shall.

Mr H. looked confciously fiely.—I can say nothing, Madam—but (faluting me) that I shall never forget your goodness to me.—Adding, in his frothy way, and with as soppish an air, Now can I say, I have saluted an angel, if ever there was an angel on earth.

I had before, in Mrs Jervis's parlour, taken leave of Mrs Worden and Mrs Lesley, my Lady's woman: they each stole, as it were, at the same time, a hand of mine, and kissed it, begging pardon, as they taid, for the freedom. But I answer'd, taking each by her hand, and kissing her, I shall always think of you with pleasure, my good friends; for you have encouraged me constantly by your presence in my pri-

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vate duties, and may God bless you, and the worthy families you so laudably serve, as well for your sakes as their own!

They turned away with tears, and Mrs Worden would have faid fomething to me, but could not .-Only both taking Mrs Jervis by the hand, Happy, happy Mrs Jervis, faid they, almost in a breath,-And happy, happy I too, repeated I, in my Mrs Fervis, and in fuch kind and worthy well-withers as Mrs Worden and Mrs Lefley. Wear this, Mrs Worden; wear this, Mrs Lefley, for my fake:and I gave each of them a ring, with a cryftal and brilliants fet about it, which Mr B. had bought a week before for this very purpofe; for he has a great opinion of both the good folks, and often praifed their prudence, and their quiet and respectful behaviour to every body, fo different from the impertinence, that was his word, of most ladies women, who are favourites.

Mrs Jervis faid, I have enjoyed many happy hours in your conversation, Mrs Worden and Mrs

Lefley : I shall mis you very much.

I must endeavour, said I, taking her hand, to make it up to you, my good friend, as well as I can. And of late we have not had so many opportunities together as I should have wished, had I not been so agreeably engaged as you know.—So we must each try to comfort the other, when we have lost, I such

noble, and you fuch worthy companions.

Mrs Jervis's honest heart, before touch'd by the parting, shew'd itself at her eyes—Wonder not, my good friends; said I, to the two gentlewomen, wiping with my handkerchief her venerable cheeks, that I always endeavour thus to dry up all my good Mrs Jervis's tears; and then I kissed her, thinking of yeu, my dear mother; and I was forced to withdraw a little abruptly, lest I should be too much moved myself, because I was going up to our departing company,

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company, who, had they inquired into the occafion, would perhaps have thought it derogatory (though I should not) to my present station, and too much retrospecting to my former.

I could not, in conversation between Mr B. and myself, when I was gratefully expatiating upon the amiable characters of our noble guests, and of their behaviour and kindness to me, help observing, that I had little expected from some * hints which formerly dropt from Mr B. to find my good Lord Da-

vers fo polite and fo fensible a man.

He is a very good-natur'd man, reply'd Mr B. I believe I might once or twice drop some difrespectful words of him. But it was the effect of passion. at the time, and with a view to two or three points of his conduct in public life; for which I took the liberty to find fault with him, and received very unfatisfactory excuses. One of these, I remember particularly, was in a conference between a commitee of each house of parliament, in which he behaved in a way I could not wish from a man fo nearly ally'd to me by marriage; for all he could talk of, was the dignity of their house, when the reason of the thing was strong with the other; and it fell to my lot to answer what he faid; which I did with some asperity, and this occasion'd a coolness between us for fome time.

But no man makes a better figure in private life than Lord Davers; especially now, that my fister's good sense has got the better of her passions, and she can behave with tolerable decency towards him. For, formerly, Pamela, it was not so; the violence of her spirit making him appear in a light too little advantageous either to his quality or merit. But now his Lordship improves upon me every time I see him.

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^{*} See Vol. II. p. 154.

You know not, my dear, continued Mr B. what a difgrace a haughty and passionate woman brings upon her husband, and upon herself too, in the eye of her own sex, as well as ours. Nay, even those ladies, who would be as glad of dominion as she, if they might be permitted to exercise it, despise others

who do, and the man most who suffers it.

And let me tell you, my Pamela, faid the dear man, with an air that shew'd he was fatisfy'd with his own conduct in this particular, that you cannot imagine how much a woman owes to her husband, as well with regard to her own peace of mind, as to both their reputations, (however it may go against the grain with her sometimes), if he be a man, who has discretion to keep her incroaching passions under a genteel and reasonable controul.

How do you like this doctrine, Miss?—I'll warrant you believe, that I could do no less, than drop Mr B. one of my best curt'sies, in acknowledgment of my obligation to him, for so considerately preferving to me my peace of mind, and my reputation,

as well as his own, in this cafe.

But after all, when one duly weighs the matter, I can't tell but what he fays may be right in the main; for I have not been able to contradict him, partial as I am to my fex, when he has pointed out to me inftances in the behaviour of certain ladies, who, like children, the more they have been humour'd, the more humourfome they have grown; which must have occasion'd as great uneafiness to themselves, as to their husbands. Will you excuse me, my dear?—This is between ourselves; for I did not own so much to Mr B.—For one should not give up one's sex, you know, if one can help it; for the men will be as apt to impose, as the women to incroach, I doubt.

Well, but here, my honoured father and mother, and my dear Miss Darnford, at last, I end my journalnal-w guest rollin of wh

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nal-wife letters, as I may call them; our noble guests being gone, and our time and employments rolling on in much the same manner, as in past days,

of which I have given an account.

If any thing new or uncommon, or more particularly affecting to me than usual, occurs, I shall not fail to trouble you with it, as I have opportunity. But I have now my correspondence with Lady Davers to refume; and how shall I do about that?-Oh! I can easily tell: it is but trespassing a little on your indulgent allowance for me, my ever-honoured parents-And you, my dear Mifs, will find it a relief, instead of an occasion for regret, to be eased of a great many impertinencies, which I write to you in my heart's confidence, and in the familiarity of friendship.-Besides, I shall have the happinets of changing our paper-correspondence into personal convertation with you, when at London .- And what a fweet change for me will that be !- I will end with the joyful thought; and with the affurance, that I am,

> My dearest father and mother, and best beloved Miss Darnford, Your dutiful and affectionate

> > P. B.

LETTER XXXIX.

My dear Mifs DARNFORD,

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Hear that Mrs Jewkes is in no good state of health. I am very forry for it. I pray for her life, that she may be a credit (if it please God) to the penitence she has so lately assumed.—For if she die, it will look discouraging to some thoughtless minds, who penetrate not far into the methods Providence takes with its poor creatures, that as soon

as she had changed her manner of living, and was in a reformed state, she was taken away: though it is certain, that a person is sittest to die, when worthiest to live. And what a mercy will it be to her, if she should not live long, that she saw her errors,

and repented before 'twas too late.

Do, my dear good Miss Darnford, vouchsafe to the poor soul the honour of a visit: She may be low-spirited—She may be too much sunk with the recollection of past things. Comfort with that sweetness which is so natural to Miss Darnford, her drooping heart; and let her know, that I have a true concern for her, and give it her in charge to take care of herself, and spare nothing that will administer either to her health, or peace of mind.

You'll pardon me, my dear, that I put you upon fuch an office; an office indeed unfuitable from a lady in your station, to a person in hers; but not to your piety and charity, where a duty so eminent as that of visiting the sick, and chearing the doubting

mind, is in the question.

I know your condescension will give her great comfort, and if she should be hastening to her account, what a pleasure will it give such a Lady as you, to have illuminated a benighted mind, when it was tottering on the verge of death!

But I hope the will get the better of her indisposition, and live many years a thankful monument of God's mercies, and to do more good by her example in the latter part of her life, than she may possi-

bly have done evil in the former.

I know the will want no spiritual help from good Mr Peters; but then the kind notice of so generally esteem'd a young lady, will raise her more than can be imagin'd; for there is a tenderness, a sympathy, in the good persons of our sex to one another, that (while the best of the other seem but to act as in office, saying to one those things, which the edifying

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ther from the fortitude of their minds, than the tenderness of their natures) mingles from one woman to another with one's very spirits, thins the animal mass, and runs thro' one's heart, in the same lify current (I can't clothe my thought suitably to express what I would express) giving assurance, as well as pleasure, in the most arduous cases, and brightening our misty prospects till we see the Sun of righteousness rising on the hills of comfort, and dispelling the heavy fogs of doubt and dissidence.

This it is makes me with and long as I do, for the company of my dear Mits Darnford. O when shall I see you? When shall I?—To speak to my present case, it is all I long for; and, pardon my freedom of expression, as well as thought, when I let you know in this instance, how early I experience the

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ng nd But I ought not to fet my heart upon any thing that is not in my own power, and which may be subject to accidents, and the controul of others. But let whatever interventions happen, so I have your will to come, I must be rejoiced in your kind intention, although your power should not prove answerable.

And now, my dearest honour'd mother, let me tell you, that I build no small consolation in the hope, that I shall, on a certain occasion, have your presence, and be strengthened by your advice and comfortings. For this was a proposal of the best and most considerate of men, who is every day, if he sees but the least thoughtful cloud upon my brow, studying to say or to do something to dispel it. But I believe it is the grateful sense I have of his goodness to me, that makes me thus over-anxious: for the apprehensions of a separation from such an excellent husband, from hopes so chearing, prosp. Its so delightful, must, at times, affect one, let one's affiance and desires' be ever so strong where they ought to Vol. III.

be preferably placed .- Then one would live to de

a little more good, if one might!

I am a fad, weak, apprehensive creature; to be fure I am! How much better fitted for the contingencies of life, are the gay, frolic minds, that think not of any thing before it comes upon them, than fuch

thoughtful futurity-pokers as I am !

But why should I trouble you, my honoured and dear friends, with my idle fears and follics—just as if nobody was ever in my case before?—Yet weak and apprehensive spirits will be gloomily affected sometimes; and how can one help it?—And if I may not hope for the indulgent soothings of the best of parents, and of my Miss Darnford, in whose bostom besides can one disburden one's heart, when oppressed by too great a weight of thought?

You will come, and be in the house with me, my dear mother, for some time, when my best friend sends to you:—Won't you?—And you will spare, my dear mother, my best of sathers: won't you?—Yes, yes, I am sure you will—And I am sure my Miss Darnford will be with me, if she can; and these are my comforts. But how I run on !—For I am

fo much a novice, that-

But I will fay no more, than that I am, my honour'd father and mother, your ever dutiful daughter; and, my dear Mils Darnford,

Your affectionate and obliged P. B.



LETTER XL

From Mifs DARNFORD to Mrs B.

My dear Mrs B.

We are greatly obliged to you for every particular article in your entertaining journal, which you have brought, fooner than we wish'd, to a admit be por for y frail

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to a conclusion. We cannot express how much we admire you for your judicious charities, so easy to be practised, yet so uncommon in the manner; and for your inimitable conduct in the affair of your frail Polly, and the filly Mr H.

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Your account of the vifit of the four rakes, of your parting with your noble guests; your verses, and Mr H.'s letter, (an original indeed)! have all greatly entertain'd us, as your prerogative hints * have amus'd us: but we defer our opinion of those hints, till we have the case more full explained.

But, my dear friend, are you not in danger of falling into a too thoughtful and gloomy way? By the latter part of your last letter, we are afraid you are; and my mainma, and Mrs Jones, and Mrs Peters, injoin me to write, to caution you on that head. But there is the less need of it, because your prudence will always suggest to you reasons, as it does in that very letter, that must out-balance our fears. Think little, and hope much, is a good lesson in your case, and to a lady of your temper; and I hope Lady Davers will not in vain have given you that caution. After all, I dare say, your thoughtfulness is but symptomatical, and will go off, in proper time.

Mean time, permit me to chuse you a subject, that will certainly divert you. You must know, that I have been a diligent observer of the conduct of people in the marry'd life to each other; and have often pronounced, that there cannot be any tolerable happiness in it, unless the one or the other makes such facrifices of their inclinations and humours as renders it a state very little desirable to free and generous minds. Of this I see an instance in our own family; for though my papa and mamma live very happily, it is all owing to one side, I need not say

^{*} See p. 370, 371.

which. And this, I am fure, must be the case between Mr B. and you: for you must, even thro' fire,
if requir'd, sacrifice to Moloch. I know your prudence will oblige you to make the best of it; and,
like a contented good wise, you will say, you have
your own will in every thing: a good reason why,
Because you make your own will his. This, long
ago, we all agreed, any lady must do, be her quality ever so great, who would be happy with Mr B.

—Yet my sister once hoped (entre nous) to be the
person. Fine work would there have been between

two fuch spirits, you may believe!

But to wave this: Let me aik you, Mrs B. Is your monarch's conduct to you as respectful, I don't mean fond, when you are alone together, as when in company ?- Forgive me, Madam-But you have hinted two or three times, in your letters, that he always is most complainant to you in company; and you observe, that wifely does he act in this, because he thereby does credit with every body to his own choice. I make no doubt, that the many charming fcenes which your genius and fine behaviour furnish out to him, must, as often as they happen, inspire him with joy, and even rapture; and must make him love you more for your mind than for your perion :- but thefe rapturous fcenes last very little longer than the present moment. What I want to know is, Whether, in the steadier parts of like, when you are both nearer the level of us common folks, he gives up any thing of his own will in compliment to yours? Whether he acts the part of a respectful, polite gentleman in his behaviour to you; and breaks not into your retirements, in the drefs, and with the brutal roughness of a foxhunter?-Making no difference, perhaps, between the field or his flud, I will not fay kennel, and your chamber or closet? Policy, for his own credit-fake, as I mentioned, accounts to me well, for

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fet div for his complaifance to you in public. But his regular and uniform behaviour to you in your retirements, when the conversation between you turns upon usual and common subjects, and you have not obliged him to rise to admiration of you, by such scenes as those of your two parsons, Sir Jacob Swynford, and the like; are what would satisfy my curiosity, if you please to give me an instance or two of it.

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Now, my dearest Mrs B. if you can give me a case, partly or nearly thus circumstanced, you will highly oblige me:

First, Where he has borne with any infirmity of your own; and I know of none where you can give him such an opportunity, except you get into a vapourish habit, by giving way to a temper too thoughtful and apprehensive:

Next, that, in complaifance to your will, he re-

Next, Whether he breaks not into your retirements unceremoniously, and without apology or concern; as I hinted above.

You know, my dear Mrs B. all I mean, by what I have said; and if you have any pretty conversation in memory, by the recital of which, this my bold curiosity may be answer'd, pray oblige me with it; and we shall be able to judge by it, not only of the inborn generosity which all that know Mr B. have been willing to attribute to him, but of the likelihood of the continuance of both your felicities, upon terms suitable to the characters of a fine lady and fine gentleman; and of consequence, worthy of the imitation of the most delicate of our own fex.

This is the task your Polly Darnford presumes to set her beloved Mrs B. And why? For your own diversion, in the first place. For my edification, in the next. And that when I have the pleasure, I hope

for, of attending you in London, I may fee what there is in the conduct of you both, to admire, or to remonstrate against, in the third. For, where there is fo little wanting to perfection between you. I shall be very free with you both, in my censures, if he imposes, through prerogative, or you permit, through an undue compliance, what I shall imagine ought not to be in either cafe. I know you will excuse me for what I have said; and well you may, fince I am fure, I shall have nothing to do, when I am with you, but to admire and to imitate you; and to wish, if ever I marry, I may have just such a husband (though not quite so haughty perhaps) as But pray, let not the lorldy man fee this letter, nor your answer, nor the copy of it, till you may conclude I have the letter, if then; that you may not be under any undue influences.

Your obliging longings, my beloved dear lady, for my company, I hope, will be foon, very foon, answered. My papa was so pleased with your sweet earnestness on this occasion, that he joined with my mamma, and both, with equal chearfulness, said, You should not be many days in London before me. Murray and his mistress go on swimmingly, and have not yet had one quarrel. The only person, he, of either sex, that ever knew Nancy so intimately, and

fo long, without one!

This is all I have to fay, at prefent, when I have affur'd you, my dear Mrs B. how much I am

Your obliged and affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD.

I must add, however, that I expect from you almost as many letters as there are post-days, between this and the time I see you; for I will not part with my correspondent for any body; no, not for Lady Davers.

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But I must insist upon your giving me the converfation with the young ladies, related to Lady Towers and Mrs Arthur.

I will observe every thing you say in relation to Mrs Jewkes; who is much as she was; but not better.

LETTER XLI.

My dearest Miss Darnford,

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I W AS afraid I ended my last letter in a gloomy way; and I am obliged to you for the kind and friendly notice you take of it. It was owing to a train of thinking which sometimes I get into, of late; I hope, only symptomatically, as you say, and that the cause and effect will soon vanish together.

But what a task, my dear friend, I'll warrant, you think you have set me! I thought, in the progress of my journal, and in my letters, I had given so many instances of Mr B's polite tenderness to me, that no new ones would be required at my hands; and when I said he was always most complaisant before company, I little expected, that such an inference would be drawn from my words, as would tend to question the uniformity of his behaviour to me, when there were no witnesses to it. But I am glad you give me an opportunity to clear up all your doubts on this subject. To begin then.

You first desire an instance, where Mr B. has borne with some instrmity of mine:

Next, that in complaifance to my will, he has receded from his own:

And, lattly, Whether he breaks not into my retirements unceremoniously, and without apology or concern, making no difference between the field or the stud, and my chamber or closet?

I know

I know not, my dear, what the distance is at which the polite ladies, and those of rank, think it proper to endeavour to keep their husbands: but I will give you by-and-by, the subject of one conversation only, which will answer all you mean, as I apprehend, and at the same time acquaint you with the notions and behaviour of us both, with respect to this distance, and my retirements; and then

leave you to judge as you think fit.

As to the first, his bearing with my infirmities, he is daily giving instances of his goodness to me on this head, and I am ashamed to say, that of late I give him to much occasion for them as I do: but he fees my apprehensiveness, at times, though I endeavour to conceal it; and no hutband was ever fo foothing and fo indulgent as Mr B. He gives me the best advice, as to my malady, if I may call it one: treats me with redoubled tenderness; talks to me upon the subjects I most delight to dwell upon; as of my worthy parents; what they are doing at this time, and at that; of our intended journey to London; of the diversions of the town; of Miss Darnford's company; and when he goes abroad, fends up my good Mrs Jervis to me, because I thould not be alone: at other times, takes me abroad with him; brings this neighbour and that neighbour to vifit me; and carries me to vifit them: talks of our journey to Kent, and into Lincolnsbire, and to my Lady Davers's, to Bath, to Tunbridge, and I can't tell whither, when the apprehended time shall be over .- In fine, my dear Mils Darnford, you cannot imagine one half of his tender goodness and politeness to me! Indeed you cannot !- I'hen, as to what you call respectful, he watches every motion of my eye, every turn of my countenance; feldom gives his opinion upon subjects that he kindly imagines within my capacity, till he has heard mine; and I have the lefs fear of falling into mean compliar and my fe hard me if ful to come and ral come if light my notifure both

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nan ven pliances, because his generofity is my guardian, and never fails to exalt me more than I can debase myfelf, or than it is possible I can deserve. Then he hardly ever goes out to any diffrance, but he brings me fome pretty prefent, that he thinks will be grateful to me: when at home he is feldom out of my company; delights to teach me French and Italian, and reads me pieces of manufcript poetry, in feveral of the modern tongues (for he speaks them all); explains to me every thing I understand not; delights to answer all my questions, and to encourage my inquisitiveness and curiosity, tries to give me a notion of pictures and medals, and reads me lectures upon them, for he has a fine collection of both; and every now and then will have it, that he has been improved by my questions and observations.

What fay you to these things, my dear? Do they come up to your first question? or do they not? Or is not what I have said, a full answer, were I to say no more, to all your inquiries? Can there be any such thing as undue compliances to such an husband, on my side, think you? And when I have charm'd to sleep, by my grateful duty, that watchful dragon, prerogative, as Lady Davers, in one of her letters, calls it*; and am resolved not to awake it, if I can help it, by the least disobliging or wilfully perverse act, what have I to apprehend from it?

O my dear, I am thoroughly convinced, that half the mifunderstandings among marry'd people, are owing to trifles, to petty distinctions, to mere words, and little captious follies, to over-weenings, or unguarded petulances: and who would forego the solid satisfactions of life, for the sake of triumphing in such poor contentions, if one could triumph?

Are fuch foibles as these to be dignity'd by the name of inclinations, and humours, which to be given up, would be making such a sacrifice, as shall

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^{*} See this Vol. p. 105.

render the married life a little desirable to free and generous minds?

But say not, my dear, to free and generous minds: For every high spirit deserves not these epithets: nor think what I say, a partiality in behalf of my own conduct, and an argument for tameness of spirit, and such an one as would lick the dutt; for, let me tell you, my dear friend, that, dearly as I love and honour my Mr B. if he were to require of me any thing that I thought it was my duty not to comply with, I should be the unhappiest creature in the world; because I am sure I should withstand his will, and desire him to excuse my non compliance.

But then I would referve my strength for these greater points, and would never dispute with him the smaller, altho' they were not entirely to my likeing: and this would give both force and merit to the opposition, when I found it necessary: but to contest every little point, where nothing but one's stubborn will was in the question, what an inexcurable perverseness would that be! How ready to enter the lists against an husband, would it make one appear to him? And where, besides, is the merit of obliging, were we only to yield to what will

oblige ourielves?

But you next require of me an instance, where, in complaisance to my will, he has receded from his own? I don't know what to say to this. When Mr B. is all tenderness and indulgence, as I have said, and requires of me nothing, that I can have a material objection to; ought I not to oblige him? Can I have a will that is not his? Or would it be excusable if I had? All little matters, as I have said, I chearfully give up: great ones have not yet occur'd between us, and I hope never will. One point, indeed, I have some apprehension may happen; and that, to be plain with you, is, we have had a debate or two on the subject (which I maintain) of a mother's duty

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duty to nurse her own child; and I am forry to say it, he seems more determined than I wish he were

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I hope it will not proceed fo far, as to awaken the sleeping dragon I mentioned, Prerogative by name; but I doubt I cannot give up this point very contentedly. But as to lesser points, had I been a Duchess born, I think I would not have contested

them with my husband.

Upon the whole of this question then, I have really had no will of my own to contend for, so generous is Mr B. and so observant and so grateful have I thought it my duty to be; yet I could give you many respectful instances, too, of his receding, when he has desired to see what I have been writing, and I have told him to whom, and begg'd to be excused. One such instance I can give since I began this letter. This is it.

I put it in my bosom, when he he came up: he

faw me do fo.

Are you writing, my dear, what I must not see?
I am writing to Mits Darnford, Sir; and she begged you might not, at present.

This augments my curiofity, Pamela. What can

two fuch ladies write, that I may not fee?

If you won't be displeated, Sir, I had rather you would not, because she desires you may not see her letter, nor this my answer, till the latter is in her hands.

Then I will not, return'd Mr B.

Will this inftance, my dear, come up to your demand for one, where he recedes from his own

will, in complaifance to mine?

But now, as to what both our notions and our practice are on the article of my retirements, and whether he breaks in upon them unceremonio fly, and without apology, let the convertation I promifed inform you, which began on the following occasion:

Mr

Mr B. rode out early one morning, within a few days past, and did not return till the afternoon; an absence I had not been used to of late; and breakfasting and dining without him being also a new thing with me, I had such an impatience to see him, having expected him at dinner, that I was forced to retire to my closet, to try to divert it, by writing; and the gloomy conclusion of my last, was then the subject. He returned about four o'clock, and indeed did not tarry to change his riding-dress, as your politeness, my dear friend, would perhaps have expected; but came directly up to me, with an impatience to see me, equal to my own, when he was told, upon inquiry, that I was in my closet.

I beard his welcome ftep, as he came up ftairs; which generally, after a longer abience than I expect, has such an effect upon my fond heart, that it gives a responsive throb for every step he takes towards me, and beats quicker and faster, as he comes nearer and nearer, till tapping my breaft, I fay to it fometimes, Lie still, buty fool as thou art! Can'ft thou not forbear letting thy discerning Lord see thy nonfenfical emotions? I love to include thee in them, myfelf, 'tis true, but then let nobody elfe obierve them; for, generous as thy mafter is, thou mayft not perhaps meet with fuch favourable interpretations as thou deferveft, when thou art always fluttering thus, as he approaches, and playest off all thy little joyful frolics into the glowing cheek, and brighten'd eye of thy miftres; which makes her look, as if the were conscious of some milde meanour; when, all the time, it is nothing in the world but grateful joy, and a love to innocent, that the pureft mind might own it.

This little flutter and chiding of the bufy simpleton, made me meet him but at the closet-door, instead of the entrance of my chamber, as sometimes

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lad the bri I do.—So, my dear love, how do you? folding his kind arms about me, and faluting me with ardour, Whenever I have been but a few hours from you, my impatience to fee my beloved, will not permit me to stand upon the formality of a message to know how you are engaged; but I break in upon you, even in my riding-dress, as you fee.

Dear Sir, you are very obliging. But I have no notion of mere formalities of this kind (how unpolite this, my dear, in your friend!) in a married state, since 'tis impossible a virtuous wife can be employed about any thing, that her husband may not know; and so need not fear surprizes.

I am glad to hear you fay this my Pamela; for I have always thought the extraordinary civilities and distances of this kind, which I have observed among several persons of rank, altogether unaccountable. For, if they are exacted by the lady, I should suspect she had reserves, which she herself believ'd I could not approve of. If not exacted, but practised of choice by the gentleman, it carries with it, in my opinion, a false air of politeness, little less than affrontive to the lady, and dishonourable to himself; for does it not look, as if he supposed, and allowed, that, probably, she might be so employed that it was necessary to apprise her of his visit, lest he should make discoveries not to her credit, or his own?

One would not, Sir, (for I thought his conclufion too fevere) make fuch a harsh supposition as this neither: for there are little delicacies and moments of retirement, no doubt, in which a modest lady would be glad to be indulged by the tenderest husband.

It may be fo, in an early matrimony, before the lady's confidence in the honour and difcretion of the man she has chosen, has disengag'd her from her bridal reserves.

Vol. III.

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Bridal referves! dear Sir; permit me to give it, as my humble opinion, that a wife's behaviour ought to be as pure and circumfpect, in degree, as that of a bride, or even of a maiden lady, be her confidence in her husband's honour and discretion ever so great. For indeed, I think a gross or a careless demeanour little becomes that modesty, which is the peculiar excellency and distinction of our fex.

You account very well, my dear, by what you now fay, for your own over-nice behaviour, as I have fometimes thought it. But are we not all apt to argue for a practice we make our own, because we do make it our own, rather than from the reason of the thing?

I hope Sir, that is not the present case with me; for, permit me to say, that an over-free or negligent behaviour of a sady in the married state, must be a mark of disrespect to her consort; and would shew, as if she was very little solicitous about what appearance she made in his eye. And must not this beget in him, a slight opinion of her, and her s x too, as if, supposing the gentleman had been a free liver, the would convince him, there was no other difference in the sex, but as they were within or without the pale; licens'd by the law, or acting in desiance of it?

I understand the force of your argument, Pamela.

But you were going to fay fomething more.

Only, Sir, permit me to add, that when, in my particular case, you injoin me to appear before you always * dress'd, even in the early part of the day, it would be wrong, if I was less regardful of my behaviour and actions, than of my appearance.

I believe you are right, my dear, if a precise or unnecessary scrupulousness be avoided, and where all is unaffected, easy, and natural, as in my Pamela. For I have seen marry'd ladies, both in England and

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 207, 214.

and France, who have kept a husband at greater distance, than they have exacted from some of his fex, who have been more intitled to his refentment, than to his wife's intimacies.

But to wave a fubject, in which as I can with pleafure fay, neither of us have much concern, tell me, my dearest, how you were employed before I came up? here are pen and ink : here too is paper; but it is as spotless as your mind. To whom were you directing your favours now? May I not know your

fubject !

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Mr H's letter was a part of it; and fo I had put it by, at his approach, and not chufing he should fee that, I am writing, reply'd I, to Mis Darnford: but I think you must not ask me to see what I have written this time. I put it afide, that you flould not, when I heard your welcome step. The subject is our parting with our noble guests; and a little of my apprehensiveness, on an occasion upon which our fex may write to one another; but for some of the reasons we have been mentioning, gentlemen thould not defire to fee.

Then I will not, my dearest love (so here, my dear, is another instance-I could give you an hundred fuch-of his receding from his own will, in complaifance to mine): Only, continued he, let me warn you against too much apprehensiveness, for your own fake, as well as mine; for fuch a mind, as my Pamela's, I cannot permit to be habitually overclouded. And yet there now hangs upon your brow an over-thoughtfulness, which you must not indulge.

Indeed, Sir, I was a little too thoughtful, from my subject, before you came; but your presence, like the fun, has dissipated the mists that hung upon my mind. See you not, and I prefs'd his hand with my lips, they are all gone already? fmiling upon him,

with a delight unfeigned.

Not quite, my dearest Pamela; and therefore, if you have no objection, I will change my dress, and attend you in the chariot for an hour or two, whither you please, that not one shadow may remain visible in this dear face, tenderly faluting me.

Whithersoever you please, Sir, A little airing with

you will be highly agreeable to me.

The dear obliger went and chang'd his dress in an instant; and he sed me to the chariot, with his usual tender politeness, and we had a charming airing of several miles, returning quite happy, chearful, and delighted with each others conversation, without calling in upon any of our good neighbours: for what need of that, my dear, when we could be the

best company in the world to each other?

Do these instances come up to your questions, my dear? or, do they not?—If you think not, I could give you our conversation in the chariot: for I wrote it down, at my first leisure, so highly was I delighted with it: for the subject was my dearest parents; a subject started by himseis, because he knew it would oblige me. But being tir'd with writing, I may referve it, till I have the pleasure of seeing you, if you think it worth asking for. And so I will

halten to a conclusion of this long letter.

You will perceive, my dear, by what I have written, in what sence it may be justly said, that Mr B. is most complaisant to me before company, perhaps, politically, as you say, to do credit to his own generous choice:—But that he is more tender, yea, respectfully tender, (for that's the word with you), and not less polite to me, in our retired hours, you will have no doubt, from what I have related; and could further relate, if it were necessary: for every day produces instances equal to what I have given you.

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Then, my dear, let me fay to you, what I could not fo freely fay to any other young lady; That I never could have hoped I should be so happy as I am, in other particulars, from a gentleman who has given himself the liberties Mr B. has done: For I never hear from him, in company, or when alone the least shocking expression, or such frothy jests, as tend to convey impure ideas to the most apprehenfive mind. There is indeed the less wonder in this, and that we can glory in a true conjugal chaflity, as I have the vanity to think, his love, as well as my own, is the love of the mind, rather than that of person; and our tenderest and most affecting moments, are those which lift us up above sense, and all that fense can imagine. But this is a subject toodelicate to be dwelt upon, even to you: and you'll better comprehend all I mean, when your pure mind meets with a gentleman of exalted fense, like Mr B. whom, if you find him not fo good as you wish, your example will make for

Permit me to add, for the fake of you, my dear parents, as well as for the fakes of my much-respected friends, who have join'd in the kind caution, you so obligingly give me, against getting into too thoughtful and gloomy a way, that there is no great fear I should continue long in it, when I have so kind and so generous a comforter as Mr B. For, at his presence, all my fearful apprehensions are dissippated, and vanish like a morning-dream. And depend upon it, that so sure as the day succeeds to the night, so sure will my mind, while capable of the least sense of gratitude, be illuminated the moment he shines out upon me, let it be ever so over-cast in his absence through imaginary doubts, and apprehended evils.

I have only further to add, for my comfort, that next Thur fday fe'night, if nothing hinders, we are to fet out for London. And why do you think I fay, M m 3

for my comfort? Only that I shall then soon have the opportunity, to assure you personally, as you give me hope, how much I am, my dear Miss Darnford, Your truly offectionate

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I will shew you, when I see you, the conversation you require about the young ladies.

LETTER XLIL

My dear Miss Darnford,

NE more letter, and I have done for a great while: because I hope your presence will put an end to the occasion. I shall now tell you of my second visit to the dairy-house, where we went to breakfast, in the chariot and sour, because of the

diftance, which is ten pretty long miles.

I transcrib'd for you, from letters written formerto my dear parents an* account of my former dairyhouse visit, and what the people were, and whom I
faw there; and altho' I befought you to keep that
affair to yourself. as too much affecting the reputation
of my Mr B. to be known any farther, and even to
destroy that account, when you had perused it; yet
I make no doubt, you remember the story, and so I
need not repeat any part of it.

When we arrived there, we found at the door, expecting us, (for they heard the chariot-wheels at a distance) my pretty Miss Goodwin, and two other misses, who had earned their ride, attended by the governess's daughter, a discreet young gentlewoman. As soon as I stepp'd out, the child ran into my arms with great eagerness, and I as tenderly embraced her, and leading her into the parlour, asked her abundance

* See Vol. II. p. 359.

among the rest, if she had merited this distinction of the chaise and dairy-house breakfast, or if it was owing to her uncle's favour, and to that of her governess? The young gentlewoman assur'd me it was to both, and shew'd me her needleworks, and penmanship; and the child was highly pleased with

my commendations.

I took a good deal of notice of the other two misses, for their school-sellow's sake, and made each of them a present of some little toys; and my miss, of a number of pretty trinkets, with which she was highly delighted; and I told her, that I would wait upon her governess, when I came from London into the country again, and see in what order she kept her little matters; for, above all things, I loved pretty housewisely misses; and then, I would bring her more.

Mr. B. observ'd, with no small satisfaction, the child's behaviour, which is very pretty; and appeared as sond of her, as if he had been more than her uncle, and yet seemed under some restraint, less it should be taken, that he was more. Such power has secret guilt, poor gentleman! to lessen and restrain a pleasure, that would, in a happier light, have been so laudable to have manifested! But how commendable is this his love to the dear child, compar'd to that of most wicked libertines, who have no delight, but in destroying innocence; and care not what becomes of the unhappy infants, or of the still more unhappy mothers!

I am going to let you into a charming scene, refulting from this perplexity of the dear gentleman. A scene that has afforded me high delight ever since; and always will when I think of it: But I will lead

to it, as gradually as it happen'd.

The child was very fond of her uncle, and told him, she loved him dearly, and always would love and honour him, for giving her fuch a good aunt.

—You talked, Madam, faid she, when I saw you before, that I should come and live with you -Will you let me, Madam? Indeed I will be very good, and do every thing you bid me, and mind my book, and my needle; indeed I will.

Atk your uncle, my dear, faid I; I should like

your pretty company of all things.

She went to Mr. B. and faid, Shall I, Sir, go and live with my aunt? Pray let me, when you come from London again.

You have a very good governess, child, said he;

and fhe can't part with you.

Yes, but she can, Sir; she has a great many misses, and can spare me well enough; and if you please to let me ride in your coach sometimes, I can go and visit my governess, and beg a holiday for the misses, now-and then, when, I am almost a woman, and then all the misses will love me.

Don't the misses love you now, Miss Goodwin? faid he. Yes, they love me well enough, for matter of that; but they'll love me better, when I can beg them a holiday. Do, dear Sir, let me go home to my new aunt, next time you come into the

country.

I was much pleased with the dear child's earnestness; and permitted her to have her full argument
with her beloved uncle; but was much moved, and
he himself was under some concern, when she said,—
But you should, in pity, let me live with you, Sir,
for I have no papa, nor mamma neither: they are
so far off!—But I will love you both as if you were
my own papa and mamma; so, dear now, my good
uncle, promise the poor girl that has never a papa
nor mamma!—

I withdrew to the door: it will rain I believe faid.

I, and looked up. And, indeed, I had almost a shower in my eye; and had ! kept my place, could not have refrained shewing how much I was affected.

Mr B.

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Mr B. as I said, was a little mov'd; but for sear the young gentlewoman should take notice of it, How! my dear, said he, no papa and mamma!—Did they not send you a pretty black boy to wait upon you, a while ago?—Have you forgot that?—That's true, reply'd she: but what's a black boy to living with my new aunt?—That's better a great deal than a black boy!

Well, your aunt and I will consider of it, when we come from London. Be a good girl, mean time, and do as your governess would have you, and then you don't know what we may do for you. Well then, Miss Bett, said she to her young governess, let me be set two tasks instead of one, and I will learn

all I can to deferve to go to my aunt.

In this manner the little prattler diverted herfelf.
And as we returned from them, the fcene I hinted

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Mr B. was pleased to say, what a poor figure does the proudest man make, my dear Pamela, under the sense of a conceased guilt, in company of the innocent who know it, and even of those who do not!—Since the casual expression of a baby shall overwhelm him with shame, and make him unable to look up without consustion. I blush'd for myself, continued he, to see how you were affected for me, and yet withdrew, to avoid reproaching me so much as with a look. Surely, Pamela, I must then make a most contemptible appearance in your eye! did you not disdain me at that moment?

Dearest Sir! how can you speak such a word? A word I cannot repeat after you! for at that very time, I beheld you with the more reverence, for seeing your noble heart touch'd with a sense of your error; and it was such an earnest to me of the happiest change I could ever wish for, and in so young a gentleman, that it was one half joy for that, and

the other half concern at the little charmer's accidental plea, to her best and nearest friend, for coming home to her new aunt, that affected me so sen-

fibly as you faw.

You must not talk to me of the child's coming home, after this visit, Pameli; for how at this rate, shall I stand the reproaches of my own mind, when I see the little prater every day before me, and think of what her poor mamma has suffered on my account! "Tis enough, that in you, my dear, I have an hourly reproach before me, for my attempts on your virtue; and I have nothing to boast of, but that I gave way to the triumphs of your innocence: and what then is my boast?

What is your boast, dearest Sir? you have every thing to boast, that is worthy of being boasted of:

Brought up to an affluent fortune, uncontrouled in your will, your passions uncurbed; you have nevertheless permitted the divine grace to operate upon your truly noble heart, and have seen your error at a time of life, when others are rushing into vices, in the midst of which, perhaps, they are cut

off.

You act generously, and with a laudable affection, to a deserving baby, which some would have left friendless to the wide world, and have made more miserable, perhaps, than they had made the very miserable mother: and you have the comfort to think, that, through God's goodness, this mother is not unhappy; and that there is not a lost foul, any more than a lost body, to lay to your charge.

You have inspirited, by your generous example, and enabled, by your splendid fortune, another perfon, whom you have made the happiest creature in the world, to do good to the poor and destitute all around her; besides making every one who approaches you, easy and happy, with the bounty of your own

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You are the best of husbands, the best of landlords, the best of masters, the best of friends; and, with all these excellencies, and a mind, as I hope, continually improving, and more and more affected with the sense of its past mistakes, will you ask, dear

Sir, what is your boaft?

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O my dearest, dear Mr B. and then I pres'd his hand with my lips, whatever you are to yourself, when you give way to reslections so hopeful, you are the glory and the boast of your grateful Pamela! And permit me to add, tears standing in mo eyes, and holding his hand between mine, that I never beheld you in my life, in a more amiable light, than when I saw that noble consciousness which you speak of, manifest itself in your eyes, and your countenance—O Sir! this was a sight of joy, of true joy! to one who loves you for your dear soul's sake, as well as for that of your person; and who looks forward to a companionship with you, beyond the term of this transitory life!

The dear gentleman look'd down fometimes, and fometimes upon me, without offering to interrupt me; and when I had done speaking. I began to fear, by his silence, that I had offended him, remembering just then, one of his former * cautions to me, not to throw a g oom upon his mind by my over-seriousness; and I said, putting my arms round his arm as I sat, my fearful eye watching his, I fear, Sir, I have been too serious! I have, perhaps, broken one of your injunctions! have cast a gloominess over your mind? And if I have, dear Sir, forgive me!

He clasped his arms around me; O my be oved Pamela, said he; thou dear consirmer of a l my better purposes; how shall I aknowledge your inexpressible goodness to me? I see every day more

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 156.

and more, my dear love, what confidence I may repose in your generosity and discretion! You want no forgiveness; and my silence was owing to much better motives, than to those you were apprehensive of.

Judge ye, my honoured parents, what pleasure must overspread my heart, encouraged in a manner so agreeable to all my wishes, and at the hopeful prospect of a thorough reformation, which I had so often pray'd for, and which so happily began to o-

pen to my delighted mind, on this occasion.

Indeed I could not find words to express my joy, and so was obliged to silence in my turn, being only able to raise my swimming eyes to his encouraging ones, and to press his hand between both mine, to my lips, which, by their quivering motion, shew'd their readiness to perform their part of speech, could my backwarder tongue have given utterance

to my meanings.

He faw my grateful transport, and kindly said, Struggle not, my beloved Pamela, for words to express sentiments which your eyes and your countenance much more significantly express than any words can do. Every day produces new instances of your affectionate concern for my future as well as present happiness: and I will endeavour to confirm to you all the hopes which the present occasion has given you of me, and which I see by these transporting effects, are so desirable to you.

If, my dear Miss Darnford, you are not at present, able to account for this speechless rapture, as I may call it, I am consident you will, if it should be your lot to marry such a gentleman as Mr. B. one who is capable of generous and noble sentiments, and yet has not been so good as you could wish, whenever it shall happen, that the divine grace, and your unaffected piety, shall touch his heart, and he shall give hopes like those I have the pleasure to

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rejoice in.—Hopes fo charming, that they must, if confirmed, irradiate many a gloomy appearance, which, at times, will cast a shadow over the brightest.

and happiest prospects.

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The chariot brought us home fooner than I wished, and Mr B. handed me into the parlour. Here, Mrs Jervis, said he, meeting her in the passage, receive your angelic lady, I must take a little tour without you Pamela; for I have had too much of your dear company, and I must leave you, to descend again into myself; for you have raised me to such a height, that it is with pain I look down from it.

He kiffed my hand, and went into his chariot again; for it was but half an hour after twelve; and faid, he would be back by two at dinner. He left Mrs Jervis wondering at his words, and at the folemn air with which he uttered them. But when I told that good friend the occasion, I had a new joy in the pleasure and gratulations of the dear

good woman, on what had paffed.

Were I, my dear friends, to recount to you every conversation that gives me delight, when we are alone (my Miss Darnford) as well as when we are in company, I should do nothing but write. Imagine the rest from what I have (but as so many specimens of my felicity) informed you of, and then think, if there can possibly be a happier creature on earth,

than I am at prefent. My next letter will

My next letter will be from London, and to you, my honoured parents; for to you, my dear, I shall not write again, expecting to see you soon. But I must now write seldomer, because I am to renew my correspondence with Lady Davers; with whom I cannot be so free, as I have been with Miss Darnford; and so I doubt, my dear father and mother, you cannot have the particulars of that correspondence; for I shall never find time to transcribe.

Vol. III. Nn But

opportunity that offers, you may af. hall be laid hold of by your ever-

d now, my dear Miss Darnford, as I inscribed this letter to you, let me conclude it, with the affurance, that I am, and ever will be,

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LIE SW HONY AND ST

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Your most affectionate friend and fervant,

P. B.

The END of Vol. III.



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